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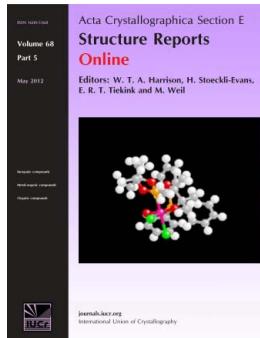
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1-(4-Methylphenylsulfonyl)-5,6-dinitro-1*H*-indazole

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1-(4-Methylphenylsulfonyl)-5,6-dinitro-1*H*-indazole

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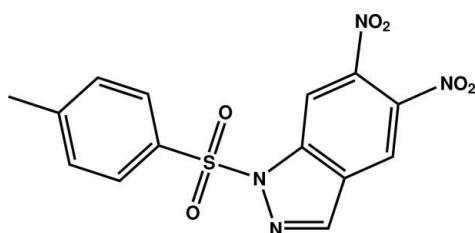
Received 19 December 2013; accepted 20 December 2013

Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 296\text{ K}$; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.003\text{ \AA}$; R factor = 0.042; wR factor = 0.125; data-to-parameter ratio = 14.9.

In the title compound, $\text{C}_{14}\text{H}_{10}\text{N}_4\text{O}_6\text{S}$, the indazole ring system is almost perpendicular to the tosyl ring, as indicated by the dihedral angle of $89.40(9)^\circ$ between their planes. The dihedral angles between the indazole system and the nitro groups are $57.0(3)$ and $31.9(3)^\circ$. In the crystal, molecules are linked by $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$ interactions, forming chains running along [100].

Related literature

For the biological activity of sulfonamides, see: Schmidt *et al.* (2008); Liu *et al.* (2004); Ali *et al.* (2008); Patel *et al.* (1999); Mosti *et al.* (2000); Bouissane *et al.* (2006); Abbassi *et al.* (2012). For the structures of similar compounds, see: Abbassi *et al.* (2013); Chicha *et al.* (2013).



Experimental

Crystal data

$\text{C}_{14}\text{H}_{10}\text{N}_4\text{O}_6\text{S}$	$\gamma = 111.302(2)^\circ$
$M_r = 362.32$	$V = 766.66(5)\text{ \AA}^3$
Triclinic, $P\bar{1}$	$Z = 2$
$a = 7.4125(3)\text{ \AA}$	Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
$b = 8.5371(3)\text{ \AA}$	$\mu = 0.25\text{ mm}^{-1}$
$c = 13.0825(5)\text{ \AA}$	$T = 296\text{ K}$
$\alpha = 90.401(2)^\circ$	$0.42 \times 0.35 \times 0.28\text{ mm}$
$\beta = 95.707(2)^\circ$	

Data collection

Bruker X8 APEX diffractometer	19101 measured reflections
Absorption correction: multi-scan (<i>SADABS</i> ; Bruker, 2009)	3383 independent reflections
$T_{\min} = 0.693$, $T_{\max} = 0.747$	2984 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
	$R_{\text{int}} = 0.031$

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.042$	227 parameters
$wR(F^2) = 0.125$	H-atom parameters constrained
$S = 1.07$	$\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.46\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
3383 reflections	$\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.32\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (\AA , $^\circ$).

$D-\text{H}\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}$	$\text{H}\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}\cdots A$
C5—H5 \cdots O5 ⁱ	0.93	2.61	3.175 (2)	120

Symmetry code: (i) $x - 1, y, z$.

Data collection: *APEX2* (Bruker, 2009); cell refinement: *SAINT* (Bruker, 2009); data reduction: *SAINT*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *ORTEP-3 for Windows* (Farrugia, 2012); software used to prepare material for publication: *PLATON* (Spek, 2009) and *publCIF* (Westrip, 2010).

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: BT6953).

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supplementary materials

Acta Cryst. (2014). E70, o101 [doi:10.1107/S1600536813034326]

1-(4-Methylphenylsulfonyl)-5,6-dinitro-1*H*-indazole

Bassou Oulemda, El Mostapha Rakib, Najat Abbassi, Mohamed Saadi and Lahcen El Ammari

1. Comment

Indazole derivatives are a versatile class of compounds that have found use in biology, catalysis, and medicinal chemistry (Schmidt *et al.*, 2008). Although rare in nature (Liu *et al.*, 2004; Ali *et al.*, 2008), indazoles exhibit a variety of biological activities such as HIV protease inhibition (Patel *et al.*, 1999), antiarrhythmic and analgesic activities (Mosti *et al.*, 2000), antitumor activity) and antihypertensive properties (Bouissane *et al.*, 2006; Abbassi *et al.*, 2012). The present work is a continuation of the investigation of the sulfonamide derivatives published recently by our team (Abbassi *et al.*, 2013; Chicha *et al.*, 2013).

The molecule of the title compound is built up from an indazole ring system linked to a tosyl ring and to two nitro groups as shown in Fig. 1. The indazole ring system makes dihedral angles of 57.0 (3)° and 31.9 (3)°, with the two planes through the atoms forming the first (N1, O1, O2) and the second (N2, O3, O4) nitro groups, respectively. The plane through the tosyl ring is practically perpendicular to the indazole ring system ring, as indicated by the dihedral angle of 89.40 (9) °. In the crystal, the molecules are linked by a C–H···O interaction to form a one-dimensional chain running along the [100] direction as shown in Fig. 2 and Table 2.

2. Experimental

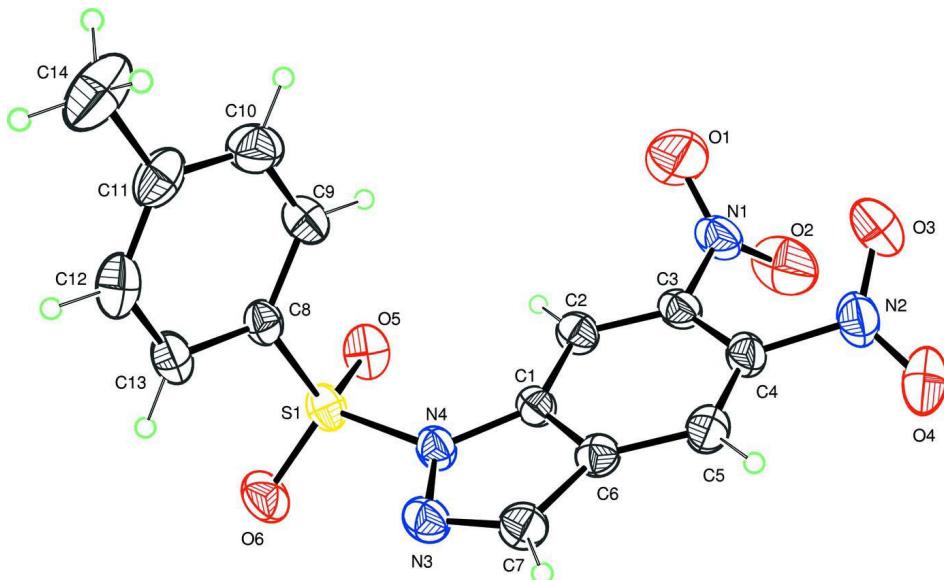
To a stirred solution of 5,6-dinitroindazole (0.5 g, 2.4 mmol) in pyridine (25 ml) was added crude *p*-methylbenzenesulfonyl chloride (0.45 g, 2.4 mmol) over 10 min. The reaction mixture was allowed to attain room temperature and was stirred for further 24 h. The mixture was evaporated under reduced pressure and the residue was purified by silica gel flash column chromatography eluting with dichloromethane. The title compound was recrystallized from acetone. Yield: 56%, m.p.: 307–309 K.

3. Refinement

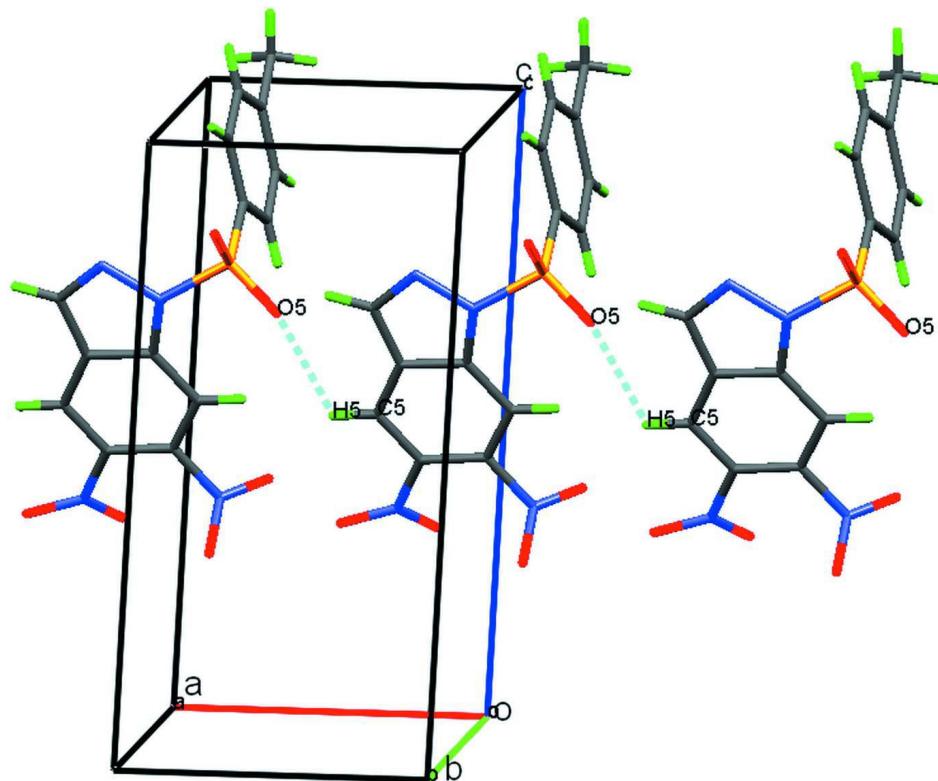
H atoms were located in a difference map and treated as riding with C–H = 0.96 Å and C–H = 0.93 Å for methyl and aromatic, respectively and with $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.5 U_{\text{eq}}$ for methyl and $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2 U_{\text{eq}}$ for aromatic H atoms.

Computing details

Data collection: *APEX2* (Bruker, 2009); cell refinement: *SAINT* (Bruker, 2009); data reduction: *SAINT* (Bruker, 2009); program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *ORTEP-3 for Windows* (Farrugia, 2012); software used to prepare material for publication: *PLATON* (Spek, 2009) and *publCIF* (Westrip, 2010).

**Figure 1**

Plot of the molecule of the title compound with the atom-labelling scheme. Displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the 50% probability level. H atoms are represented as small circles.

**Figure 2**

Partial crystal packing for the title compound showing hydrogen bonds as dashed lines.

1-(4-Methylphenylsulfonyl)-5,6-dinitro-1*H*-indazole*Crystal data*

$C_{14}H_{10}N_4O_6S$
 $M_r = 362.32$
Triclinic, $P\bar{1}$
Hall symbol: -P 1
 $a = 7.4125 (3)$ Å
 $b = 8.5371 (3)$ Å
 $c = 13.0825 (5)$ Å
 $\alpha = 90.401 (2)^\circ$
 $\beta = 95.707 (2)^\circ$
 $\gamma = 111.302 (2)^\circ$
 $V = 766.66 (5)$ Å³

$Z = 2$
 $F(000) = 372$
 $D_x = 1.570$ Mg m⁻³
Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073$ Å
Cell parameters from 3383 reflections
 $\theta = 2.6\text{--}27.1^\circ$
 $\mu = 0.25$ mm⁻¹
 $T = 296$ K
Block, colourless
 $0.42 \times 0.35 \times 0.28$ mm

Data collection

Bruker X8 APEX
diffractometer
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube
Graphite monochromator
 φ and ω scans
Absorption correction: multi-scan
(SADABS; Bruker, 2009)
 $T_{\min} = 0.693$, $T_{\max} = 0.747$

19101 measured reflections
3383 independent reflections
2984 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.031$
 $\theta_{\max} = 27.1^\circ$, $\theta_{\min} = 2.6^\circ$
 $h = -9 \rightarrow 9$
 $k = -10 \rightarrow 10$
 $l = -16 \rightarrow 16$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2
Least-squares matrix: full
 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.042$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.125$
 $S = 1.07$
3383 reflections
227 parameters
0 restraints
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant
direct methods
Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier
map

Hydrogen site location: inferred from
neighbouring sites
H-atom parameters constrained
 $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0641P)^2 + 0.3549P]$
where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
 $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} < 0.001$
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.46$ e Å⁻³
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.32$ e Å⁻³
Extinction correction: SHELXL97 (Sheldrick,
2008), $F_c^* = kFc[1 + 0.001xFc^2\lambda^3/\sin(2\theta)]^{-1/4}$
Extinction coefficient: 0.023 (4)

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against all reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on all data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (Å²)

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
C1	0.0249 (2)	0.1414 (2)	0.35023 (12)	0.0319 (3)
C2	0.1588 (3)	0.2338 (2)	0.43202 (13)	0.0365 (4)

H2	0.2924	0.2632	0.4312	0.044*
C3	0.0814 (3)	0.2782 (2)	0.51328 (13)	0.0370 (4)
C4	-0.1209 (3)	0.2326 (2)	0.51564 (13)	0.0389 (4)
C5	-0.2510 (3)	0.1422 (2)	0.43547 (14)	0.0395 (4)
H5	-0.3845	0.1121	0.4373	0.047*
C6	-0.1768 (2)	0.0965 (2)	0.35082 (13)	0.0340 (4)
C7	-0.2599 (3)	0.0120 (2)	0.25344 (14)	0.0401 (4)
H7	-0.3929	-0.0317	0.2322	0.048*
C8	0.2592 (2)	0.2835 (2)	0.12063 (13)	0.0341 (4)
C9	0.3100 (3)	0.4449 (2)	0.16444 (15)	0.0459 (4)
H9	0.3465	0.4669	0.2347	0.055*
C10	0.3047 (3)	0.5715 (3)	0.10045 (19)	0.0540 (5)
H10	0.3356	0.6796	0.1286	0.065*
C11	0.2545 (3)	0.5414 (3)	-0.00455 (17)	0.0494 (5)
C12	0.2060 (3)	0.3792 (3)	-0.04551 (16)	0.0523 (5)
H12	0.1725	0.3578	-0.1160	0.063*
C13	0.2064 (3)	0.2490 (3)	0.01622 (14)	0.0434 (4)
H13	0.1718	0.1404	-0.0118	0.052*
C14	0.2506 (4)	0.6822 (4)	-0.0728 (2)	0.0757 (8)
H14A	0.3662	0.7798	-0.0550	0.114*
H14B	0.1380	0.7089	-0.0635	0.114*
H14C	0.2451	0.6474	-0.1434	0.114*
N1	0.2229 (3)	0.3722 (2)	0.59984 (13)	0.0499 (4)
N2	-0.1975 (3)	0.2944 (2)	0.60016 (14)	0.0537 (5)
N3	-0.1278 (2)	0.00328 (19)	0.19798 (11)	0.0396 (3)
N4	0.0489 (2)	0.07838 (19)	0.25754 (11)	0.0361 (3)
O1	0.3506 (3)	0.5014 (3)	0.58078 (16)	0.0959 (8)
O2	0.2091 (4)	0.3122 (3)	0.68252 (13)	0.0874 (7)
O3	-0.0949 (3)	0.4309 (2)	0.64245 (15)	0.0780 (6)
O4	-0.3607 (3)	0.2146 (3)	0.61839 (17)	0.0944 (7)
O5	0.4057 (2)	0.1788 (2)	0.28403 (11)	0.0491 (4)
O6	0.2305 (2)	-0.02753 (18)	0.14045 (12)	0.0538 (4)
S1	0.25624 (6)	0.11985 (6)	0.20019 (3)	0.03714 (16)

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
C1	0.0385 (8)	0.0306 (8)	0.0282 (8)	0.0145 (7)	0.0030 (6)	0.0020 (6)
C2	0.0380 (9)	0.0381 (9)	0.0325 (8)	0.0140 (7)	-0.0008 (7)	-0.0007 (7)
C3	0.0487 (10)	0.0311 (8)	0.0301 (8)	0.0145 (7)	0.0004 (7)	0.0002 (6)
C4	0.0540 (11)	0.0348 (9)	0.0329 (9)	0.0200 (8)	0.0128 (8)	0.0052 (7)
C5	0.0400 (9)	0.0410 (9)	0.0396 (9)	0.0160 (8)	0.0096 (7)	0.0059 (7)
C6	0.0357 (8)	0.0326 (8)	0.0337 (8)	0.0126 (7)	0.0028 (7)	0.0038 (6)
C7	0.0359 (9)	0.0423 (9)	0.0384 (9)	0.0112 (7)	-0.0012 (7)	-0.0009 (7)
C8	0.0316 (8)	0.0409 (9)	0.0322 (8)	0.0157 (7)	0.0053 (6)	-0.0024 (7)
C9	0.0515 (11)	0.0454 (10)	0.0396 (10)	0.0172 (9)	0.0019 (8)	-0.0073 (8)
C10	0.0575 (13)	0.0419 (11)	0.0643 (14)	0.0192 (9)	0.0102 (11)	0.0015 (10)
C11	0.0371 (10)	0.0604 (12)	0.0581 (12)	0.0230 (9)	0.0183 (9)	0.0208 (10)
C12	0.0515 (11)	0.0751 (14)	0.0351 (10)	0.0277 (11)	0.0092 (8)	0.0092 (9)
C13	0.0475 (10)	0.0515 (11)	0.0322 (9)	0.0193 (9)	0.0057 (8)	-0.0061 (8)

C14	0.0625 (15)	0.0889 (19)	0.094 (2)	0.0421 (14)	0.0337 (14)	0.0504 (16)
N1	0.0650 (11)	0.0446 (9)	0.0355 (9)	0.0168 (8)	-0.0028 (8)	-0.0076 (7)
N2	0.0717 (12)	0.0547 (10)	0.0418 (9)	0.0282 (9)	0.0205 (9)	0.0028 (8)
N3	0.0415 (8)	0.0407 (8)	0.0332 (8)	0.0129 (7)	-0.0027 (6)	-0.0040 (6)
N4	0.0360 (7)	0.0409 (8)	0.0298 (7)	0.0127 (6)	0.0015 (6)	-0.0040 (6)
O1	0.0898 (15)	0.0859 (14)	0.0680 (12)	-0.0171 (12)	-0.0005 (11)	-0.0216 (11)
O2	0.1383 (19)	0.0776 (12)	0.0387 (9)	0.0375 (13)	-0.0184 (10)	0.0019 (8)
O3	0.1032 (15)	0.0646 (11)	0.0696 (11)	0.0315 (10)	0.0245 (11)	-0.0176 (9)
O4	0.0930 (15)	0.0952 (15)	0.0867 (14)	0.0130 (12)	0.0569 (13)	-0.0114 (12)
O5	0.0403 (7)	0.0691 (9)	0.0438 (7)	0.0289 (7)	-0.0017 (6)	0.0018 (7)
O6	0.0701 (10)	0.0486 (8)	0.0543 (9)	0.0339 (7)	0.0137 (7)	-0.0048 (7)
S1	0.0394 (3)	0.0435 (3)	0.0349 (2)	0.0227 (2)	0.00423 (18)	-0.00191 (18)

Geometric parameters (\AA , $^{\circ}$)

C1—N4	1.377 (2)	C10—C11	1.384 (3)
C1—C2	1.400 (2)	C10—H10	0.9300
C1—C6	1.403 (2)	C11—C12	1.387 (3)
C2—C3	1.370 (2)	C11—C14	1.509 (3)
C2—H2	0.9300	C12—C13	1.379 (3)
C3—C4	1.409 (3)	C12—H12	0.9300
C3—N1	1.472 (2)	C13—H13	0.9300
C4—C5	1.368 (3)	C14—H14A	0.9600
C4—N2	1.469 (2)	C14—H14B	0.9600
C5—C6	1.397 (2)	C14—H14C	0.9600
C5—H5	0.9300	N1—O2	1.198 (2)
C6—C7	1.425 (2)	N1—O1	1.211 (3)
C7—N3	1.298 (2)	N2—O4	1.202 (3)
C7—H7	0.9300	N2—O3	1.227 (3)
C8—C13	1.382 (2)	N3—N4	1.383 (2)
C8—C9	1.392 (3)	N4—S1	1.6992 (15)
C8—S1	1.7429 (18)	O5—S1	1.4245 (14)
C9—C10	1.381 (3)	O6—S1	1.4186 (14)
C9—H9	0.9300		
N4—C1—C2	132.03 (16)	C10—C11—C14	120.6 (2)
N4—C1—C6	105.65 (15)	C12—C11—C14	120.8 (2)
C2—C1—C6	122.32 (16)	C13—C12—C11	121.32 (19)
C3—C2—C1	116.04 (16)	C13—C12—H12	119.3
C3—C2—H2	122.0	C11—C12—H12	119.3
C1—C2—H2	122.0	C12—C13—C8	118.61 (19)
C2—C3—C4	122.37 (16)	C12—C13—H13	120.7
C2—C3—N1	115.68 (17)	C8—C13—H13	120.7
C4—C3—N1	121.92 (16)	C11—C14—H14A	109.5
C5—C4—C3	121.29 (16)	C11—C14—H14B	109.5
C5—C4—N2	117.78 (18)	H14A—C14—H14B	109.5
C3—C4—N2	120.69 (17)	C11—C14—H14C	109.5
C4—C5—C6	117.80 (17)	H14A—C14—H14C	109.5
C4—C5—H5	121.1	H14B—C14—H14C	109.5
C6—C5—H5	121.1	O2—N1—O1	124.8 (2)

C5—C6—C1	120.16 (16)	O2—N1—C3	118.03 (18)
C5—C6—C7	134.80 (17)	O1—N1—C3	117.08 (18)
C1—C6—C7	105.00 (15)	O4—N2—O3	124.3 (2)
N3—C7—C6	111.90 (16)	O4—N2—C4	118.2 (2)
N3—C7—H7	124.1	O3—N2—C4	117.26 (19)
C6—C7—H7	124.1	C7—N3—N4	106.16 (14)
C13—C8—C9	121.71 (18)	C1—N4—N3	111.21 (14)
C13—C8—S1	119.26 (14)	C1—N4—S1	128.92 (12)
C9—C8—S1	119.01 (14)	N3—N4—S1	118.15 (11)
C10—C9—C8	118.03 (18)	O6—S1—O5	121.02 (9)
C10—C9—H9	121.0	O6—S1—N4	106.26 (8)
C8—C9—H9	121.0	O5—S1—N4	103.11 (8)
C9—C10—C11	121.7 (2)	O6—S1—C8	110.38 (9)
C9—C10—H10	119.2	O5—S1—C8	110.65 (9)
C11—C10—H10	119.2	N4—S1—C8	103.62 (8)
C10—C11—C12	118.67 (19)		

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

D—H···A	D—H	H···A	D···A	D—H···A
C5—H5···O5 ⁱ	0.93	2.61	3.175 (2)	120

Symmetry code: (i) $x-1, y, z$.