



The Sustainable Generation of Bilingual Textual Resources for L2 Learning: A **Crowd Translation Experience**

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VIII Congreso Internacional de la Asociación Ibérica de Estudios de Traducción e Interpretación (AIETI 8)







Outline

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- Background
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Introduction

- □ Digital humanities
- **❖ eLITE-CM, Edición literaria electrónica** (H2015/HUM-3426)
 - *ATLAS research group (objective 2 enriched digital edition of children's literature)

Translation - Didactic needs' analysis (primary education) – bilingual audiobook ongoing



• 1st step: Crowd translation (non-professional, didactic, individual and collaborative work, collective expertise, digital learning and gamification)

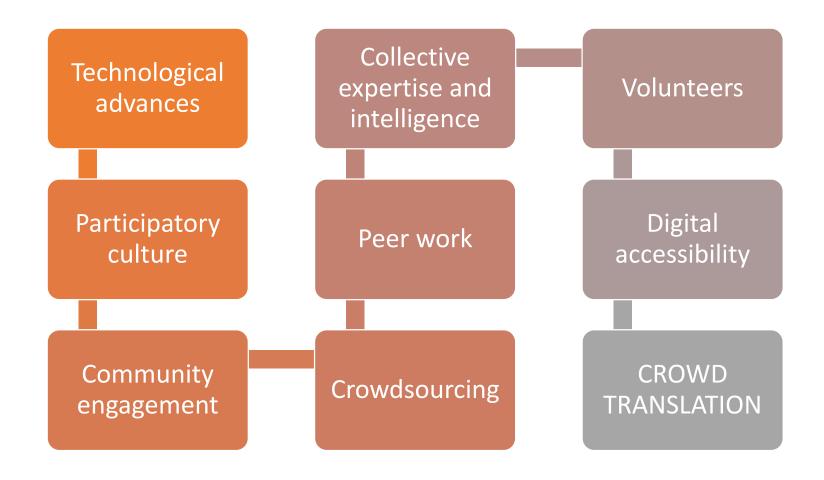
Aims of this project

Improving L2 skills through reverse translation

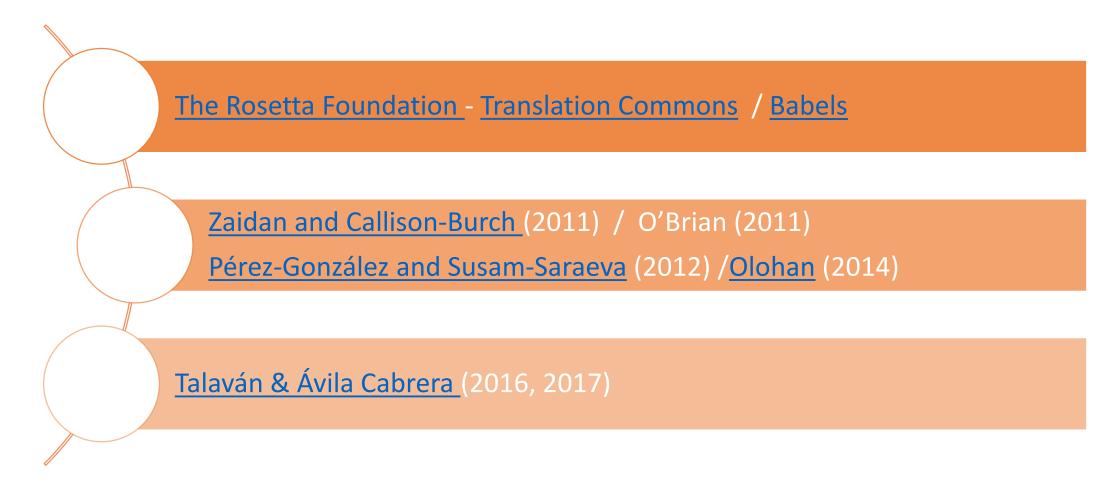
Crowd translation

Collaborative wiki

Background. Collaborative translation



State of the art I



State of the art II

A wiki is a **Web page** that users can modify. Cummings, R. E. (2008).

One aspect of collaborative writing through wikis that has been embraced is that
of extensive peer-to-peer learning assistance. Rather than having a dialectic
relationship between learner and teacher, wikis create an environment in which
peers assume the role of teachers.

Stoddart et alii. (2016)

• ... the use of wikis alone does not guarantee successful collaborative learning activities. Pedagogical design of the integration of wiki into instruction is vitally important in wiki-based learning activities.

Zheng, B. et alii. (2015)

Methodology

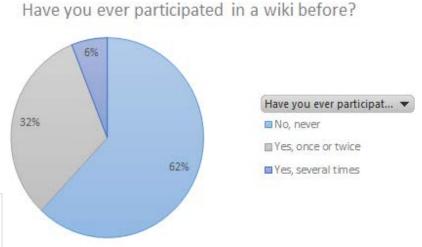
- Call for volunteers (50-28)
- Pre-questionnaire
- Project- Wiki
 Stage 1 translation- observation / wiki statistics
 Stage 2 peer review <u>students assessment rubric</u>
- Post-questionnaire
- Researchers' review (ongoing)

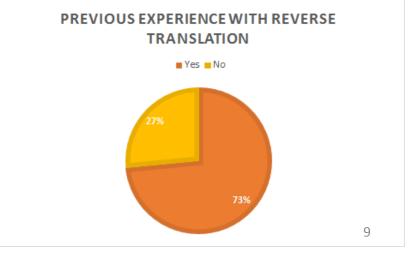


Data: sample description



- Previous General Translation Course (lifelong learning)
- 62% had never participated in a wiki project.





Data: eLITE wiki interface

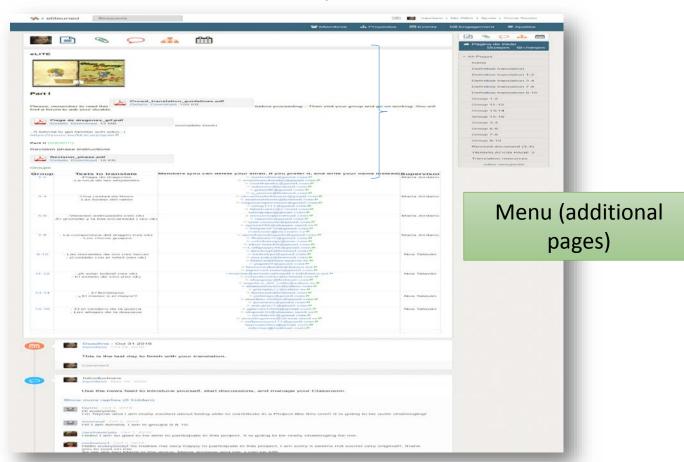


Administration options

Instuctions given by the researchers /coordinators

Groups / space to edit by students

Forum

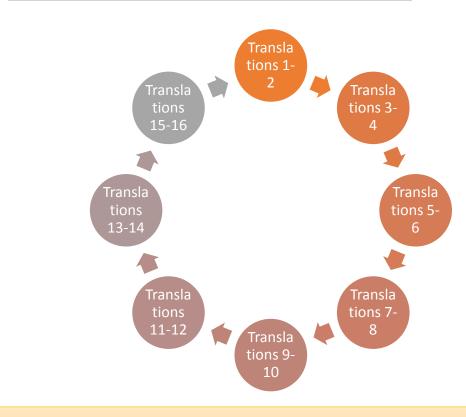


Project procedures (1 month per stage)

1. Translation stage

Group	Tales
1-2	-Plaga de dragones -La roca de las serpientes
3-4	-Una ciudad de libros -Las bodas del ratón
5-6	-Veraneo estropeado -El grumete y la isla encantada
7-8	La compostura del dragónLos chicos guapos
9-10	- Las monedas de oro - ¡Cuidado con el niño!
11-12	- ¡A volar todos! - El estado de sitio
13-14	- El fenómeno - ¿El menor o el mayor?
15-16	- En el sendero de la guerra - Las alhajas de la duquesa

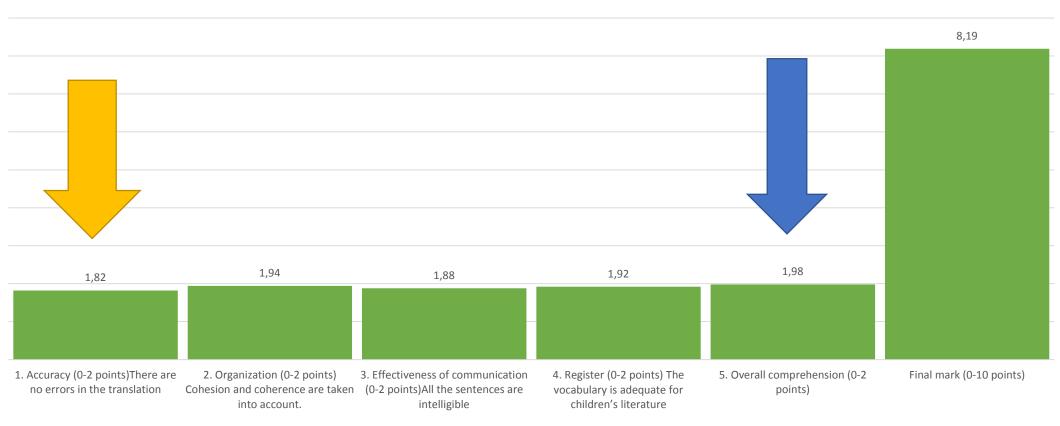
2. Peer-revision stage



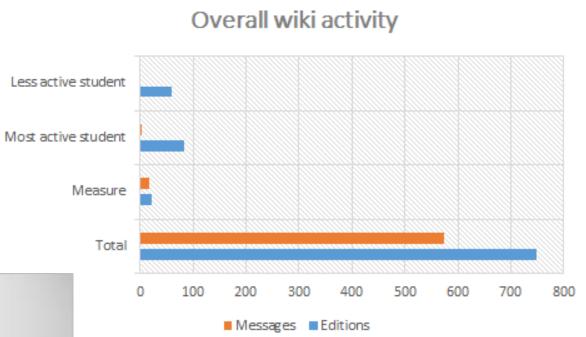
Researcher's daily monitoring and feedback (General discussion and individual group discussion)

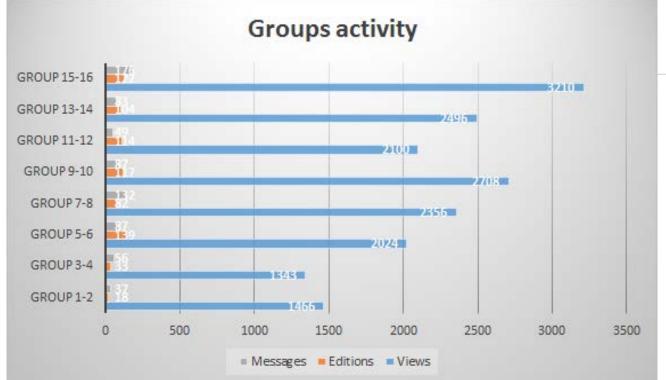
PEER REVIEW RESULTS

Peer-review summary



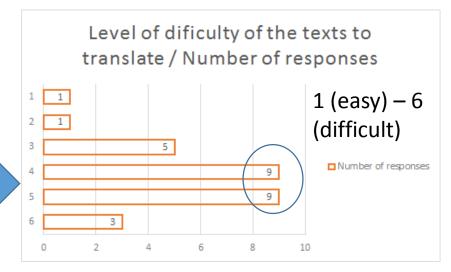
Wiki statistics (2 months)





- 18 /more than 100 editions per group.
- Around 600 messages sent in 2 months
- More 700 editions

Post-questionnaire results: translation skills

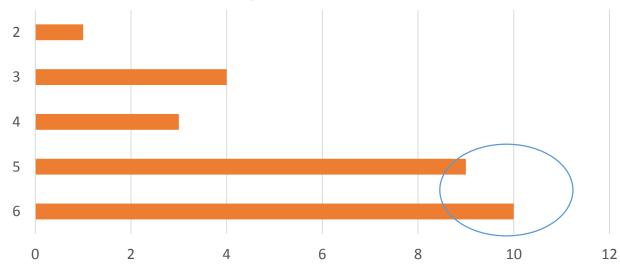


In terms of learning outcomes, choose the areas you think this translation project has enhanced



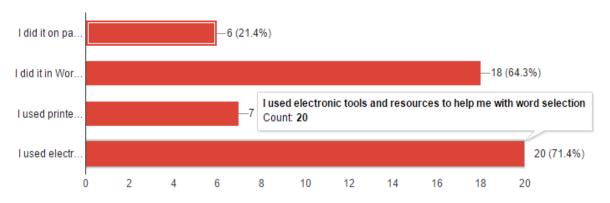
1(disagree) – 6 (totally agree)

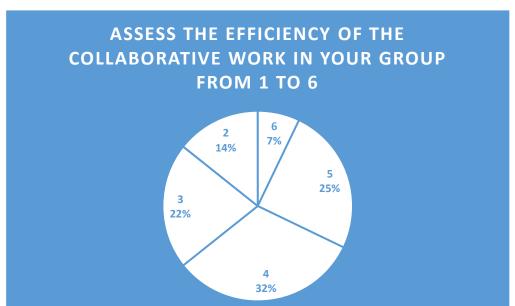
Number of students who think that reverse translation has improved their translation skills



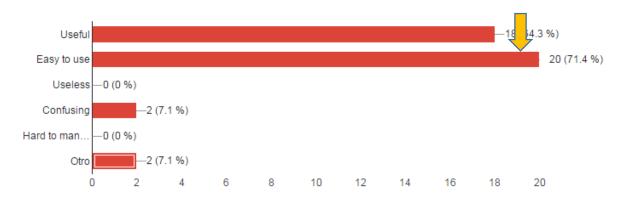
Post-questionnaire: collaborative work

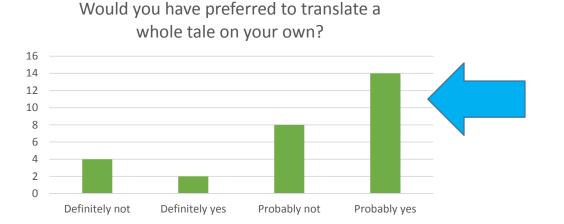
How did you undertake the translation? (28 responses)



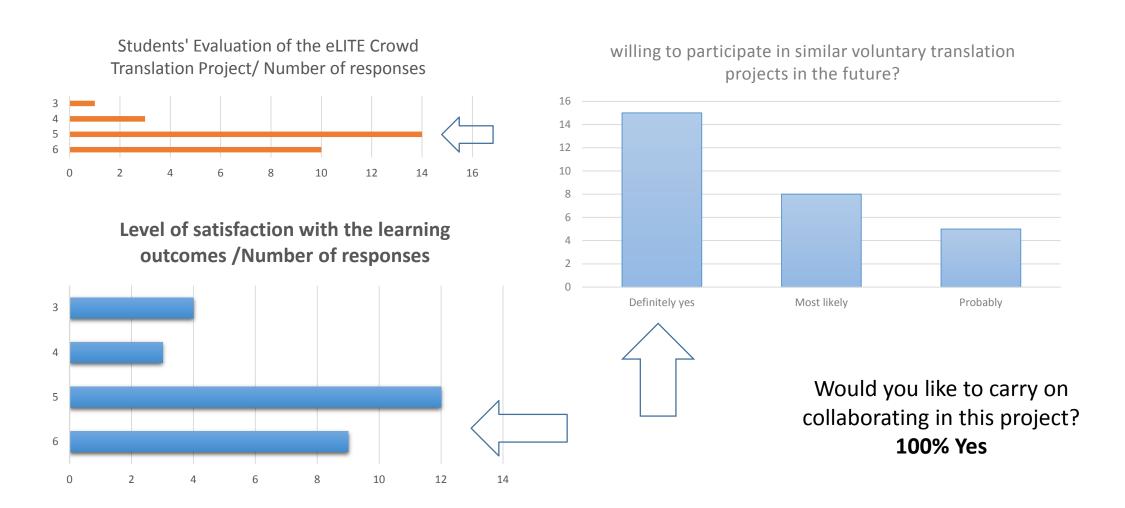


As far as the use of the Wiki is concerned, I consider this type of application (28 respuestas)





Post-questionnaire results: Satisfaction



Discussion I

- > A successful crowd-translation experience altogether in terms of:
 - \succ (1) rather low abandonment rate
 - \triangleright (2) output quality
- ❖ The majority —> non digital natives and novel experience for them
- Factors that had a key impact in the outcome of the project include:
 - >(1) volunteer population: experienced and passionate translators (the language dimension of the project was more significant than the digital one)
 - \geq (2) a tightly scheduled experiment with close monitor supervision
- The main language aspects that showed gain: translation skills, vocabulary and writing (interesting margin for incidental learning a hot topic these days in technology-based language learning)

Discussion II

- >Areas identified in which there is scope for improvement:
 - ➤ Perception & attitude towards:
- (1) collaborative work (persistent dependency on monitors/tutors) <—> large body of translations undertaken + continuous interaction in target language (exposure linked to improvement)
- (2) P2P (individualistic attitude to own work) <—> refinement of translation output

Conclusions

- ☐ Translation as a 'recovered' L2 practice & development strategy
- ☐ Crowd translation as a process that can provide a highly motivational social working environment
- ☐ Subjects demonstrated: project engagement, exploratory attitude & good group ethics
- ☐Peer feedback enables highly refined translation output
- □Close monitorization, gamification and certification to ensure high quality production and avoid project abandonment

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Thank you

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