



HANDBOOK OF  
X-RAY PHOTOELECTRON  
SPECTROSCOPY



000833

# Handbook of X-ray Photoelectron Spectroscopy

A Reference Book of Standard Spectra  
for Identification and Interpretation of XPS Data

by  
John F. Moulder  
William F. Stickle  
Peter E. Sobol  
Kenneth D. Bomben

Edited by  
Jill Chastain

Published by  
Perkin-Elmer Corporation  
Physical Electronics Division  
6509 Flying Cloud Drive  
Eden Prairie, Minnesota 55344  
United States of America



30 JUL 1991

9 0 111 2007



# Preface

X-ray Photoelectron Spectroscopy (XPS), also known as Electron Spectroscopy for Chemical Analysis (ESCA), is widely used to investigate the chemical composition of surfaces. The use of XPS in analytical laboratories throughout the world attests to the problem-solving capability of this technique. The ability to explore the first few atomic layers and assign chemical states to the detected atoms has shown XPS to be a powerful addition to any analytical laboratory.

A great deal of information has been published on the principles of the technique and the diverse range of applications for which it is used. Volumes of XPS spectra exist in the scientific literature, and international committees are establishing databases with reference spectra that will be made available to the general public. It is not the authors' intent to exclude these spectra or to ignore these databases. Rather the intent is to assemble a concise volume of standard spectra to aid in the identification of XPS data.

The previous version of this handbook, published in 1978, contained data acquired with a cylindrical mirror analyzer (CMA). Since that time, our XPS hardware has evolved. We currently use a spherical capacitance analyzer (SCA) in conjunction with improved detector technology and the choice of either a high-performance Al x-ray monochromator or an achromatic Mg/Al dual anode x-ray source. This handbook is an update of the previous handbook with data acquired using our current SCA, which has a transmission function different from that of a CMA, and both monochromatic and achromatic x-ray sources. In addition, data are included from several elements not contained in the previous handbook. This handbook is meant to serve as a guide and reference work for the identification, quantification, calibration and interpretation of XPS spectra for users of Perkin-Elmer XPS systems equipped with SCAs and Omni Focus™ lenses. It is the authors' hope that this handbook will play a useful role in the practice of XPS.

Perkin-Elmer Corporation  
Physical Electronics Division  
October 1992

Acknowledgments: The authors and editor would like to thank the following individuals for their contributions to the completion of this handbook: Dr. Charles Wagner, Surfex, for his contributions to the chemical states database; Dr. Albert Bevolo, Iowa State University, Ames Laboratory (USDOE), for providing the rare earth samples; Linda Wirtjes, Physical Electronics Laboratory; Teresa Salvati; Dr. Douglas Stickle; and Dr. Michael Burrell, General Electric Company. The National Museum of Natural History - Smithsonian Institution provided the cinnabar sample (NMNH R630) used for the mercury data. We also gratefully acknowledge the authors of the previous handbook.

# Table of Contents

## I. X-ray Photoelectron Spectroscopy

A. Introduction .....	9
B. Principles of the Technique.....	10
C. Preparing and Mounting Samples.....	12
1. Removing Volatile Material	
2. Removing Nonvolatile Organic Contaminants	
3. Surface Etching	
4. Abrasion	
5. Fracturing and Scraping	
6. Grinding to Powder	
7. Mounting Powders for Analysis	
D. Experimental Procedure.....	14
1. Technique for Obtaining Spectra	
2. Instrument Calibration	
3. Programming Scans for an Unknown Sample	
a. Survey Scans	
b. Detail Scans	
E. Data Interpretation.....	16
1. The Nature of the Spectrum	
a. General Features	
b. Types of Lines	
2. Line Identification	
3. Chemical State Identification	
a. Determining Static Charge on Insulators	
b. Photoelectron Line Chemical Shifts and Separations	
c. Auger Line Chemical Shifts and Auger Parameter	
d. Chemical Information from Satellite Lines and Peak Shapes	

4. Quantitative Analysis	
5. Determining Element Location	
a. Depth	
b. Surface Distribution	
c. Insulating Domains on a Conductor	
F. How to Use this Handbook.....	29

**II. Standard XPS Spectra of the Elements**

**III. Appendix**

A. Auger Parameters .....	198
B. Chemical States Tables.....	213
C. Chemical States Tables References.....	243
D. Valence Band Spectra.....	250
E. Atomic Sensitivity Factors for X-ray Sources at 90° .....	252
F. Atomic Sensitivity Factors for X-ray Sources at 54.7° .....	253
G. Line Positions by Element for Al K $\alpha$ X-rays .....	254
H. Line Positions by Element for Mg K $\alpha$ X-rays.....	256
J. Line Positions in Numerical Order .....	258
K. Periodic Table.....	261



# I. X-ray Photoelectron Spectroscopy





## A. Introduction

X-ray Photoelectron Spectroscopy (XPS) was developed in the mid-1960s by Kai Siegbahn and his research group at the University of Uppsala, Sweden. The technique was first known by the acronym ESCA (Electron Spectroscopy for Chemical Analysis). The advent of commercial manufacturing of surface analysis equipment in the early 1970s enabled the placement of equipment in laboratories throughout the world. In 1981, Siegbahn was awarded the Nobel Prize for Physics for his work with XPS.

This handbook is meant to furnish the user with much of the information necessary to use XPS for diverse types of surface analysis. Information is provided on methods of sample preparation, data gathering, elemental identification, chemical state identification, quantitative calculation and elemental distribution.

Surface analysis by XPS involves irradiating a solid *in vacuo* with monoenergetic soft x-rays and analyzing the emitted

electrons by energy. The spectrum is obtained as a plot of the number of detected electrons per energy interval versus their kinetic energy. Each element has a unique spectrum. The spectrum from a mixture of elements is approximately the sum of the peaks of the individual constituents. Because the mean free path of electrons in solids is very small, the detected electrons originate from only the top few atomic layers, making XPS a unique surface-sensitive technique for chemical analysis. Quantitative data can be obtained from peak heights or peak areas, and identification of chemical states often can be made from exact measurement of peak positions and separations, as well as from certain spectral features.

Included in this handbook are survey spectra, strong line spectra and x-ray excited Auger spectra for most of the elements and some of their compounds, in addition to plots and tables of energy shift data which aid in the identification of chemical states.

## B. Principles of the Technique

Surface analysis by XPS is accomplished by irradiating a sample with monoenergetic soft x-rays and analyzing the energy of the detected electrons. Mg K $\alpha$  (1253.6 eV) or Al K $\alpha$  (1486.6 eV) x-rays are usually used. These photons have limited penetrating power in a solid on the order of 1-10 micrometers. They interact with atoms in the surface region, causing electrons to be emitted by the photoelectric effect. The emitted electrons have measured kinetic energies given by:

$$KE = h\nu - BE - \phi_s \quad (1)$$

where  $h\nu$  is the energy of the photon,  $BE$  is the binding energy of the atomic orbital from which the electron originates, and  $\phi_s$  is the spectrometer work function.

The binding energy may be regarded as the energy difference between the initial and final states after the photoelectron has left the atom. Because there is a variety of possible final states of the ions from each type of atom, there is a corresponding variety of kinetic energies of the emitted electrons. Moreover, there is a different probability or cross-section for each final state. Relative binding energies and ionization cross-sections for an atom are shown schematically in Figure 1. The Fermi level corresponds to zero binding energy (by definition), and the depth beneath the Fermi level in the figure indicates the relative energy of the ion remaining after electron emission, or the binding energy of the electron. The line lengths indicate the relative probabilities of the various ionization processes. The p, d and f levels become split upon ionization, leading to vacancies in the  $p_{1/2}$ ,  $p_{3/2}$ ,  $d_{3/2}$ ,  $d_{5/2}$ ,  $f_{5/2}$  and  $f_{7/2}$ . The spin-orbit splitting ratio is 1:2 for p levels, 2:3 for d levels and 3:4 for f levels. As an example, the spin-orbit splitting of the Si 2p is shown in Figure 2.

Because each element has a unique set of binding energies, XPS can be used to identify and determine the concentration of the elements in the surface. Variations in the elemental binding energies (the chemical shifts) arise from differences in the chemical potential and polarizability of compounds. These

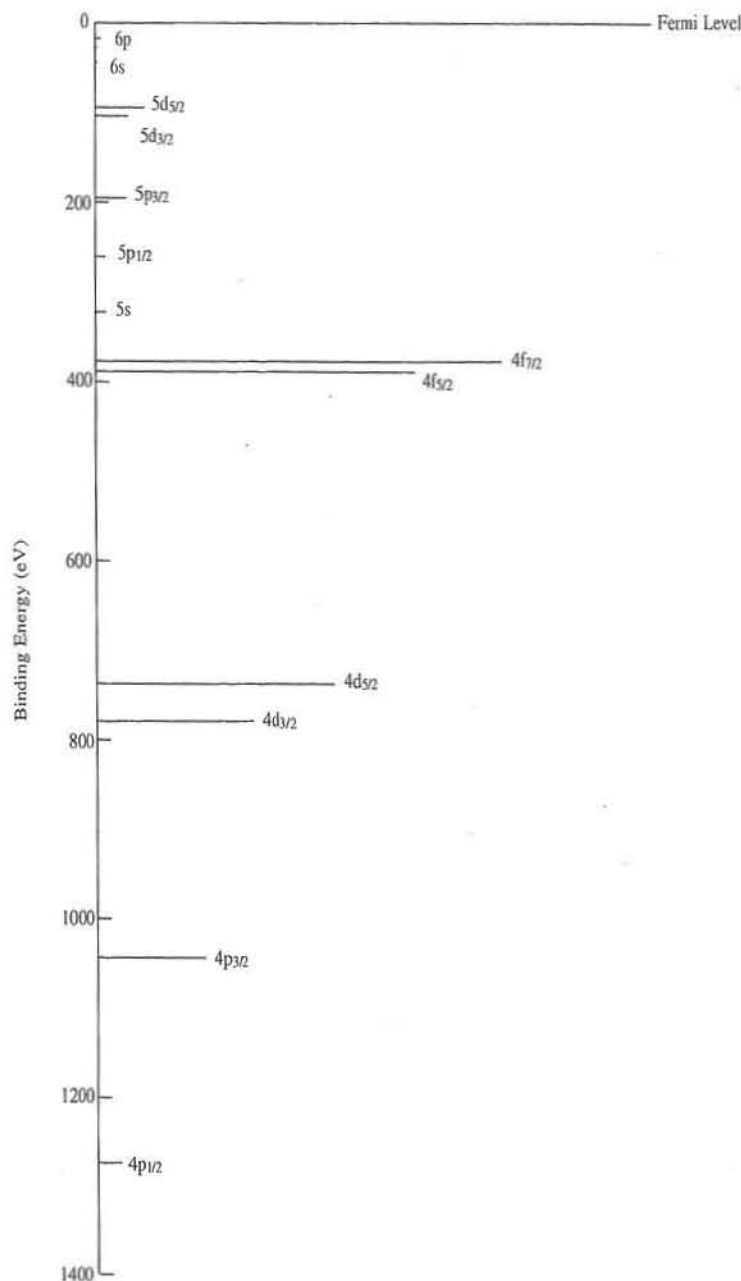


Figure 1. Relative binding energies and ionization cross-sections for U. The binding energy is proportional to the distance below the line indicating the Fermi level, and the ionization cross-section is proportional to the length of the line.

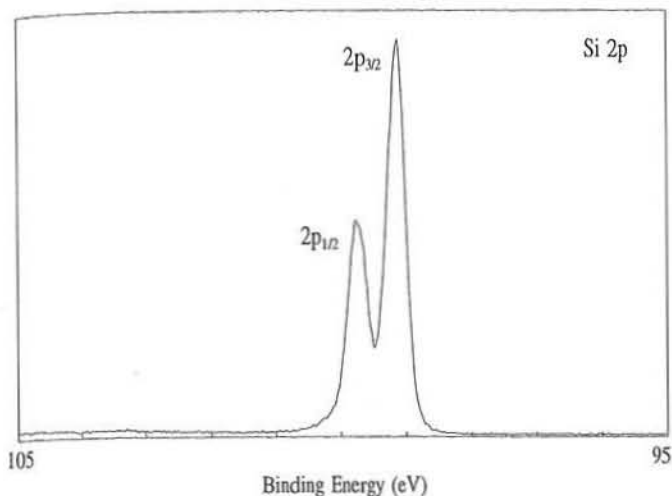


Figure 2. High-resolution spectrum of single-crystal Si showing the spin-orbit splitting of the 2p level.

chemical shifts can be used to identify the chemical state of the materials being analyzed.

In addition to photoelectrons emitted in the photoelectric process, Auger electrons may be emitted because of relaxation of the excited ions remaining after photoemission. This Auger electron emission occurs roughly  $10^{-14}$  seconds after the photoelectric event. The competing emission of a fluorescent x-ray photon is a minor process in this energy range. In the Auger process (Figure 3), an outer electron falls into the inner orbital vacancy, and a second electron is simultaneously emitted, carrying off the excess energy. The Auger electron possesses kinetic energy equal to the difference between the energy of the initial ion and the doubly charged final ion, and is independent of the mode of the initial ionization. Thus, photoionization normally leads to two emitted electrons — a photoelectron and an Auger electron. The sum of the kinetic energies of the electrons emitted cannot exceed the energy of the ionizing photons.

Probabilities of electron interaction with matter far exceed those of the photons, so while the path length of the photons is of the order of micrometers, that of the electrons is of the order of tens of angstroms. Thus, while ionization occurs to a depth of a few micrometers, only those electrons that originate within tens of

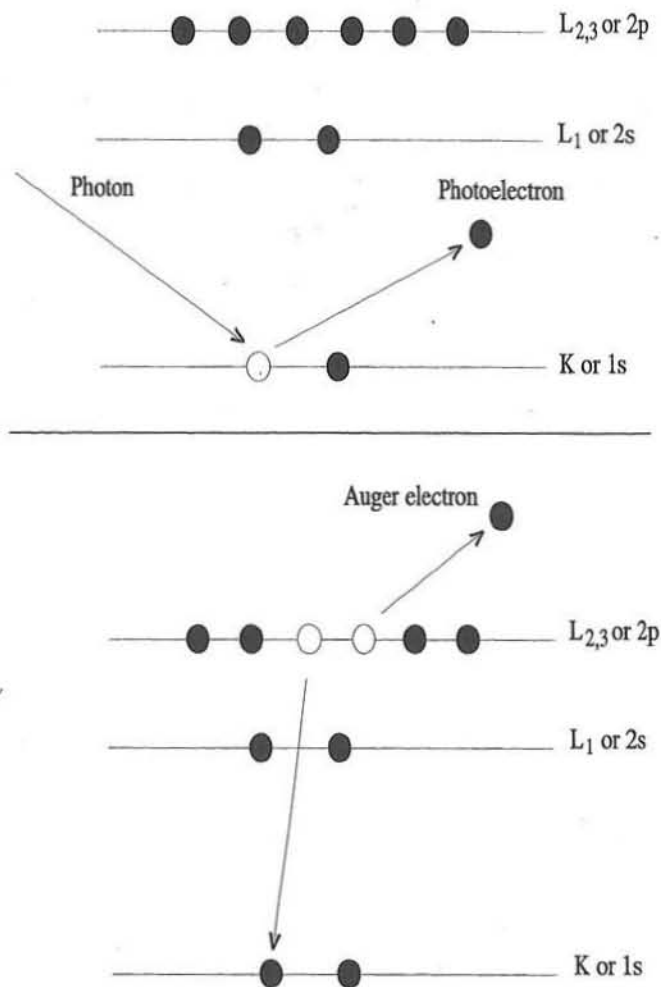


Figure 3. The XPS emission process (top) for a model atom. An incoming photon causes the ejection of the photoelectron. The relaxation process (bottom) for a model atom resulting in the emission of a  $KL_{23}L_{23}$  electron. The simultaneous two-electron coulombic rearrangement results in a final state with two electron vacancies.

angstroms below the solid surface can leave the surface without energy loss. These electrons which leave the surface without energy loss produce the peaks in the spectra and are the most useful. The electrons that undergo inelastic loss processes before emerging form the background. Calculations of the inelastic mean free paths of electrons in various materials are shown in Figure 4.

The electrons leaving the sample are detected by an electron spectrometer according to their kinetic energy. The analyzer is usually operated as an energy window, referred to as the pass energy, accepting only those electrons having an energy within the range of this window. To maintain a constant energy resolution, the pass energy is fixed. Incoming electrons are adjusted to the pass energy before entering the energy analyzer. Scanning for different energies is accomplished by applying a variable electrostatic field before the analyzer. This retardation voltage may be varied from zero up to and beyond the photon energy. Electrons are detected as discrete events, and the number of electrons for a given detection time and energy is stored and displayed.

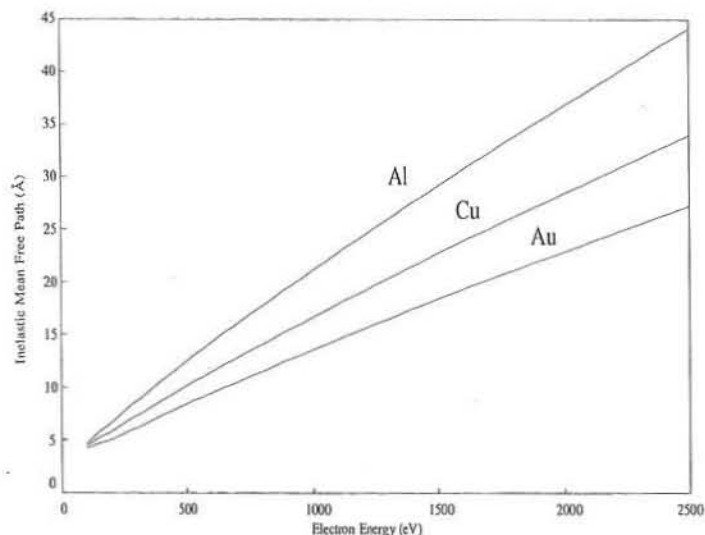


Figure 4. Calculated inelastic electron mean free paths in various metals from the method of S. Tanuma, C.J. Powell and D.R. Penn, *Surf. Interface Anal.* 17, 911 (1991).

## C. Preparing and Mounting Samples

In the majority of XPS applications, sample preparation and mounting are not critical. Typically, the sample is mechanically attached to the specimen mount, and analysis is begun with the sample in the as-received condition. Additional sample preparation is discouraged in many cases because any preparation might modify the surface composition. For those samples where special preparation or mounting cannot be avoided, the following techniques are recommended.

### 1. Removing Volatile Material

Ordinarily, volatile material is removed from the sample before analysis. In exceptional cases, when the volatile layer is of interest, the sample may be cooled for analysis. The cooling must be to a sufficiently low temperature to guarantee that the volatile element is not warmed to evaporation by any heat load that the analysis conditions may impart.

Removal of unwanted volatile materials is usually accomplished by long-term pumping in a separate vacuum system or by washing with a suitable solvent. Use freshly distilled solvent to avoid contamination by high boiling point impurities within the solvent. Choice of the solvent can be critical. Hexane or other light hydrocarbon solvents are probably least likely to alter the surface, providing the solvent properties are satisfactory. Samples may also be washed efficiently in a Soxhlett extractor using a suitable solvent.

### 2. Removing Nonvolatile Organic Contaminants

When the nature of an organic contaminant is not of interest or when a contaminant obscures underlying material that is of interest, the contaminant may be removed with appropriate organic solvents. As with volatile materials, the choice of solvent can be critical.

### 3. Surface Etching

Ion sputter-etching or other erosion techniques, such as the use of an oxygen plasma on organic materials (see Section E.5.a.(3), p. 27), may be used to remove surface contaminants. This technique is particularly useful when removing adventitious hydrocarbons from the sample or when the native oxides, formed by exposure to the atmosphere, are not of interest.

Argon ion etching is commonly used to obtain information on composition as a function of the exposure time to ion etching. Calibration of the sputter rates can be used to convert sputter time to information on depth into the specimen. Because sputtering may cause changes in the surface chemistry, identification of the changes in chemical states with depth may not reflect the true composition.

### 4. Abrasion

Abrasion of a surface can be done without significant contamination by using a laboratory wipe, a cork, a file or a knife blade. This may cause local heating, and reaction with environmental gases may occur (e.g., oxidation in air and formation of nitrides in nitrogen). To prevent oxidation of more active materials, perform abrasion in an inert atmosphere such as a glove box. The abraded material should then be transferred to the ultra-high vacuum (UHV) chamber in a sealed vessel to preserve the clean surface.

### 5. Fracturing and Scraping

With proper equipment, many materials can be fractured or scraped within the test chamber under UHV conditions. While this obviates contamination by reaction with atmospheric gases, attention must be given to unexpected results which might occur. Fracturing might occur along the grain boundaries which may not be representative of the bulk material. Scraping can cover hard material with soft material when the sample is multiphase.

### 6. Grinding to Powder

If spectra characteristic of bulk composition are desired, samples may be ground to a powder in a mortar. Protection of the fresh surfaces from the atmosphere is required. When grinding samples, localized high temperatures can be produced, so grinding should be done slowly to minimize heat-induced chemical changes at the newly created surfaces. The mortar should be well cleaned before reuse.

### 7. Mounting Powders for Analysis

There are a number of methods which can be used to mount powders for analysis. Perhaps the most widely used method is dusting the powder onto a polymer-based adhesive tape with a camel-hair brush. The powder must be dusted across the surface carefully and lightly, with no wiping strokes. Some researchers shun organic tape for UHV work, but others have successfully used certain types of tape in the  $10^{-10}$  Torr range.

Alternative methods for mounting powders include pressing the powder into indium or other soft foils, supporting the powder on a metallic mesh, pressing the powder into pellets or simply depositing the powder by gravity. With the foil method, the powder is pressed between two pieces of pure foil. The pieces are then separated, and one of them is mounted for analysis. Success with this technique has been varied. Sometimes bare foil remains exposed and, if the sample is an insulator, parts of the powder can charge differently. Differential charging can also be a problem when a metallic mesh is used to support the powder. If a press is used to form the powder into a pellet of workable dimensions, a press with hard and extremely clean working surfaces should be used. Gravity can effectively hold some materials in place, particularly if a shallow well or depression is cut in the surface of the sample mount. Allowing a liquid suspension of the powder to dry on the specimen holder is an effective way of producing a

uniform layer. With these methods, care must be taken in pump-down to ensure that gas evolution does not disturb

the sample. A throttled roughing valve is especially effective.

---

## D. Experimental Procedure

### 1. Technique for Obtaining Spectra

All spectra in this handbook were obtained using a PHI Model 5600 MultiTechnique system. A schematic diagram of the apparatus (Figure 5) illustrates the relationship of major components, including the electron energy analyzer, the x-ray source, and the ion gun used for sputter-etching. The Model 10-360 Electron Energy Analyzer incorporated into the 5600 is an SCA, and the input lens to the analyzer is an Omni Focus III lens. The excitation sources used were a Model 10-550 x-ray source with a Model 10-410 monochromator and a Model 04-548 dual-anode source which was used with a magnesium anode. All of the spectra in the handbook were taken with the x-ray source operating at 400 W (15 kV - 27 mA). The specimens were analyzed at an electron take-off angle of 70°, measured with respect to the surface plane. The monochromatic x-ray source is located perpendicular to the analyzer axis, and the standard x-ray source is located at 54.7° relative to the analyzer axis.

In the PHI Model 5600 MultiTechnique system, energy distribution, energy resolution and analysis area are all a function of the analyzer. For all of the spectra in this handbook, the spectrometer was operated in a standard mode. The Omni Focus III lens was used to scan the spectrum while the SCA was operated at a constant pass energy. This resulted in constant resolution ( $\Delta E$ ) across the entire energy spectrum. The size of the analysis area was defined by the aperture selection of the Omni Focus III lens. Analyzer energy resolution ( $\Delta E/E$ ) was determined by the choice of pass energy and the selected

aperture. All of the spectra in this handbook were obtained using an 800  $\mu\text{m}$  diameter analysis area.

All of the spectra in this handbook were recorded and stored using the PHI ACCESS™ data system. The instrument was calibrated daily, and the calibration was checked several times each day during data acquisition. The analyzer work function was determined assuming the binding energy of the Au 4f<sub>7/2</sub> peak to be 84.0 eV. All survey spectra scans were taken at a pass energy of 58.7 eV. The narrow scans of strong lines were, in most cases, just wide enough to encompass the peak(s) of interest and were obtained with a pass energy of 23.5 eV. A lower pass energy may show more structure for some materials. The narrow spectra were necessary to accurately determine the energy, shape and spin-orbit splitting of the strong lines. On insulating samples, a high-resolution spectrum was taken of the adventitious hydrocarbon on the surface of the sample to use as a reference for charge correction. The generally accepted binding energy for adventitious carbon is 284.8 eV.

The samples analyzed to obtain the spectra in this handbook are standard materials of known composition. Metal foils and polycrystalline materials with large surface areas were mechanically fastened to the specimen mount. Powder samples were ground with a mortar and pestle to expose fresh surfaces and were dusted onto adhesive tape. Most elemental standards were sputter-etched immediately prior to analysis to remove surface contamination. Most compounds, however, were ground or cleaved, and the freshly exposed surface was analyzed

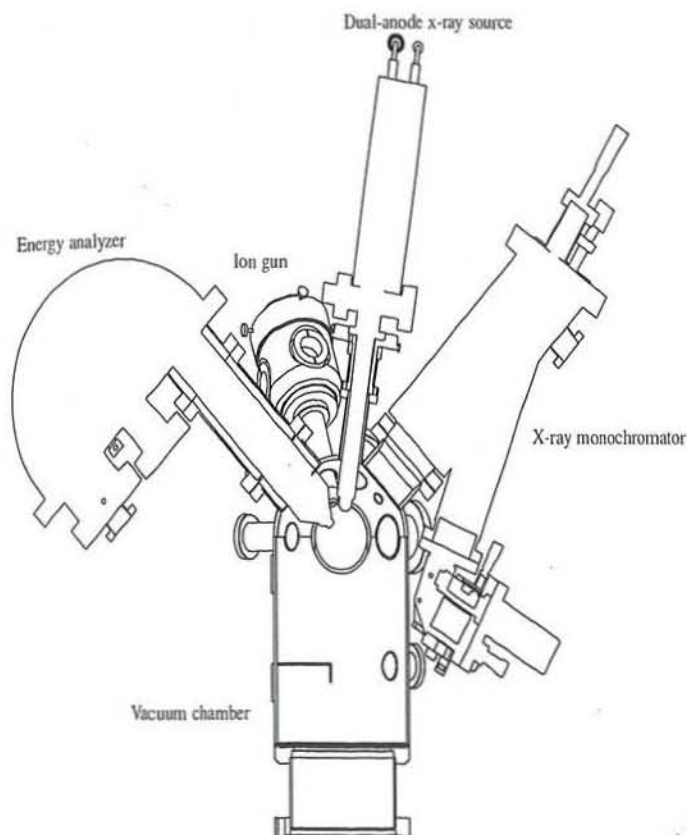


Figure 5. A schematic diagram of the PHI Model 5600 MultiTechnique system.

without etching in order to avoid possible changes in surface chemistry. Ne, Xe and Kr were implanted in graphite and Ar in silicon via ion implantation to unknown concentrations prior to analysis.

## 2. Instrument Calibration

To ensure the accuracy of the data presented in this handbook, the instrument used to obtain the data was calibrated regularly throughout the data-gathering process. The best way to check calibration, and the method used here, is to record suitable lines from a known, conducting specimen. Typically, the Au 4f or Cu 2p and 3p lines are used. The lines should be recorded with a narrow sweep width in the range of 5-10 eV, and

a pass energy of 23.5 eV or less (corresponding to the pass energy normally used for high resolution scans) should be used.

There is general agreement on accurate values of Cu, Au and Ag standard line energies. The values in Table 1 are recommended for clean Au, Ag and Cu:

Table 1. Reference Binding Energies (eV)

	Al K $\alpha$	Mg K $\alpha$
Cu 3p	75.14	75.13
Au 4f <sub>7/2</sub>	83.98	84.00
Ag 3d <sub>5/2</sub>	368.26	368.27
Cu L <sub>3</sub> MM	567.96	334.94
Cu 2p <sub>3/2</sub>	932.67	932.66
Ag M <sub>4</sub> NN	1128.78	895.75

from M. P. Seah *Surf. Interface Anal.* **14**, 488 (1989)

Because the 2p<sub>3/2</sub> and 3p<sub>3/2</sub> photoelectron peak energies of Cu are widely separated in energy, measurement of these peak binding energies provides a quick and simple means of checking the accuracy of the binding energy scale. Utilizing all of the above standard energies establishes the linearity of the energy scale and its position, i.e., the location of the Fermi level.

## 3. Programming Scans for an Unknown Sample

For a typical XPS investigation where the surface composition is unknown, a broad scan survey spectrum should be obtained first to identify the elements present. Once the elemental composition has been determined, narrower detailed scans of selected peaks can be used for a more comprehensive picture of the chemical composition. This is the procedure that has been followed in compiling data for this handbook, even though specimen composition was known prior to analysis.

**a. Survey Scans.** Most elements have major photoelectron peaks below 1100 eV, and a scan range from 1100-0 eV binding energy is usually sufficient to



identify all detectable elements. The spectra in this handbook were recorded with a scan range of 1400-0 eV (Al excitation) or 1200-0 eV (Mg excitation) binding energy. In an unknown sample, if specific elements are suspected at low concentrations, their standard spectra should be consulted before programming the survey scan. If the strongest line occurs above 1100 eV binding energy, the scan range can be modified accordingly.

An analyzer pass energy of 187 eV, in conjunction with the appropriate aperture, is recommended for survey scans with the PHI Model 5600 MultiTechnique system. These settings result in adequate resolution for elemental identification and produce very high signal intensities, minimizing data acquisition time and maximizing elemental detectability.

**b. Detail Scans.** For purposes of chemical state identification, for quantitative analysis of minor components and for peak deconvolution or other mathematical manipulations of the data, detail scans must be obtained for precise peak location and for accurate registration of line shapes. There are some logical rules for this programming.

(1) Scans should be wide enough to encompass the background on both sides of the region of in-

terest, yet with small enough step sizes to permit determination of the exact peak position. Sufficient scanning must be done within the time limits of the analysis in order to obtain good counting statistics.

(2) Peaks from any species thought to be radiation-sensitive or transient should be run first. Otherwise, any convenient order may be chosen.

(3) No clear guidelines can be given on the maximum duration of data gathering on any one sample. It should be recognized, however, that chemical states have vastly varying degrees of radiation sensitivity and that for any one set of irradiation conditions, there exists for many samples a condition beyond which it is impractical to attempt gathering data.

(4) With the PHI Model 5600 MultiTechnique system, an analyzer pass energy of 23 eV is normally used for routine detail scans. Where higher energy resolution is needed, lower pass energies can be utilized. For example, the sputter-cleaned Si 2p on p. 56, taken at 23 eV pass energy, can be compared to the chemically etched Si 2p shown in Figure 2 (p. 11).

---

## E. Data Interpretation

### 1. The Nature of the Spectrum

**a. General Features.** The spectrum is displayed as a plot of the number of electrons versus electron binding energy in a fixed, small energy interval. The position on the kinetic energy scale equal to the photon excitation energy minus the spectrometer work function cor-

responds to a binding energy of 0 eV with reference to the Fermi level (Equation 1, p. 10). Therefore, a binding energy scale with 0 at that point and increasing to the left is customarily used.

The spectra in this handbook are typical for the various elements. The well-defined peaks are due to electrons

which have not suffered an inelastic energy loss emerging from the sample. Electrons that have lost energy increase the level of the background at binding energies higher than the peak energy. The background is continuous because the energy loss processes are random and multiple. The background in the Mg K $\alpha$  induced spectra is larger than the background in the monochromated Al K $\alpha$  induced spectra because of excitation by Bremsstrahlung radiation of the non-monochromated light.

The "noise" in the spectrum is not instrumental in origin but is the consequence of the collection of single electrons as counts randomly spaced in time. The standard deviation for counts collected in any channel is equal to the square root of the counts so that the percent standard deviation is  $100/(\text{counts})^{1/2}$ . The signal-to-noise ratio is then proportional to the square root of the counting time. The background level upon which the peak is superimposed is a characteristic of the specimen, the excitation source and the transmission characteristics of the instrument.

**b. Types of Lines.** Several types of peaks are observed in XPS spectra. Some are fundamental to the technique and are always observed. Others are dependent upon the exact physical and chemical nature of the sample. A third type is the result of instrumental effects. The following describes the various spectral features that are likely to be encountered:

(1) *Photoelectron Lines.* The most intense photoelectron lines are relatively symmetrical and are typically the narrowest lines observed in the spectra. Photoelectron lines of pure metals can, however, exhibit considerable asymmetry due to coupling with conduction electrons. Peak width is a convolution of the natural line width (the lifetime of the "hole" resulting from the photoionization process), the width of the x-ray line which created the photoelectron line and the in-

strumental contribution to the observed line width. Less intense photoelectron lines at higher binding energies are usually wider by 1-4 eV than the lines at lower binding energies. All of the photoelectron lines of insulating solids are of the order of 0.5 eV wider than photoelectron lines of conductors. The approximate binding energies of all photoelectron lines detectable by Al or Mg radiation are cataloged in Appendices G and H.

(2) *Auger Lines.* These are groups of lines in rather complex patterns. There are four main Auger series observable in XPS. They are the KLL, LMM, MNN and NOO series, identified by specifying the initial and final vacancies in the Auger transition. The KLL series, for example, includes those processes with an initial vacancy in the K shell and final double vacancy in the L shell. The symbol V (e.g., KVV) indicates that the final vacancies are in valence levels. The KLL series has, theoretically, nine lines, and others have still more. Because Auger lines have kinetic energies which are independent of the ionizing radiation, they appear on a binding energy plot to be in different positions when ionizing photons of different energies (i.e., different x-ray sources) are used. Core-type Auger lines (with final vacancies deeper than the valence levels) usually have at least one component of intensity similar to the most intense photoelectron line. Positions of the more prominent Auger components are cataloged along with the photoelectron peaks in Appendices G and H.

(3) *X-ray Satellites.* The x-ray emission spectrum from a nonmonochromatic source used for irradiation exhibits not only the characteristic x-ray but also some minor x-ray components at higher photon energies. For each photoelectron peak that results from the routinely used Mg and Al K $\alpha$  x-

ray photons, there is a family of minor peaks at lower binding energies, with intensity and spacing characteristic of the x-ray anode material. The pattern of such satellites for Mg and Al is shown in Table 2. A resultant spectrum using Mg x-rays is shown in Figure 6.

Table 2. X-ray Satellite Energies and Intensities

	$\alpha_{1,2}$	$\alpha_3$	$\alpha_4$	$\alpha_5$	$\alpha_6$	$\beta$
Mg displacement, eV	0	8.4	10.1	17.6	20.6	48.7
relative height	100	8.0	4.1	0.6	0.5	0.5
Al displacement, eV	0	9.8	11.8	20.1	23.4	69.7
relative height	100	6.4	3.2	0.4	0.3	0.6

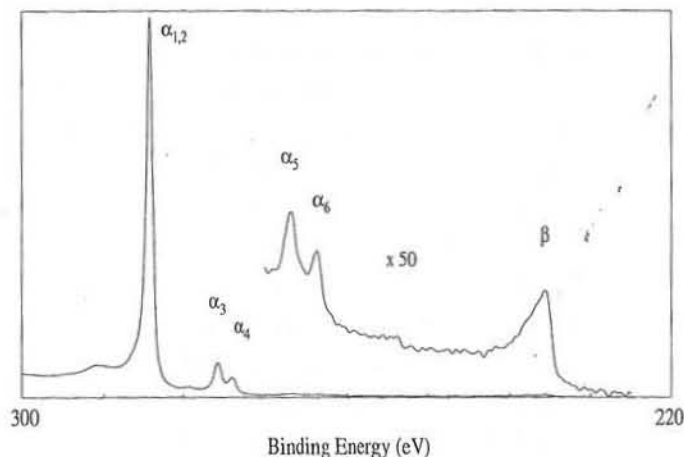


Figure 6. Mg x-ray satellites observed in the C 1s spectrum of graphite.

(4) *X-ray Ghost Lines.* Occasionally, x-radiation from an element other than the x-ray source anode material impinges upon the sample, resulting in small peaks corresponding to the most intense spectral peaks but displaced by a characteristic energy interval. These lines may result from Mg impurity in the Al anode or vice versa, Cu from the anode base structure, oxidation of the anode, or generation of x-ray photons in the Al foil x-ray window. On occasion, such lines can originate via

generation of x-rays within the sample itself. This last possibility is rare because the probability of x-ray emission is low relative to Auger electron emission. Nevertheless, such minor lines can be puzzling. Table 3 indicates where such peaks are most likely to occur relative to the most intense photoelectron lines. Because such ghost lines rarely appear with nonmonochromatic x-ray sources and are not possible with monochromatic x-ray sources, they should not be considered in line identification until all other possibilities are excluded.

Table 3. Displacement of X-ray Ghost Lines (eV)

Contaminating Radiation	Anode Material	
	Mg	Al
O ( $K\alpha$ )	728.7	961.7
Cu ( $L\alpha$ )	323.9	556.9
Mg ( $K\alpha$ )	—	233.0
Al ( $K\alpha$ )	-233.0	—

(5) *Shake-Up Lines.* Not all photoelectric processes are simple ones which lead to the formation of ions in the ground state, but there is a finite probability that the ion will be left in an excited state a few electron volts above the ground state. In this event, the kinetic energy of the emitted photoelectron is reduced, with the difference corresponding to the energy difference between the ground state and the excited state. This results in the formation of a satellite peak a few electron volts lower in kinetic energy (higher in binding energy) than the main peak. For example, the characteristic shake-up line for carbon in aromatic compounds, a shake-up process involving the energy of the  $\pi \rightarrow \pi^*$  transition, is shown in Figure 7.

In some cases, most often with paramagnetic compounds, the intensity of the shake-up satellite may

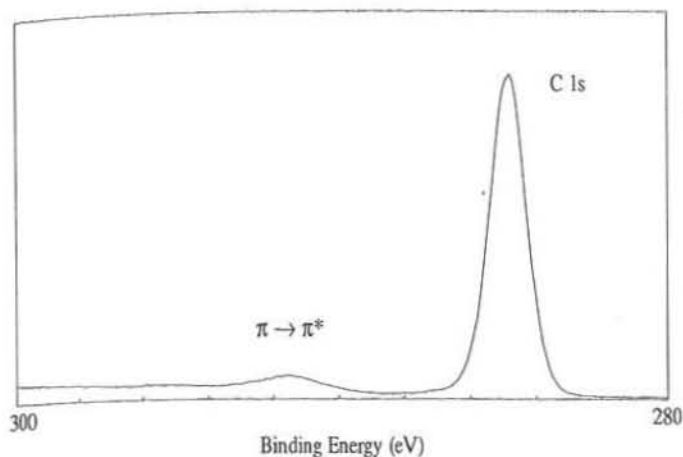


Figure 7. The  $\pi$  bond shake-up satellite for C 1s in polystyrene. The peak is about 6.7 eV higher than the main photopeak.

approach that of the main line. More than one satellite of a principal photoelectron line can also be observed, as shown in Figure 8. The occurrence of such lines is sometimes also apparent in Auger spectral contours (Figure 9). The displacements and relative intensities of shake-up satellites can sometimes be useful in identifying the chemical state of an element, as discussed in Section E.3.d. (p. 24).

(6) *Multiplet Splitting.* Emission of an electron from a core level of an atom that itself has a spin (unpaired electrons in valence levels) can create a vacancy in two or more ways. The coupling of the new unpaired electron left after photoemission from an s-type orbital with other unpaired electrons in the atom can create an ion with several possible final state configurations and as many energies. This results in a photoelectron line which is split asymmetrically into several components similar to the one shown in Figure 10.

Multiplet splitting also occurs in the ionization of p levels, but the result is more complex and subtle. In favorable cases, it results in an apparent slight

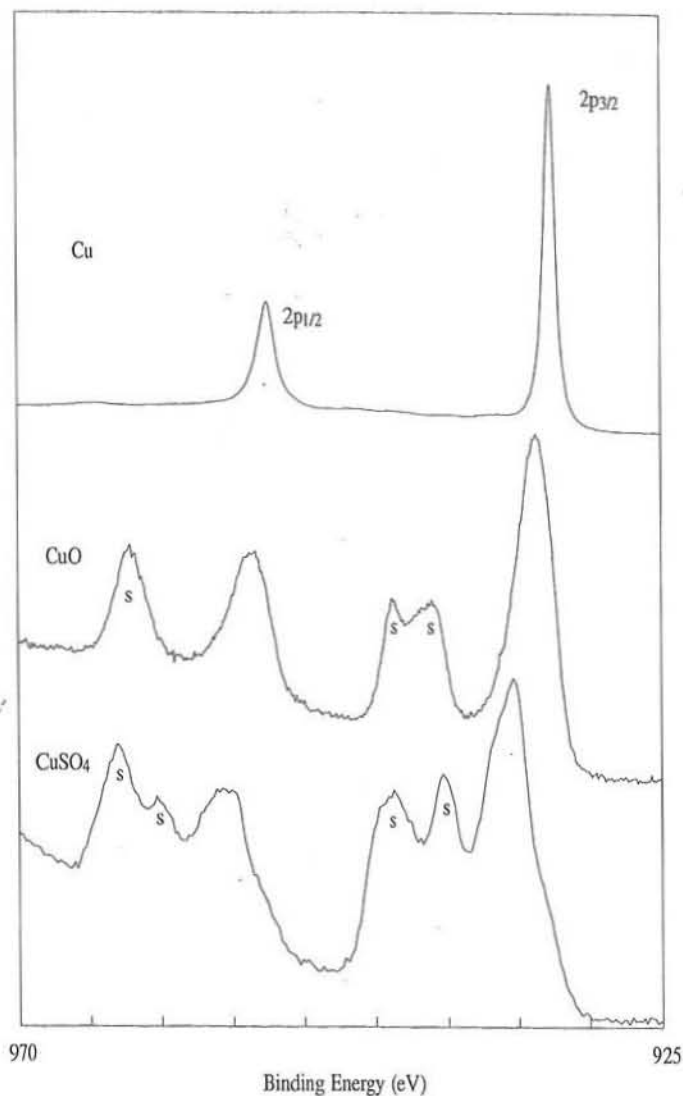


Figure 8. Examples of shake-up lines (s) of the copper 2p observed in copper compounds.

increase in the spin doublet separation, evidenced in the separation of the  $2p_{1/2}$  and  $2p_{3/2}$  lines in first-row transition metals, and in the generation of a less easily noticed asymmetry in the line shape of the components. Often such effects on the p doublet are obscured by shake-up lines.

(7) *Energy Loss Lines.* With some materials, there is an enhanced probability for loss of a specific

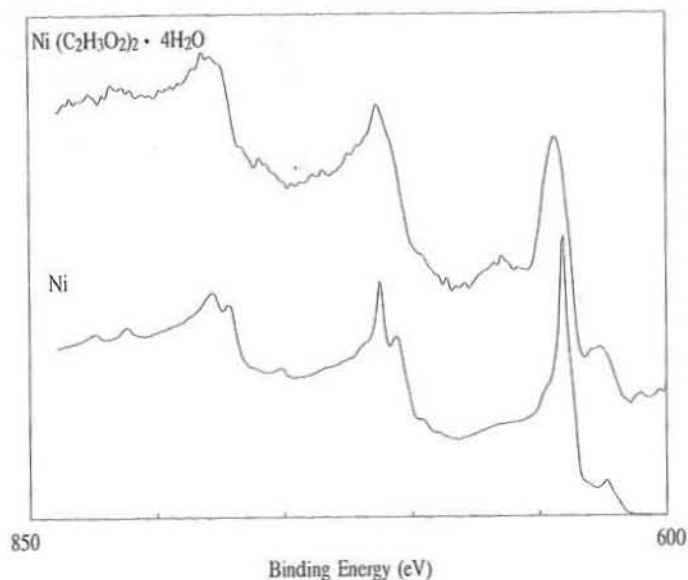


Figure 9. Examples of the effects of chemical states on Auger line shapes in nickel compounds.

amount of energy due to interaction between the photoelectron and other electrons in the surface region of the sample (Figure 11). The energy loss phenomenon produces a distinct and rather sharp hump 20-25 eV above the binding energy of the parent line. Under certain conditions of spectral display, energy loss lines can cause confusion. Such phenomena in insulators are rarely sharper than that shown in Figure 11 and are usually much more muted. They are different in each solid medium.

With metals, the effect is often much more dramatic, as indicated by the loss lines for aluminum shown in Figure 12. Energy loss to the conduction electrons occurs in well-defined quanta characteristic of each metal. These plasmons arise from group oscillations of the conduction electrons. The photoelectron line, or the Auger line, is successively mirrored at intervals of higher binding energy with reduced intensity. The energy

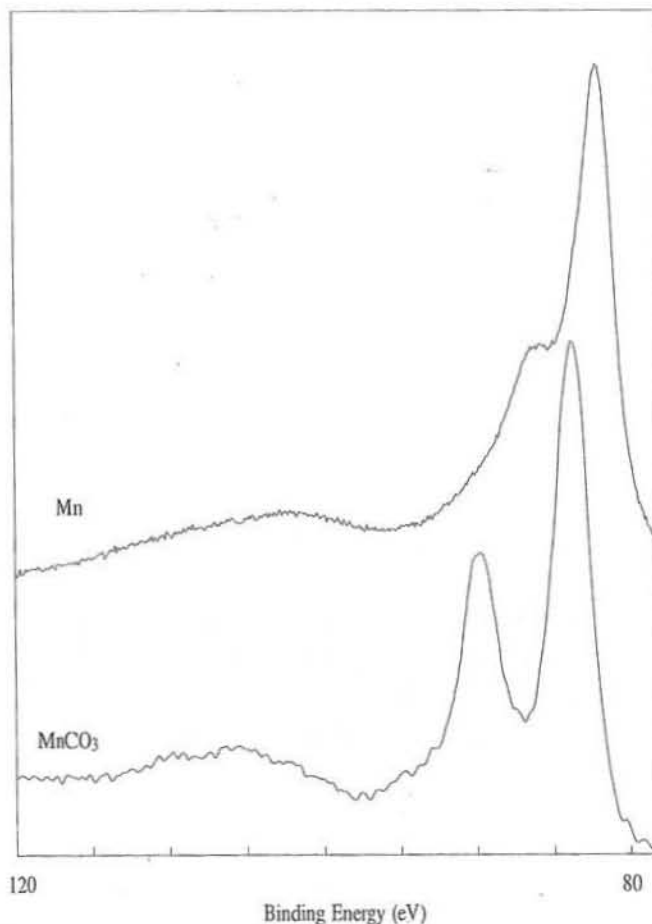


Figure 10. Multiplet splitting of the Mn 3s.

interval between the primary peak and the loss peak is called the plasmon energy. The so-called bulk plasmons are the more prominent of these lines. A second series, the surface plasmons, exists at energy intervals determined approximately by dividing the bulk plasmon energy by the square root of two. The effect is not easily observed in nonconductors, nor is it prominent in all conductors. Plasmon lines are especially prominent in the Groups Ia and IIa metal spectra in this handbook.

(8) *Valence Lines and Bands.* Lines of low intensity occur in the low binding energy region of the

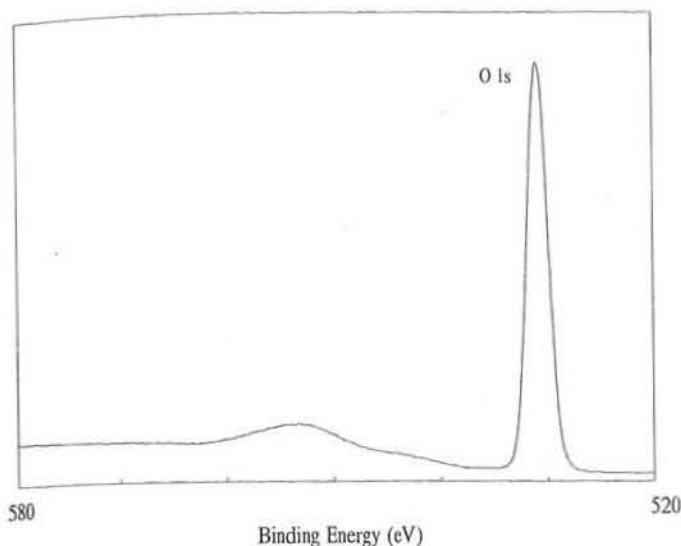


Figure 11. Energy loss envelope from the O 1s line in  $\text{Al}_2\text{O}_3$  (sapphire).

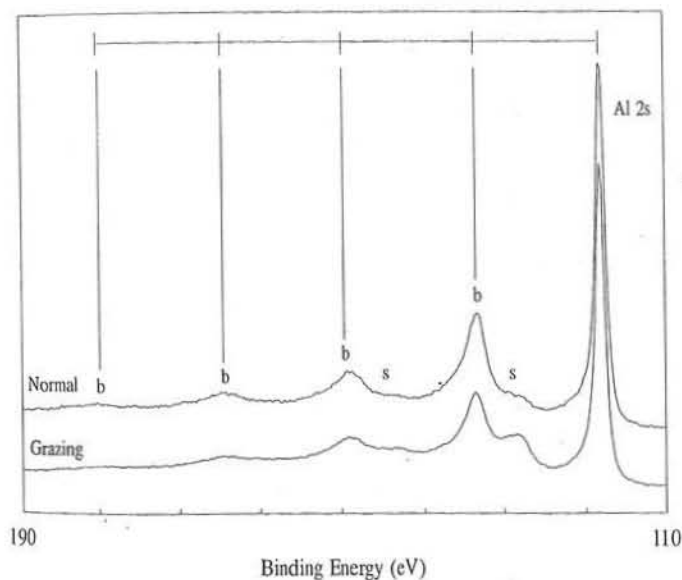


Figure 12. Surface (s) and bulk (b) plasmon lines associated with the Al 2s at normal and grazing take-off angles.

spectrum between the Fermi level and 10-20 eV binding energy. These lines are produced by photoelectron emission from molecular orbitals and from solid state energy bands. Differences be-

tween insulators and conductors are especially noted by the absence or presence of electrons from conduction bands at the Fermi level. Valence bands may also be used to distinguish between materials where the core level XPS photoelectron lines are quite similar in shape and position. Appendix D contains valence band spectra of several materials.

## 2. Line Identification

In general, interpretation of the XPS spectrum is most readily accomplished first by identifying the lines that are almost always present (specifically those of C and O), then by identifying major lines and associated weaker lines, and lastly by identifying the remaining weak lines. Most modern, commercially available spectrometers have peak identification algorithms within their data reduction packages. Poor signal-to-noise of the data or database limitations may require manual identification of some peaks. The following step-by-step procedure simplifies the data interpretation task and minimizes data ambiguities.

**Step 1.** The C 1s, O 1s, C (KLL) and O (KLL) lines are usually prominent in any spectrum. Identify these lines first along with all derived x-ray satellites and energy loss envelopes.

**Step 2.** Identify other intense lines (Appendix J) present in the spectrum, then label any related satellites and other less intense spectral lines associated with those elements. The energy positions of the less intense lines are noted in the line position table with the spectra. Keep in mind that some lines may be interfered with by more intense, overlapping lines from other elements. The most serious interferences by the C and O lines, for example, are Ru 3d by C 1s, V 2p and Sb 3d by O 1s, I (MNN) and Cr (LMM) by O (KLL), and Ru (MNN) by C (KLL).

**Step 3.** Identify any remaining minor lines. In doing this, assume they are the most intense lines of an unknown element. If not, they should already have been identified in the previous steps. Again, keep in mind possible line interferences. Small lines that seem unidentifiable can be ghost lines. Use Table 3 (p. 18) to check for the more intense parent photoelectron lines.

**Step 4.** Check the conclusions by noting the spin doublets for p, d and f lines. They should have the right separation (cf. spin orbit splitting for individual elements and Appendices G and H) and should be in the correct intensity ratio. The ratio for p lines should be about 1:2, d lines 2:3 and f lines 3:4. P lines, especially 4p lines, may be less than 1:2.

### 3. Chemical State Identification

The identification of chemical states primarily depends on the accurate determination of line energies. To determine line energies accurately, the voltage scale of the instrument must be precisely calibrated (cf. Section D.2., p. 15), a line with a narrow sweep range must be recorded with good statistics (of the order of several thousand counts-per-channel above background), and accurate correction must be made for static charge if the sample is an insulator.

**a. Determining Static Charge on Insulators.** During analysis, insulating samples tend to acquire a steady-state charge of as much as several volts. This steady-state charge is a balance between electron loss from the surface by emission and electron gain by conduction or by acquisition of slow or thermal electrons from the vacuum. The steady-state charge, usually positive, can be minimized with an adjacent neutralizer or flood gun. It is often advantageous to do this to reduce differential charging and sharpen the spectral lines.

A serious problem is exactly determining the extent of charging. Any positive charging retards outgoing

electrons and tends to make the peaks appear at higher binding energies, whereas excessive charge compensation can make the peaks shift to lower binding energies. The following are four methods which are usually valid for charge correction on insulating samples:

(1) Measurement of the position of the C 1s line from adventitious hydrocarbon nearly always present on samples introduced from the laboratory environment or from the glove box. This line, on unsputtered inert metals such as Au or Cu, appears at 284.8 eV, so any shift from this value can be taken as a measure of the static charge. At this time, it is not known whether a reproducible line position exists for C remaining on the surface after ion beam etching.

(2) The use of an internal standard, such as a hydrocarbon moiety of a polymer sample. For the study of supported catalysts or similar materials, one can adopt a suitable value for a constituent of the support and use that to interrelate binding energies of different samples. One must be certain that treatments of the various samples are not so different that the inherent binding energies of support constituents are changed.

(3) The use of a normally insulating sample so thin that it effectively does not insulate. This can be assumed if the spectrum of the underlying conductor appears in good intensity and if line positions are not affected by changes in electron flux from the charge neutralizer.

(4) For the study of insulating polymer films, binding energies of the C functional groups may also be determined by applying a small amount of poly(dimethyl siloxane) solution ( $10^{-6}$  M) to the sample surface and charge reference to the Si 2p of the silicone (at about 102.1 eV).



Some precautions should be kept in mind. If the sample is heterogeneous on even a micrometer scale, particles of different materials can be charged to different extents, and interpretation of the spectrum is complicated accordingly. One cannot physically mix a conducting standard like Au or graphite of micron dimensions with a powder and validly use the Au or graphite line in order to correct for static charge. Differential charging can be minimized to a great extent by using a flood source of low-energy electrons.

**b. Photoelectron Line Chemical Shifts and Separations.** An important advantage of XPS is its ability to obtain information on chemical states from the variations in binding energies, or chemical shifts, of the photoelectron lines. While many attempts have been made to calculate chemical shifts and absolute binding energies, the factors involved (especially in the solid state) are imperfectly understood, and one must rely on experimental data from standard materials. The tables accompanying the spectra in this handbook record considerable data from the literature as well as data obtained specifically for this handbook. All literature data have been carefully evaluated to the instrumental calibration and static charge reference values given above and are, therefore, directly comparable.

Because occasional line interferences do occur, it is sometimes necessary to use a line other than the most intense one in the spectrum. Chemical shifts of a minor line are within 0.2 eV of the chemical shift of the primary line. However, exceptional separations can occur in paramagnetic materials because of multiplet splitting. Separations of photoelectron lines can be determined approximately from the line position tables in Appendices G and H.

**c. Auger Line Chemical Shifts and the Auger Parameter.** Core-type Auger lines (transitions ending with double vacancies below the valence levels) usually have at least one component that is narrow and intense,

often nearly as intense as the strongest photoelectron line (cf. spectra for F, Na, As, In, Te and Pb). There are four core Auger groups that can be generated by Mg or Al x-rays: the KLL (Na, Mg); the LMM (Cu, Zn, Ga, Ge, As, Se); the MNN (Ag, Cd, In, Sn, Sb, Te, I, Xe, Cs, Ba); and NOO (Th, U). The MNN lines in the rare earths, while accessible, are very broad because of multiplet splitting and shake-up phenomena with most of the compounds. Valence-type Auger lines (final states with vacancies in valence levels) — such as those for O and F (KLL); Mn, Fe, Co and Ni (LMM); and Ru, Rh and Pd (MNN) — can be intense and are, therefore, also useful. Chemical shifts occur with Auger lines as well as with photoelectron lines. The chemical shifts are different from those of the photoelectron lines, but they are often more pronounced. This can be very useful for identifying chemical states, especially in combination with photoelectron chemical shift data. If data for the various chemical states of an element are plotted with the binding energy of the photoelectron line on the abscissa and the kinetic energy of the Auger line on the ordinate, a two-dimensional chemical state plot can be obtained. Such plots are in Appendix A for F, Na, Al, Si, S, Cu, Zn, As, Se, Ag, Cd, In, Sn and Te.

With chemical states displayed in two dimensions, the Auger parameter method becomes more powerful as a tool for identifying the chemical components than using photoelectron chemical shifts alone. In the format adopted for this handbook, the kinetic energy of the Auger line is plotted against the binding energy of the photoelectron line, with the latter plotted in the -x direction (kinetic energy is still, implicitly, +x). The kinetic energy of the Auger electron, referred to the Fermi level, is easily calculated by subtracting from the photon energy the position of the Auger line on the binding energy scale.

With this arrangement, each diagonal line represents all values of equal sums of Auger kinetic energy and



photoelectron binding energy. The Auger parameter,  $\alpha$ , is defined as,

$$\alpha = KE_A - KE_P = BE_P - BE_A \quad (2)$$

or as the difference in binding energy between the photoelectron and Auger lines. This difference can be accurately determined because static charge corrections cancel. With all kinetic and binding energies referenced to the Fermi level, and recalling that:

$$KE = hv - BE \quad (3)$$

then...

$$KE_A + BE_P = hv + \alpha \quad (4)$$

or the sum of the kinetic energy of the Auger line and the binding energy of the photoelectric line equals the Auger parameter plus the photon energy. A plot showing Auger kinetic energy versus photoelectron binding energy then becomes independent of the photon energy.

In general, polarizable materials, especially conductive materials, have a high Auger parameter, while insulating compounds have a lower Auger parameter.

#### d. Chemical Information from Satellite Lines and Peak Shapes

(1) *Shake-up Lines.* These satellite lines have intensities and separations from the parent photoelectron line that are unique to each chemical state (Figure 8, p. 19). Some Auger lines also exhibit radical changes with chemical state that reflect these processes (Figure 9, p. 20). With transition elements and rare earths, the absence of shake-up satellites is usually characteristic of the elemental or diamagnetic states. Prominent shake-up patterns typically occur with paramagnetic states. Table 4 is a guide to some expected paramagnetic states.

Table 4. General Guide to Paramagnetic Species

*Multiplet splitting and shake-up lines are generally expected in the paramagnetic states below:*

Atomic No.	Paramagnetic States	Diamagnetic States
22	Ti(II), Ti(III)	Ti(IV)
23	V(II), V(III), V(IV)	V(V)
24	Cr(II), Cr(III), Cr(IV), Cr(V)	Cr(VI)
25	Mn(II), Mn(III), Mn(IV), Mn(V)	Mn(VII)
26	Fe(II), Fe(III)	K <sub>4</sub> Fe(CN) <sub>6</sub> , Fe(CO) <sub>4</sub> Br <sub>2</sub>
27	Co(II), Co(III)	CoB, Co(NO <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> NH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> , K <sub>3</sub> Co(CN) <sub>6</sub> , Co(NH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>6</sub> Cl <sub>2</sub>
28	Ni(II)	K <sub>2</sub> Ni(CN) <sub>4</sub> , square planar complexes
29	Cu(II)	Cu(I)
42	Mo(IV), Mo(V)	Mo(VI), MoS <sub>2</sub> , K <sub>4</sub> Mo(CN) <sub>6</sub>
44	Ru(III), Ru(IV), Ru(V)	Ru(II)
47	Ag(II)	Ag(I)
58	Ce(III)	Ce(IV)
59-70	Pr, Nd, Sm, Eu, Gd, Tb, Dy, Ho, Er, Tm, Yb compounds	
74	W(IV), W(V)	W(VI), WO <sub>2</sub> , WCl <sub>4</sub> , WC, K <sub>4</sub> W(CN) <sub>8</sub>
75	Re(II), Re(III), Re(IV), Re(V), Re(VI)	Re(VII), ReO <sub>3</sub>
76	Os(III), Os(IV), Os(V)	Os(II), Os(VI), Os(VIII)
77	Ir(IV)	Ir(III)
92	U(III), U(IV)	U(VI)

(2) *Multiplet Splitting.* On occasion, the multiplet splitting phenomenon can also be helpful in identifying chemical states. The 3s lines in the first series of transition metals, for example, exhibit separations characteristic of each paramagnetic chemical state. The 3s line, however, is weak and therefore is not often useful analytically. The 2p doublet separation is also affected by multiplet splitting, and the lines are more intense. The effect becomes very evident with Co compounds where the separation varies up to 1 eV. When first-row transition metal compounds are under study, it is

useful to accurately record these line separations and make comparisons with model compounds.

(3) *Auger Line Shape.* Valence-type Auger transitions form final-state ions with vacancies in molecular orbitals. The distribution of the group of lines is strongly affected, therefore, by the nature of the molecular orbitals in the different chemical states. Although little has yet been tabulated on this subject, the spectroscopist should bear in mind the possible utility of Auger line shapes.

#### 4. Quantitative Analysis

For many XPS investigations, it is important to determine the relative concentrations of the various constituents. Methods have been developed for quantifying the XPS measurement utilizing peak area and peak height sensitivity factors. The method which utilizes peak area sensitivity factors typically is the more accurate and is discussed below. This approach is satisfactory for quantitative work. For transition metal spectra with prominent shake-up lines, it is best to include the entire 2p region when measuring peak area.

For a sample that is homogeneous in the analysis volume, the number of photoelectrons per second in a specific spectra peak is given by:

$$I = nf\sigma\theta y\lambda AT \quad (5)$$

where  $n$  is the number of atoms of the element per  $\text{cm}^3$  of the sample,  $f$  is the x-ray flux in photons/ $\text{cm}^2$ -sec,  $\sigma$  is the photoelectric cross-section for the atomic orbital of interest in  $\text{cm}^2$ ,  $\theta$  is an angular efficiency factor for the instrumental arrangement based on the angle between the photon path and detected electron,  $y$  is the efficiency in the photoelectric process for formation of photoelectrons of the normal photoelectron energy,  $\lambda$  is the mean free path of the photoelectrons in the sample,  $A$  is the area of the sample from which photoelectrons

are detected, and  $T$  is the detection efficiency for electrons emitted from the sample. From Equation 5:

$$n = I/f\sigma\theta y\lambda AT \quad (6)$$

The denominator in Equation 6 can be defined as the atomic sensitivity factor,  $S$ . If we consider a strong line from each of two elements, then:

$$\frac{n_1}{n_2} = \frac{I_1/S_1}{I_2/S_2} \quad (7)$$

This expression may be used for all homogeneous samples if the ratio  $S_1/S_2$  is matrix-independent for all materials. It is certainly true that such quantities as  $\sigma$  and  $\lambda$  vary somewhat from material to material (especially  $\lambda$ ), but the ratio of each of the two quantities  $\sigma_1/\sigma_2$  and  $\lambda_1/\lambda_2$  remains nearly constant. Thus, for any spectrometer, it is possible to develop a set of relative values of  $S$  for all of the elements. Multiple sets of values may be necessary for instruments with multiple x-ray sources at different angles relative to the analyzer.

A general expression for determining the atom fraction of any constituent in a sample,  $C_x$ , can be written as an extension of Equation 7:

$$C_x = \frac{n_x}{\sum n_i} = \frac{I_x/S_x}{\sum I_i/S_i} \quad (8)$$

Values of  $S$  based on peak area measurements are indicated in Appendices E and F. The values of  $S$  in the appendices are based on empirical data (C.D. Wagner et al. *Surf. Interface Anal.* 3, 211 (1981)) which have been corrected for the transmission function of the spectrometer. The values in the appendix are only valid for and should only be applied when the electron energy analyzer used has the transmission characteristics of the SCA supplied by Perkin-Elmer. An example of the application of Equation 8 to analysis of a sample of

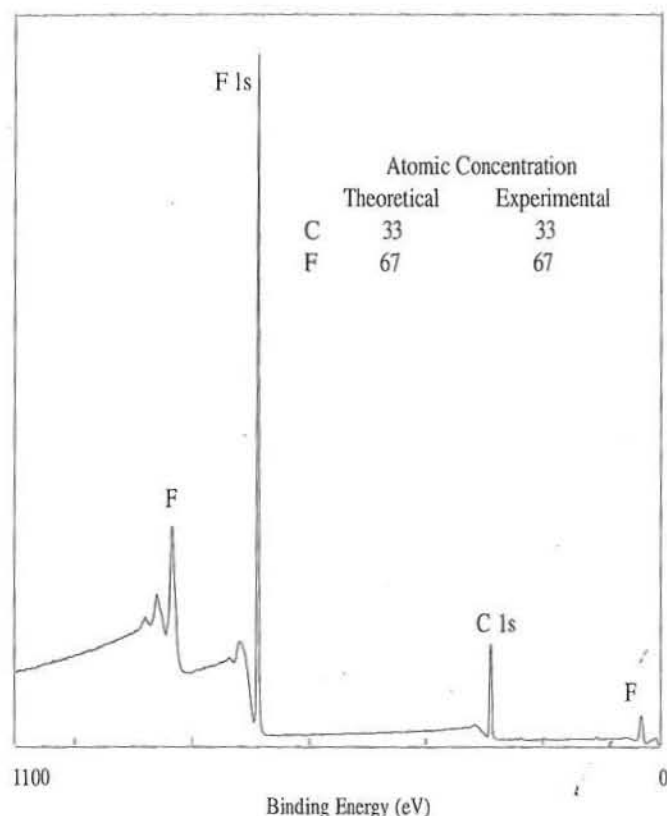


Figure 13. Quantitative analysis of poly(tetrafluoroethylene).

known composition, poly(tetrafluoroethylene), is shown in Figure 13.

The use of atomic sensitivity factors in the manner described will normally furnish semiquantitative results (within 10-20%), except in the following situations:

**a.** The technique cannot be applied rigorously to heterogeneous samples. It can be useful with heterogeneous samples in measuring the relative number of atoms detected, but one must be conscious that the microscopic character of the heterogeneous system influences the quantitative results. Moreover, an overlying contamination layer has the effect of diminishing the intensity of high binding energy peaks more than that of low binding energy peaks.

**b.** Transition metals, especially of the first series, have widely varying and low values of  $\gamma$ , whereas  $\gamma$  for the other elements is rather uniform at about 0.8 eV. Thus, a value of  $S$  determined on one chemical state for a transition metal may not be valid for another chemical state. This effect can be minimized by including shake-up peaks in the area measurement.

**c.** When peak interferences occur, alternative lines must sometimes be used. The ratios of spin doublets (except 4p) are rather uniform, and the weaker of the pair can often be substituted. The spectra of the elements should be consulted, but caution must be exercised because the spectra of the elements themselves can be different from the spectra of their compounds.

**d.** Occasionally, an x-ray satellite from an intense photoelectron line interferes with measurement of a weak component. A mathematical approach can then be used to subtract the x-ray satellite before the measurement.

For quantitative work, check the spectrometer operation frequently to ensure that analyzer response is constant and optimum. A useful test is the recording of the three widely spaced spectral lines from Cu. Measurement of the peak height in counts-per-second should be made on 20-volt-wide scans of the  $2p_{3/2}$ , LMM Auger and  $3p$  lines. Maintenance of such records makes it easy to notice if an instrument change occurs that would affect quantitative analysis.

## 5. Determining Element Location

**a. Depth.** There are four methods of obtaining information on the depth of an element in the sample. The first two methods described below utilize the characteristics of the spectrum itself but provide limited information. The third provides more detailed information but is attended by certain problems. The fourth utilizes measurements at two or more electron escape angles.

(1) The presence or absence of an energy loss peak or envelope indicates whether the emitting atoms are in the bulk or at the surface. Because electrons from surface atoms do not traverse the bulk, peaks from the surface atoms are symmetrical above level baselines on both sides, and the energy loss peak is absent. For a homogeneous sample, peaks from all elements will have similar inelastic loss structures.

(2) Elements whose spectra exhibit photoelectron lines widely spaced in kinetic energy can be approximately located by noting the intensity ratio of the lines. In the energy range above approximately 100 eV, electrons moving through a solid with lower kinetic energy are attenuated more strongly than those with higher kinetic energy. Thus, for a surface species, the low kinetic energy component will be relatively stronger than the high kinetic energy component, compared to that observed in the pure material. The data for homogeneous bulk solids can be compared with intensity ratios observed on unknowns to determine qualitatively the distribution of the element in the sample. Suitable elements include Na and Mg (1s and 2s); Zn, Ga, Ge and As ( $2p_{3/2}$  and 3d); and Cd, In, Sn, Sb, Te, I, Cs and Ba ( $3p_{3/2}$  and 4d or  $3d_{5/2}$  and 4d).

When the element is in a bulk homogeneous layer beneath a thin contaminating layer, the characteristic intensity ratio is modified in the opposite direction. Thus, for a pair of lines from subsurface species, the low kinetic energy line will be attenuated more than the high kinetic energy line, distorting the characteristic intensity ratio. By observing such intensity ratios and comparing them with the pure bulk elements, it is possible to deduce whether the observed lines are from predominantly surface-, subsurface- or homogeneously distributed material.

(3) Depth profiling can be accomplished using controlled erosion of the surface by ion sputtering. Table 5 lists some data on sputter rates as a general guide. One can use this technique on organic materials, but few data are available for calibration. Chemical states are often changed by the sputter technique, but useful information on elemental distribution can still be obtained.

Table 5. Relative Sputter Rates at 4 kV.

Target	Sputter Rate
Ta <sub>2</sub> O <sub>5</sub>	1.00
Si	0.90
SiO <sub>2</sub>	0.85
Pt	2.20
Cr	1.40
Al	0.95
Au	4.10

Another useful method of controlled erosion, especially of organic materials, is reaction with oxygen atoms from a plasma. This technique may also change the chemical states in the affected surface. Further, because the elements differ in their rates of reaction with oxygen atoms, the rate of removal of surface materials will be sample dependent.

(4) In XPS studies, the sample-mounting angle is not usually critical, though it does have some effect on the spectra. Very shallow electron take-off angles accentuate the spectrum of any component segregated on the surface, whereas a sample mounted at an angle normal to the analyzer axis minimizes the contribution from such a component. This effect can be used to estimate the depth of layers on or in the surface. This effect is not limited to flat surfaces, because angular dependence is even observed with powders, though the effects are muted. The spectrometer used to obtain the spectra presented in this handbook in-

tegrates the signal over only a narrow range of take-off angles.

It is possible to change the angle between the plane of the sample surface and the angle of entrance to the analyzer. At  $90^\circ$  with respect to the surface plane, the signal from the bulk is maximized relative to that from the surface layer. At small angles, the signal from the surface becomes greatly enhanced, relative to that from the bulk. The location of an element can thus be deduced by noting how the magnitude of its spectral peaks changes with sample orientation in relation to those from other elements. The analysis depth may be estimated by  $d = \lambda \sin \theta$ , where  $d$  is the analysis depth of the overlayer,  $\lambda$  is the inelastic mean free path, and  $\theta$  is the take-off angle of the analyzed electrons.

Perkin-Elmer SCAs permit angle-dependent studies by simply varying the angle of the sample surface with respect to the input lens of the analyzer. The magnification of the lens determines the half-angle acceptance of the analyzer. An example of the information that can be gained through the use of this capability is shown in Figure 14. Data were obtained at normal (near  $90^\circ$ ) and grazing (near  $15^\circ$ ) take-off angles from a silicon sample with a thin silicon oxide overlayer. The observed intensity ratio of oxidized to elemental Si is much greater at the low take-off angle.

**b. Surface Distribution.** Many current XPS systems have the capability to obtain data from areas as small as  $30 \mu\text{m}$  in diameter. This relatively high lateral resolution allows for the acquisition of XPS maps which show both elemental and chemical state information.

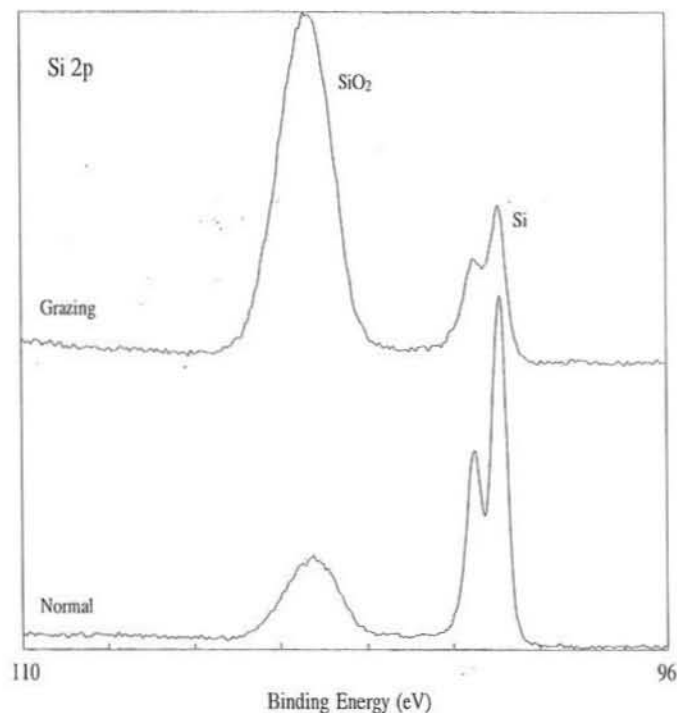


Figure 14. An example of the enhanced surface sensitivity achieved by varying the electron take-off angle. A thin oxide on silicon is enhanced at the low take-off angle.

**c. Insulating Domains on a Conductor.** The occurrence of steady-state charging of an insulator during analysis sometimes has useful consequences. Microscopic insulating domains on a conductor reach their own steady-state charge, while the conductor remains at spectrometer potential. Thus, an element in the same chemical state in both phases will exhibit two peaks. If a change is made in the supply of low-energy electrons which stabilize the charge (as from the neutralizer filament) or if a bias is applied to the conductor, the spectral peaks from the insulating phase will move relative to those from the conducting phase. For such heterogeneous systems, this can be an extremely useful technique. It makes it possible to determine whether the elements that contribute to the overall spectrum are in the conducting phase, the insulating phase or both.

## F. How to Use this Handbook

### 1. Qualitative Analysis

Elemental and chemical identification of sample constituents can be performed by combining the information in the survey spectra with the binding energy tables of Appendices G, H and J.

a. Identify all major photoelectron peaks by using the line position tables in Appendix J.

b. Compare the elemental identifications with the elemental survey spectra to see that line positions and relative intensities are consistent. Also note the positions of the Auger electron peaks.

c. Review Section E (pp. 16-28) to account for fine structures such as energy loss lines, shake-up peaks, satellite lines, etc., not identified in the handbook spectra or energy tables.

d. Identify any remaining peaks assuming they are intense photoelectron or Auger lines using Appendices G or H.

e. Chemical state identification can be determined from high resolution spectra of the strongest photoelectron and sharpest Auger lines.

(1) Correct binding energies for static charging of insulators. When applicable, charge reference the binding energy scale to the C 1s photoelectron peak at 284.8 eV.

(2) Determine the chemical state from the measured shifts in the photoelectron binding ener-

gies by comparing the binding energy to the charts with the standard spectra and with the tabulated data in Appendix B.

(3) As suggested above, much about the chemical state can be learned from the magnitude and position of shake-up lines as well as from the energy and shape of valence Auger lines.

(4) For the elements F, Na, Al, Si, S, Cu, Zn, As, Se, Ag, Cd, In, Sn and Te, the Auger parameter tables in Appendix A may prove useful. The Auger line positions may be converted to kinetic energy by subtracting from the photon energy ( $Al = 1486.6$  eV,  $Mg = 1253.6$  eV). Note the location of the points for Auger kinetic energy and photoelectron binding energy on the respective elemental plot. Proximity of the experimental points to those of recorded chemical states should be considered probable identification. Note that experimental error is much greater along the Auger parameter grid than normal to the grid lines.

### 2. Quantification

The atomic sensitivity factors presented in Appendices E and F are applicable to the Perkin-Elmer Model 10-360 SCA and the Omni Focus III lens. A simplified expression to determine the atomic concentration of any element is given by Equation 8 (p. 25). However, the accuracy is limited by the assumptions made in Section E.4. (p. 25).



## **II. Standard XPS Spectra of the Elements**





# Standard Spectra of the Elements

*This section of the handbook contains survey spectra of 81 elements, high resolution spectra of the most useful photoelectron lines, a chart of binding energies for each of the observed photoelectron and major Auger electron peaks, and a photoelectron chemical state binding energy chart for each of the elements. Used in combination with the appendices, the survey spectra aid in elemental identification, while the high-resolution spectra and binding energy data aid in the identification of chemical states.*

## Survey Spectra

The survey data include all of the lines which are normally useful. For most elements, the survey data were acquired with both a monochromatic Al x-ray source and a nonmonochromatic Mg x-ray source. When survey spectra for two compounds are presented, the monochromatic source is used for both. The photon source for each survey is noted on the survey. The photoelectron and Auger lines for the element of interest are identified. Lines which occur due to other

elements are only designated by the elemental symbol, and x-ray satellites and energy loss lines are not noted. For many elements, the Auger peaks are presented in expanded form.

The ordinate is left undesignated, but the general contours and intensity ratios of the spectra are typical of measurements made using a Perkin-Elmer Model 10-360 SCA with an Omni Focus lens.

## High-Resolution Spectra

The high-resolution spectra of the most useful photoelectron peaks are presented. Unless otherwise noted, the high-resolution data were acquired using the same photon source as the survey on the same page. The binding energy of the main line is noted and when appropriate, the spin orbit separation ( $\Delta$ ) is given. The lines from insulators were charge-corrected to adventitious hydrocarbon at 284.8 eV.

The spectra of the inert gas atoms implanted in graphite or silicon deserve special mention. The high-resolution data often show an asymmetric peak shape or a second resolvable peak when a single symmetric peak is expected. The intensity of the second, high binding energy peak is dependent on the implantation energy and is diminished at lower energies. The spectra are of inert gas atoms implanted at 4 kV.

## Photoelectron and Auger Electron Line Position Tables

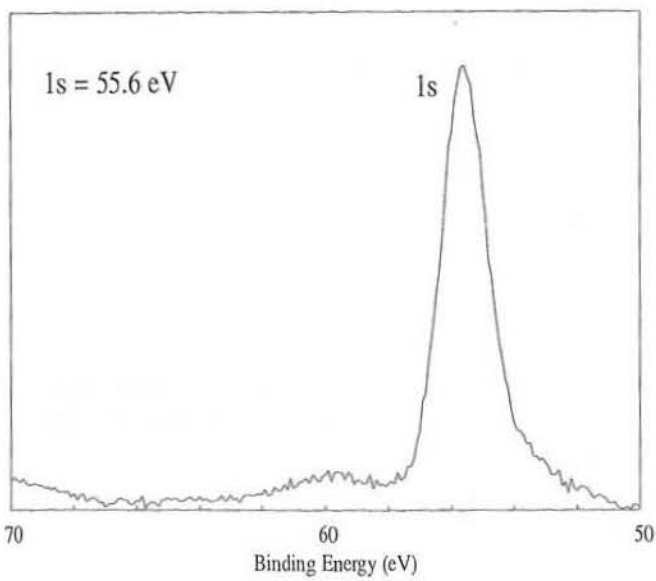
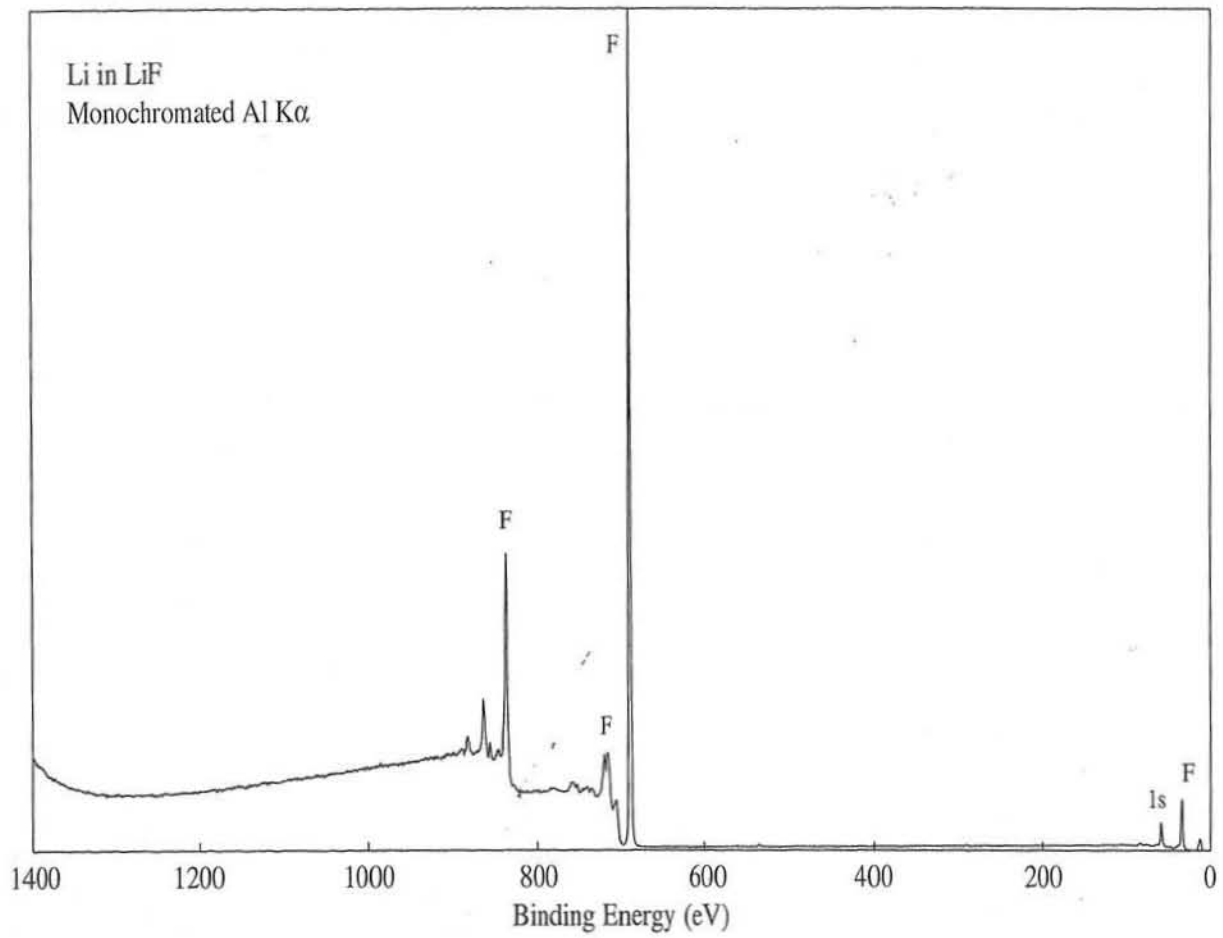
The photoelectron and Auger line position tables reflect the energies of the elemental peaks observed in this handbook. For oxidized or

reduced species, the measured values may differ by a few electron volts.

## Chemical State Binding Energy Tables

The binding energy tables have been constructed to reflect the general changes in binding energy with change in oxidation state or chemical environment. A more extensive listing with specific binding energy values for more than 1500 compounds is presented in Appendix B.

Abbreviations in the chemical state database are as follows: acac = acetyl acetate; metallocene = metal ( $C_5H_5$ )<sub>2</sub>; Bu = butyl; Et = ethyl; Me = methyl; Ph = phenyl; OAc = acetate.

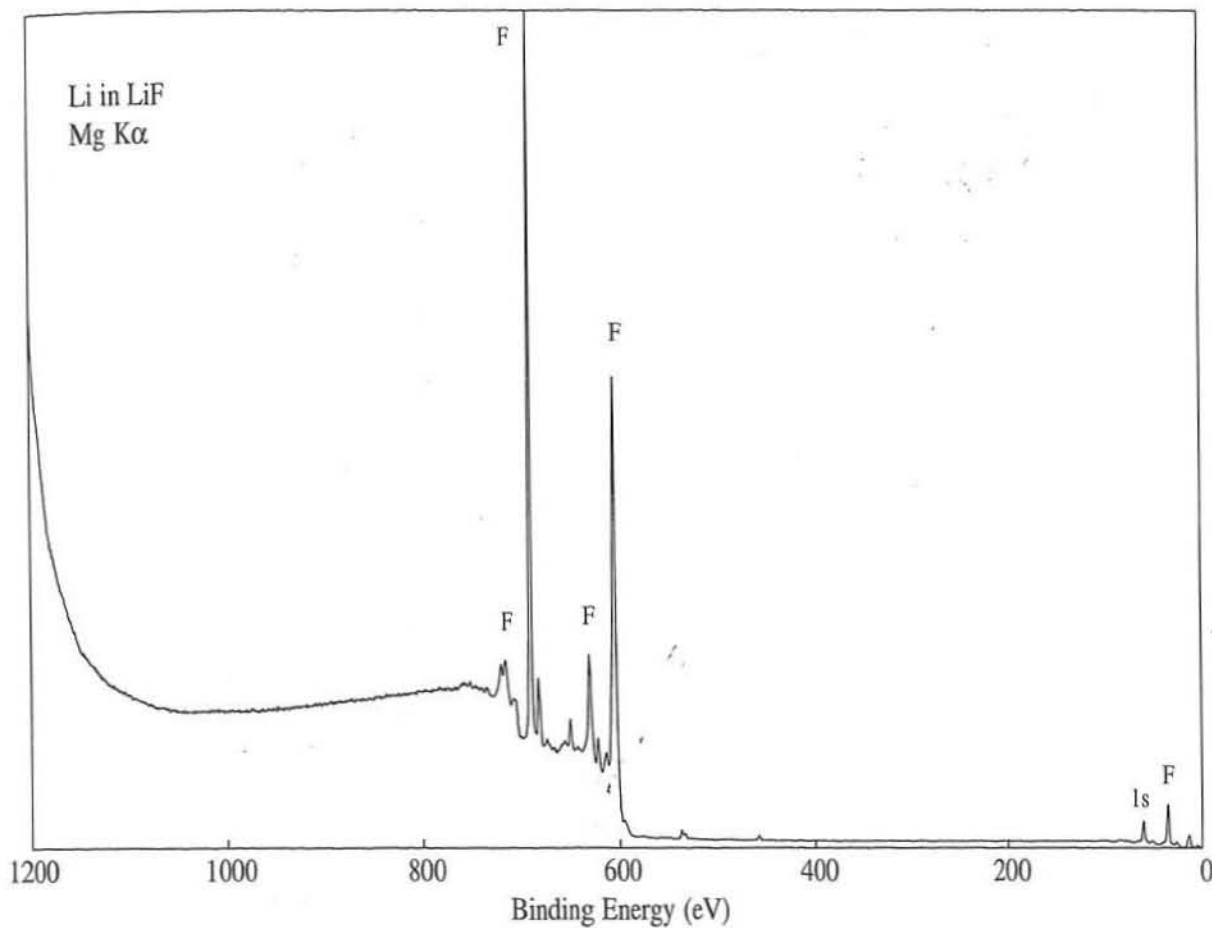


Line Positions (eV)

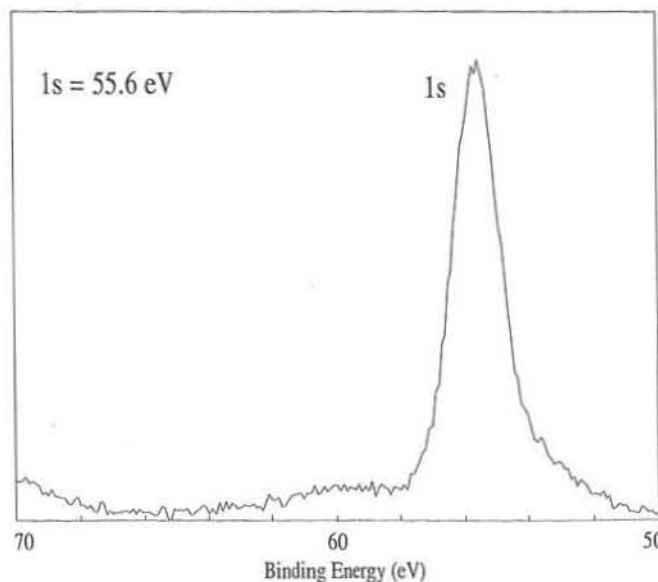
Photoelectron Lines

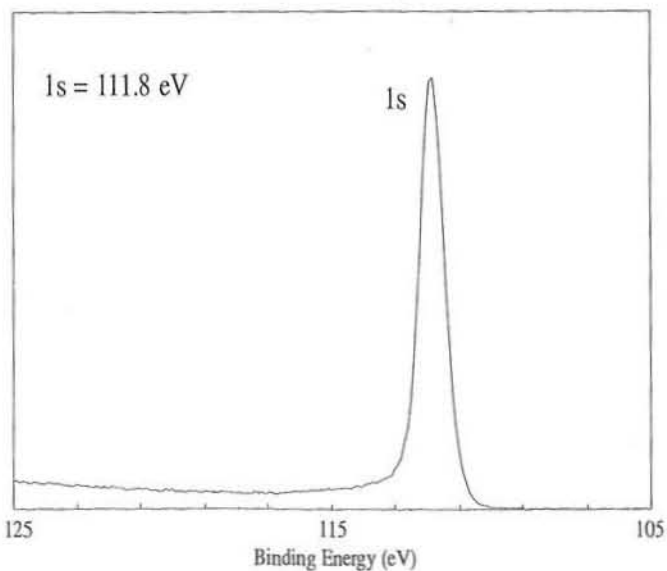
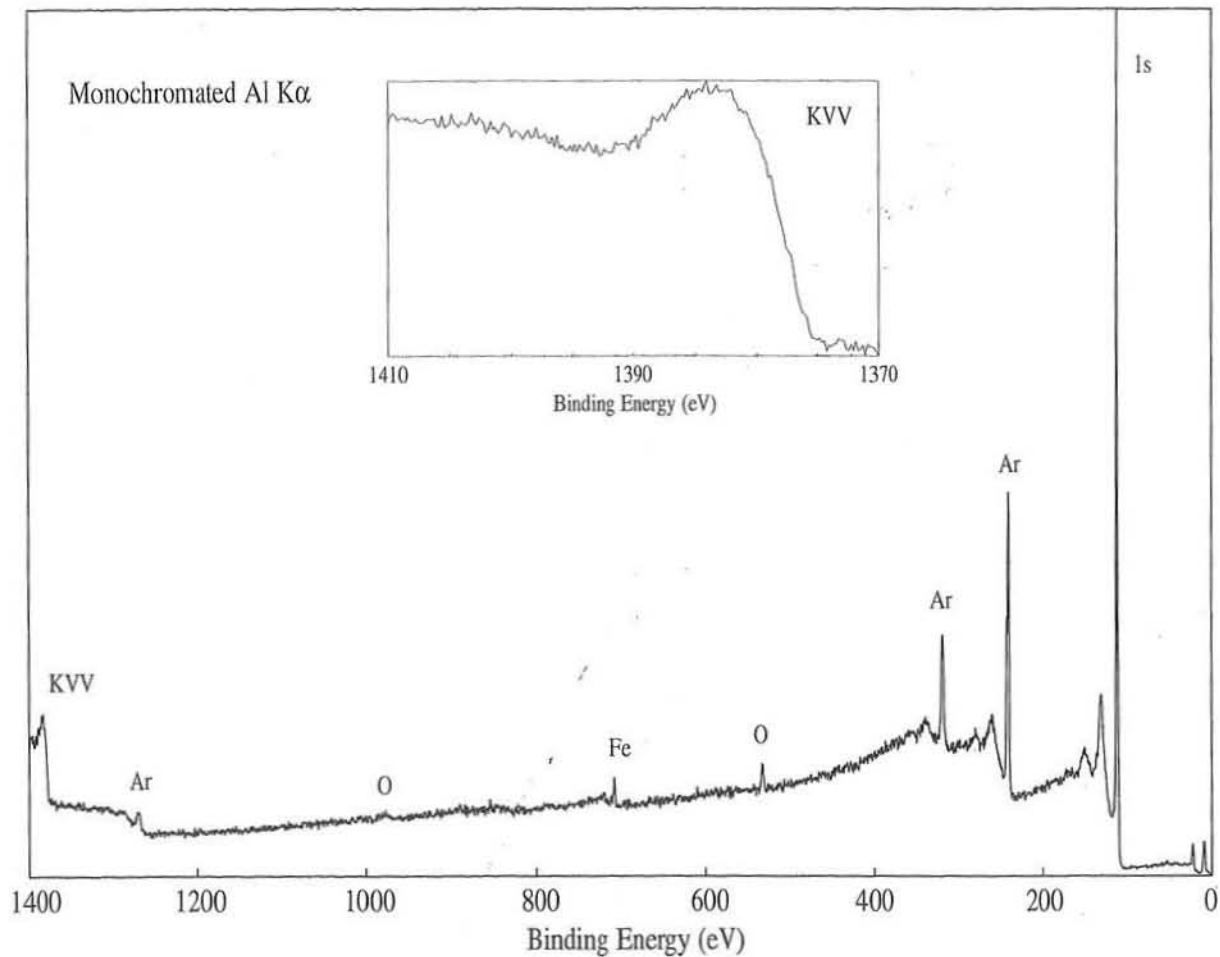
1s
56

Detailed description: This table lists the line positions for the photoelectron lines. The title is 'Line Positions (eV)'. Below the title, there is a horizontal line. Underneath the line, the text 'Photoelectron Lines' is written. The table contains two entries: '1s' and '56'.

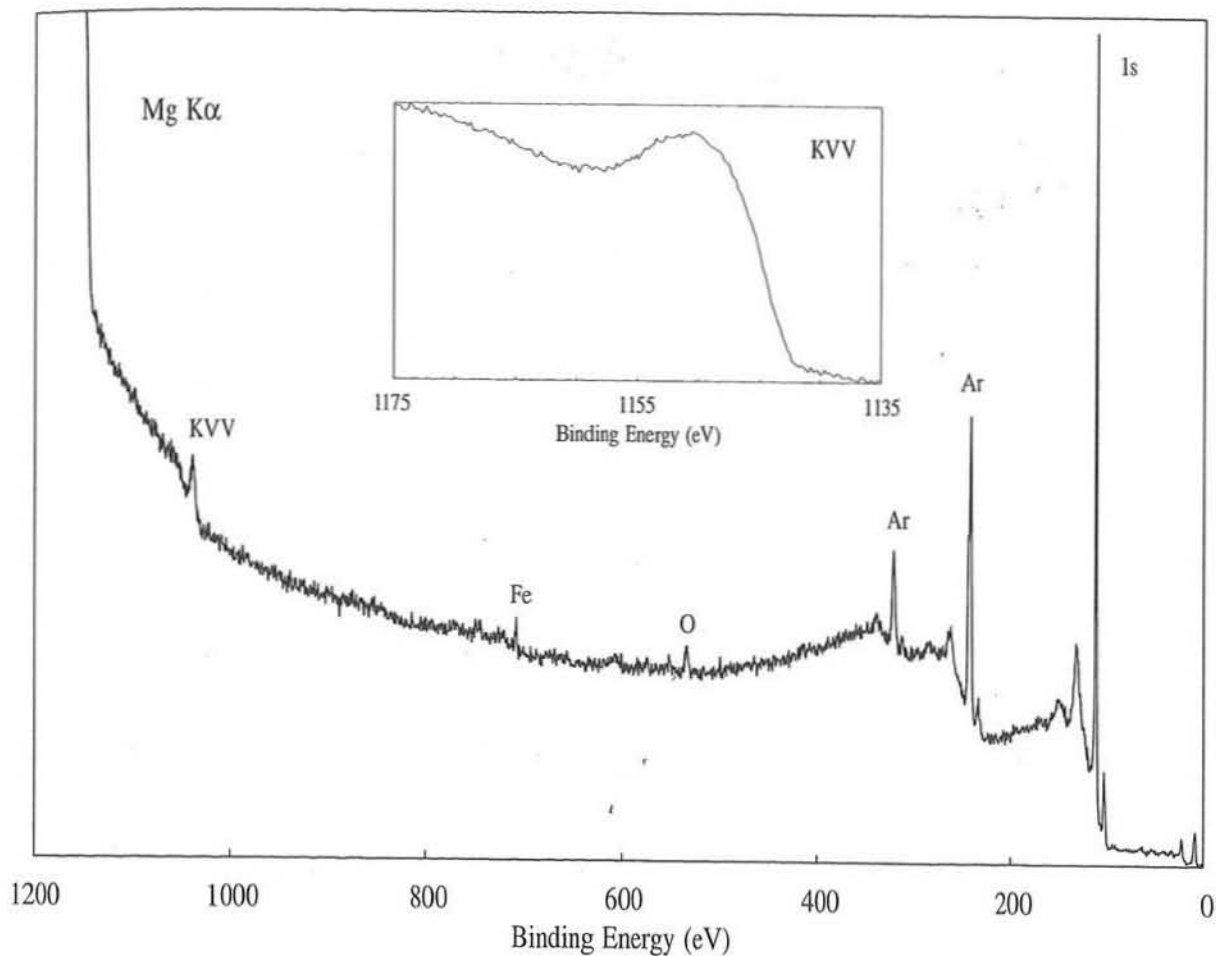


Compound Type	1s Binding Energy (eV)			
	54	55	56	57
Li		█		
LiBr				█
LiCl			█	
LiF			█	
Li <sub>2</sub> O		█	█	
LiOH	█			
Li <sub>2</sub> CO <sub>3</sub>		█		
Li <sub>3</sub> PO <sub>4</sub>			█	
Li <sub>4</sub> P <sub>2</sub> O <sub>7</sub>			█	
LiNbO <sub>3</sub>	█			

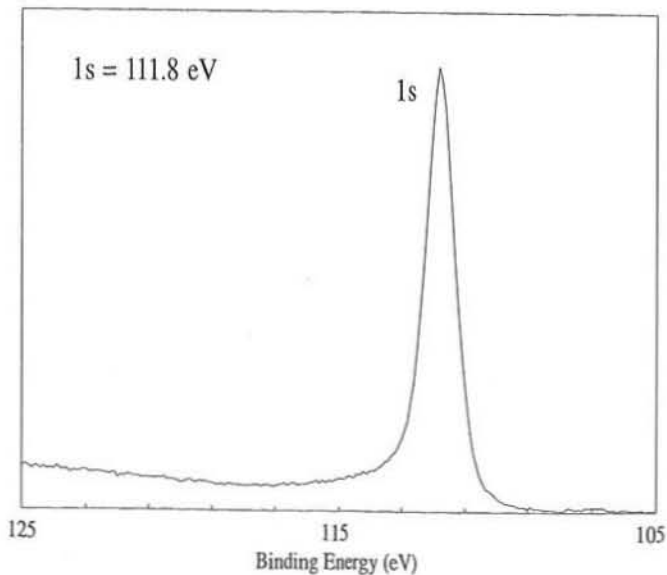


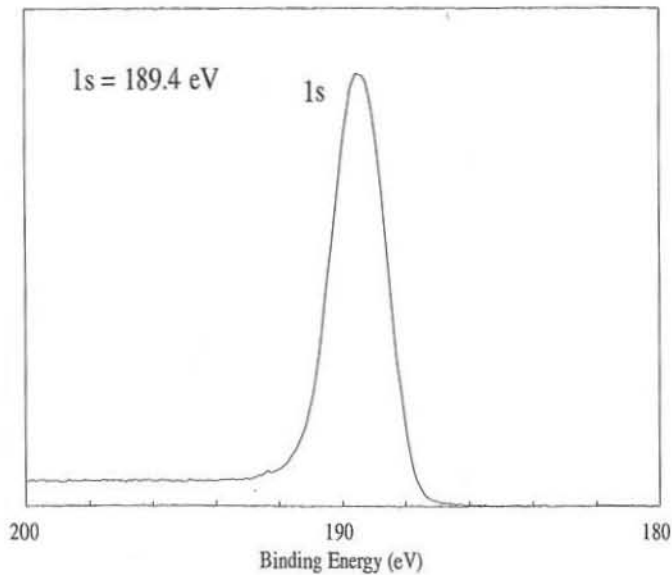
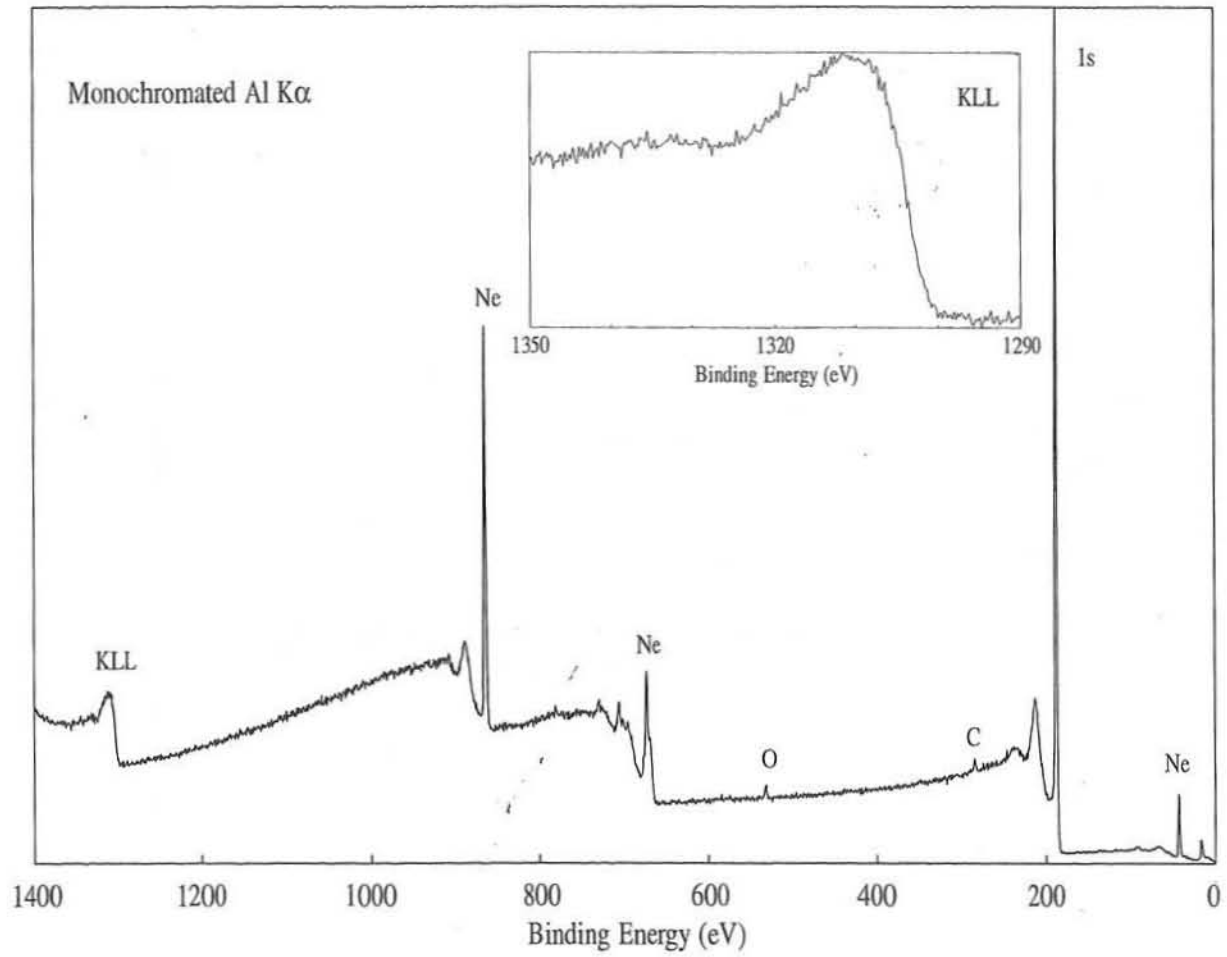


Line Positions (eV)	
<u>Photoelectron Lines</u>	
1s	112
<u>Auger Lines</u>	
KVV	
1384	(Al)
1151	(Mg)

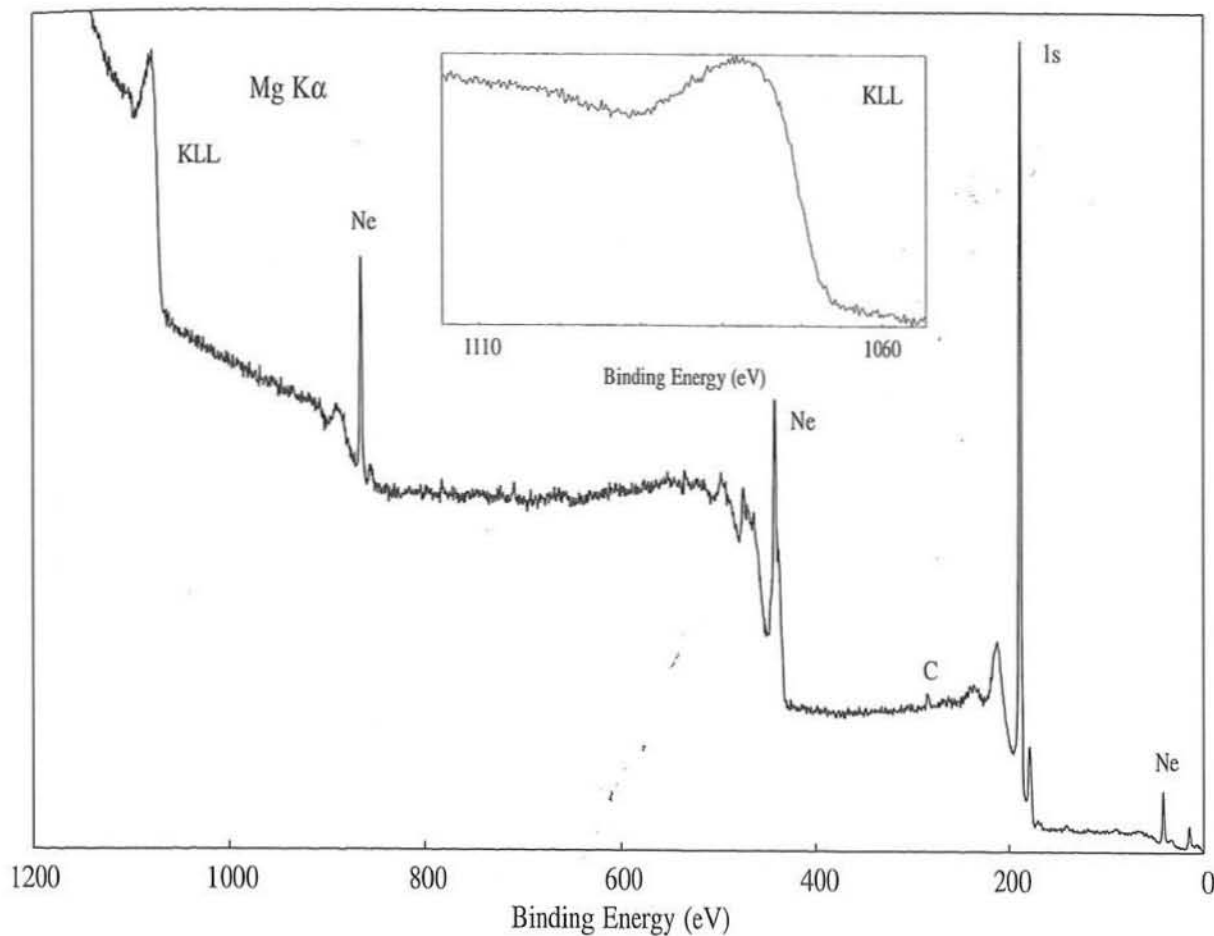


Compound Type	1s Binding Energy (eV)						
	111	112	113	114	115	116	117
Be		■					
BeO				■			
BeMoO <sub>4</sub>				■			
BeRh <sub>2</sub> O <sub>4</sub>				■			
BeF <sub>2</sub>						■	
NaBeF <sub>3</sub>						■	
Na <sub>2</sub> BeF <sub>4</sub>					■		

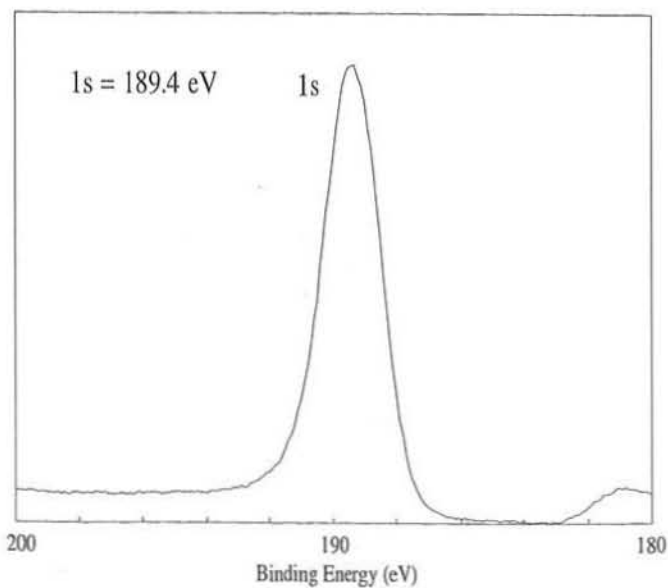




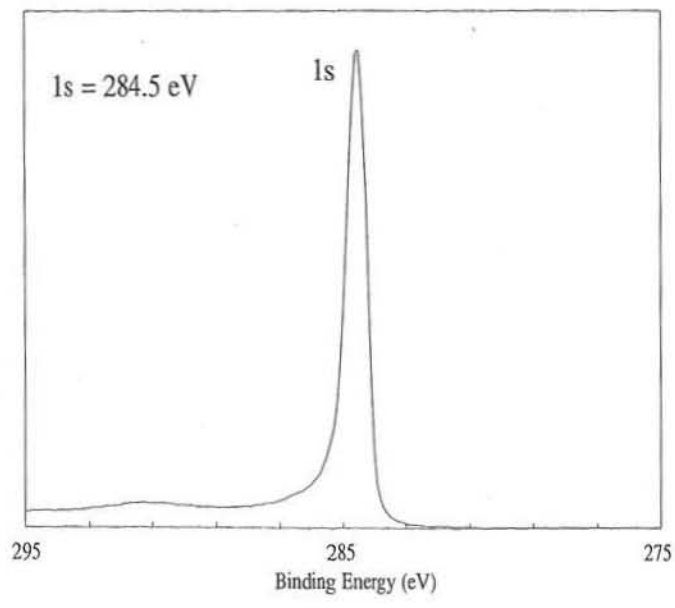
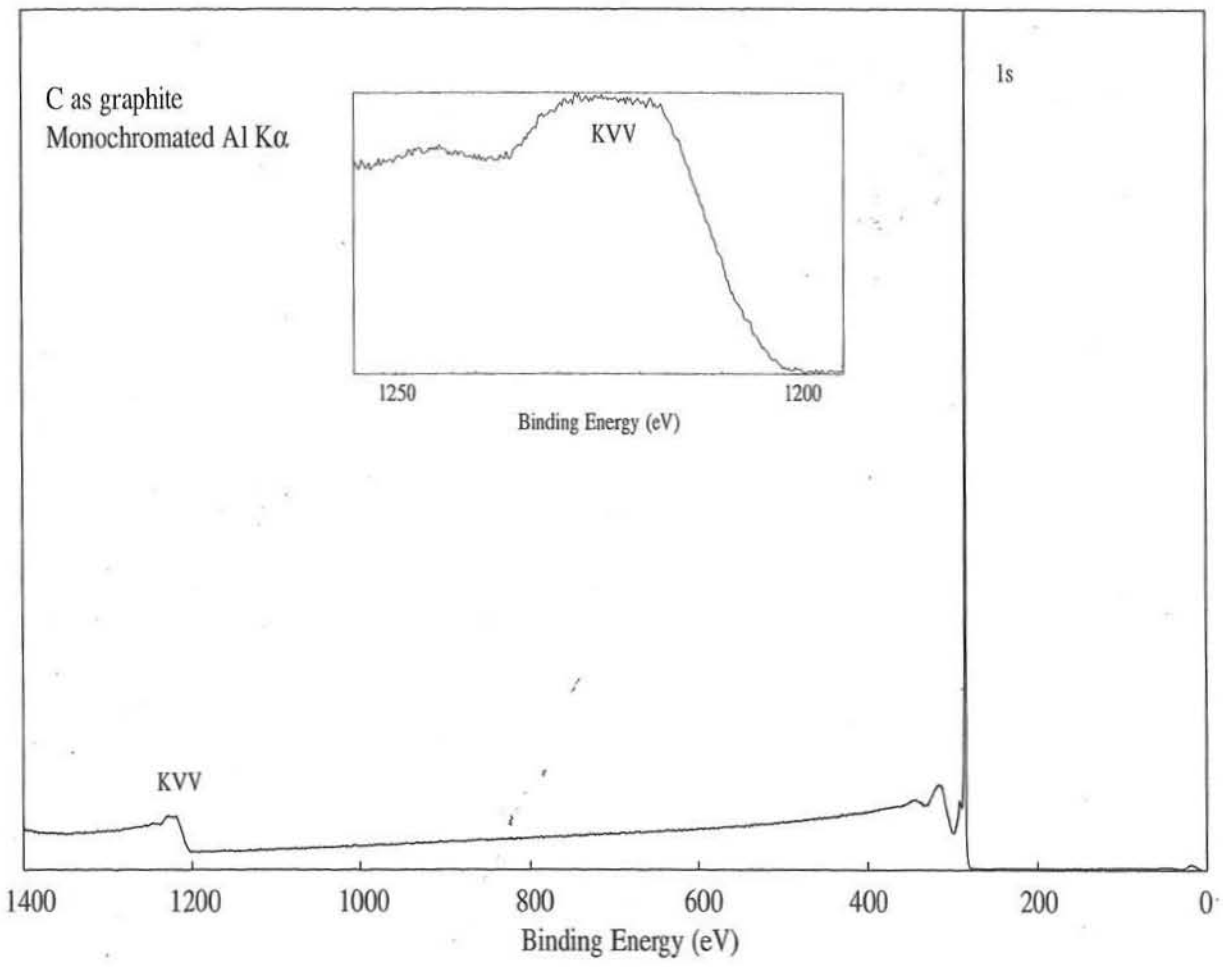
Line Positions (eV)	
<u>Photoelectron Lines</u>	
1s	189
<u>Auger Lines</u>	
KLL	
1310	(Al)
1077	(Mg)



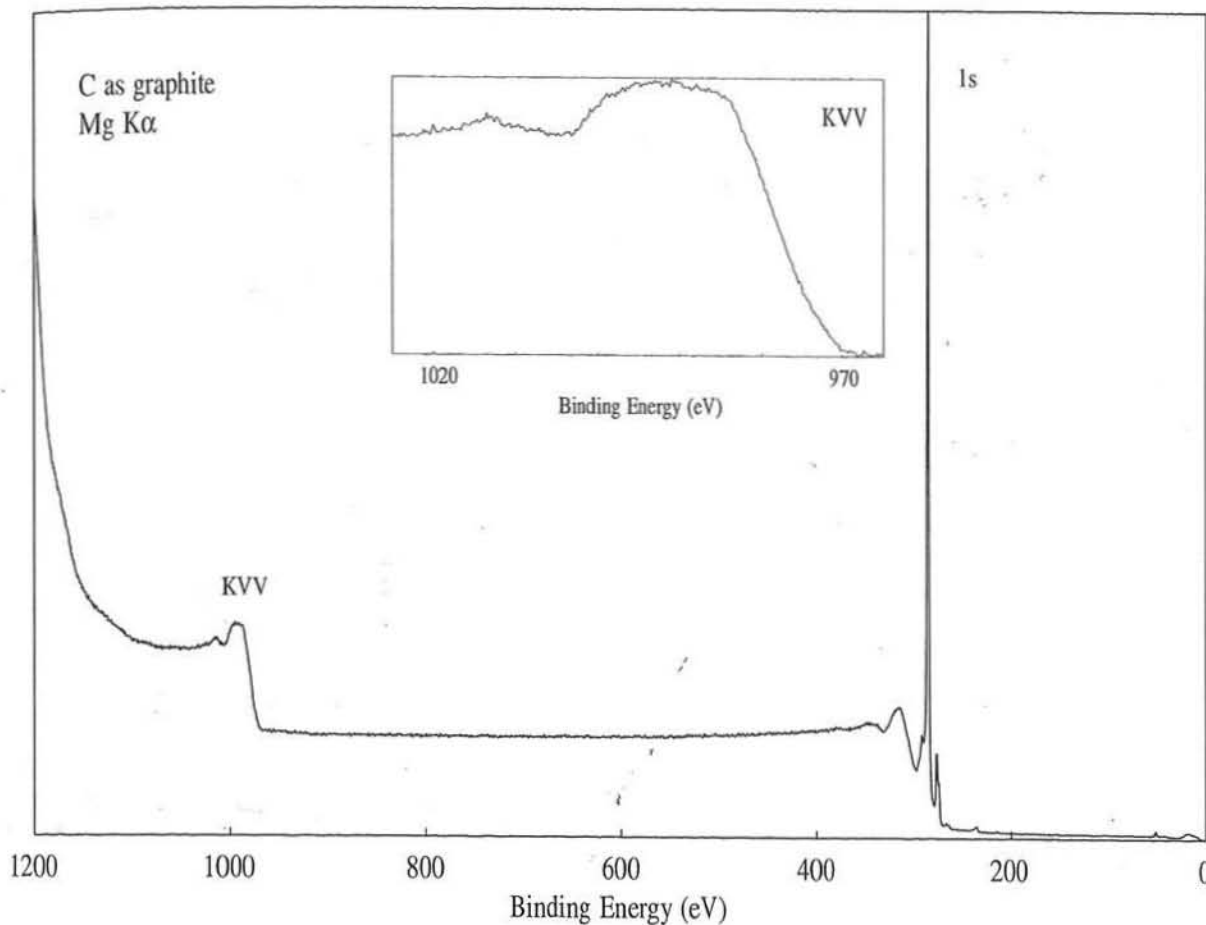
Compound Type	1s Binding Energy (eV)					
	186	188	190	192	194	196
B			■			
Boride		■	■			
BN			■			
B <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>				■	■	
NaBF <sub>4</sub>						■
NaBH <sub>4</sub>	■					
H <sub>3</sub> BO <sub>3</sub>				■	■	
Na <sub>2</sub> B <sub>4</sub> O <sub>7</sub> · 10H <sub>2</sub> O				■		
B <sub>10</sub> H <sub>14</sub>	■					



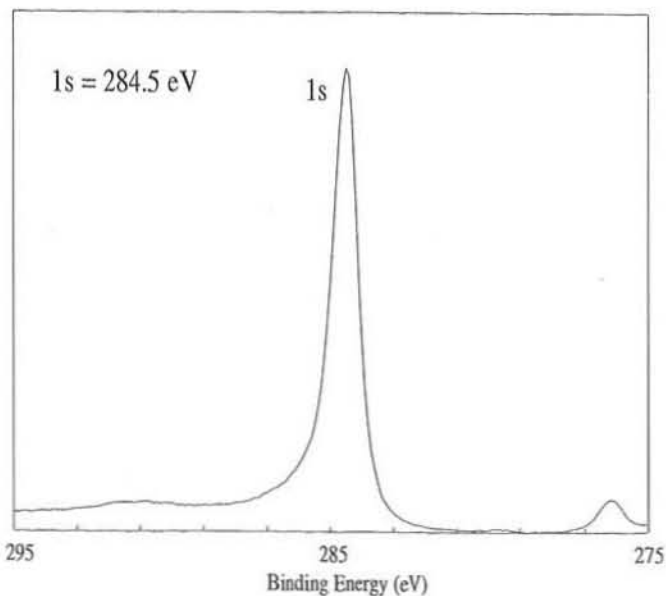


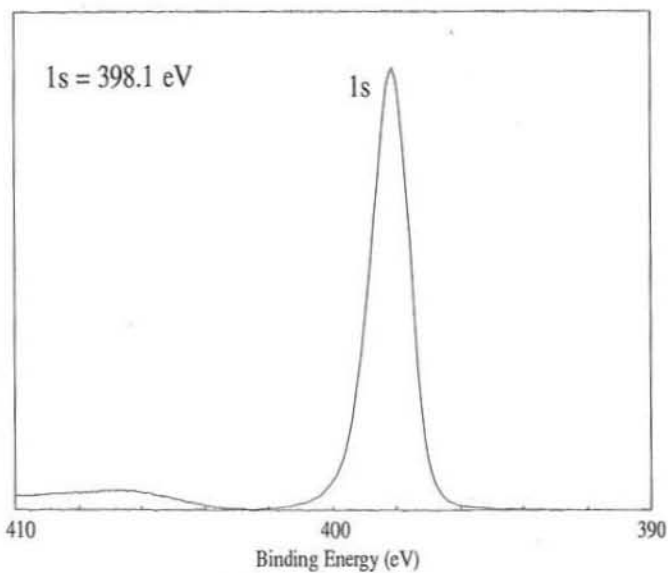
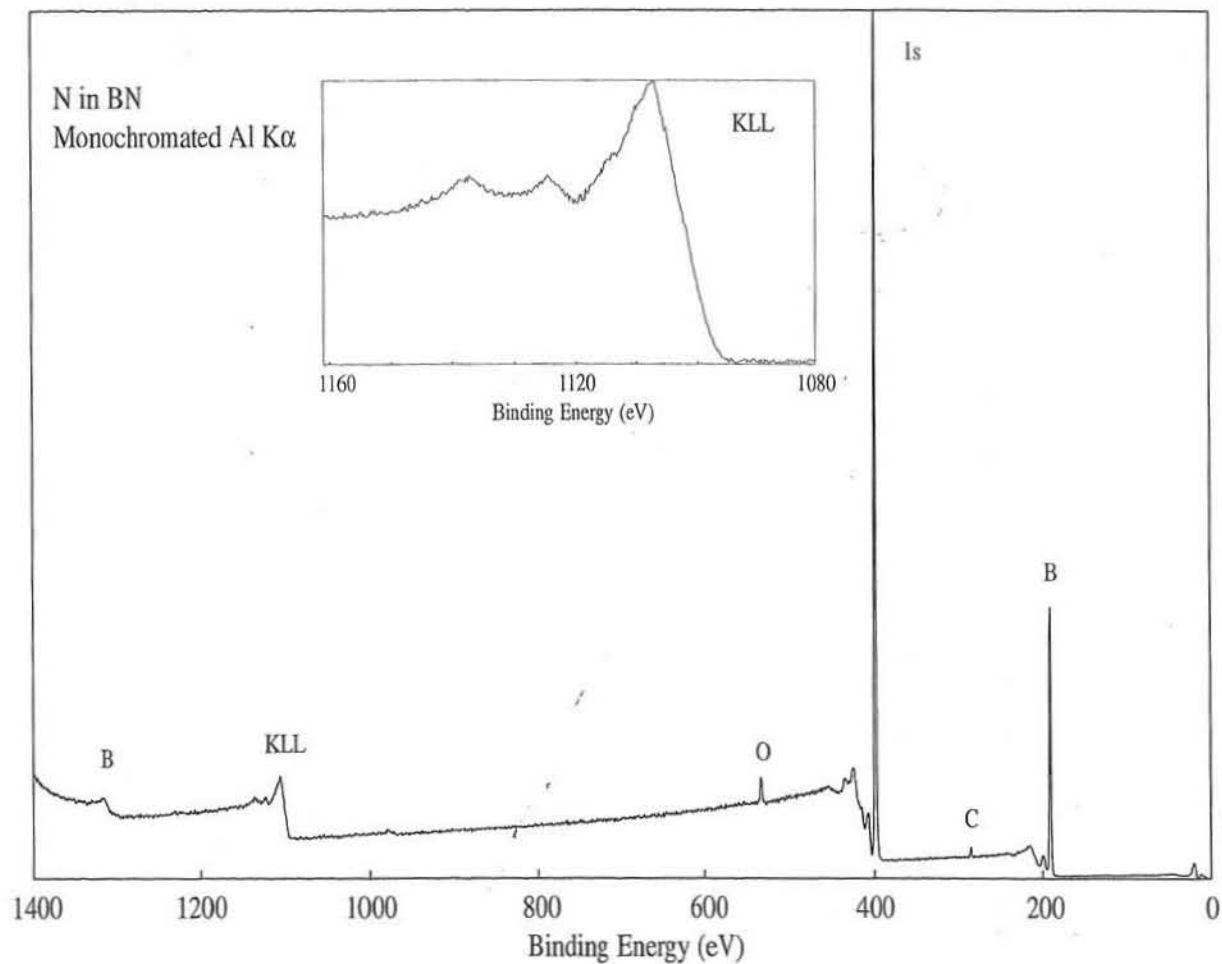


Line Positions (eV)	
<u>Photoelectron Lines</u>	
1s	285
<u>Auger Lines</u>	
KVV	
1223	(Al)
990	(Mg)

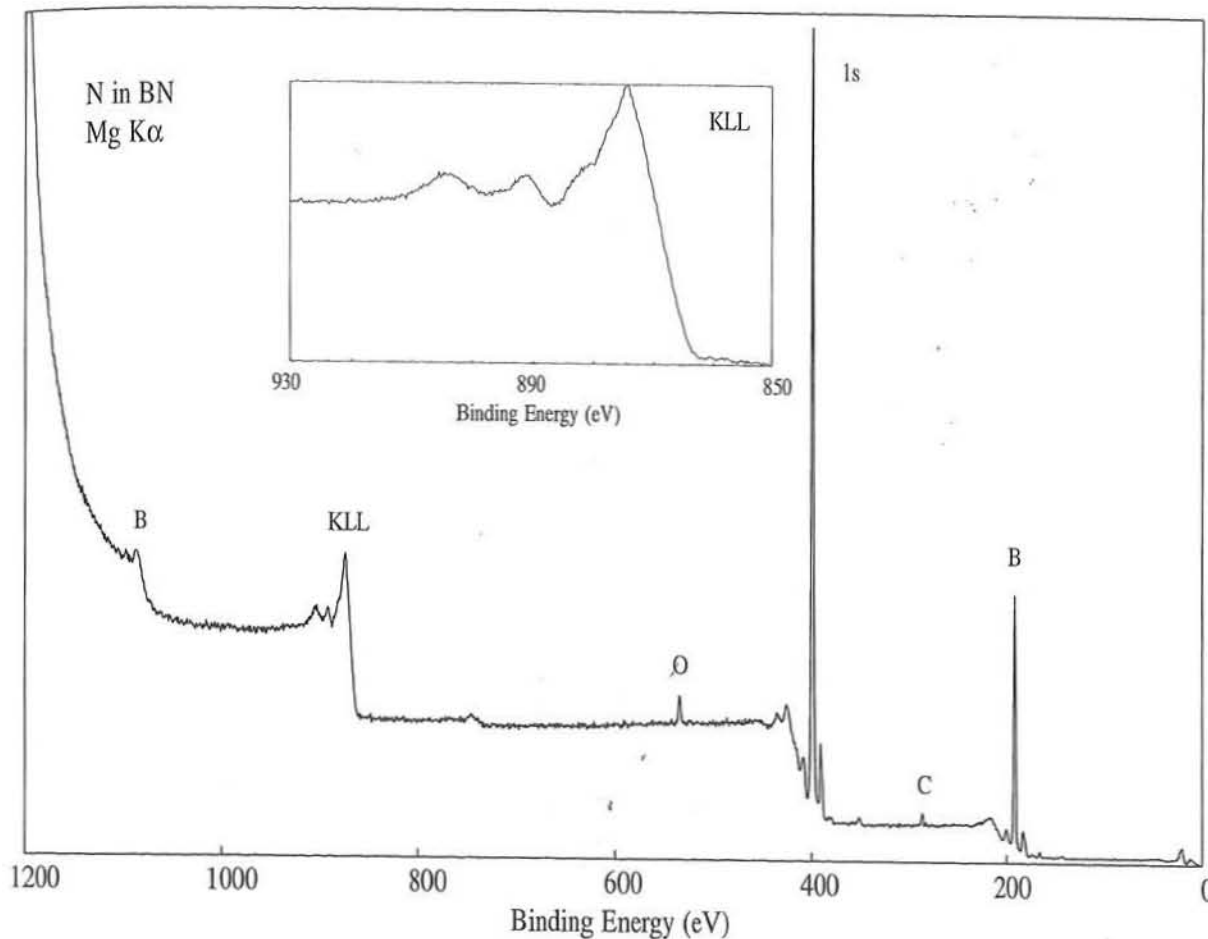


Compound Type	1s Binding Energy (eV)									
	280	282	284	286	288	290	292	294		
Carbide	■									
Carbon		■								
C with N			■							
C with S			■							
C with O				■						
Alcohols				■						
Ethers				■						
Ketones/Aldehydes				■						
Carboxyls				■						
Carbonates				■		■				
C with Cl				■						
C with F					■					
CHF							■			
CF <sub>2</sub>								■		
CF <sub>3</sub>									■	

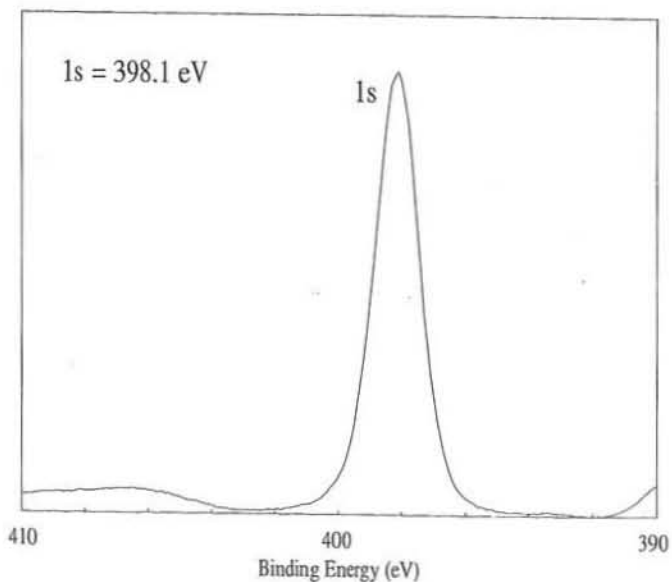


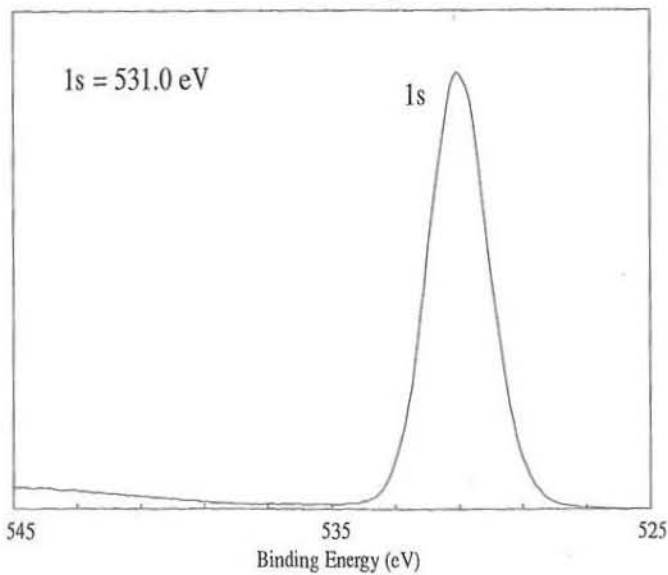
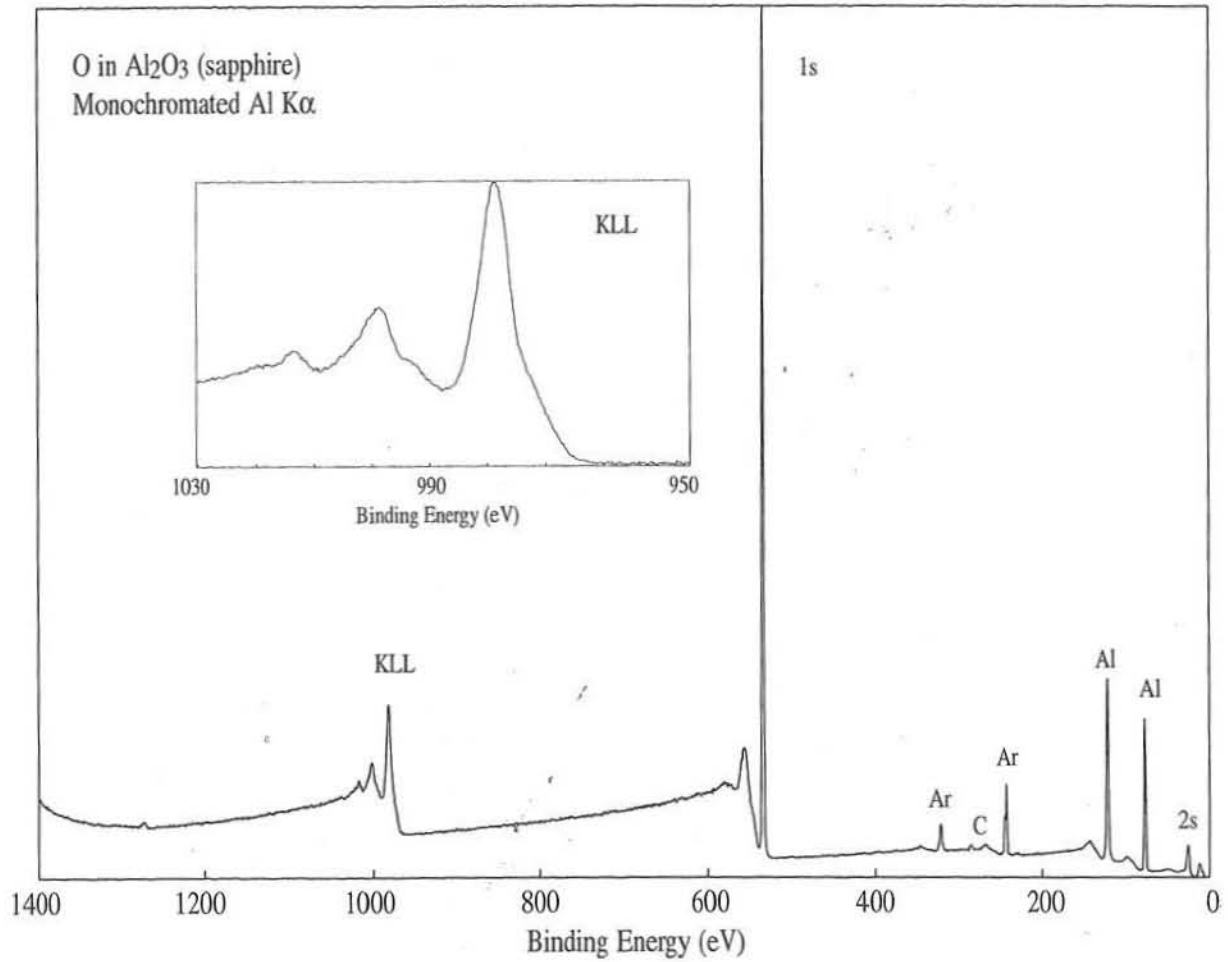


Line Positions (eV)	
<u>Photoelectron Lines</u>	
1s	398
<u>Auger Lines</u>	
KLL	
1107	(Al)
874	(Mg)

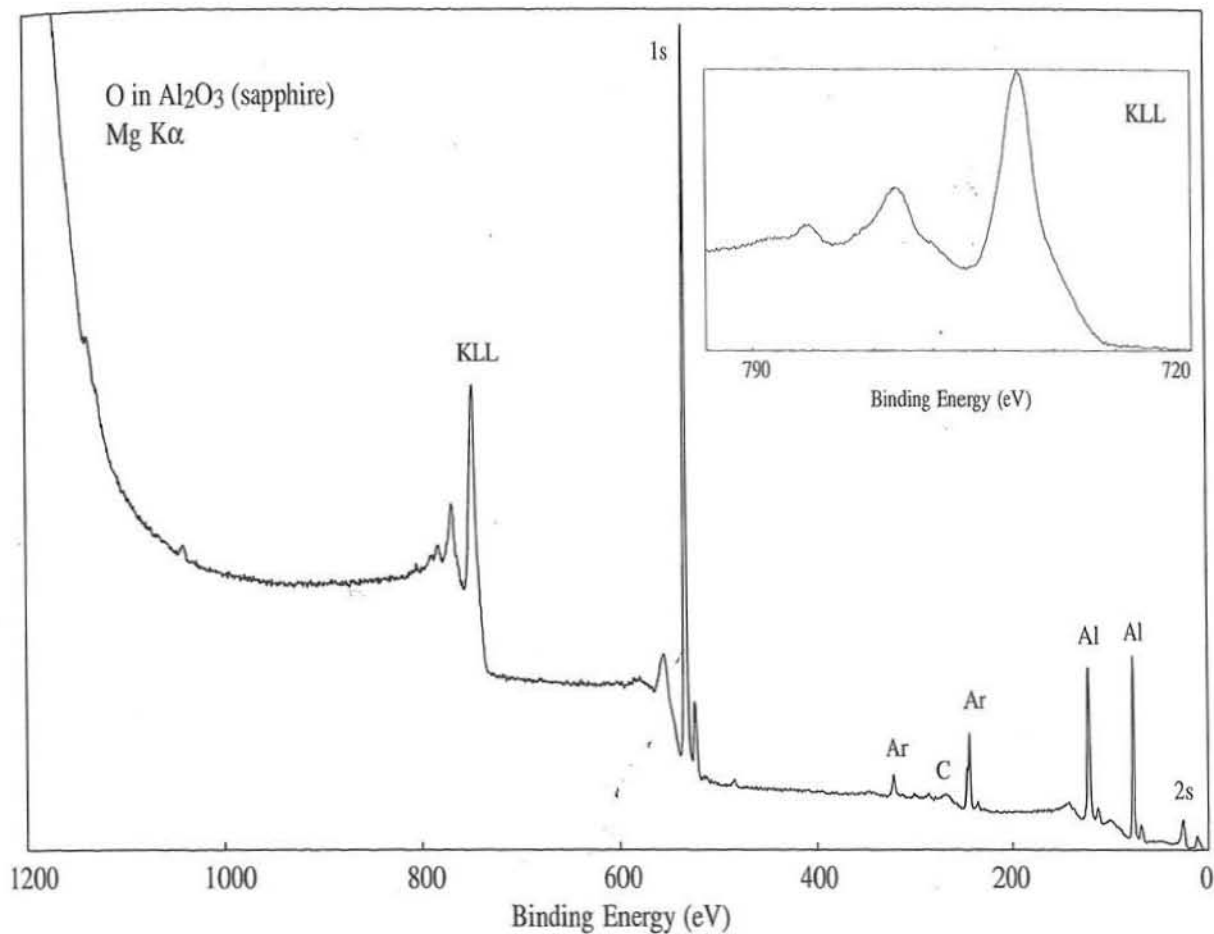


Compound Type	1s Binding Energy (eV)							
	396	398	400	402	404	406	408	410
NH <sub>3</sub>			■					
Nitride	■	■						
BN		■						
Si <sub>3</sub> N <sub>4</sub>		■						
Cyanides		■	■					
Nitrites					■			
Ammonium Salt				■	■			
Azide(N*NN*)		■						
Azide (NN*N)					■			
Nitrates							■	
Organic Matrix		■	■					

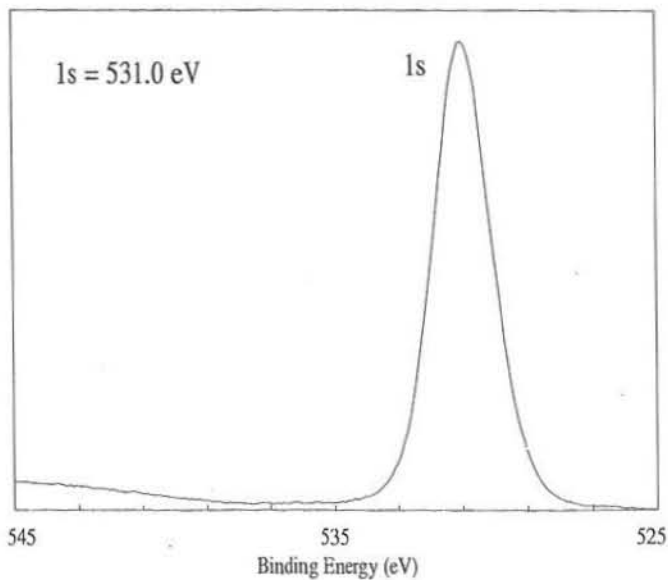




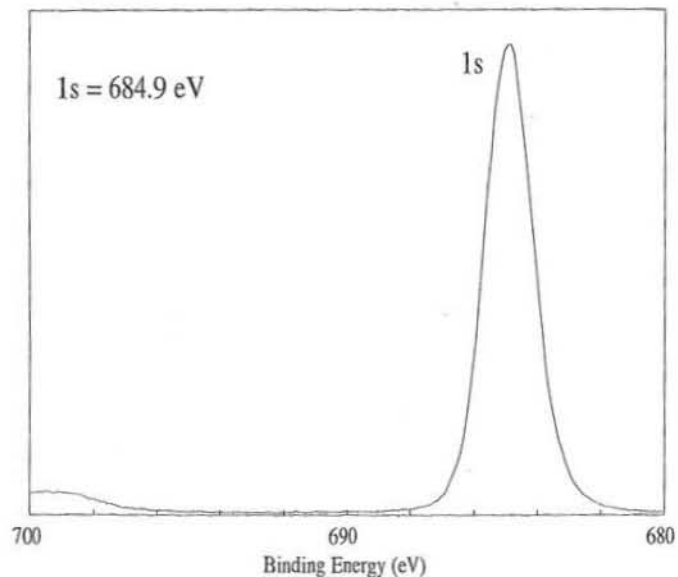
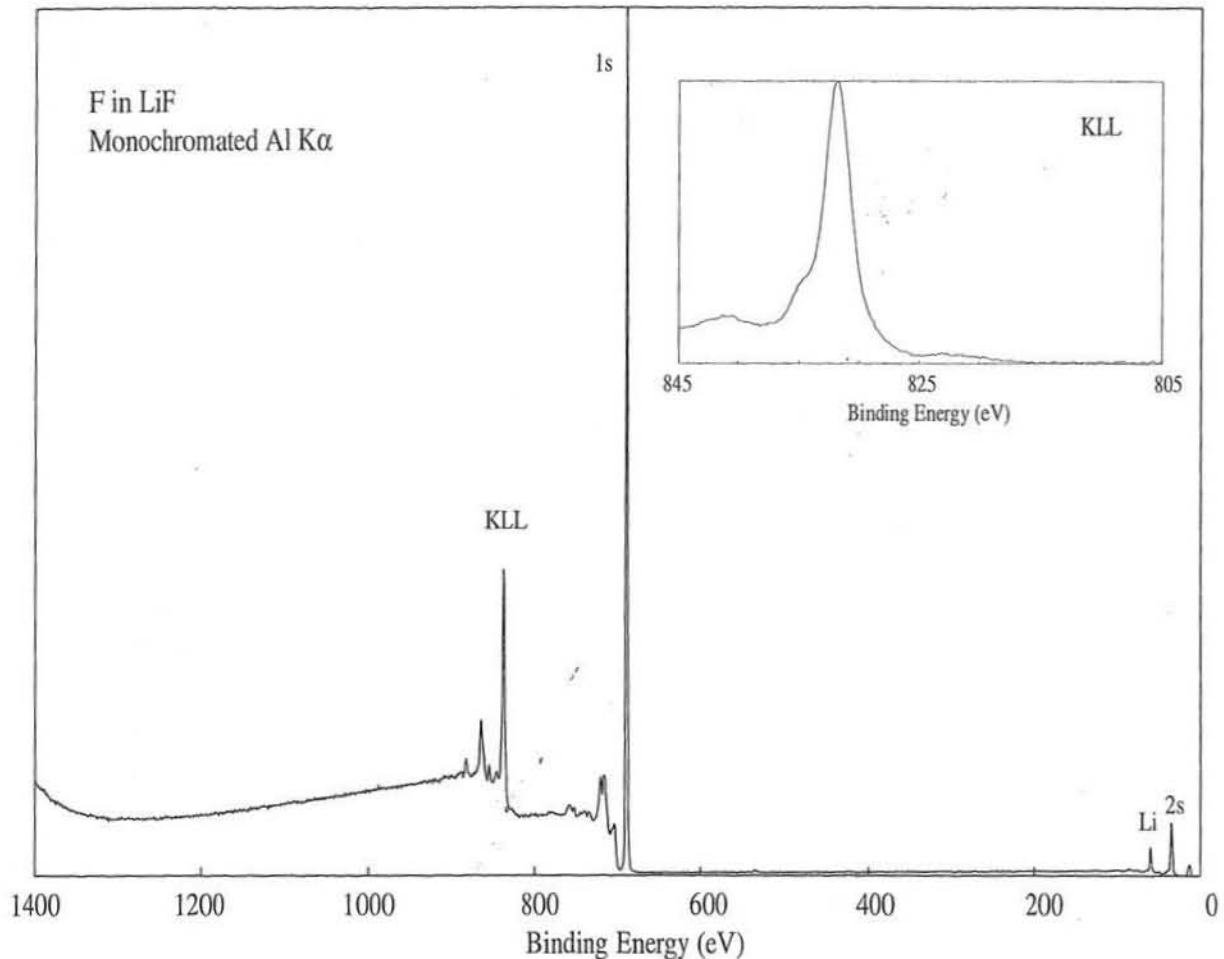
Line Positions (eV)			
<u>Photoelectron Lines</u>			
1s	2s		
531	23		
<u>Auger Lines</u>			
KL <sub>1</sub> L <sub>1</sub>	KL <sub>1</sub> L <sub>23</sub>	KL <sub>23</sub> L <sub>23</sub>	
1013	999	978	(Al)
780	766	745	(Mg)



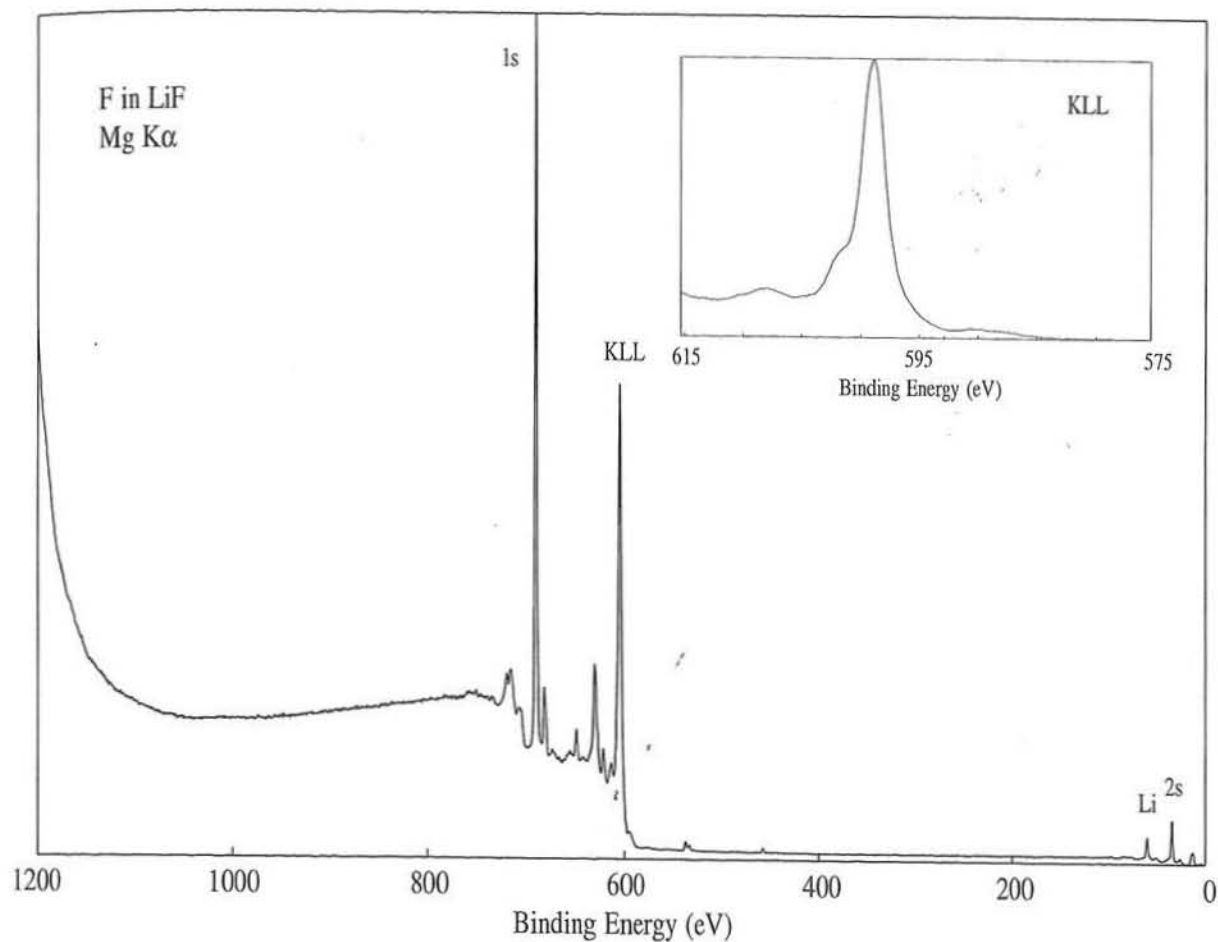
Compound Type	1s Binding Energy (eV)						
	528	529	530	531	532	533	534
Metal Oxides	[Bar spanning 528-531]						
Fe <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	[Bar spanning 529-531]						
SiO <sub>2</sub>	[Bar spanning 530-533]						
Hydroxides	[Bar spanning 530-532]						
Phosphates	[Bar spanning 530-533]						
Nitrates	[Bar spanning 530-533]						
Sulfates	[Bar spanning 531-533]						
Carbonates	[Bar spanning 531-532]						
Chlorates	[Bar spanning 532-533]						
Al <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	[Bar spanning 530-532]						
Silicones	[Bar spanning 532-533]						



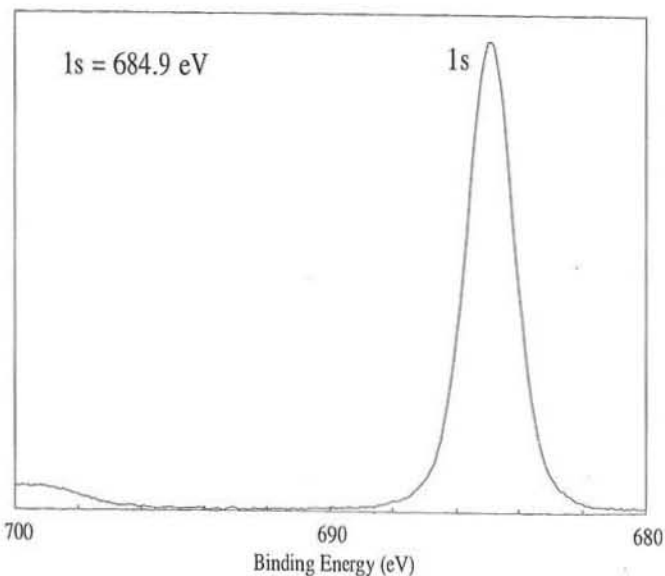
**Fluorine F**  
Atomic Number 9



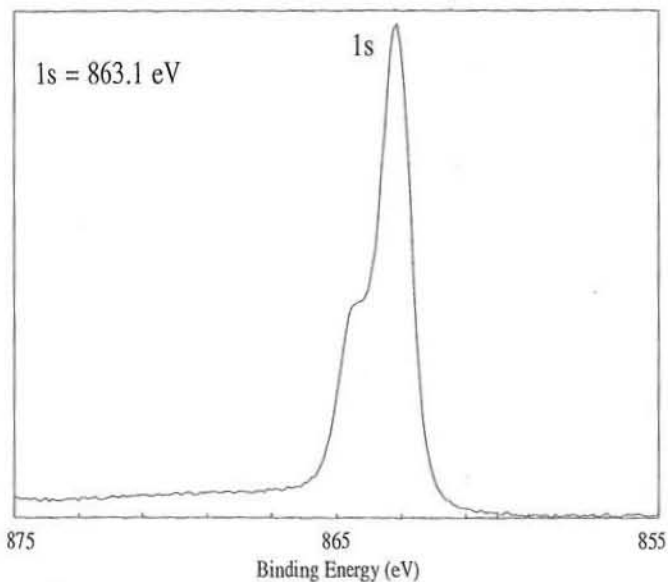
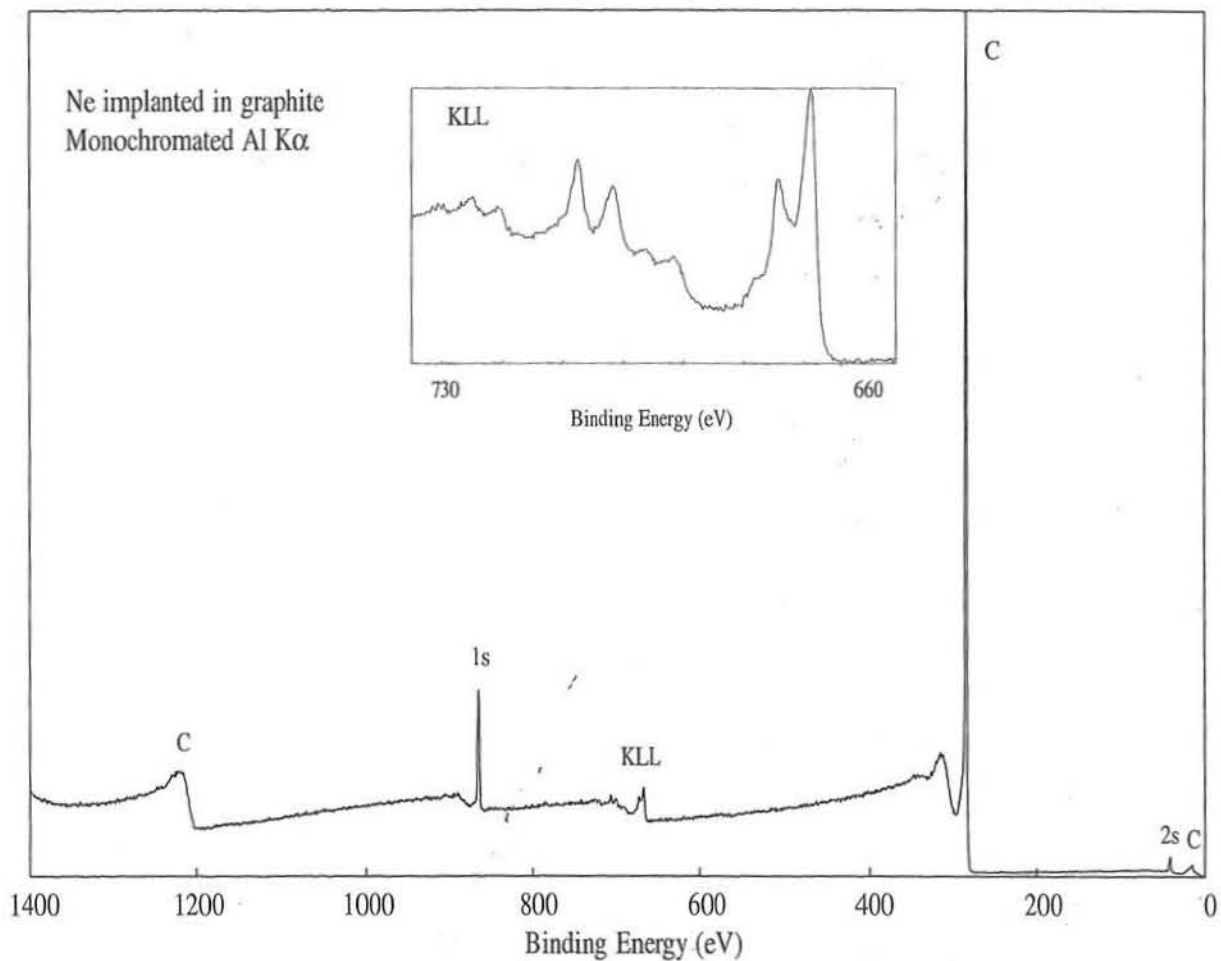
Line Positions (eV)			
<u>Photoelectron Lines</u>			
1s	2s		
685	30		
<u>Auger Lines</u>			
KL <sub>1</sub> L <sub>1</sub>	KL <sub>1</sub> L <sub>23</sub>	KL <sub>23</sub> L <sub>23</sub>	
877	858	832	(Al)
644	625	599	(Mg)



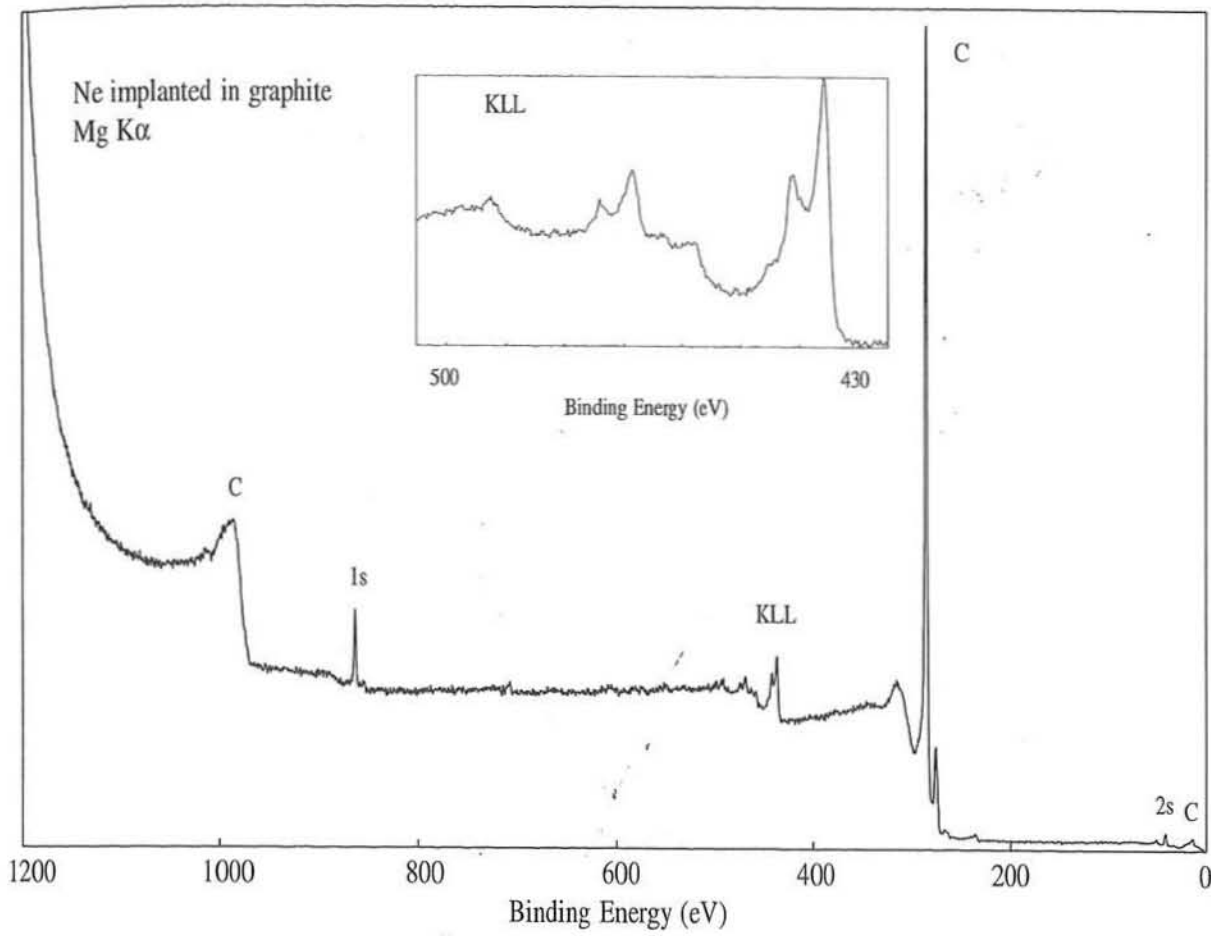
Compound Type	1s Binding Energy (eV)						
	683	684	685	686	687	688	689
KF		█					
LiF			█				
NaF		█					
BaF <sub>2</sub>	█						
MgF <sub>2</sub>				█			
AlF <sub>3</sub> · 3H <sub>2</sub> O					█		
NaBF <sub>4</sub>						█	
Na <sub>2</sub> SiF <sub>6</sub>							█
p-(CF <sub>2</sub> =CF <sub>2</sub> )							█
EtNH <sub>2</sub> BF <sub>3</sub>				█			
Ph <sub>3</sub> PBF <sub>3</sub>					█		



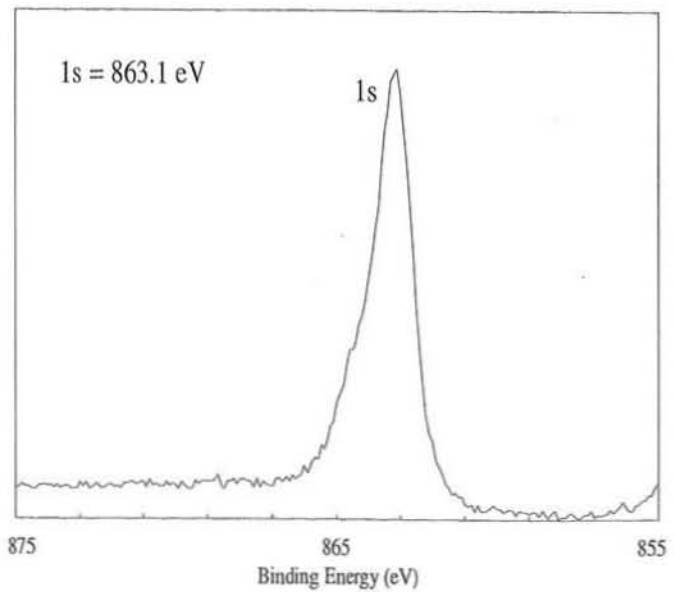


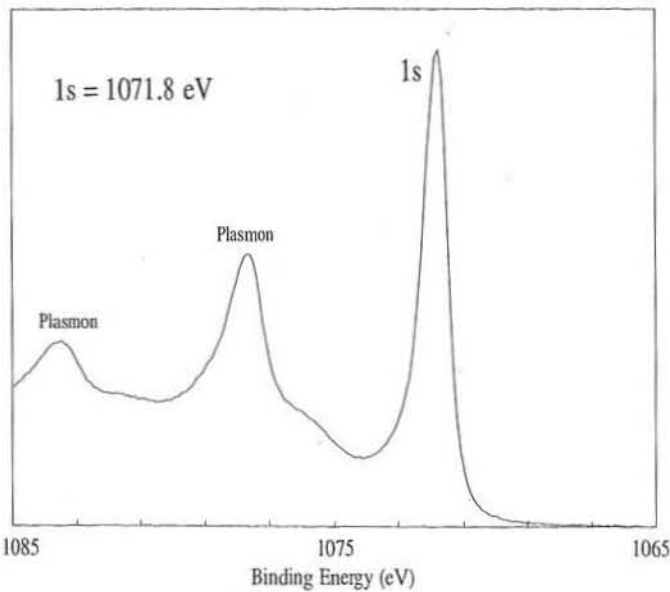
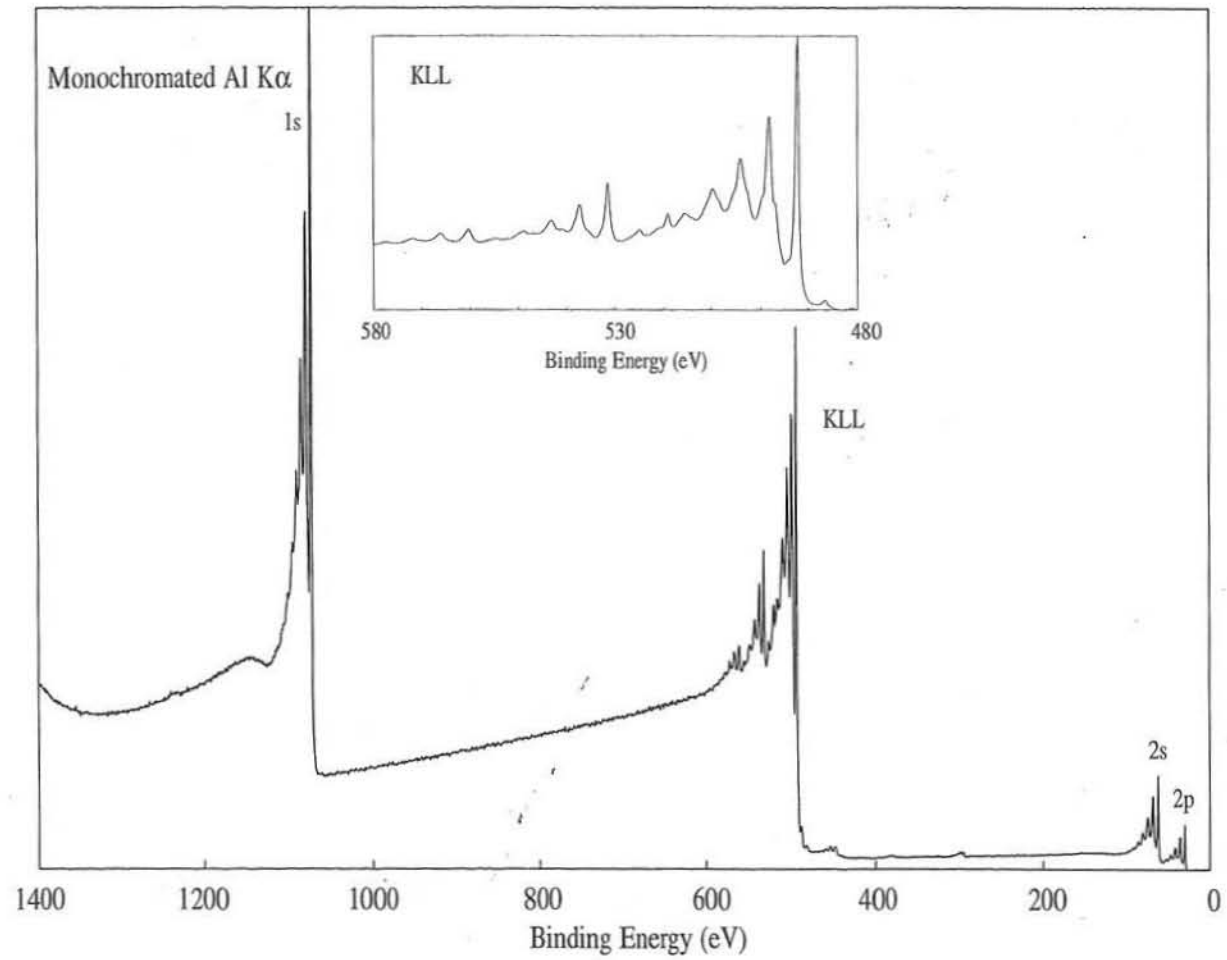


Line Positions (eV)		
<u>Photoelectron Lines</u>		
1s	2s	2p
863	41	14
<u>Auger Lines</u>		
KL <sub>1</sub> L <sub>1</sub>	KL <sub>1</sub> L <sub>23</sub>	KL <sub>23</sub> L <sub>23</sub>
725	702	669 (Al)
492	469	436 (Mg)

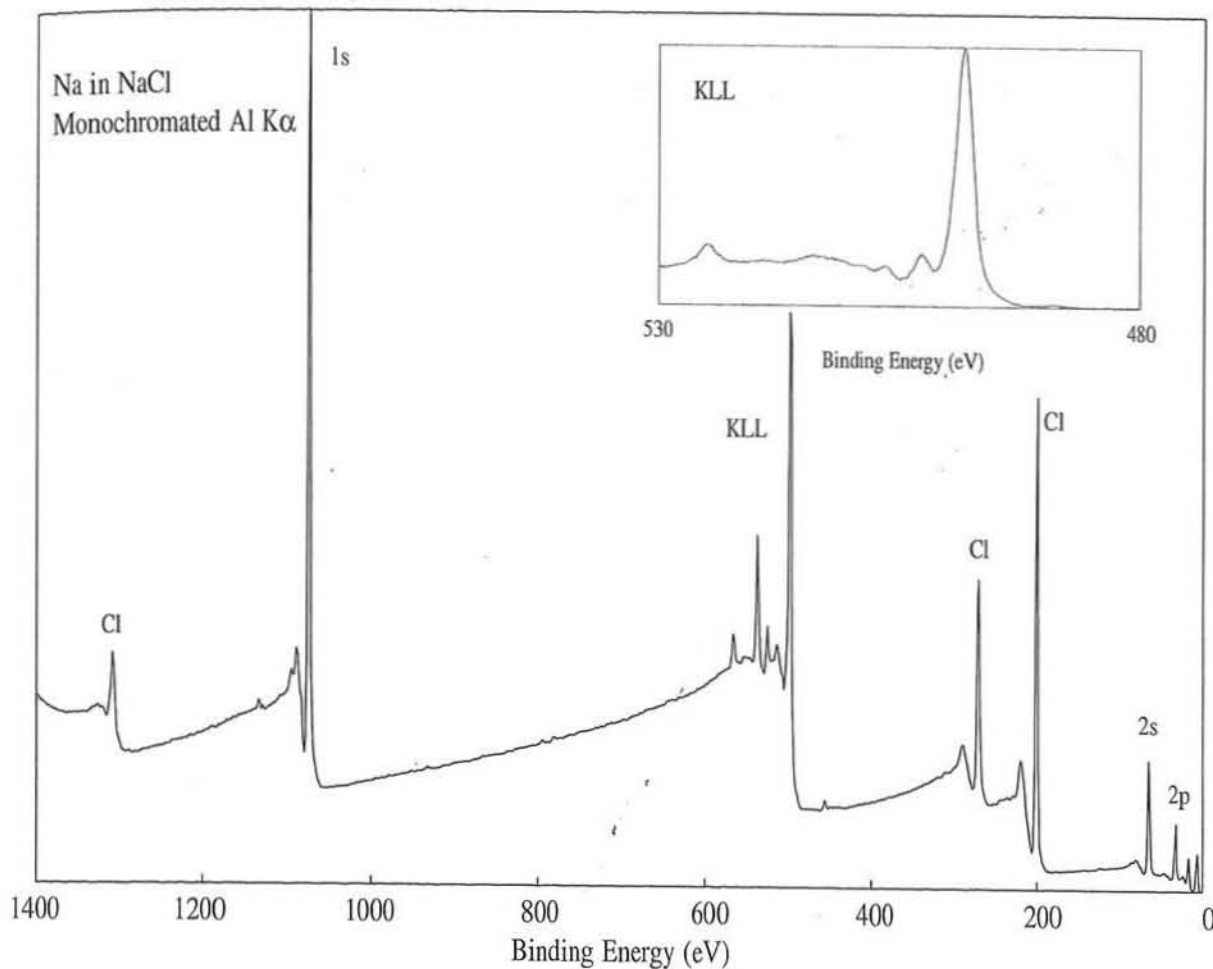


Compound Type	1s Binding Energy (eV)			
	861	862	863	864
Ne in Ag			■	
Ne in Au	■			
Ne in Cu		■		
Ne in Fe				■
Ne in graphite			■	

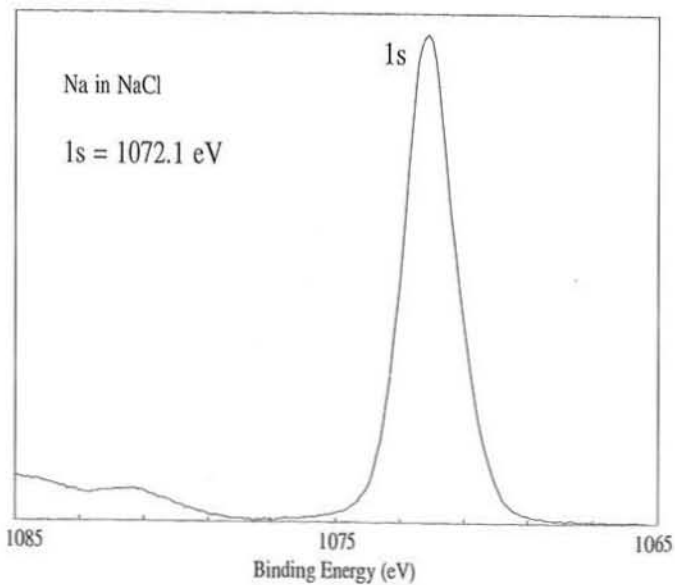


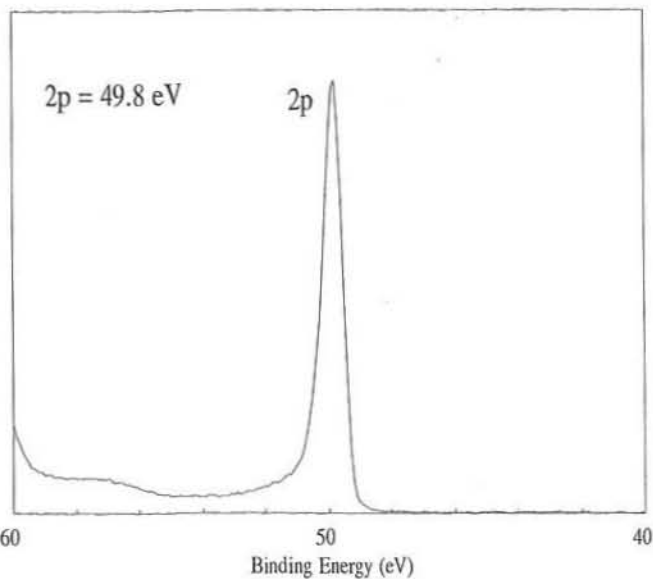
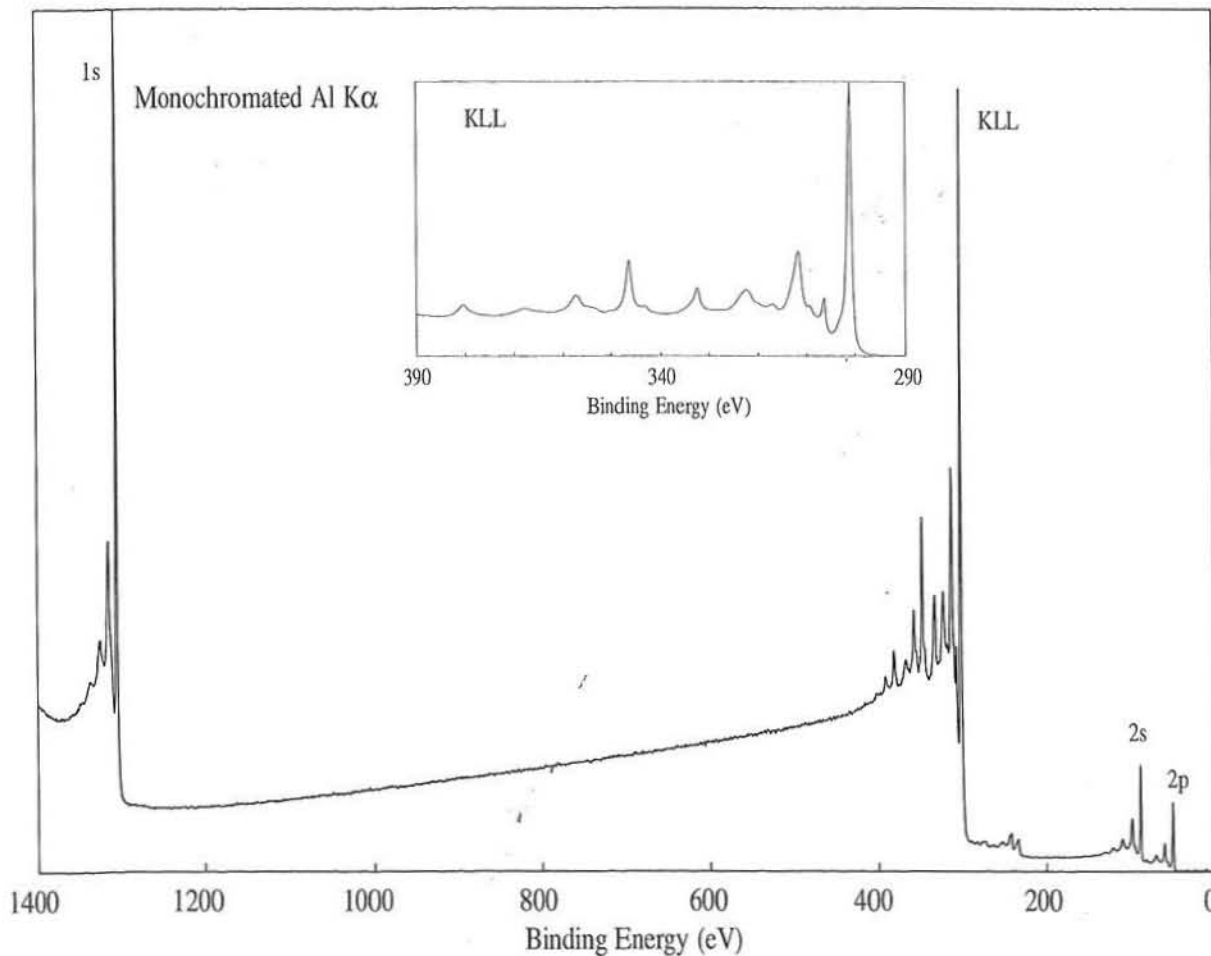


Line Positions (eV)			
<b>Photoelectron Lines</b>			
1s	2s	2p	
1072	64	31	
<b>Auger Lines</b>			
KL <sub>1</sub> L <sub>1</sub>	KL <sub>1</sub> L <sub>23</sub>	KL <sub>23</sub> L <sub>23</sub>	
561	532	493	(Al)
328	299	260	(Mg)

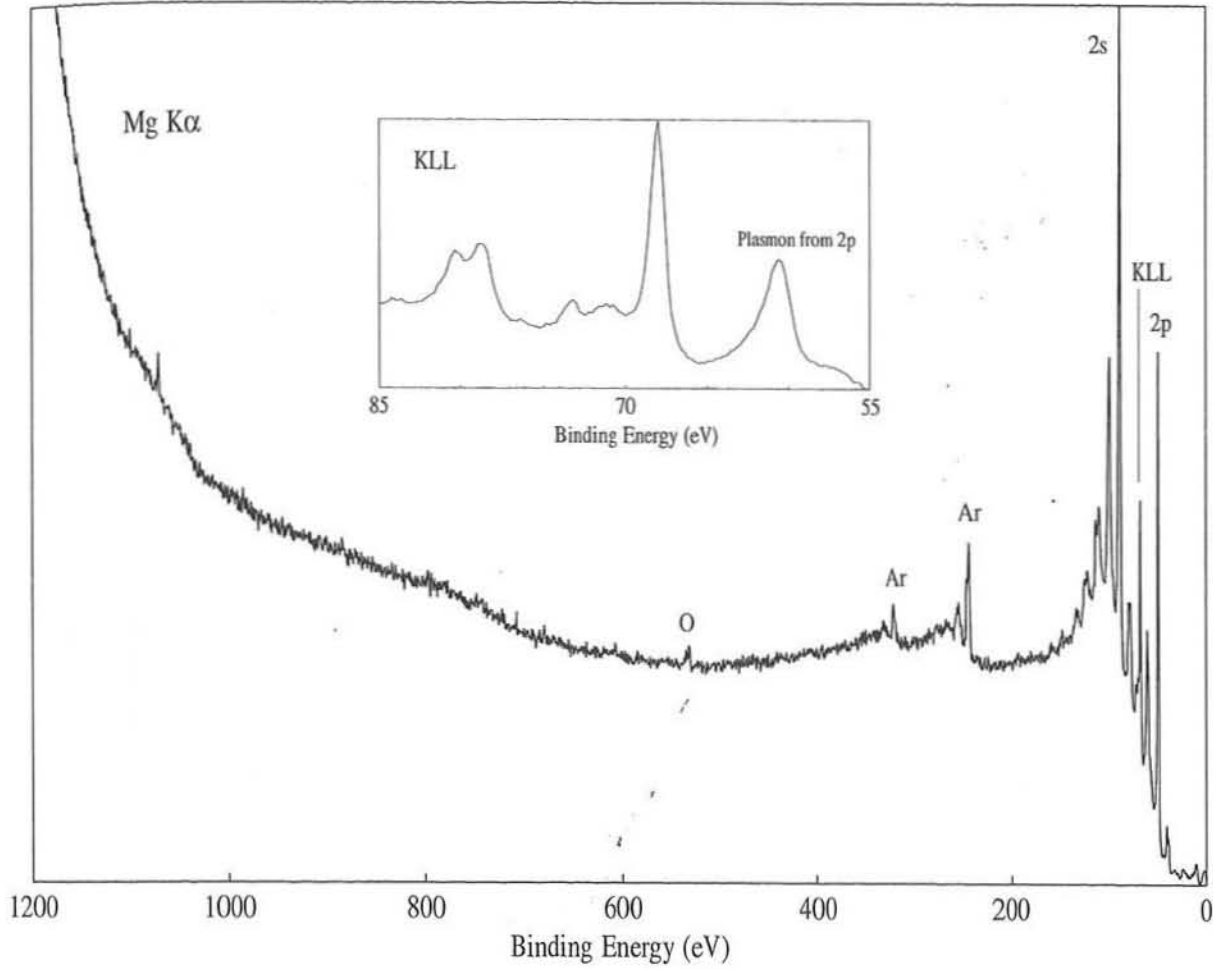


Compound Type	1s Binding Energy (eV)			
	1070	1071	1072	1073
Na			█	
NaI			█	
NaBr			█	
NaCl			█	
NaF		█		
Na <sub>2</sub> CO <sub>3</sub>			█	
Na <sub>2</sub> S <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>			█	
Na <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub>		█		
Na <sub>4</sub> P <sub>2</sub> O <sub>7</sub>		█		
NaH <sub>2</sub> PO <sub>4</sub>		█		
Mol Sieve			█	

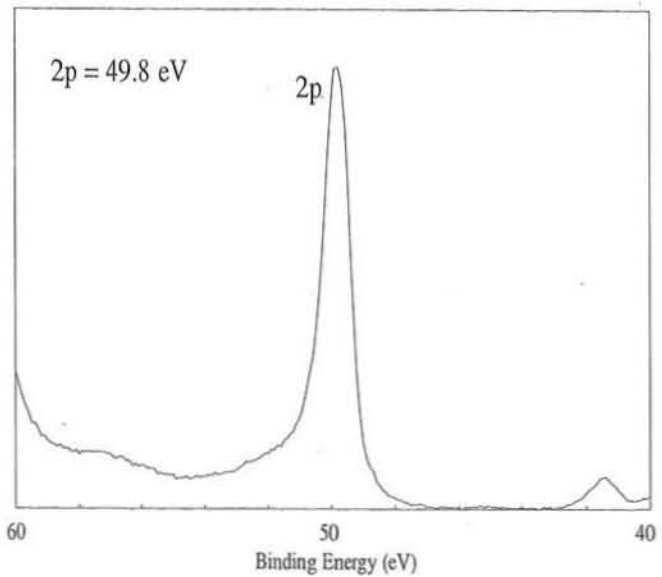


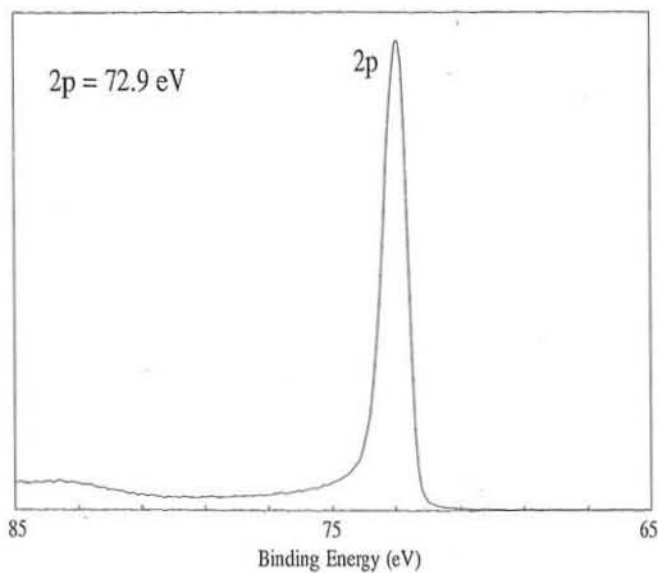
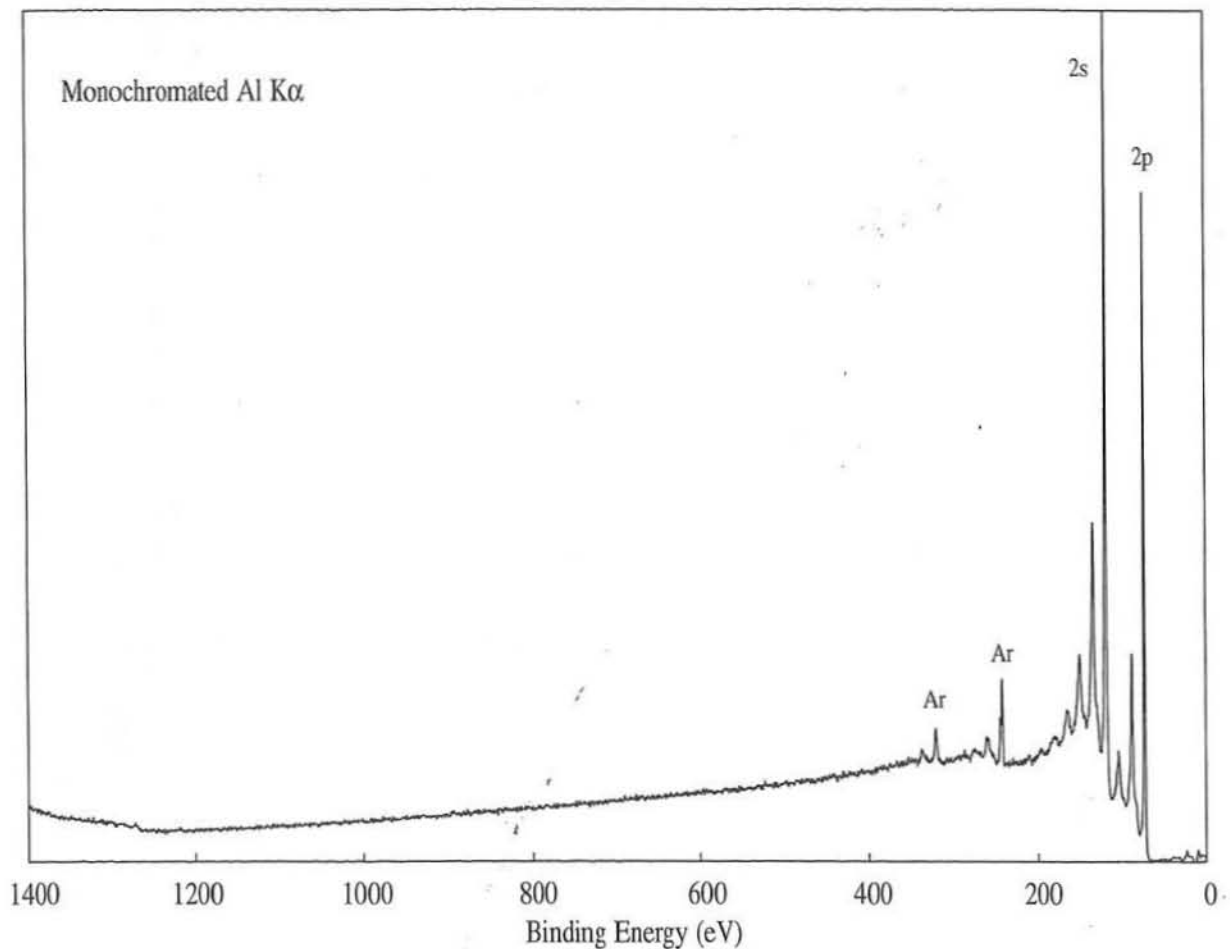


Line Positions (eV)			
<u>Photoelectron Lines</u>			
1s	2s	2p	
1303	89	50	
<u>Auger Lines</u>			
KL <sub>1</sub> L <sub>1</sub>	KL <sub>1</sub> L <sub>23</sub>	KL <sub>23</sub> L <sub>23</sub>	
381	347	301	(Al)
148	114	68	(Mg)

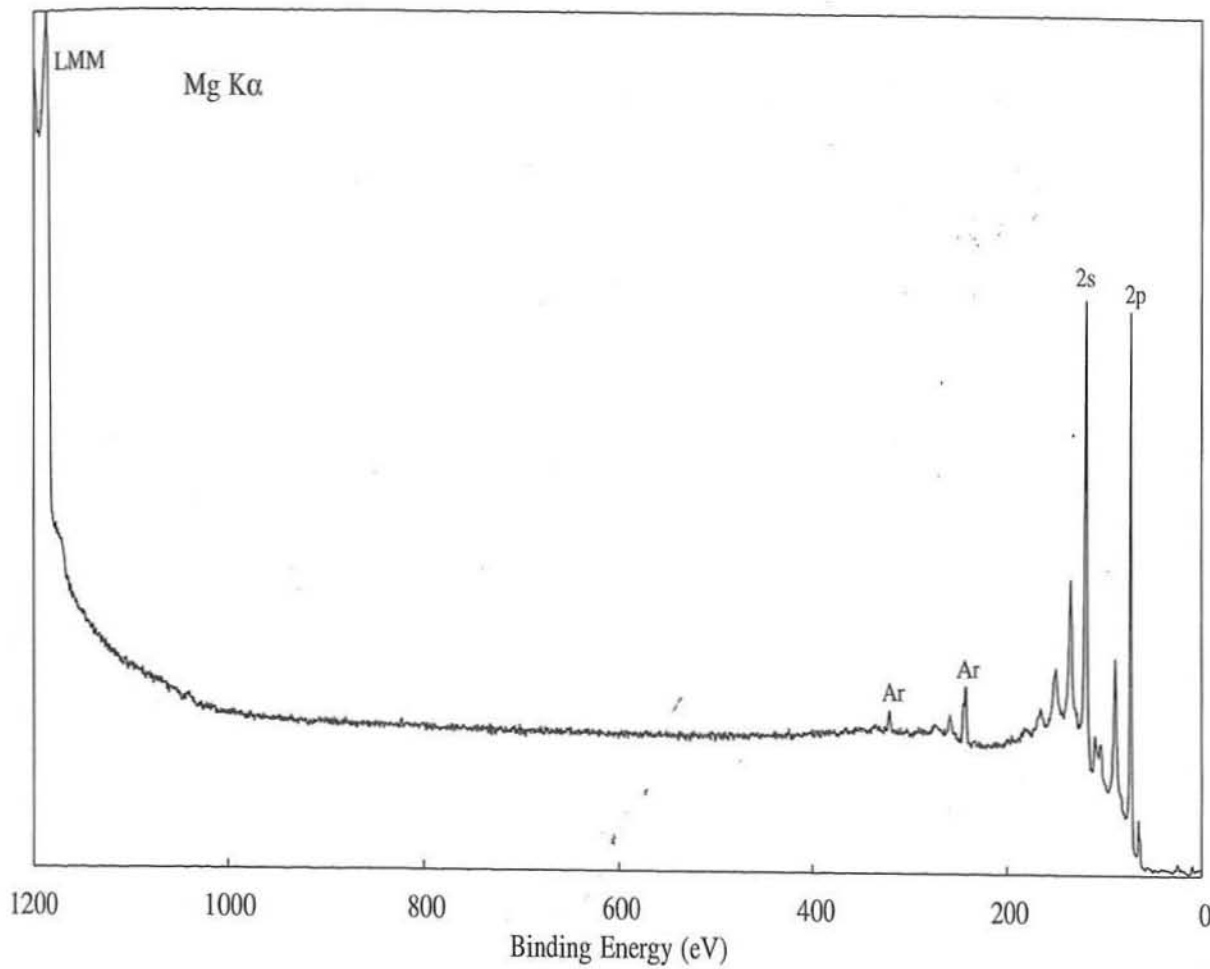


Compound Type	2p Binding Energy (eV)			
	48	49	50	51
Mg			■	
Mg <sub>2</sub> Cu			■	
Mg <sub>3</sub> Bi <sub>2</sub>				■
MgF <sub>2</sub>				■
Mg(OH) <sub>2</sub>	■			
MgAl <sub>2</sub> O <sub>4</sub>			■	

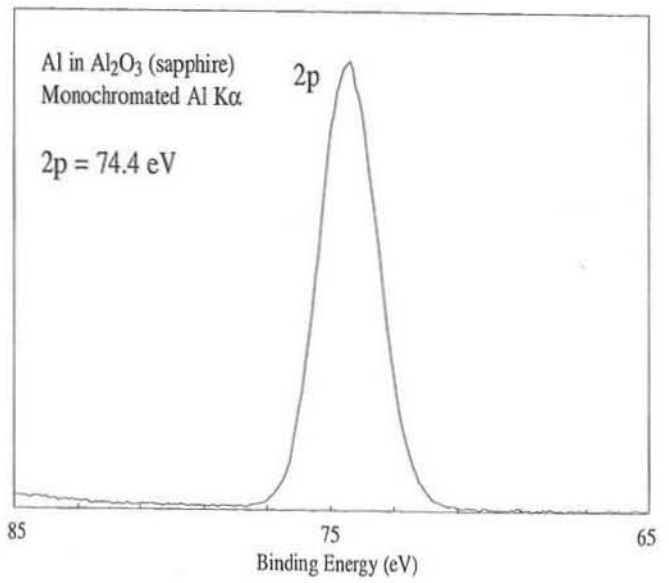




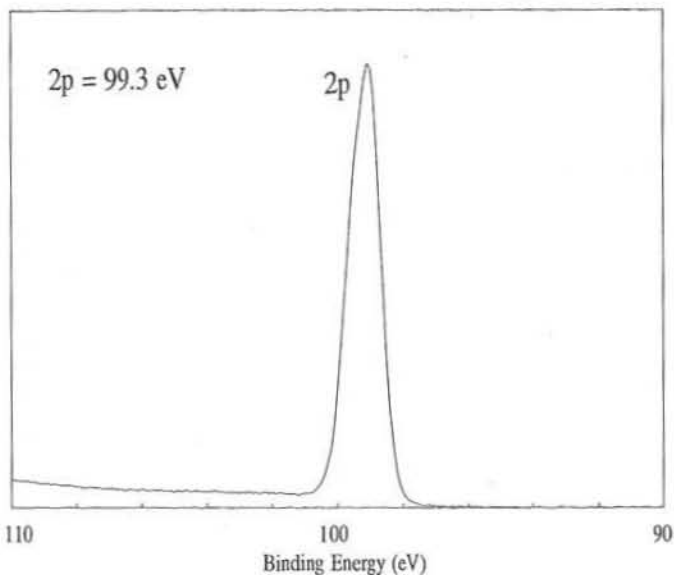
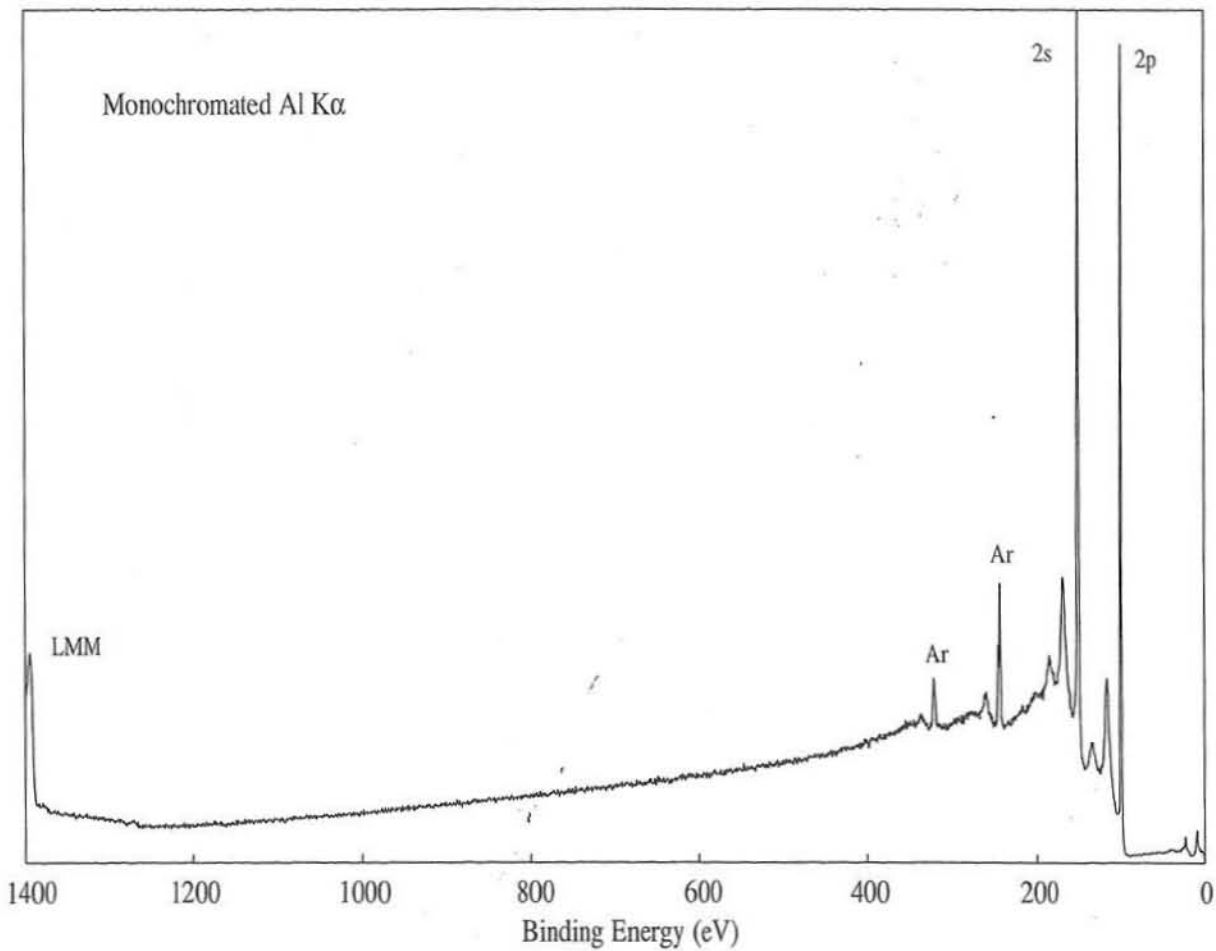
Line Positions (eV)	
<u>Photoelectron Lines</u>	
2s	2p
118	73
<u>Auger Lines</u>	
L <sub>23</sub> M <sub>1</sub> M <sub>23</sub>	
1419	(Al)
1186	(Mg)



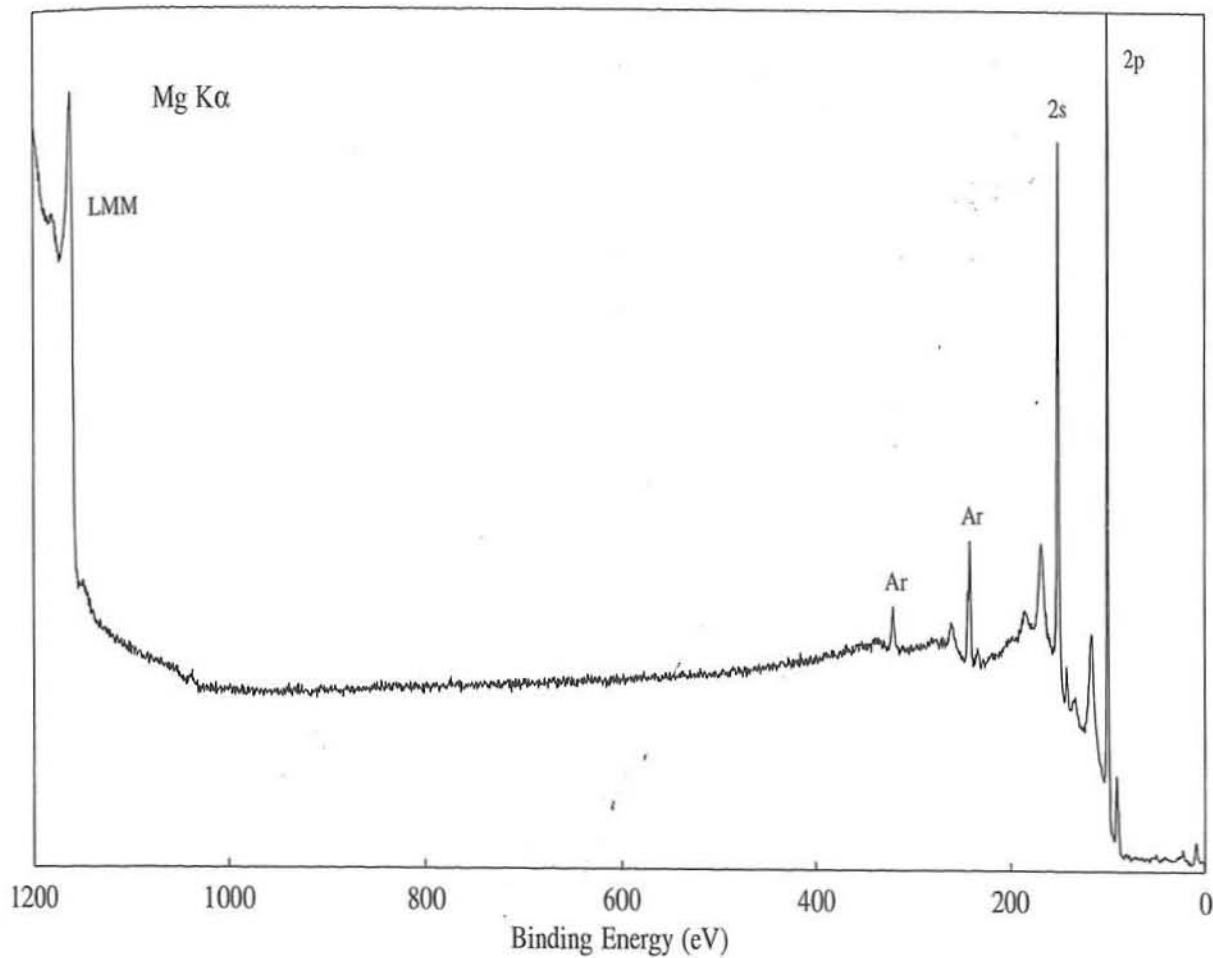
Compound Type	2p Binding Energy (eV)					
	72	73	74	75	76	77
Al		■				
AlAs			■			
AlGaAs			■			
LiAlH <sub>4</sub>					■	
Halides				■	■	
AlF <sub>3</sub>						■
Oxides						
Al <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> , sapphire						
Al <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> , alpha						
Al <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> , gamma						
AlOOH, boehmite						



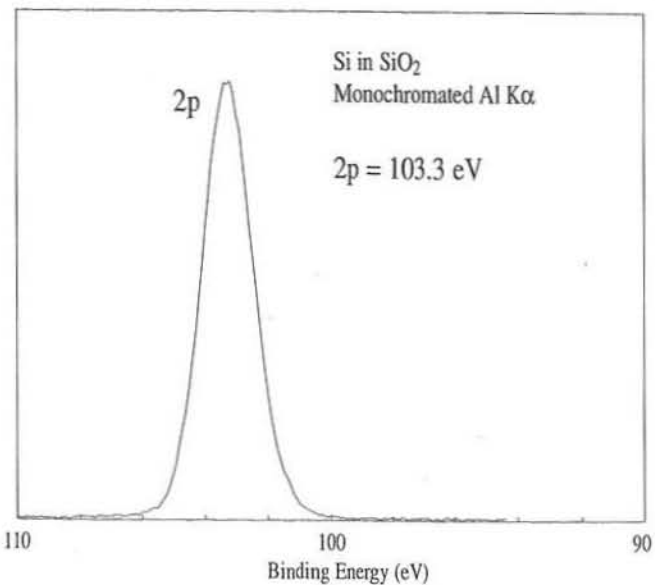


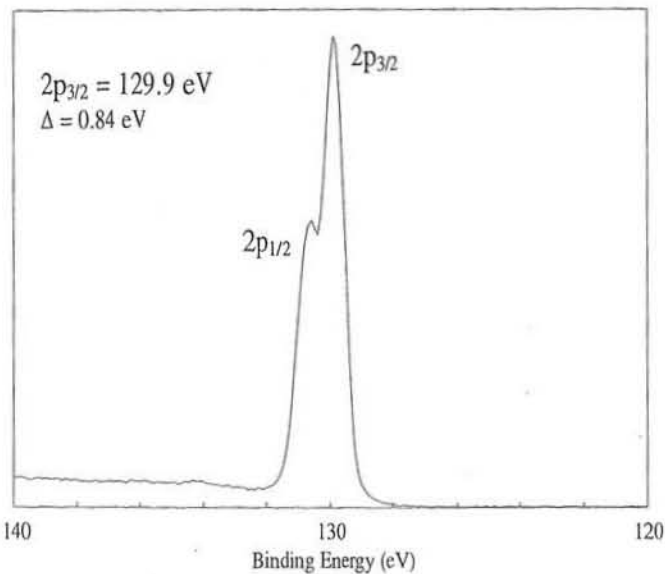
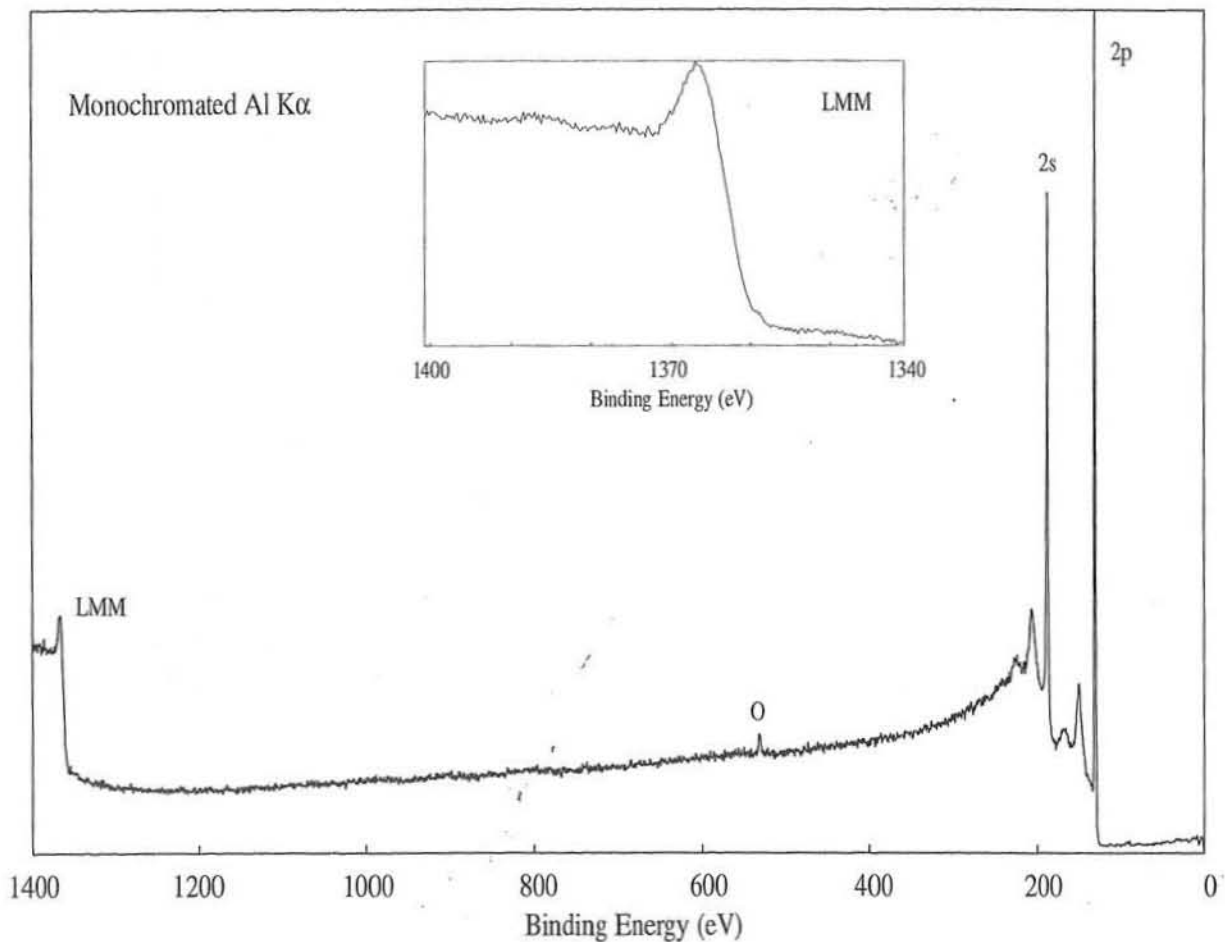


Line Positions (eV)	
<u>Photoelectron Lines</u>	
2s	2p
151	99
<u>Auger Lines</u>	
L <sub>23</sub> M <sub>23</sub> M <sub>23</sub>	
1394	(Al)
1161	(Mg)

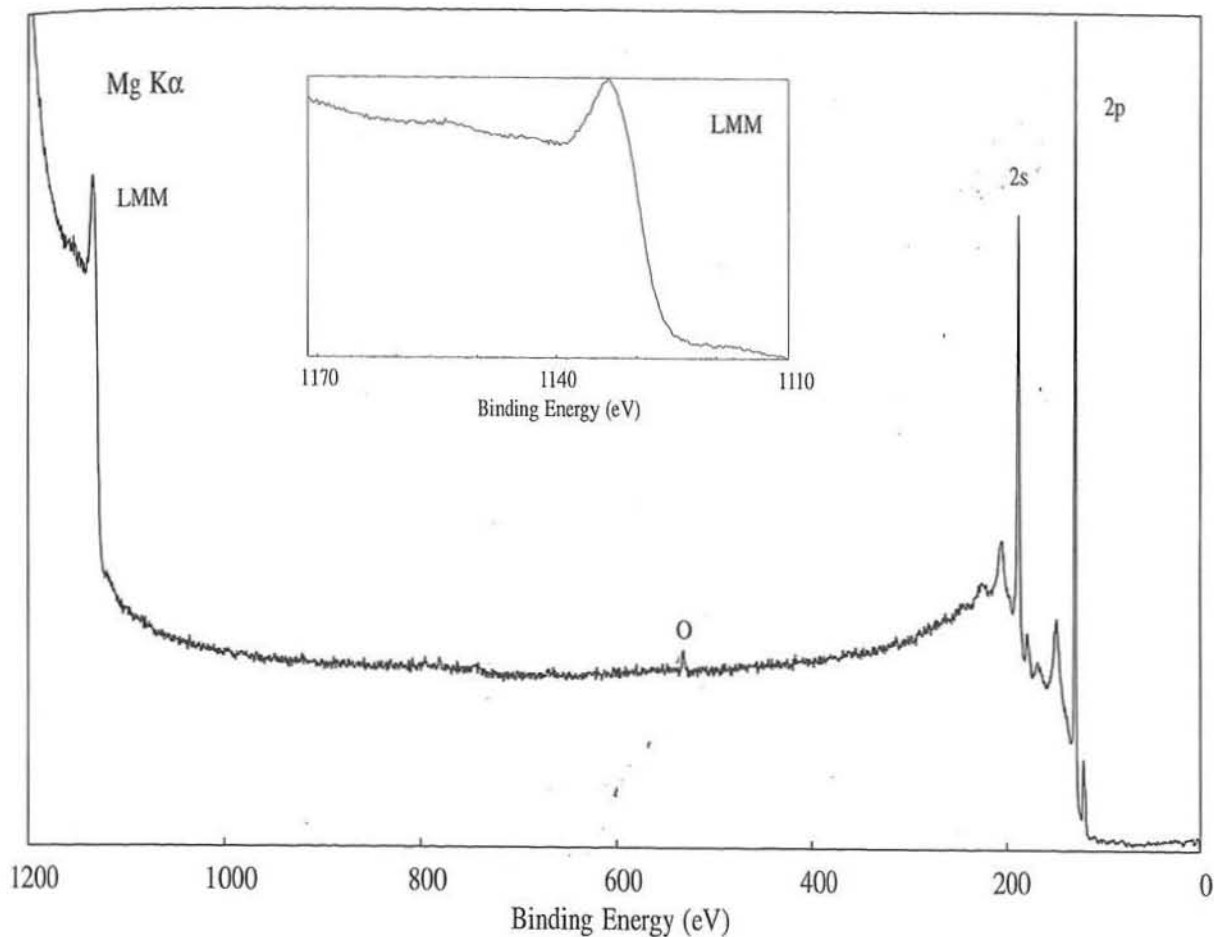


Compound Type	2p Binding Energy (eV)		
	98	101	104
Silicides		■	
Silicon	■		
Carbides		■	
Nitrides			■
Silicones (Silanes)			■
Silicates			■
Silica			■

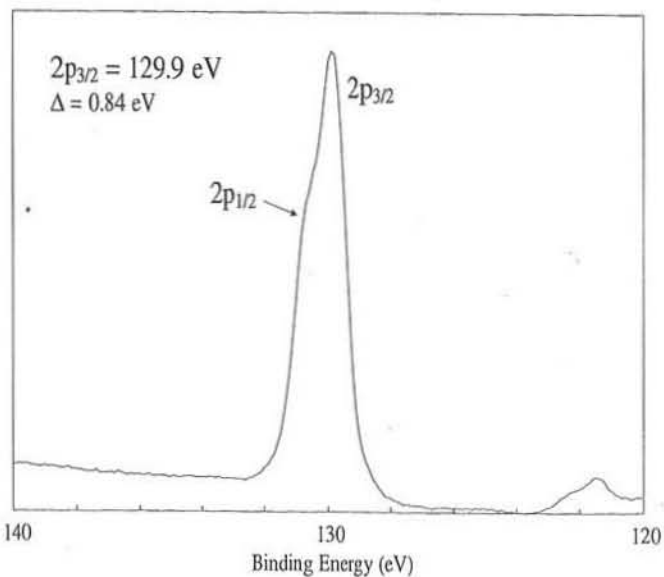


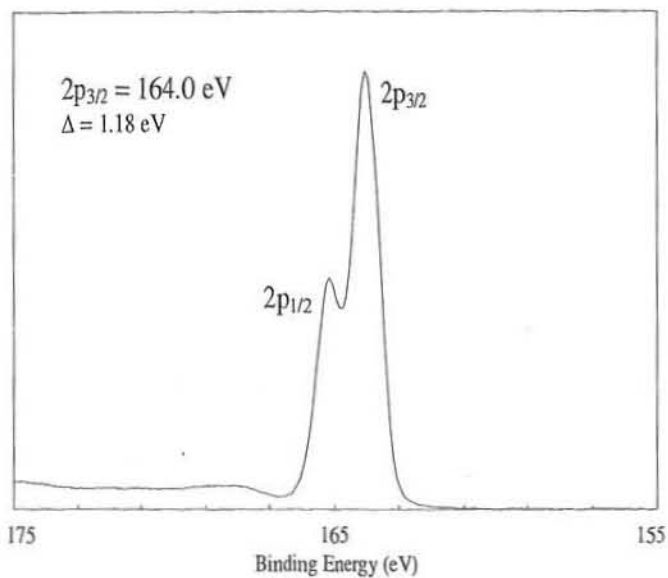
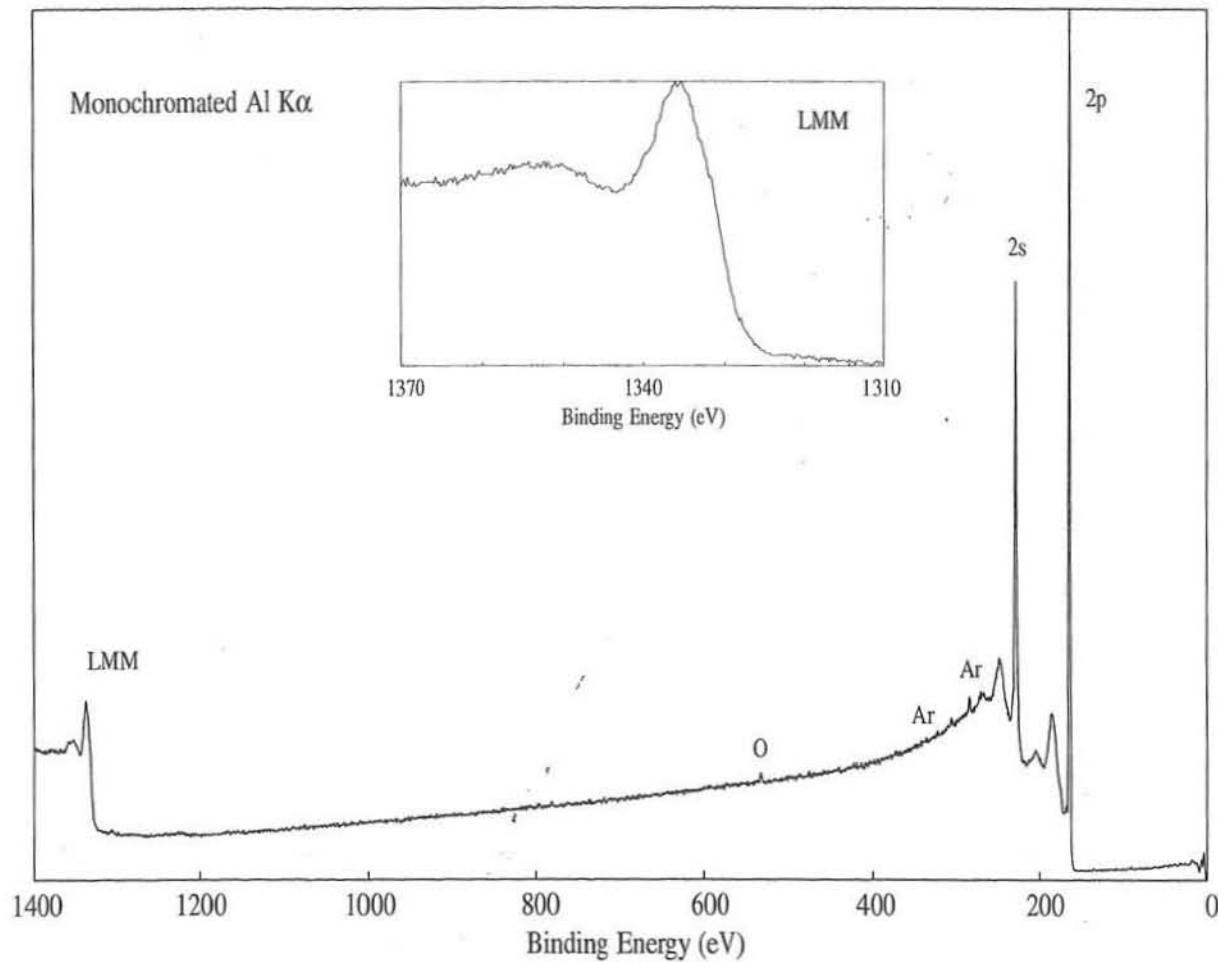


Line Positions (eV)			
<u>Photoelectron Lines</u>			
2s	$2p_{1/2}$	$2p_{3/2}$	3s
188	131	130	14
<u>Auger Lines</u>			
$L_{23}M_{23}M_{23}$			
	1367	(Al)	
	1134	(Mg)	



Compound Type	2p Binding Energy (eV)							
	128	129	130	131	132	133	134	135
P			■					
P (red)			■					
GaP		■	■					
InP		■	■					
Phosphate					■	■		
Pyrophosphate						■	■	
Metaphosphate							■	
P <sub>4</sub> O <sub>10</sub>								■
Ph <sub>3</sub> P				■				
Ph <sub>2</sub> PSH					■			
(PhO) <sub>3</sub> PO							■	■



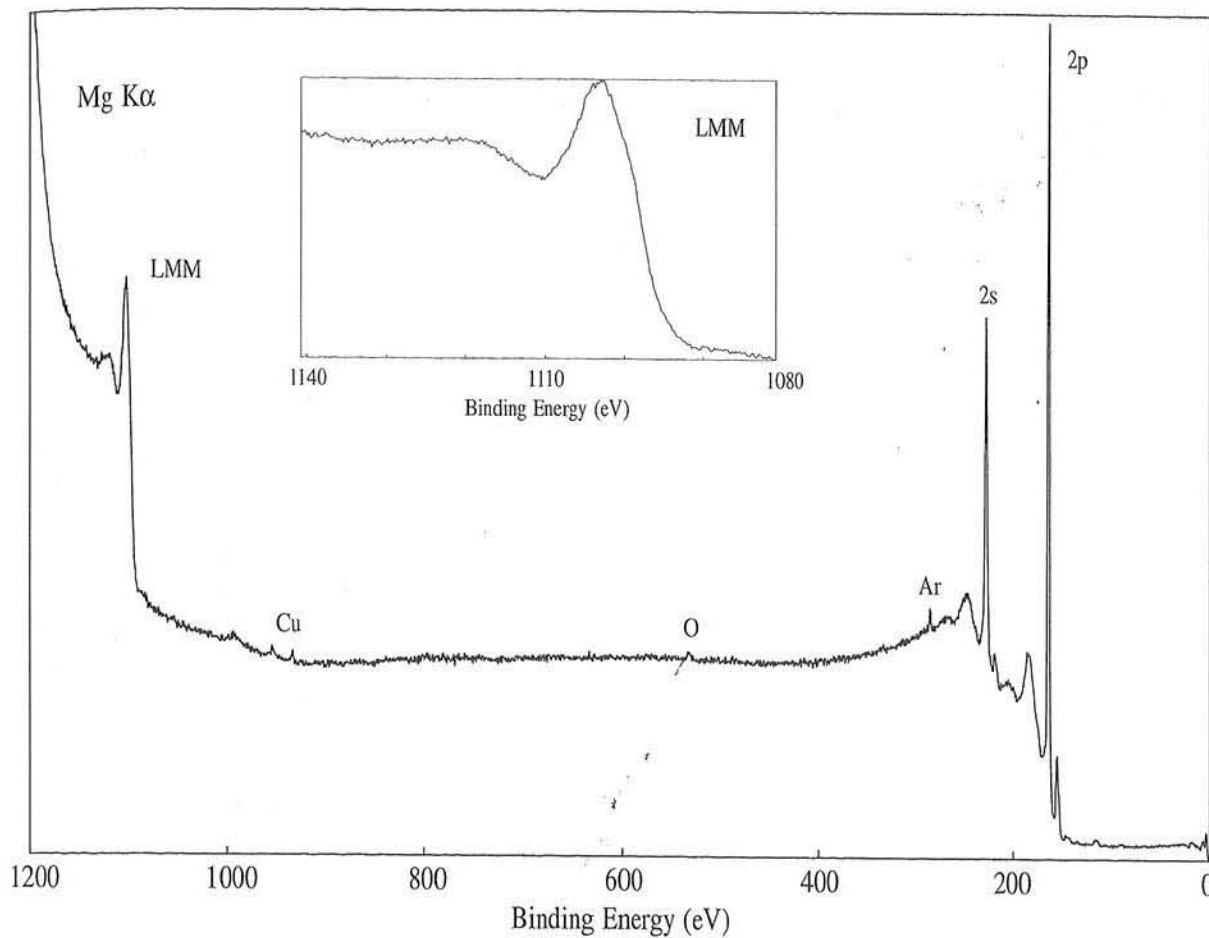


Line Positions (eV)

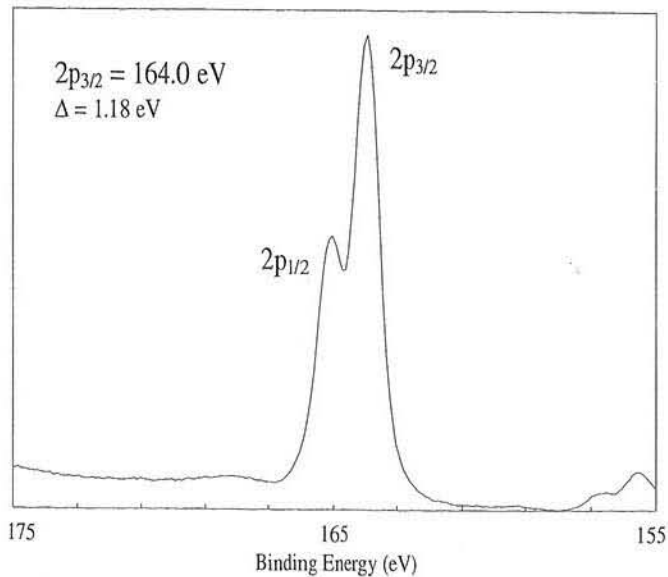
Photoelectron Lines			
2s	2p <sub>1/2</sub>	2p <sub>3/2</sub>	3s
228	165	164	18

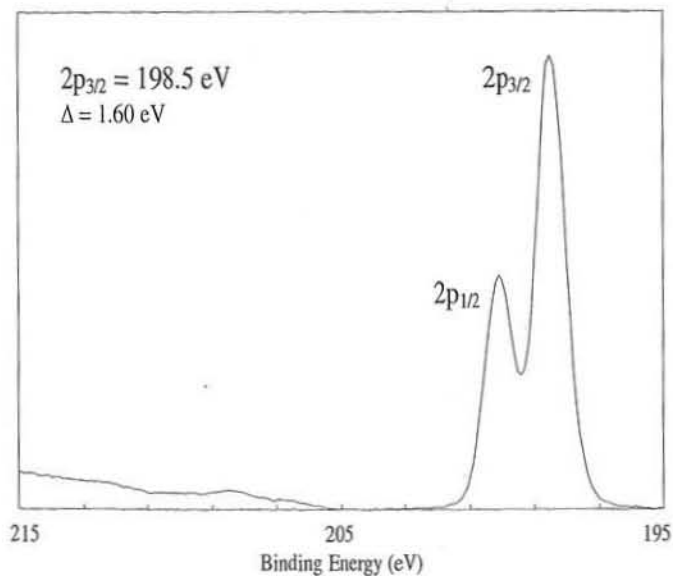
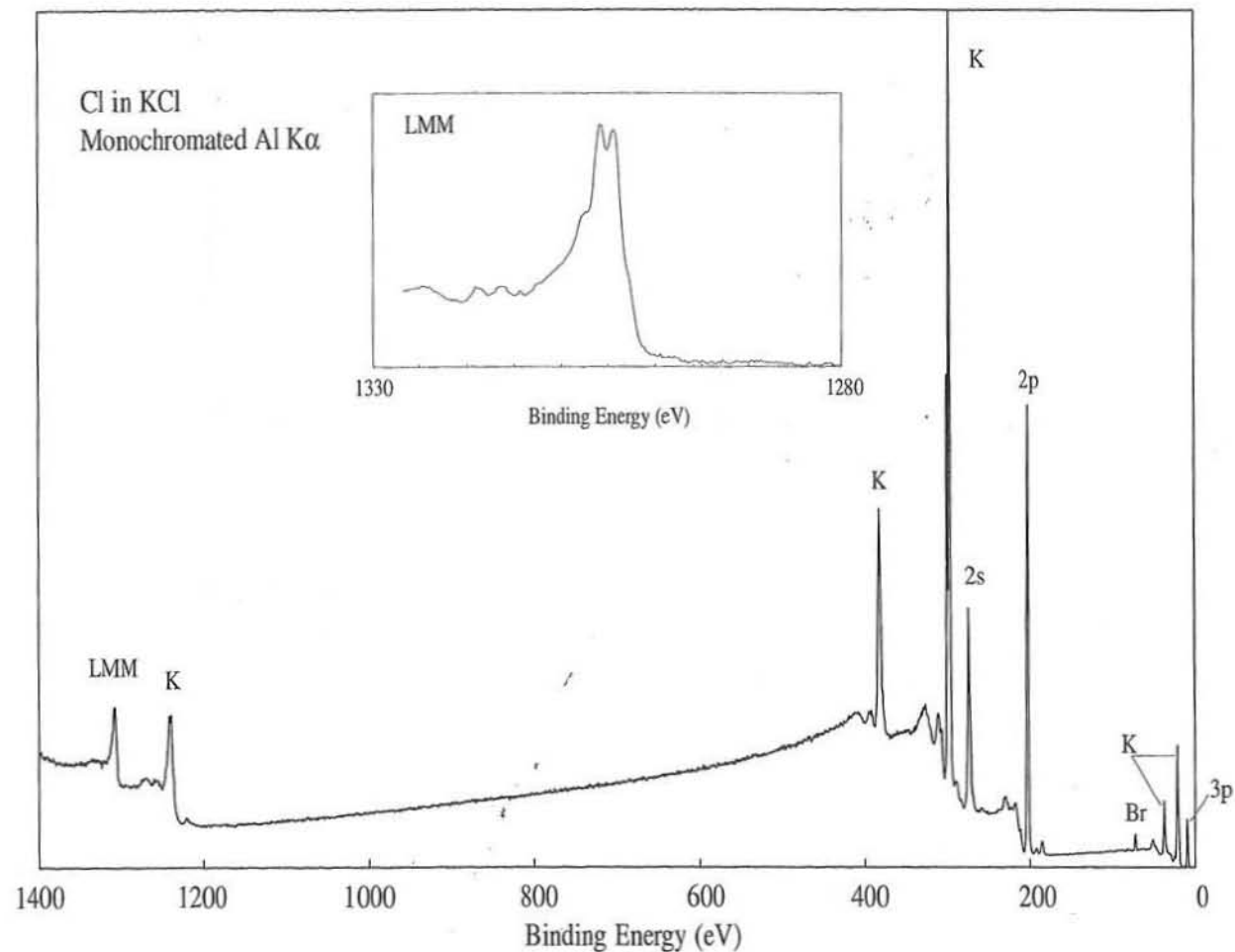
  

Auger Lines	
L <sub>23</sub> M <sub>23</sub> M <sub>23</sub>	
1336	(Al)
1103	(Mg)

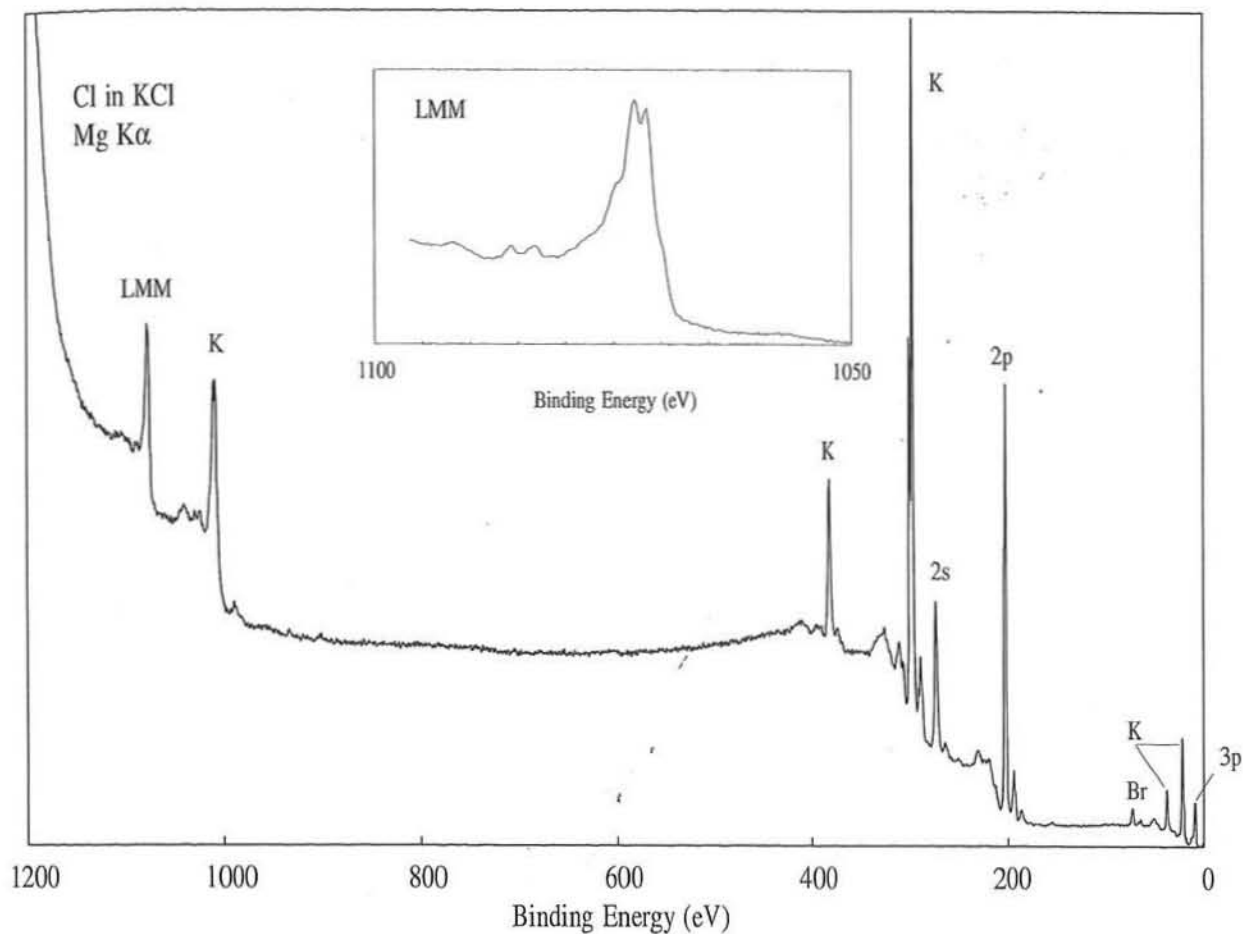


Compound Type	2p <sub>3/2</sub> Binding Energy (eV)						
	160	163	166	169	172	175	178
S							
Sulfide	█	█					
Sulfite			█				
Sulfate				█			
SF <sub>6</sub>						█	
SO <sub>2</sub>				█			
Thiophene		█					
Mercaptan		█					
Cysteine		█					
Sulfone			█	█			

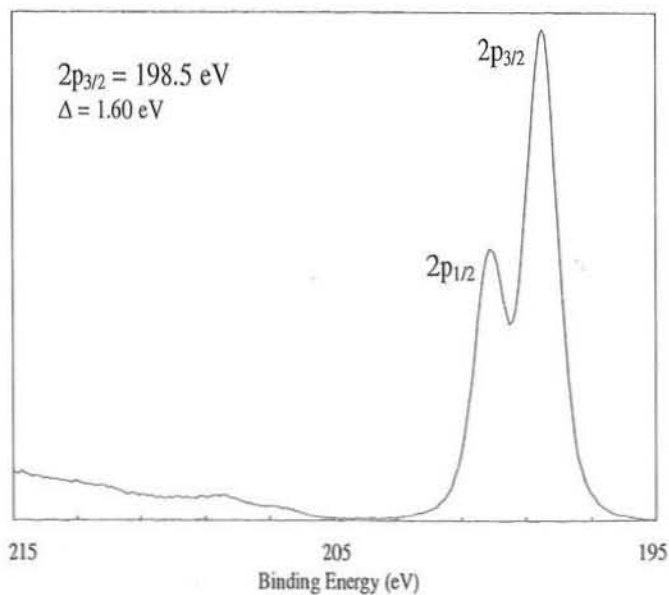




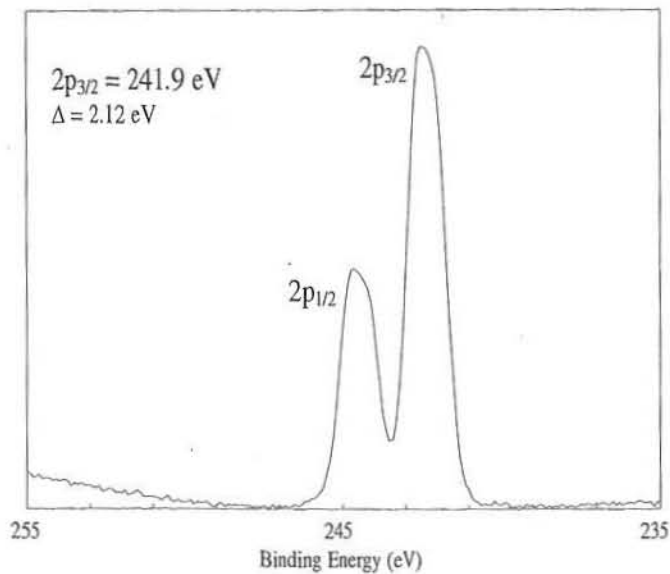
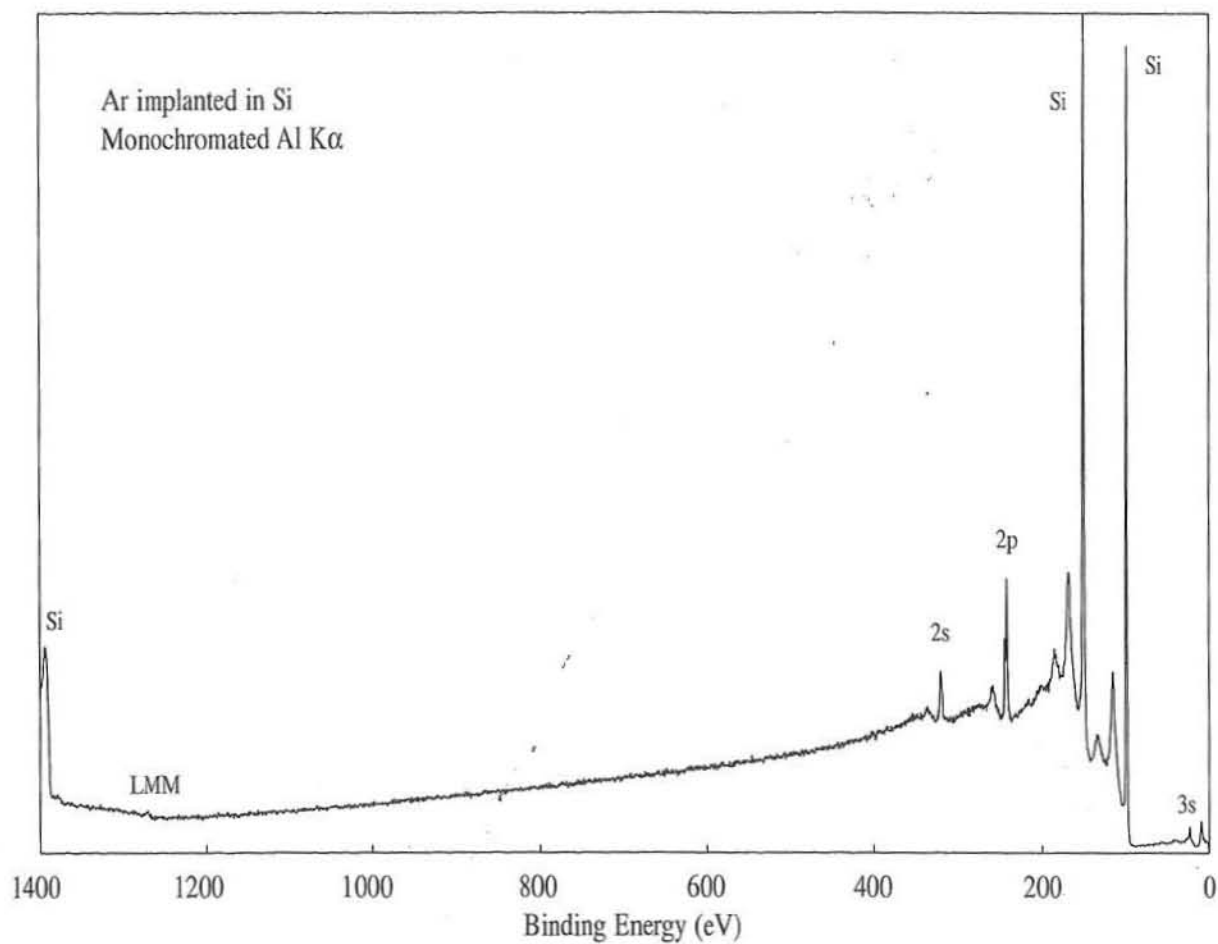
Line Positions (eV)				
<u>Photoelectron Lines</u>				
2s	2p <sub>1/2</sub>	2p <sub>3/2</sub>	3s	3p
271	201	199	17	6
<u>Auger Lines</u>				
L <sub>23</sub> M <sub>23</sub> M <sub>23</sub>				
1304		(Al)		
1071		(Mg)		



Compound Type	2p <sub>3/2</sub> Binding Energy (eV)						
	198	200	202	204	206	208	210
Alkali Chloride	■						
CuCl <sub>2</sub>		■					
NiCl <sub>2</sub>		■					
PdCl <sub>2</sub>	■						
K <sub>2</sub> IrCl <sub>6</sub>	■						
Pt(NH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> Cl <sub>2</sub>	■						
Perchlorate							■
KClO <sub>3</sub>					■		
NaClO <sub>4</sub>						■	
C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> Cl		■					
p(CH <sub>2</sub> =CHCl)		■					





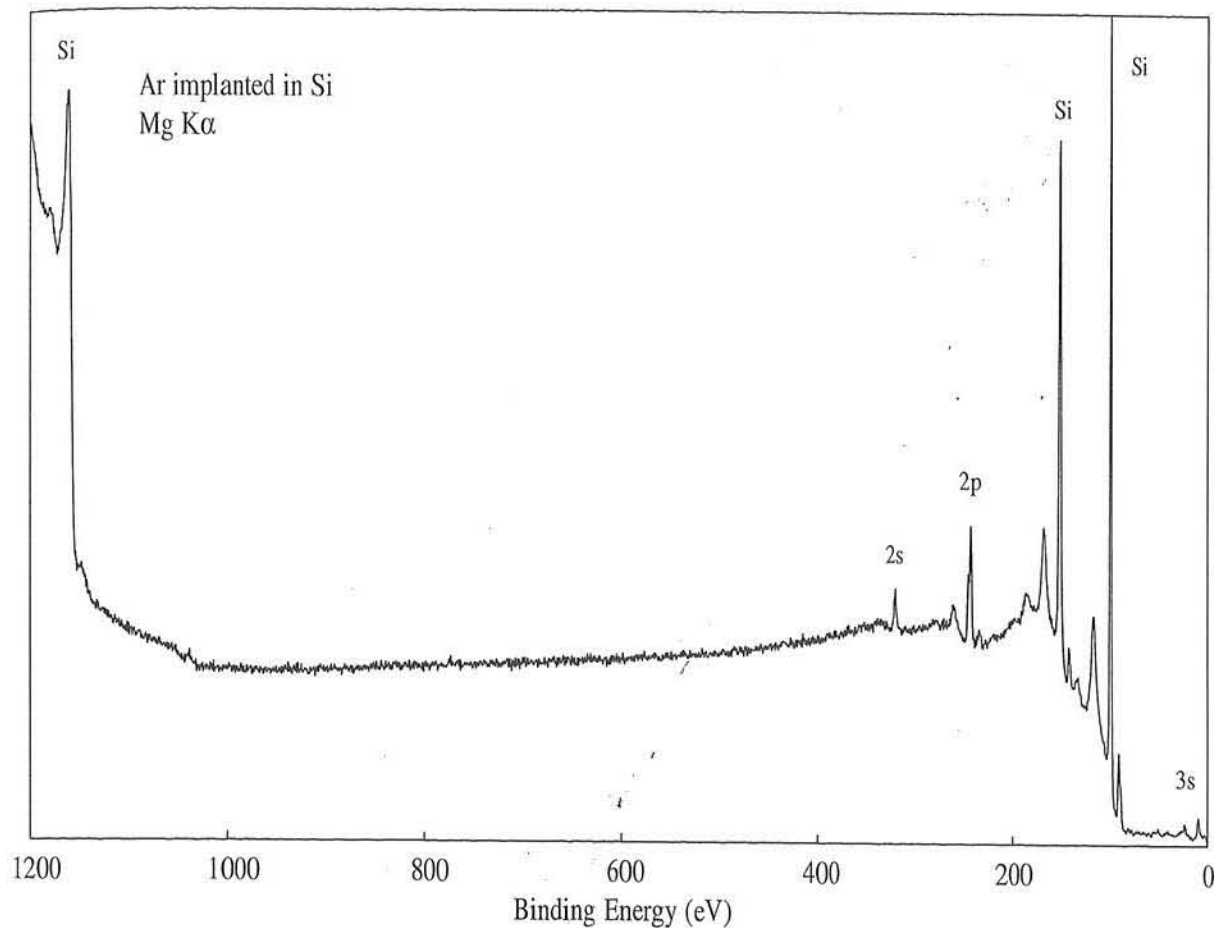


Line Positions (eV)

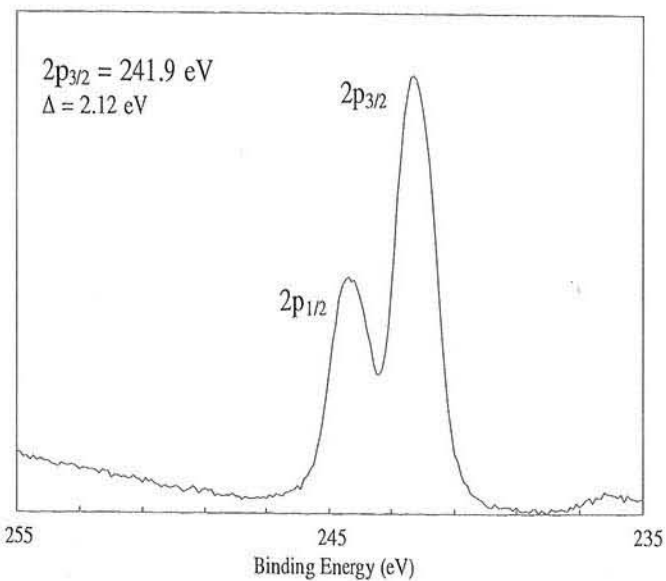
Photoelectron Lines			
2s	2p <sub>1/2</sub>	2p <sub>3/2</sub>	3s
320	244	242	24

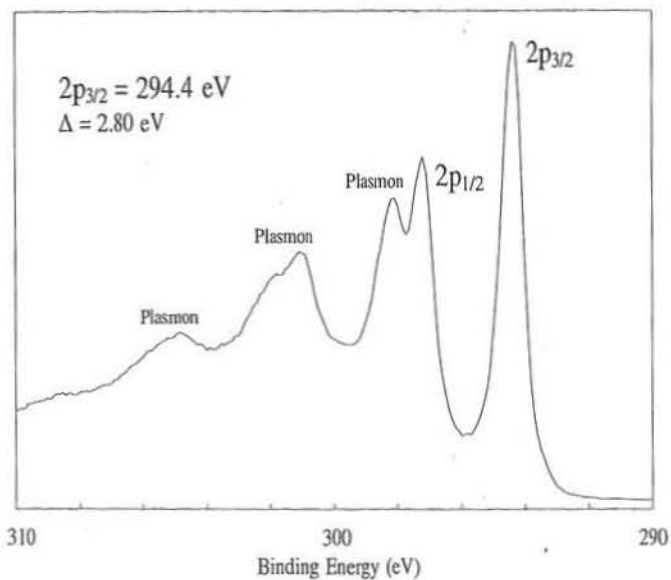
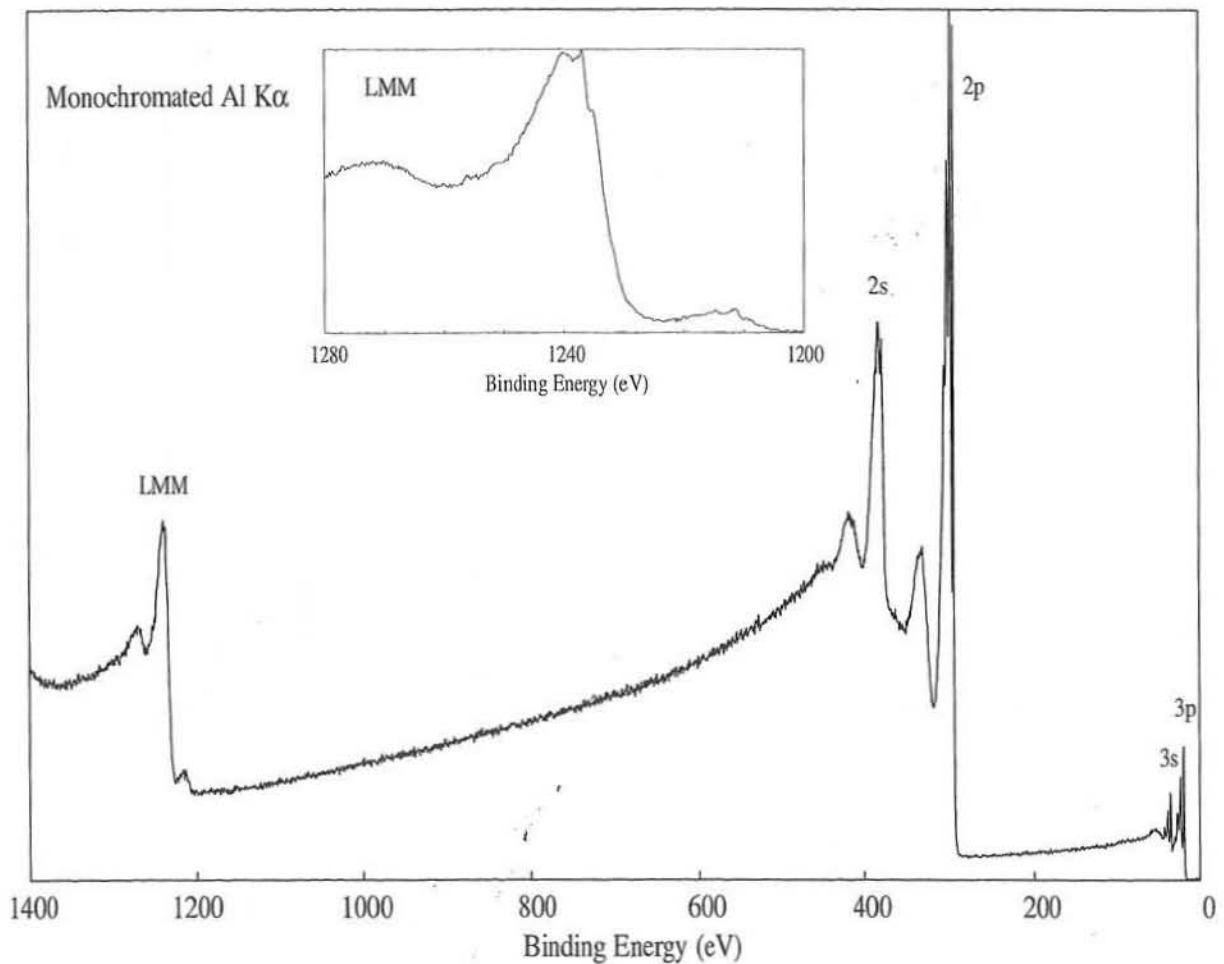
  

Auger Lines	
L <sub>23</sub> M <sub>23</sub> M <sub>23</sub>	
1272	(Al)
1039	(Mg)



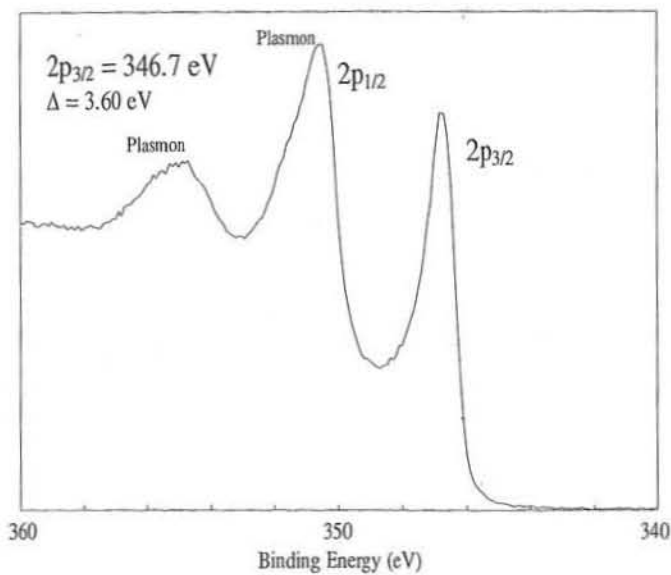
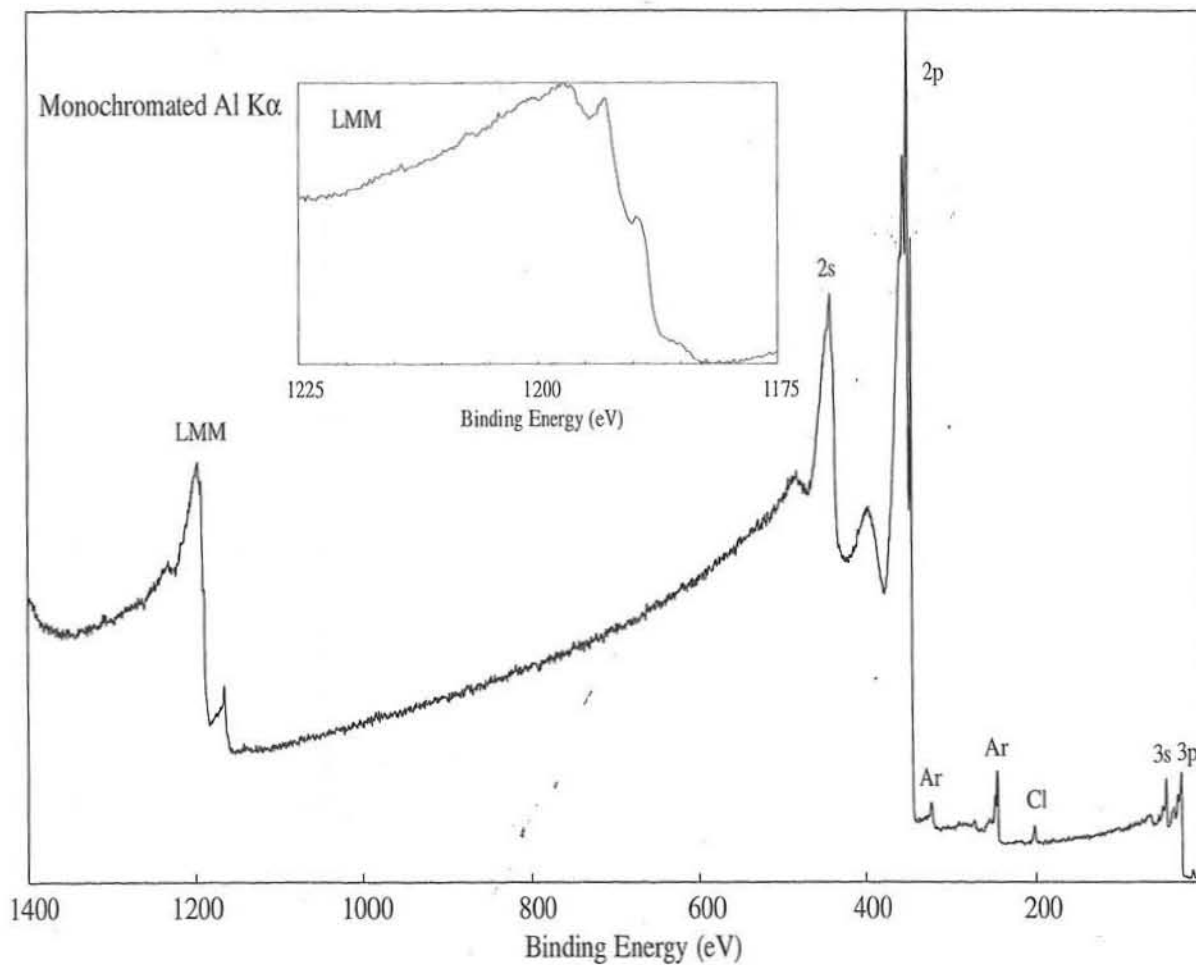
Compound Type	2p <sub>3/2</sub> Binding Energy (eV)		
	240	241	242
Ar in Ag		■	
Ar in Au	■		
Ar in Cu		■	
Ar in Pt	■		
Ar in graphite			■
Ar in Si			■



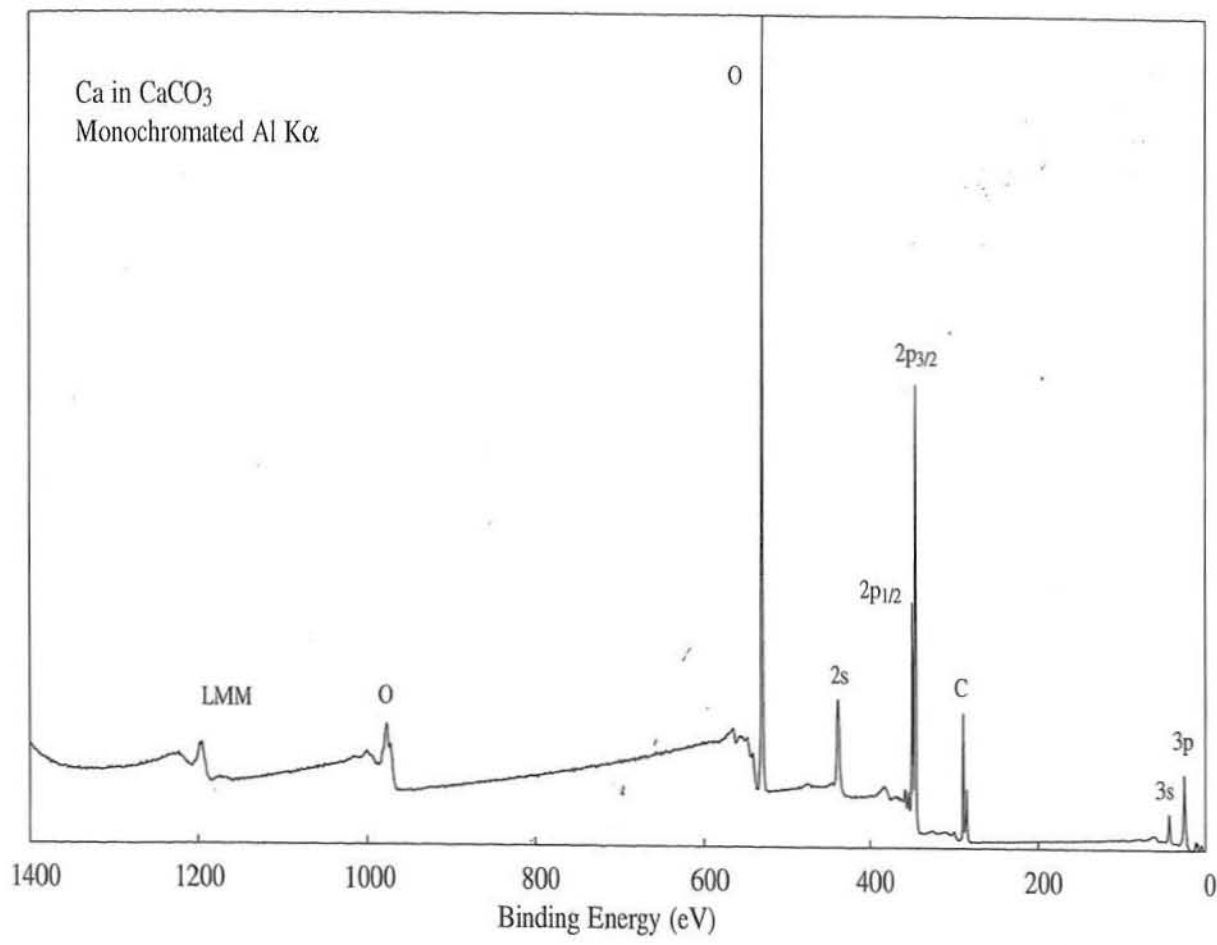


Line Positions (eV)				
<u>Photoelectron Lines</u>				
2s	2p <sub>1/2</sub>	2p <sub>3/2</sub>	3s	3p
380	297	294	35	19
<u>Auger Lines</u>				
L <sub>23</sub> M <sub>23</sub> M <sub>23</sub>				
		1239	(Al)	
		1006	(Mg)	

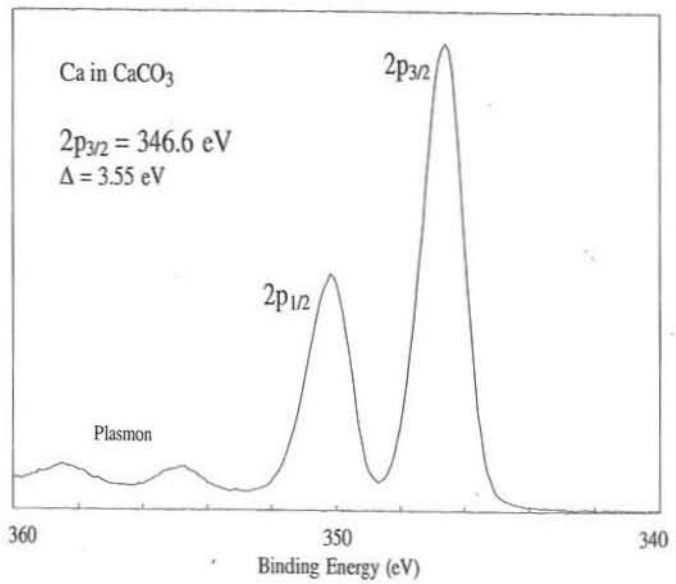


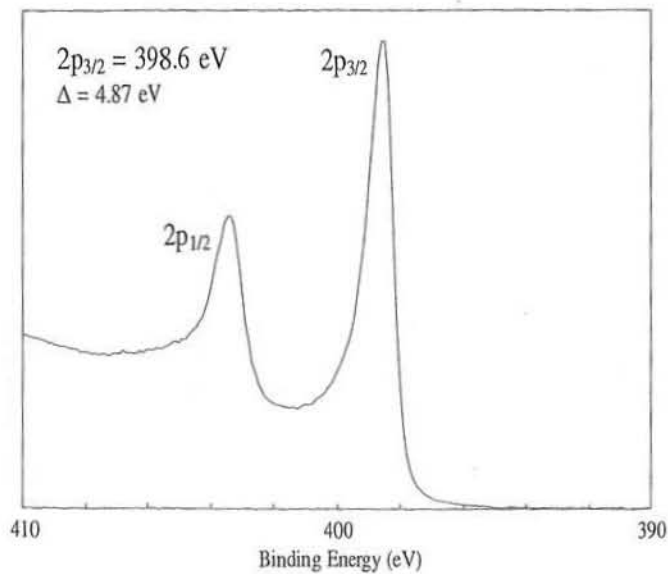
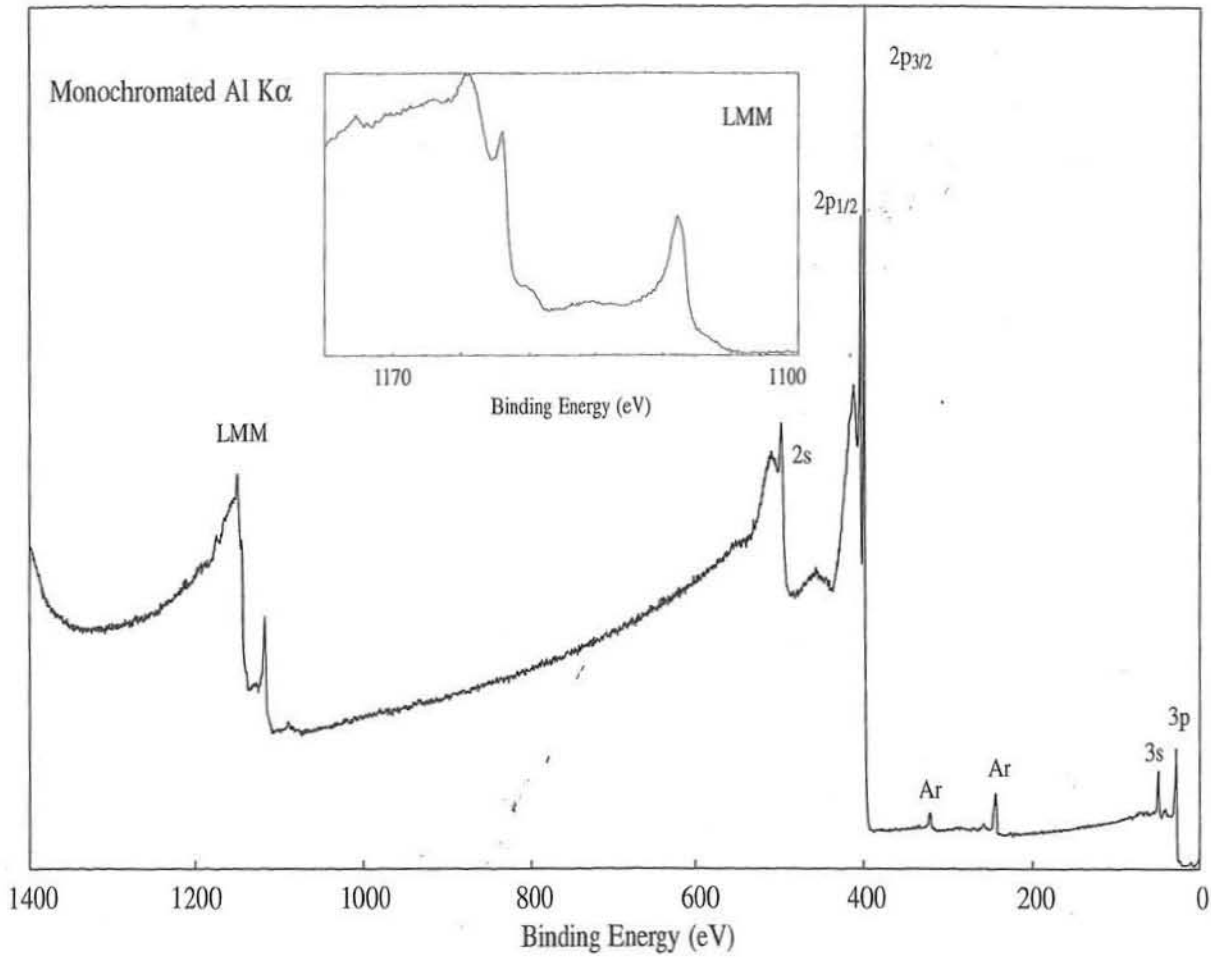


Line Positions (eV)				
<u>Photoelectron Lines</u>				
2s	2p <sub>1/2</sub>	2p <sub>3/2</sub>	3s	3p
440	351	347	45	26
<u>Auger Lines</u>				
L <sub>23</sub> M <sub>23</sub> M <sub>23</sub>				
		1197	(Al)	
		964	(Mg)	



Compound Type	2p <sub>3/2</sub> Binding Energy (eV)				
	345	346	347	348	349
Ca		■			
CaS		■			
CaCl <sub>2</sub>			■		
CaF <sub>2</sub>				■	
CaO		■			
CaCO <sub>3</sub>		■	■		
Ca(NO <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>					■
CaCrO <sub>4</sub>		■			
CaMoO <sub>4</sub>			■		
CaSO <sub>4</sub>				■	
Ca <sub>3</sub> Si <sub>3</sub> O <sub>9</sub>			■		



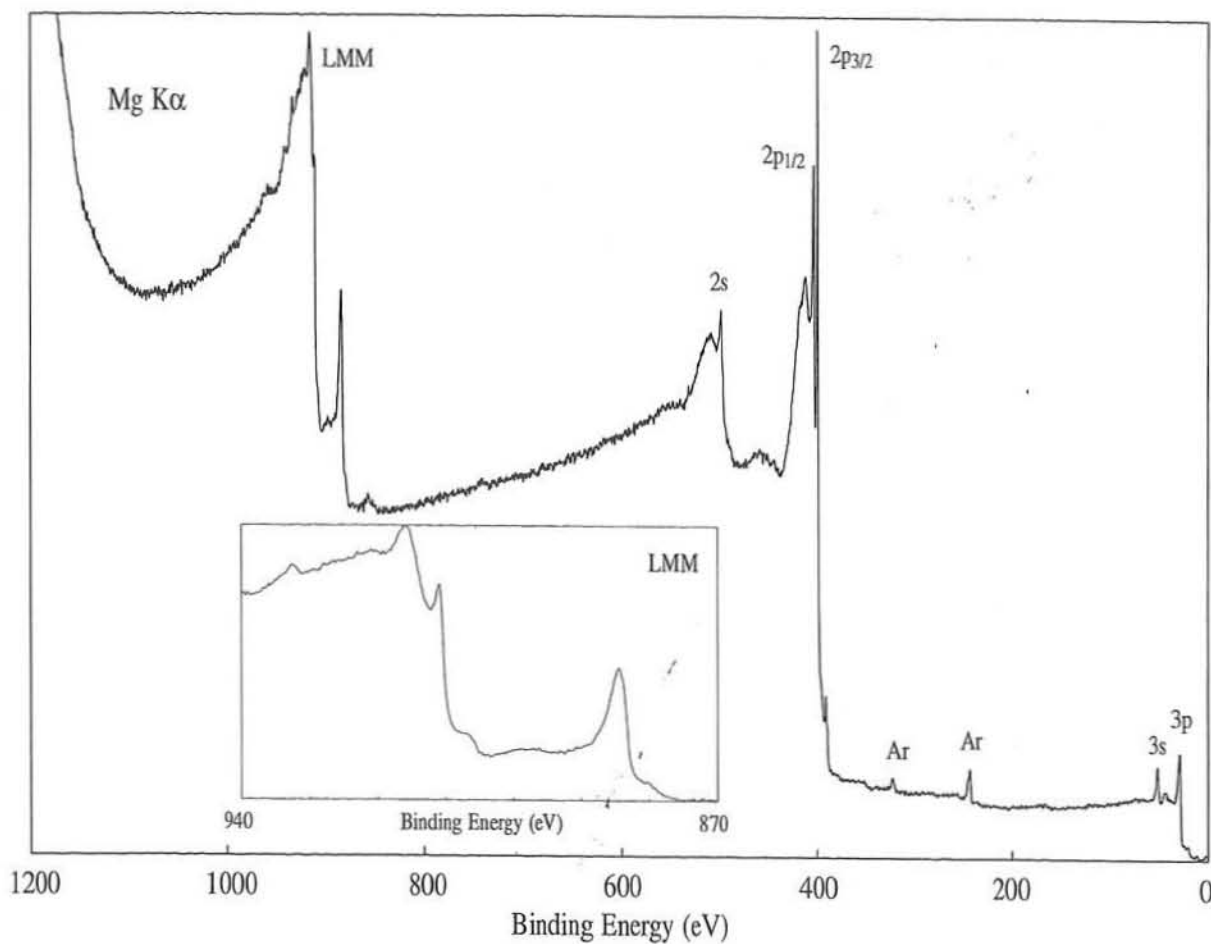


Line Positions (eV)

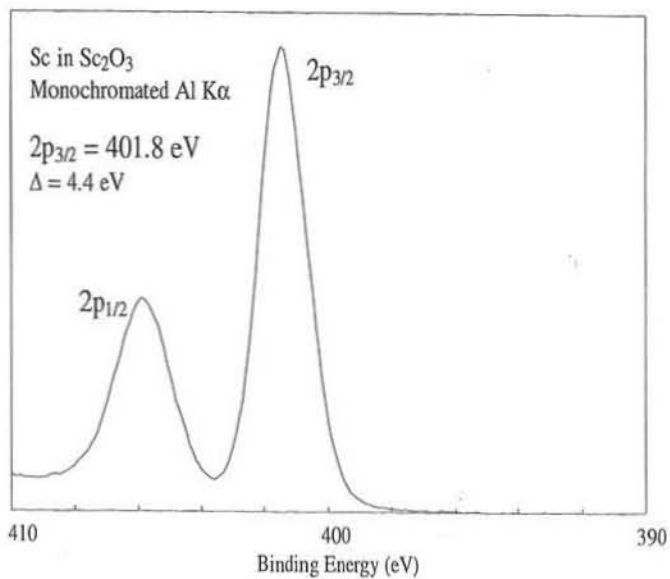
Photoelectron Lines				
2s	2p <sub>1/2</sub>	2p <sub>3/2</sub>	3s	3p
499	404	399	51	29

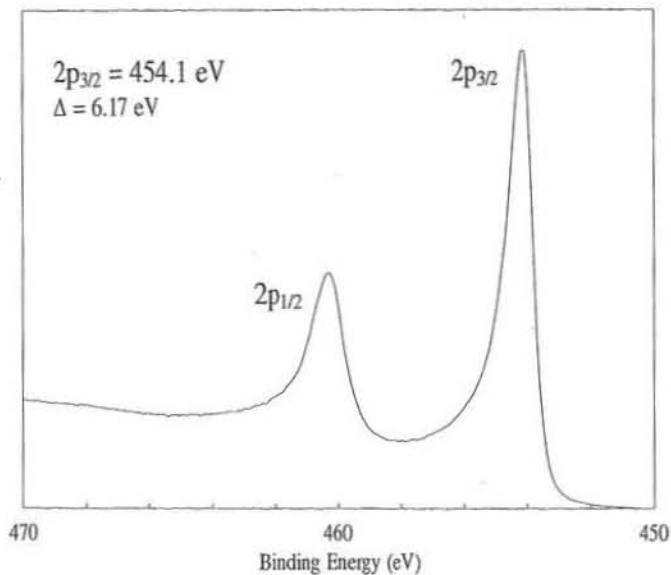
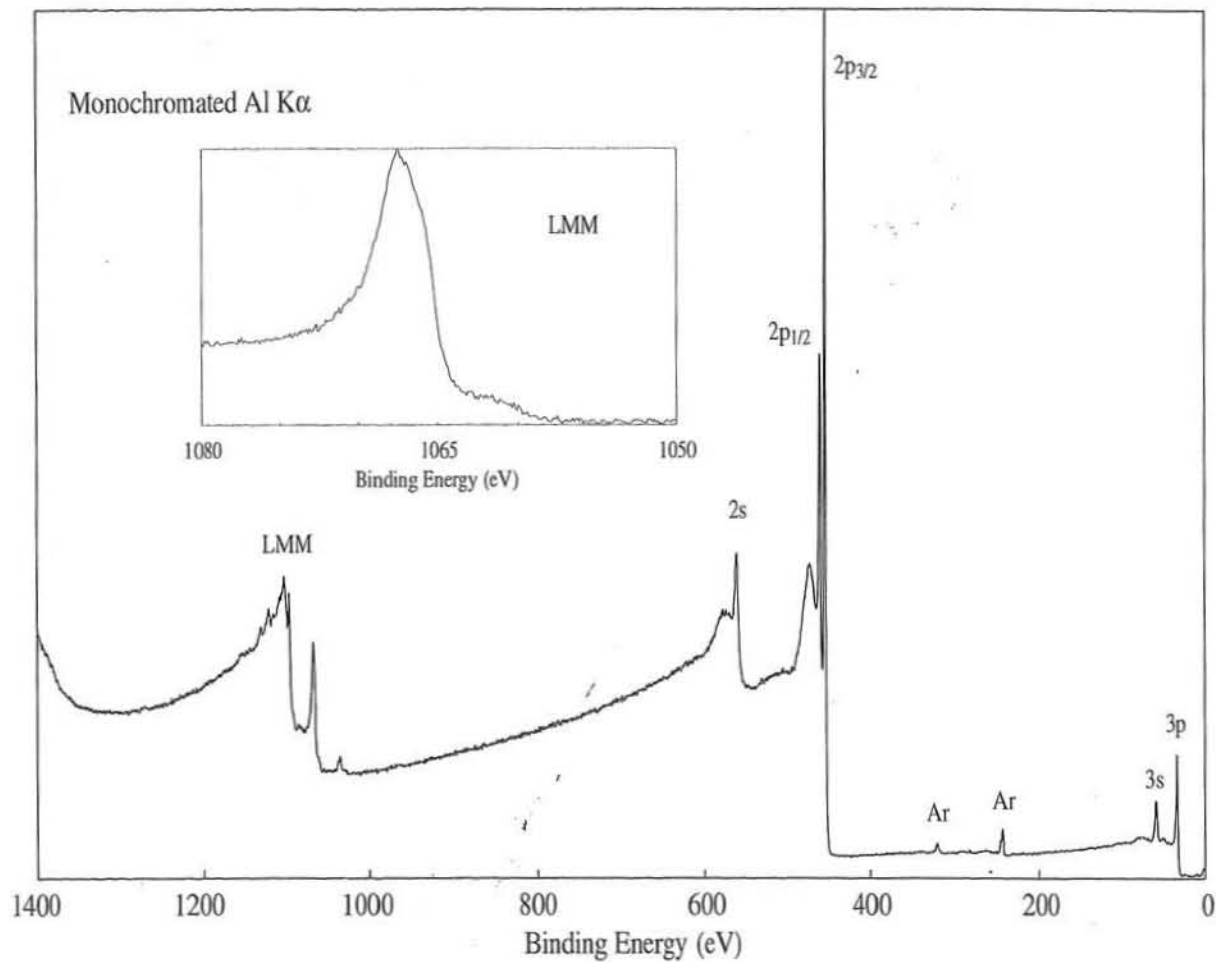
Auger Lines	
LM <sub>23</sub> M <sub>23</sub>	L <sub>3</sub> M <sub>23</sub> M <sub>45</sub> ( <sup>1</sup> P)
1149	1118 (Al)
916	885 (Mg)



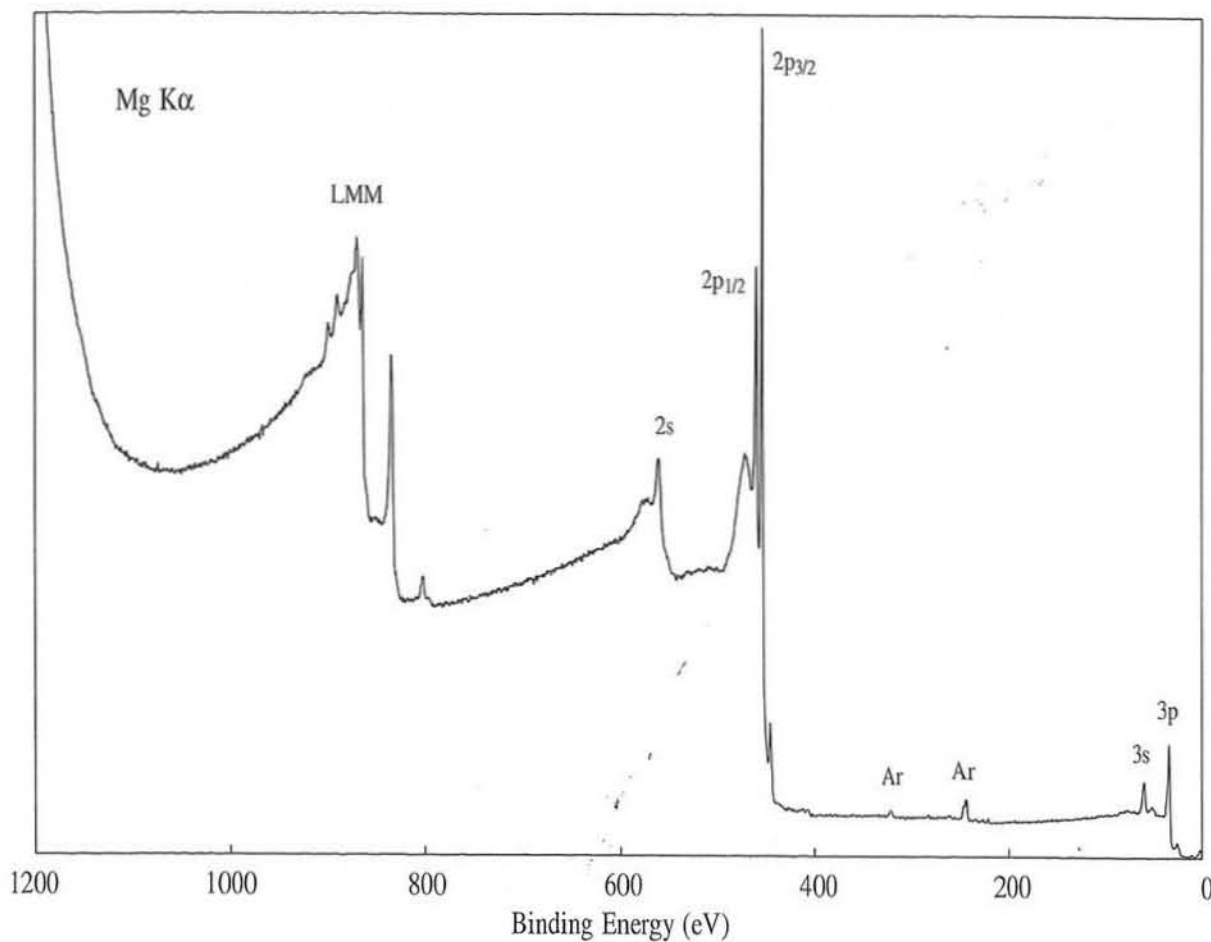
Compound Type	2p <sub>3/2</sub> Binding Energy (eV)				
	398	399	400	401	402
Sc		■			
ScN			■		
Sc <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>				■	■
ClSc(C <sub>5</sub> H <sub>5</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>				■	
Sc(C <sub>5</sub> H <sub>5</sub> )(C <sub>8</sub> H <sub>8</sub> )			■		



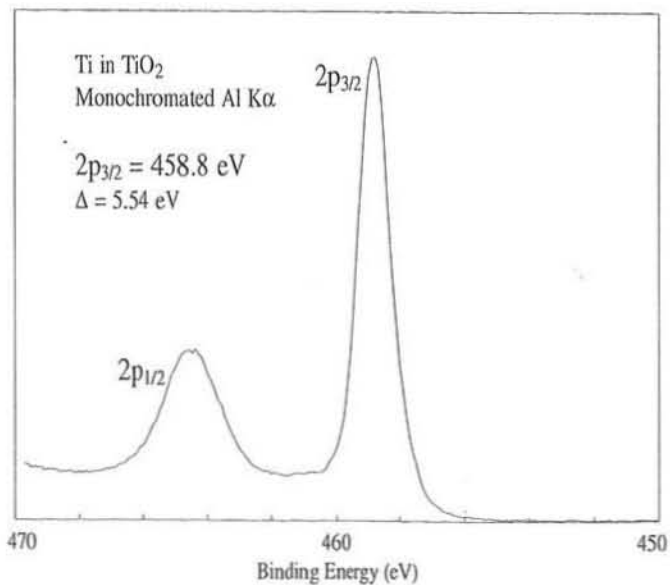


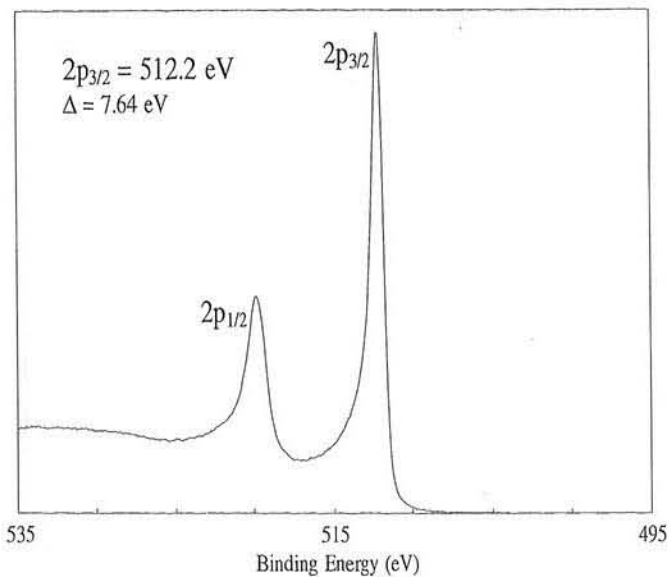
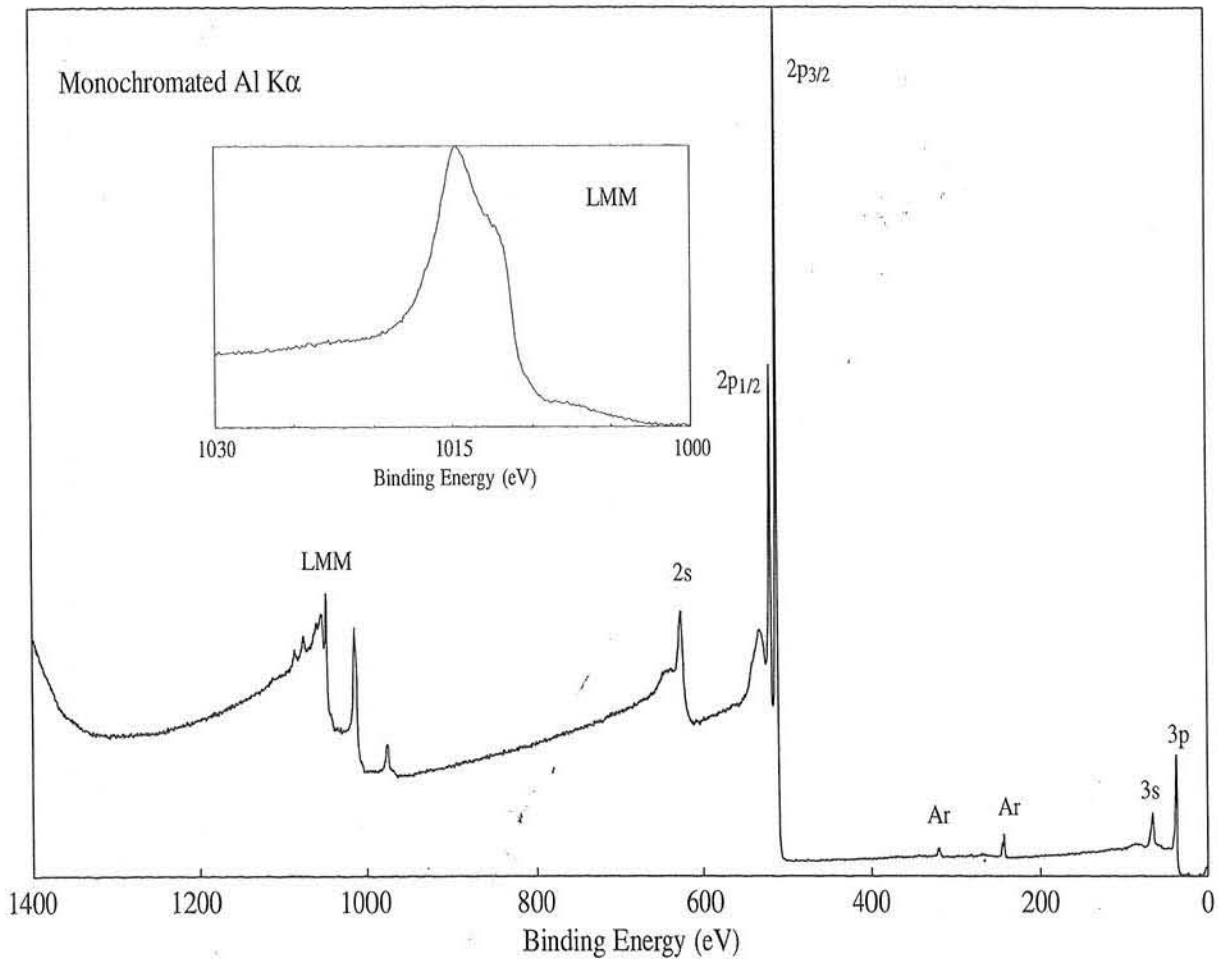


Line Positions (eV)				
<u>Photoelectron Lines</u>				
2s	2p <sub>1/2</sub>	2p <sub>3/2</sub>	3s	3p
561	460	454	59	33
<u>Auger Lines</u>				
LM <sub>23</sub> M <sub>23</sub>	L <sub>3</sub> M <sub>23</sub> M <sub>45</sub> ( <sup>1</sup> P)			
1098	1068	(Al)		
865	835	(Mg)		

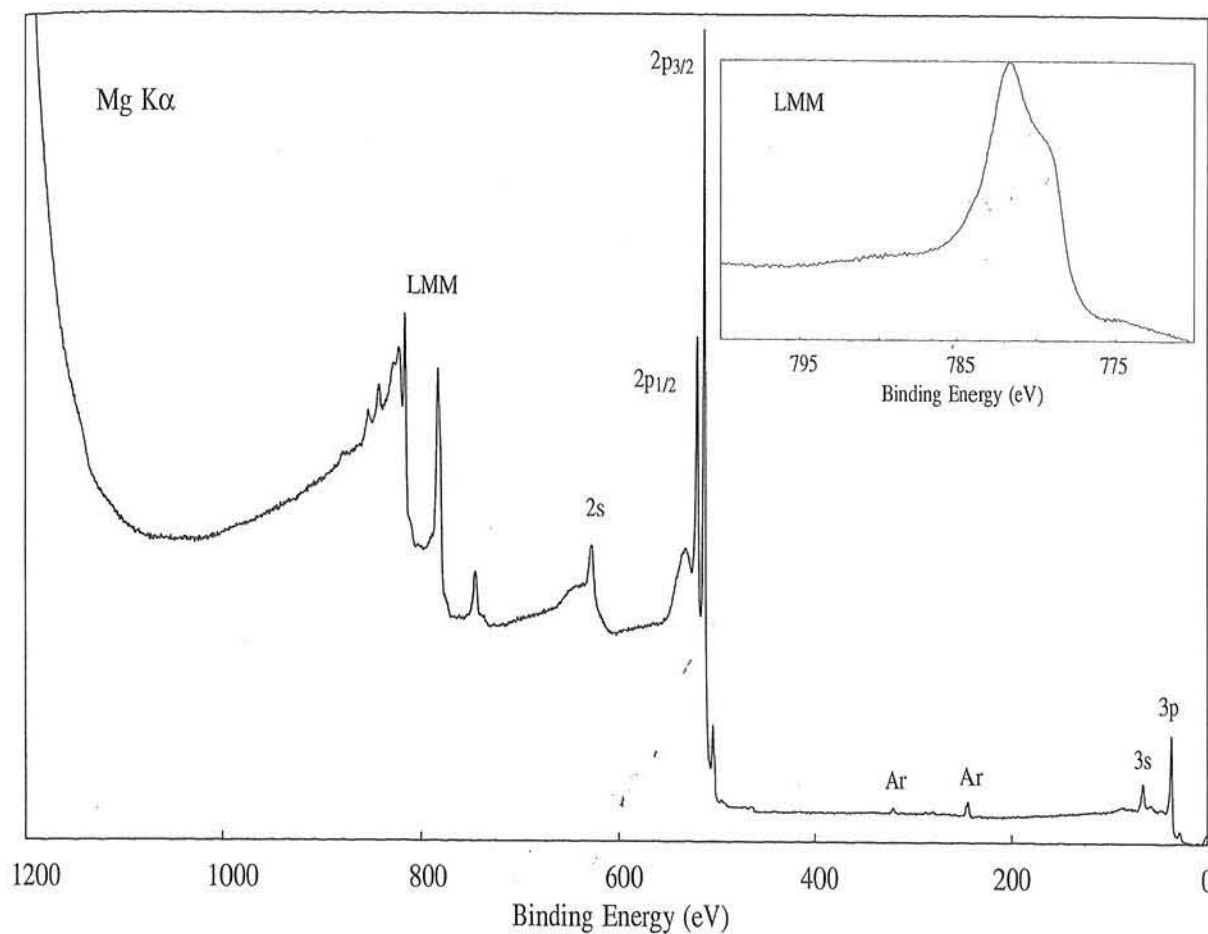


Compound Type	2p <sub>3/2</sub> Binding Energy (eV)							
	453	454	455	456	457	458	459	460
Ti		■						
TiB <sub>2</sub>		■						
TiN				■				
TiCl <sub>4</sub>							■	
TiO			■					
TiO <sub>2</sub>							■	■
BaTiO <sub>3</sub> (cubic, tetra.)							■	■
CaTiO <sub>3</sub>							■	■
PbTiO <sub>3</sub>							■	■
SrTiO <sub>3</sub>							■	■
Metallocene			■					

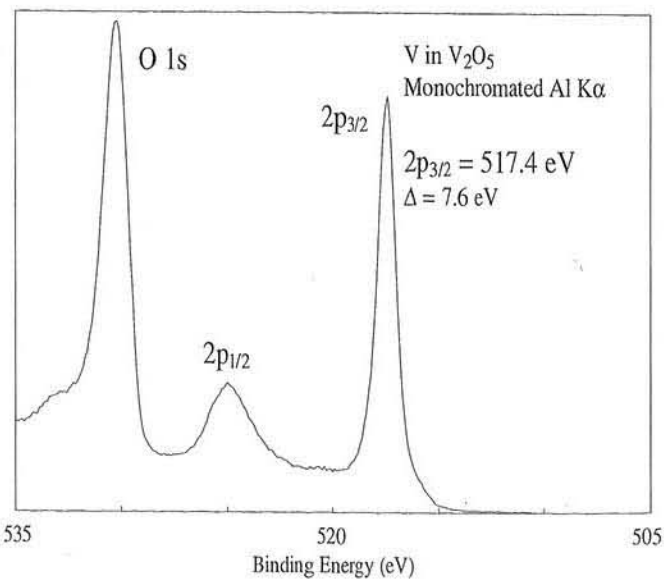


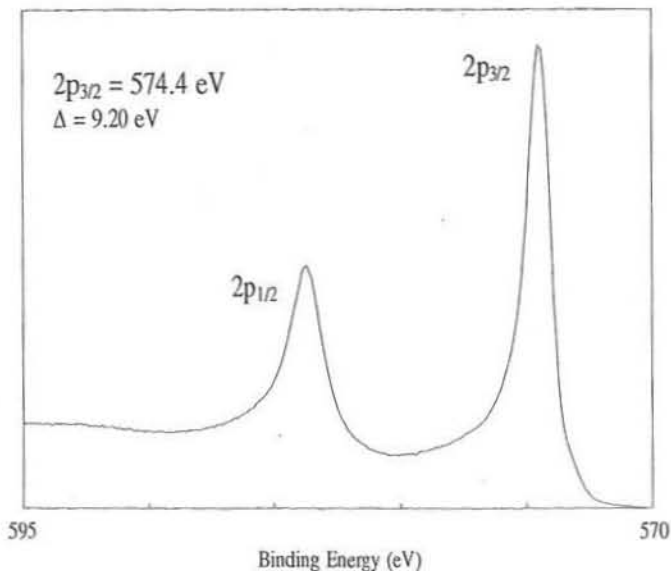
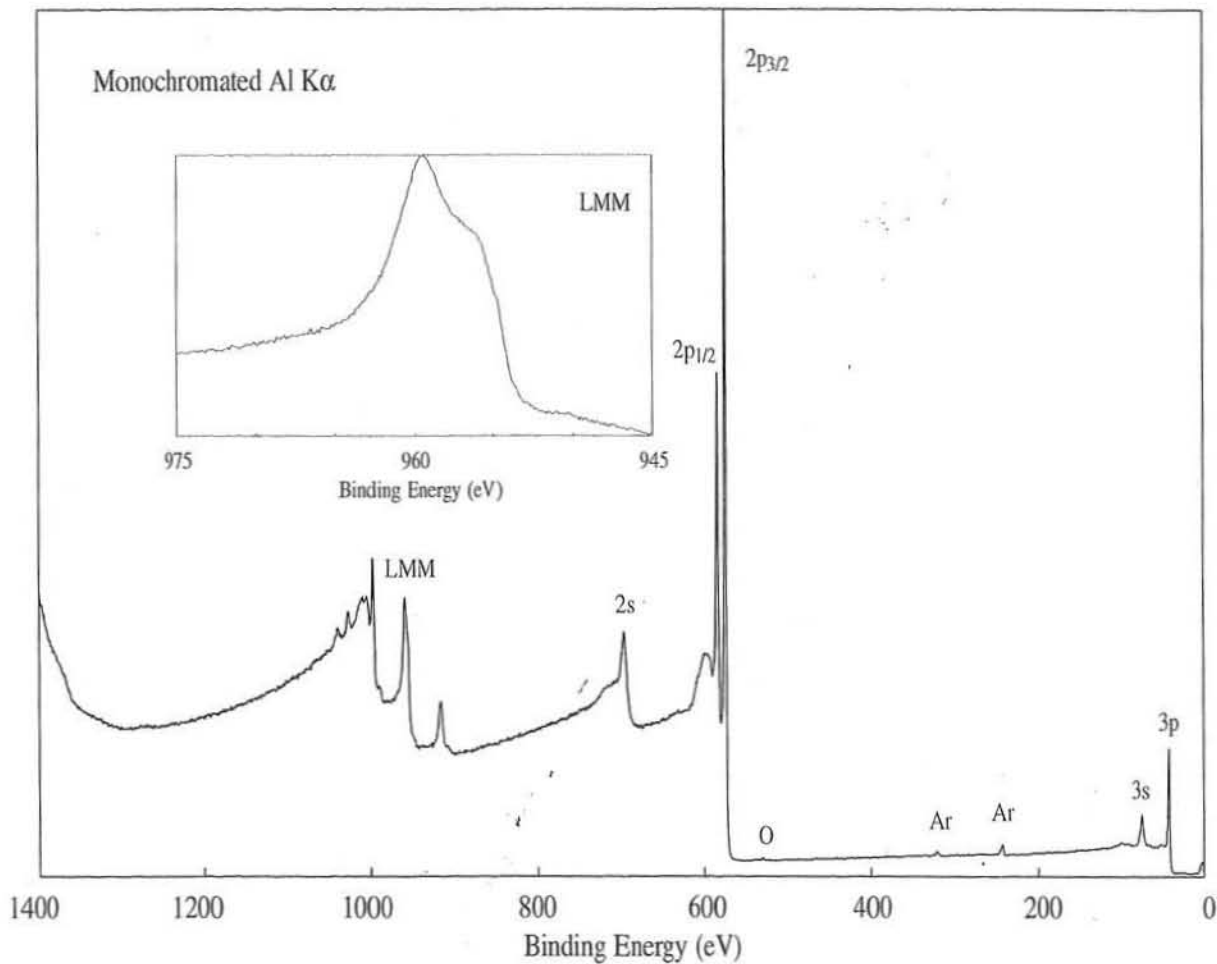


Line Positions (eV)				
<u>Photoelectron Lines</u>				
2s	2p <sub>1/2</sub>	2p <sub>3/2</sub>	3s	3p
627	520	512	66	37
<u>Auger Lines</u>				
L <sub>23</sub> M <sub>23</sub> M <sub>23</sub>	L <sub>3</sub> M <sub>23</sub> M <sub>45</sub> ( <sup>1</sup> P)	L <sub>3</sub> M <sub>45</sub> M <sub>45</sub>		
1048	1014	977	(Al)	
815	781	744	(Mg)	



Compound Type	2p $_{3/2}$ Binding Energy (eV)						
	512	513	514	515	516	517	518
V	[Bar spanning 512-518]						
VB <sub>2</sub>	[Bar spanning 512-518]						
VN	[Bar spanning 512-518]						
Oxide	[Bar spanning 512-518]						
VOCl <sub>2</sub>	[Bar spanning 512-518]						
VOSO <sub>4</sub>	[Bar spanning 512-518]						
Vanadate	[Bar spanning 512-518]						
K <sub>4</sub> V(CN) <sub>6</sub>	[Bar spanning 512-518]						
V(acac) <sub>3</sub>	[Bar spanning 512-518]						
VO(acac) <sub>2</sub>	[Bar spanning 512-518]						
Metallocene	[Bar spanning 512-518]						



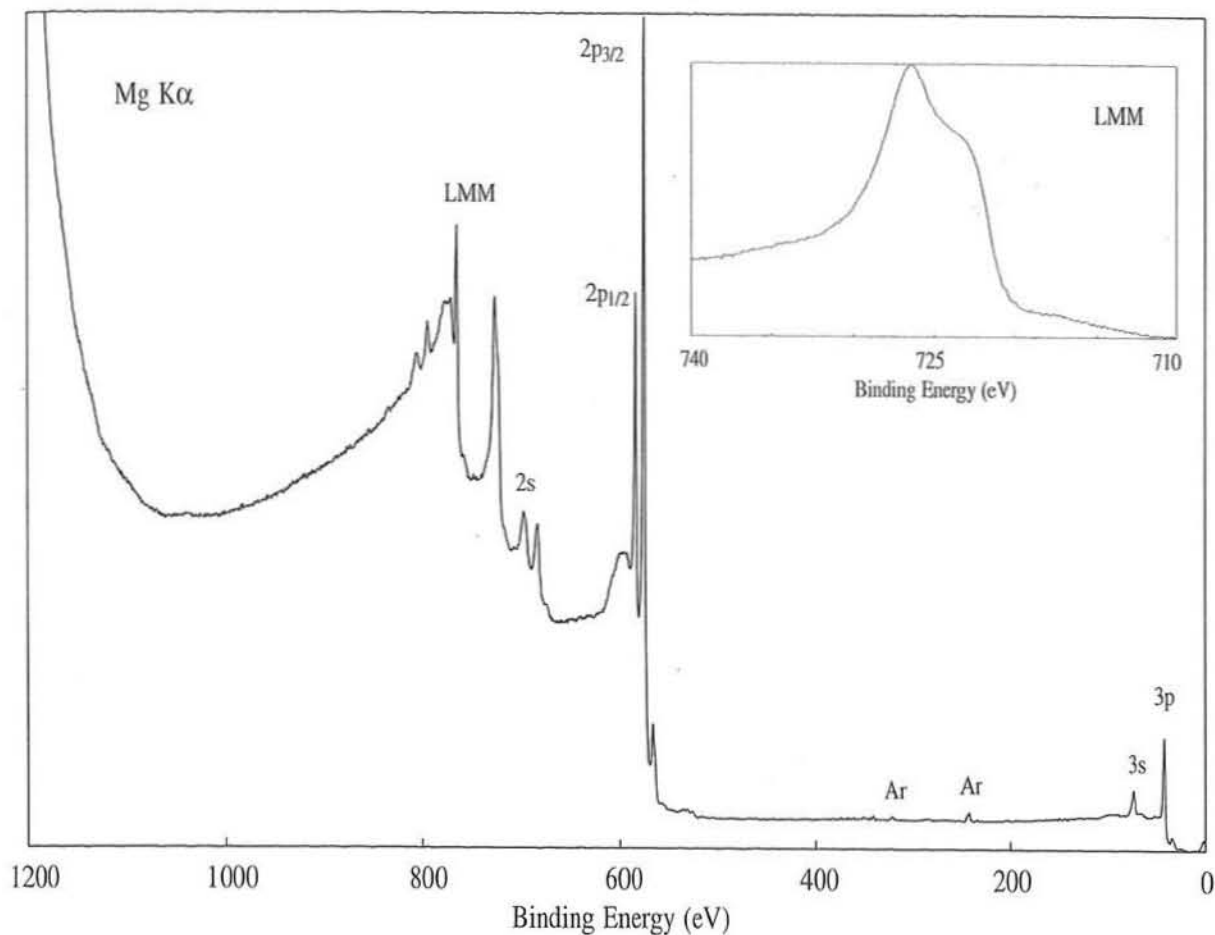


Line Positions (eV)

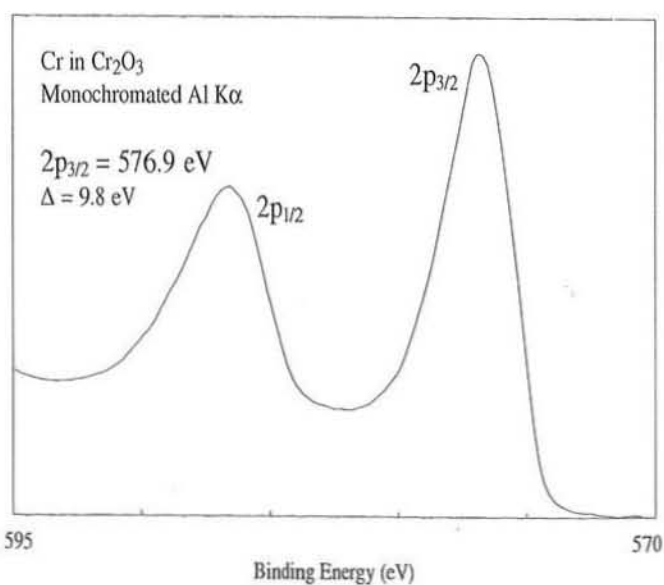
Photoelectron Lines				
2s	2p <sub>1/2</sub>	2p <sub>3/2</sub>	3s	3p
696	583	574	75	43

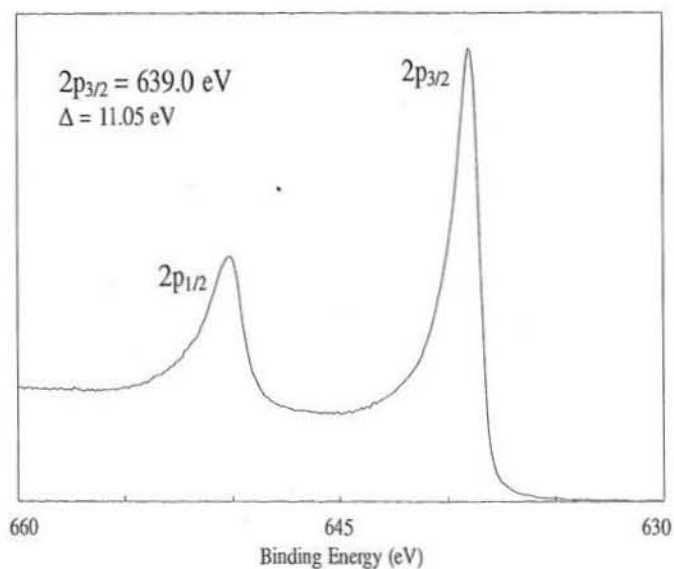
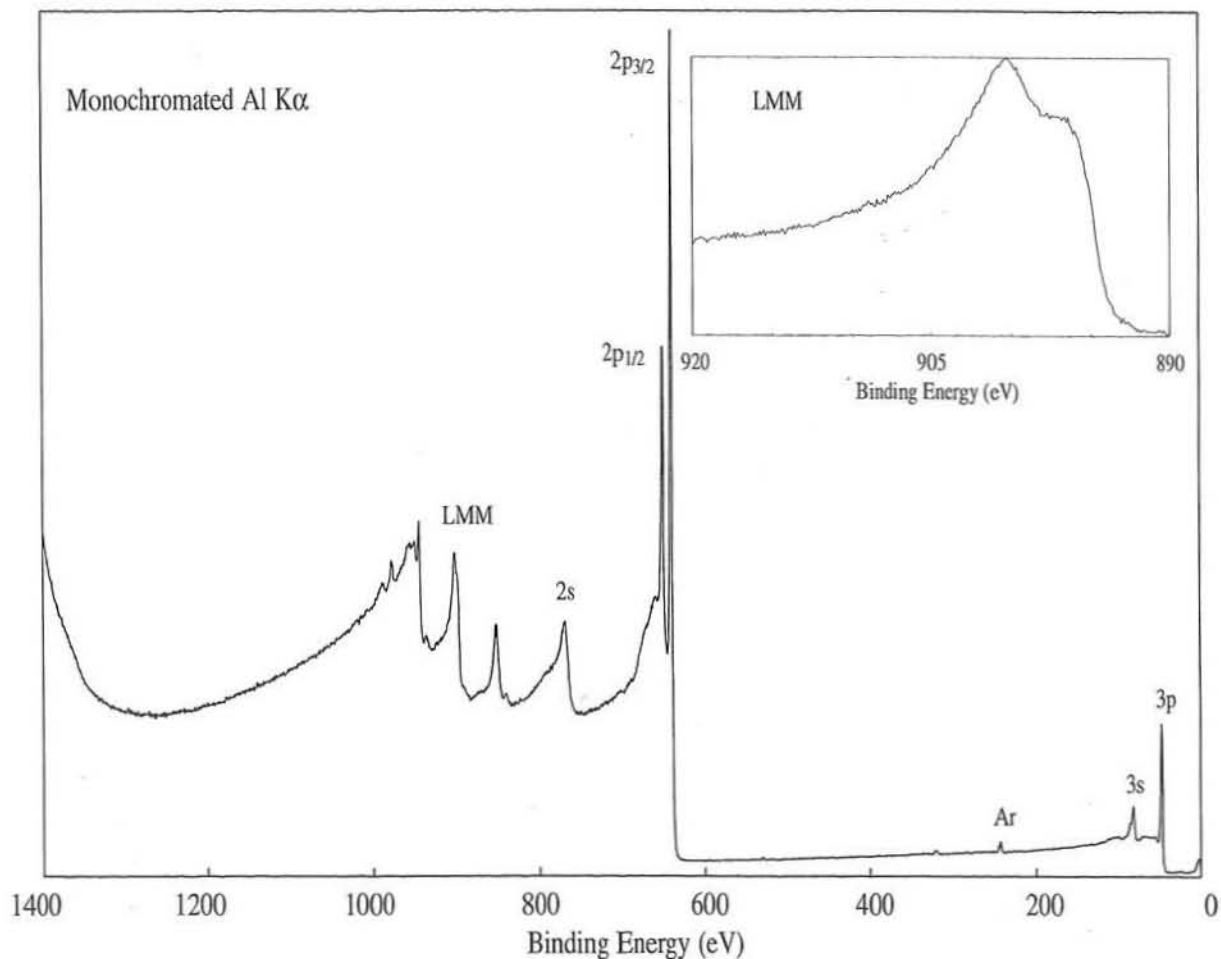
  

Auger Lines		
L <sub>23</sub> M <sub>23</sub> M <sub>23</sub>	L <sub>3</sub> M <sub>23</sub> M <sub>45</sub> ( <sup>1</sup> P)	L <sub>3</sub> M <sub>45</sub> M <sub>45</sub>
997	959	917 (Al)
764	726	684 (Mg)

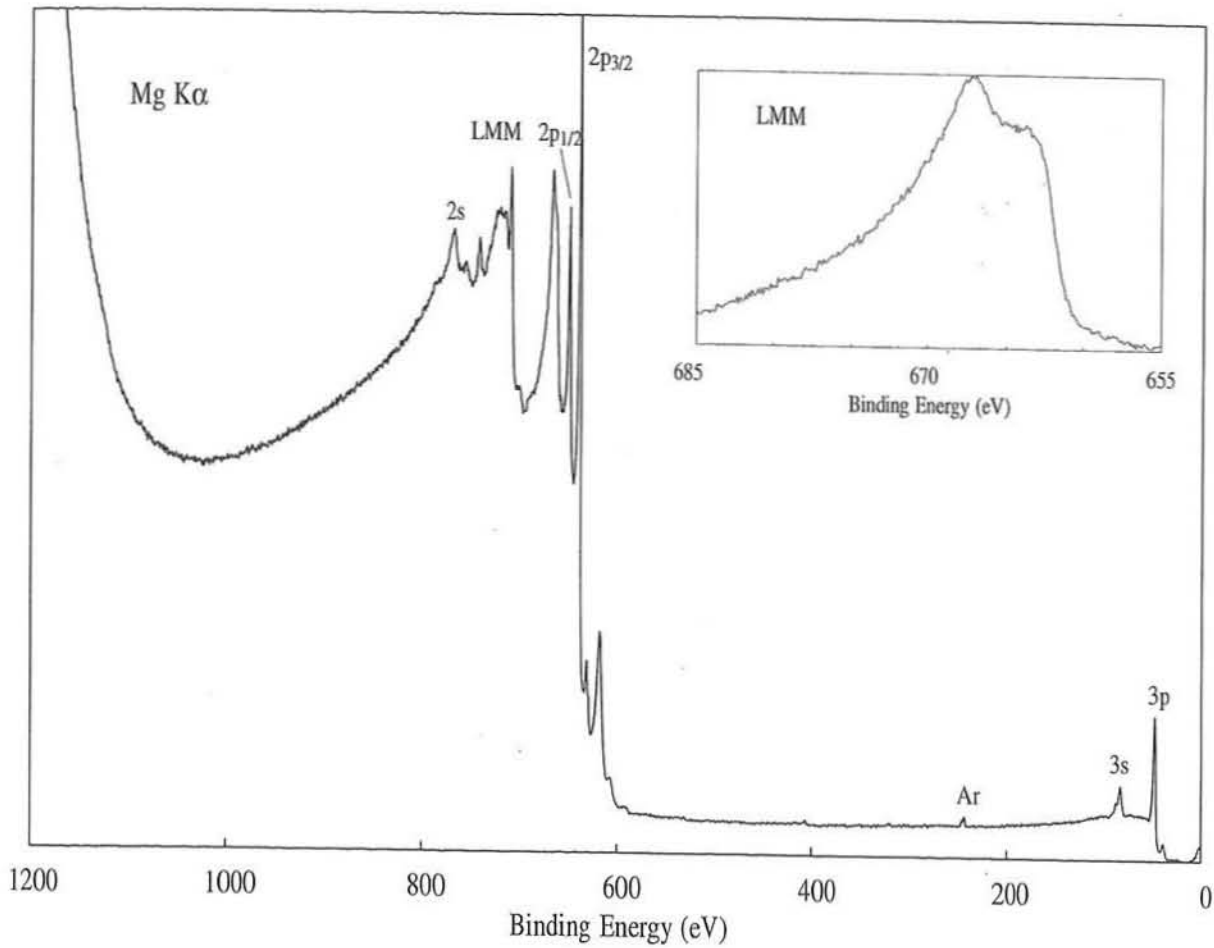


Compound Type	$2p_{3/2}$ Binding Energy (eV)				
	574	576	578	580	582
Cr					
Cr Nitride		■			
CrBr <sub>3</sub>		■			
CrCl <sub>3</sub>			■		
Oxide		■			
CrF <sub>3</sub>				■	
Cr(OH) <sub>3</sub>			■		
CrOOH		■			
K <sub>2</sub> Cr <sub>2</sub> O <sub>7</sub>				■	
K <sub>3</sub> Cr(CN) <sub>6</sub>		■			
Cr(acac) <sub>3</sub>		■			

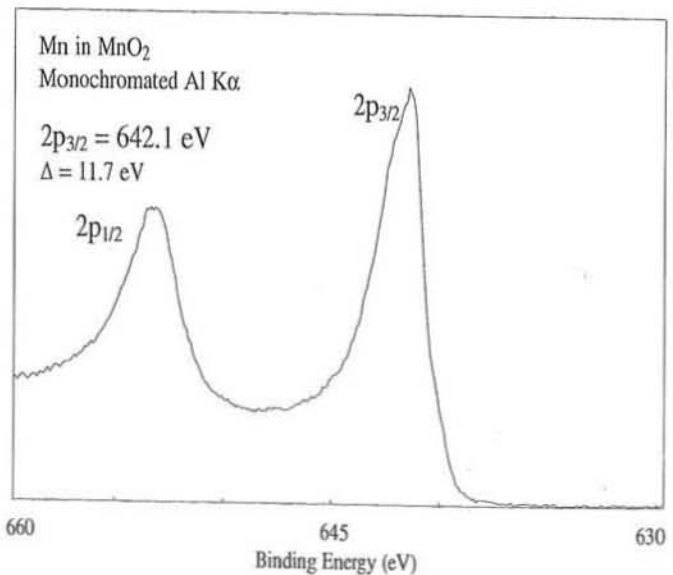




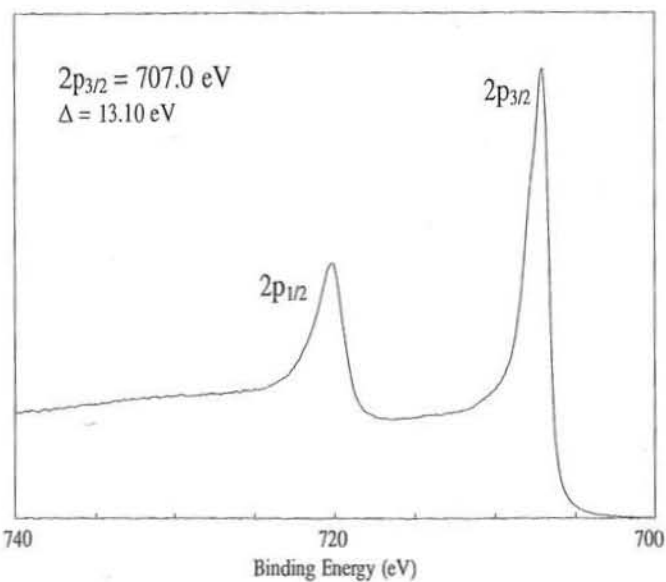
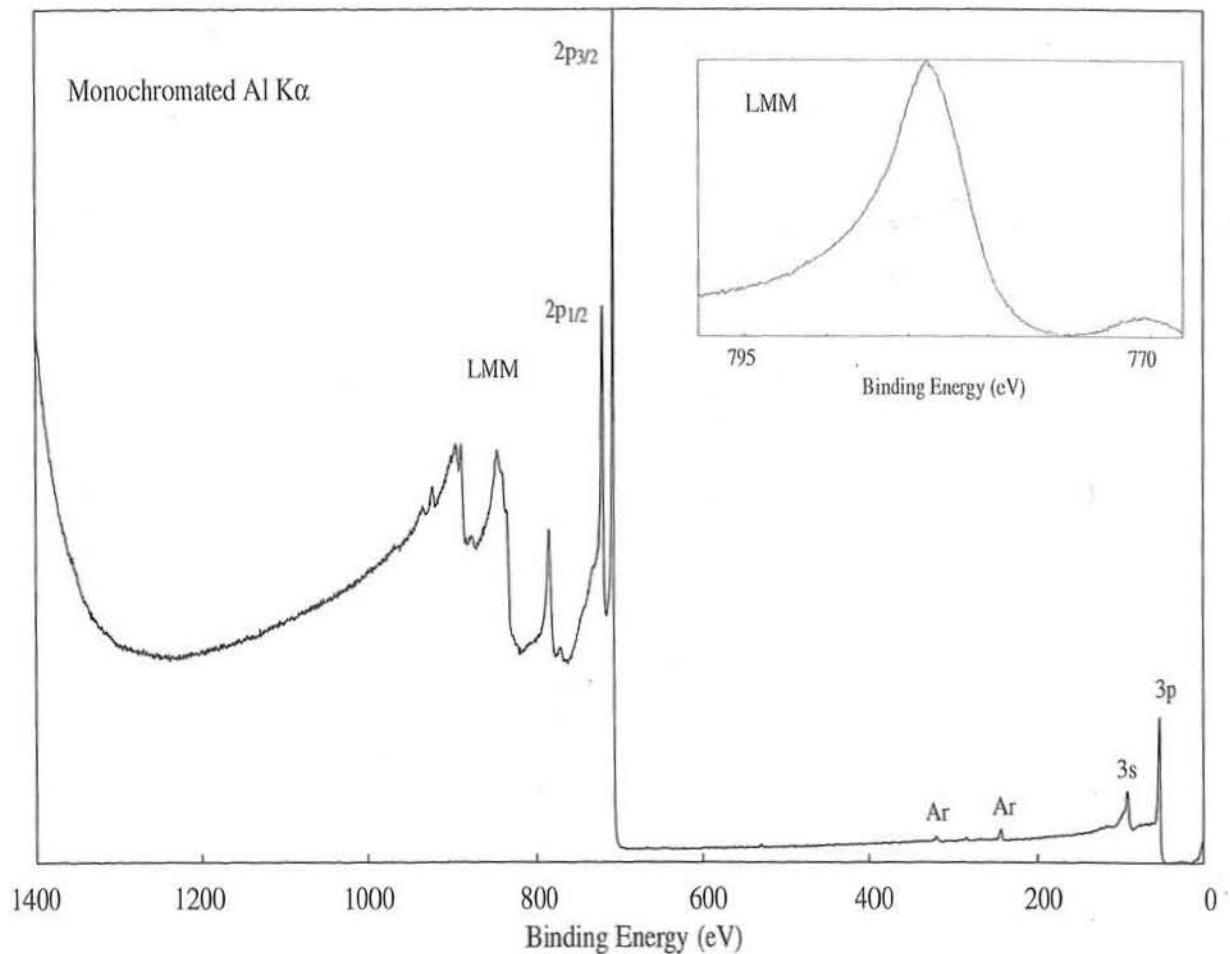
Line Positions (eV)				
<u>Photoelectron Lines</u>				
2s	2p <sub>1/2</sub>	2p <sub>3/2</sub>	3s	3p
769	650	639	83	48
<u>Auger Lines</u>				
L <sub>23</sub> M <sub>23</sub> M <sub>23</sub>	L <sub>3</sub> M <sub>23</sub> M <sub>45</sub>	L <sub>3</sub> M <sub>45</sub> M <sub>45</sub>		
944	900	852	(Al)	
711	667	619	(Mg)	



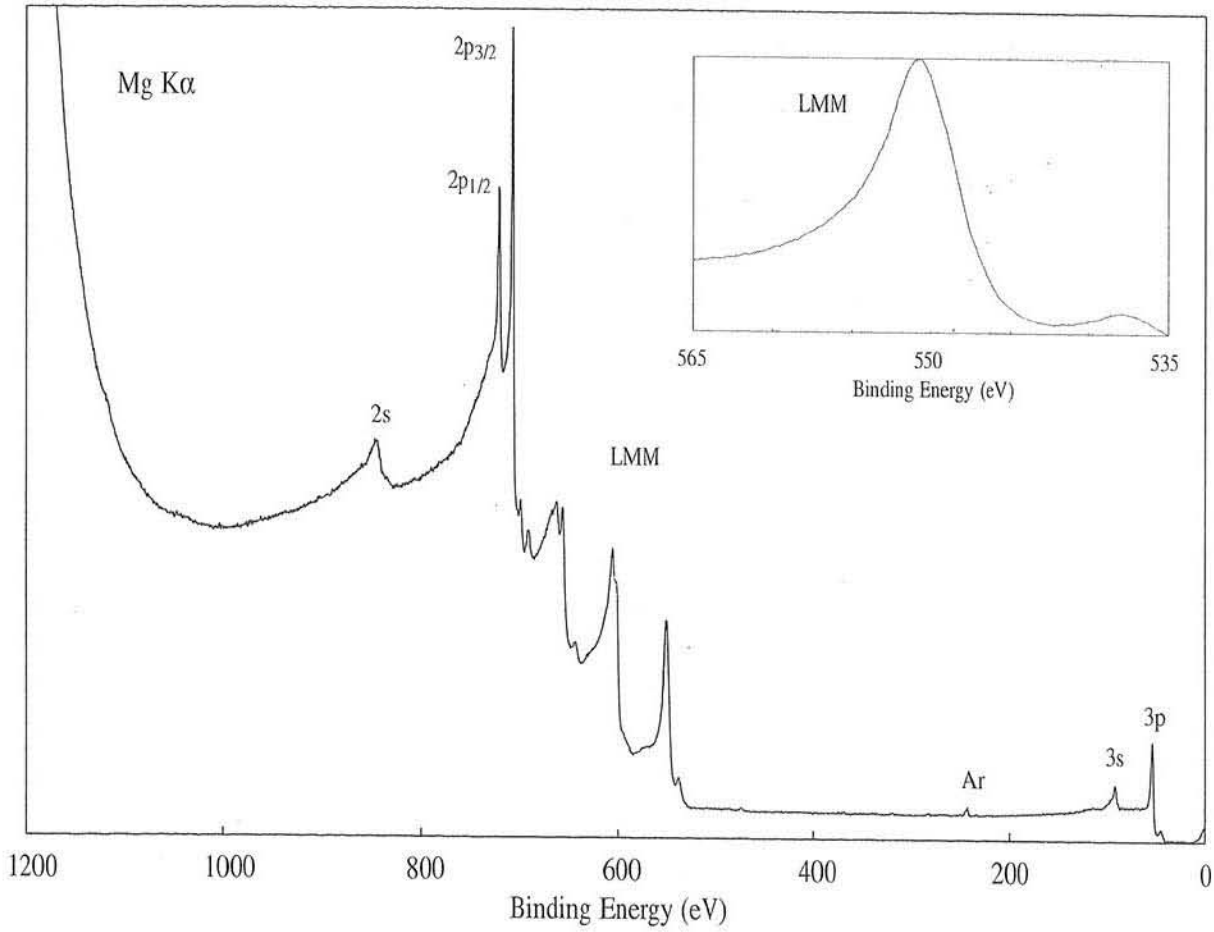
Compound Type	2p <sub>3/2</sub> Binding Energy (eV)							
	638	639	640	641	642	643	644	645
Mn		■						
MnS				■	■	■		
MnCl <sub>2</sub>				■	■	■		
MnF <sub>3</sub>						■		
MnO				■	■	■		
Mn <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>				■	■	■		
Mn <sub>3</sub> O <sub>4</sub>				■	■	■		
MnO <sub>2</sub>				■	■	■		
MnOOH				■	■	■		
MnSO <sub>4</sub>								■
Mn(C <sub>5</sub> H <sub>5</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>	■							



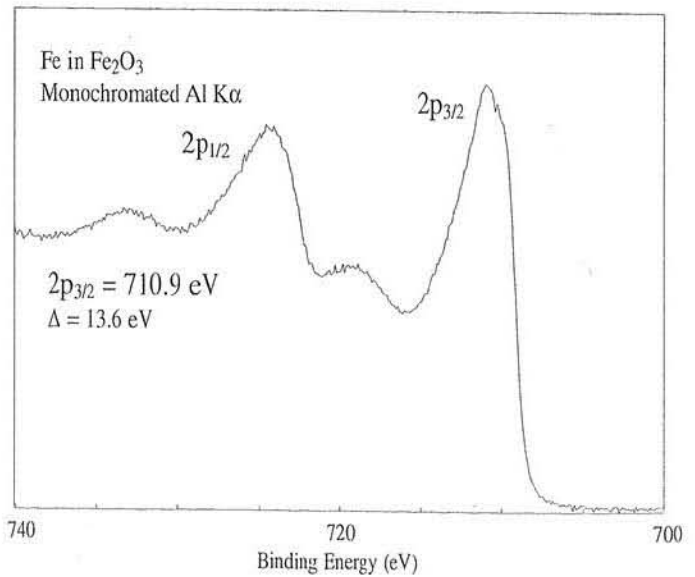


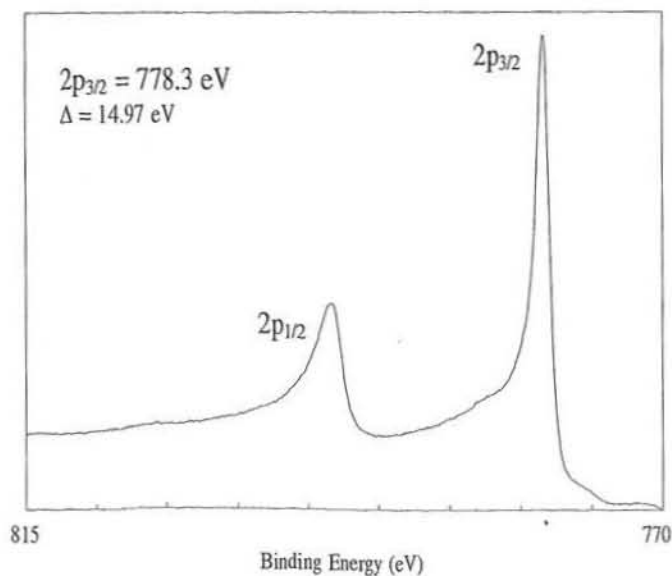
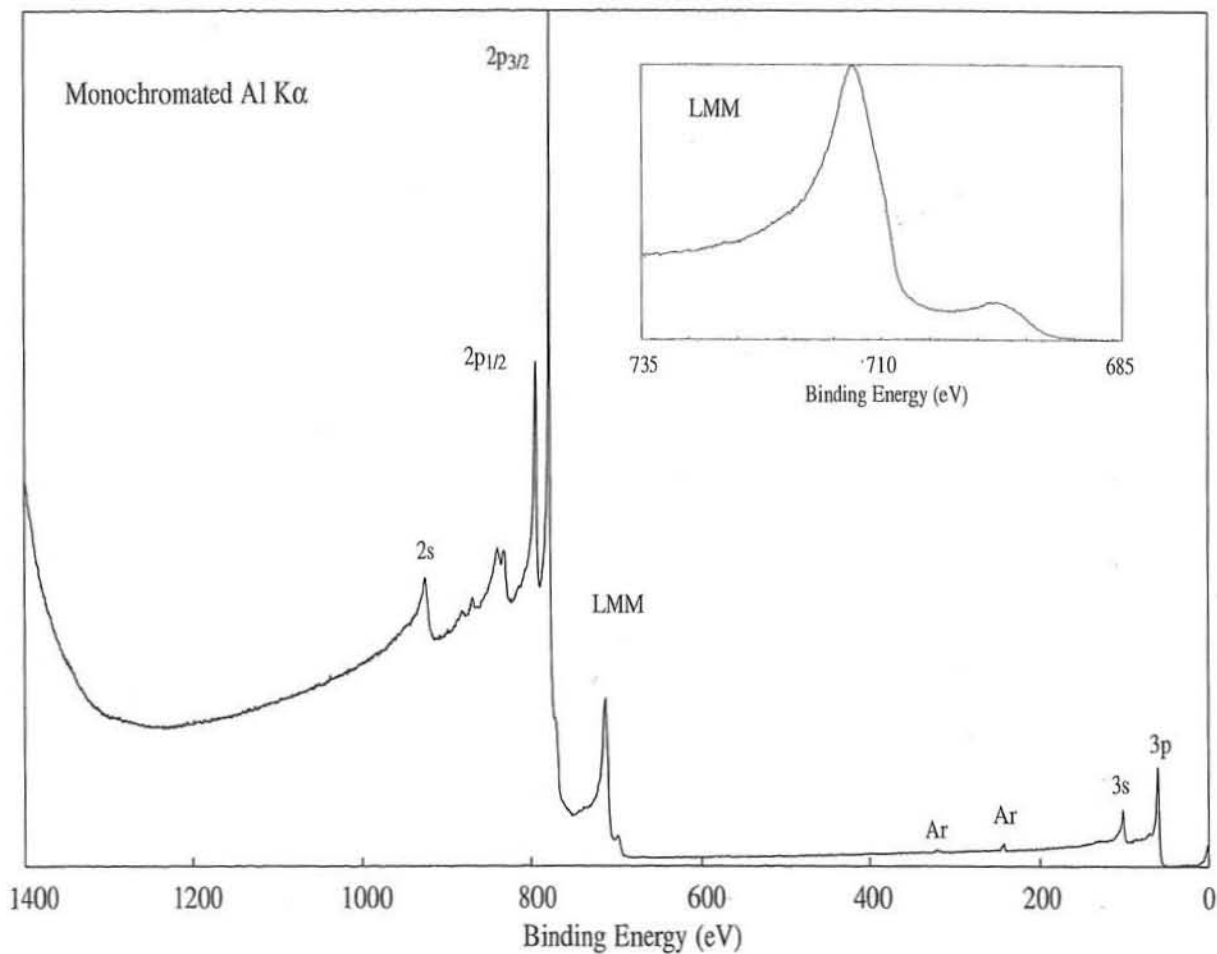


Line Positions (eV)				
<u>Photoelectron Lines</u>				
2s	2p <sub>1/2</sub>	2p <sub>3/2</sub>	3s	3p
845	720	707	92	53
<u>Auger Lines</u>				
LM <sub>23</sub> M <sub>23</sub>	L <sub>3</sub> M <sub>23</sub> M <sub>45</sub> ( <sup>1</sup> P)	L <sub>3</sub> M <sub>45</sub> M <sub>45</sub>		
888	839	784	(Al)	
655	606	551	(Mg)	

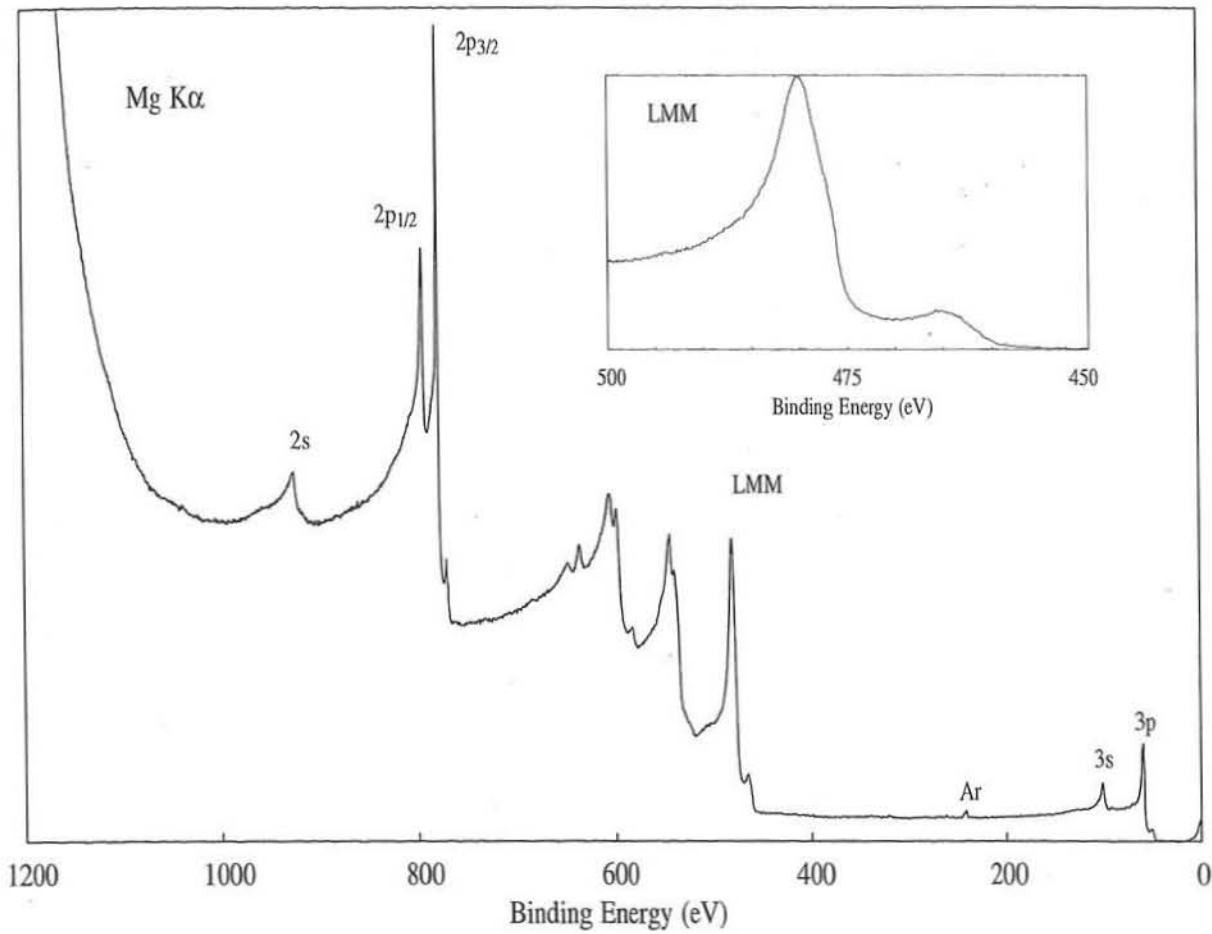


Compound Type	2p <sub>3/2</sub> Binding Energy (eV)							
	706	707	708	709	710	711	712	713
Fe		■						
FeS							■	
FeS <sub>2</sub> (markasite, pyr)		■						
FeCl <sub>2</sub>						■		
FeCl <sub>3</sub>							■	
FeO				■				
Fe <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>						■		
FeOOH							■	
FeSO <sub>4</sub>								■
K <sub>3</sub> Fe(CN) <sub>6</sub>				■				
K <sub>4</sub> Fe(CN) <sub>6</sub>		■	■	■	■	■	■	■

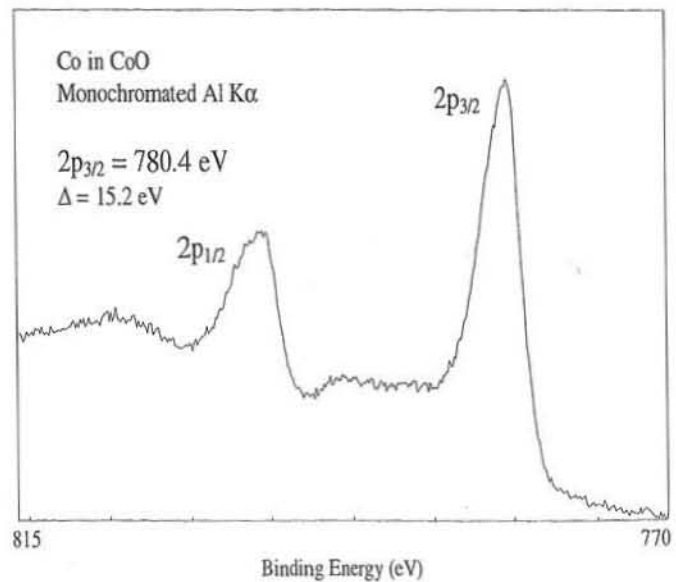


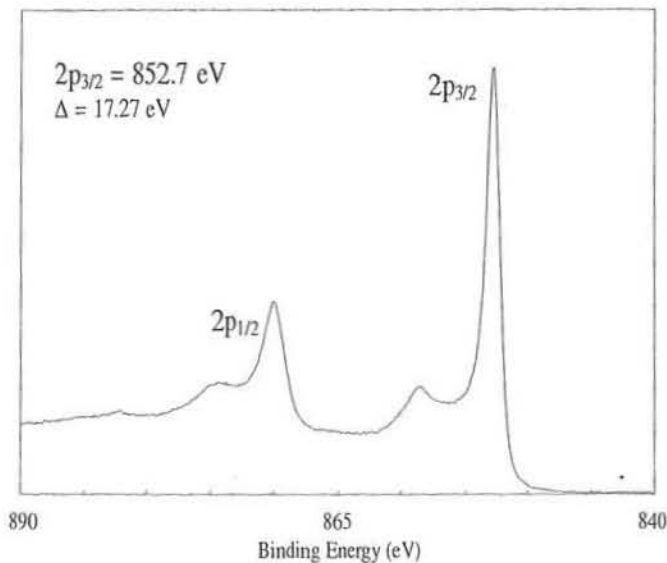
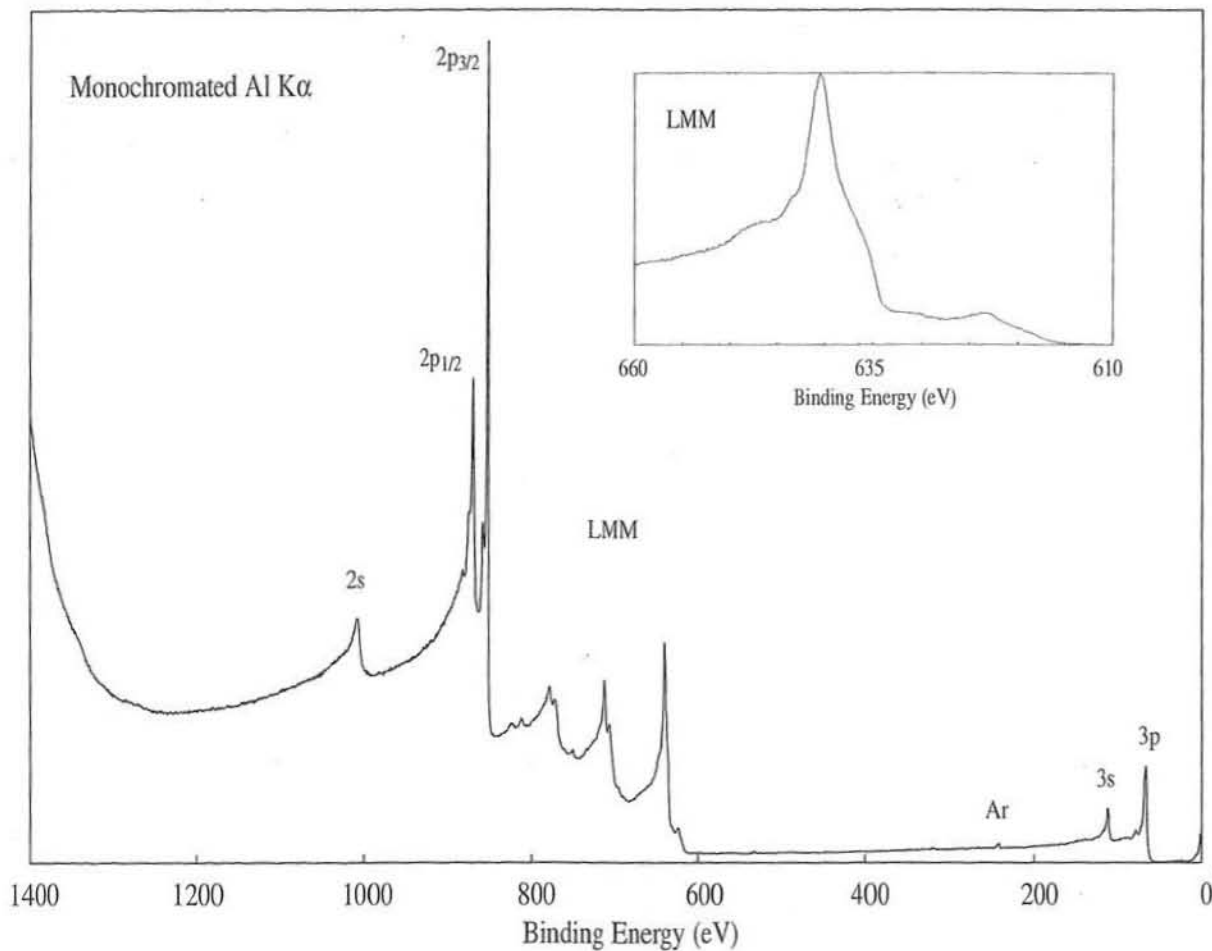


Line Positions (eV)				
<u>Photoelectron Lines</u>				
2s	2p <sub>1/2</sub>	2p <sub>3/2</sub>	3s	3p
925	793	778	101	60
<u>Auger Lines</u>				
L <sub>3</sub> M <sub>23</sub> M <sub>23</sub>	L <sub>2</sub> M <sub>23</sub> M <sub>23</sub>	L <sub>3</sub> M <sub>23</sub> M <sub>45</sub> ( <sup>1</sup> P)		
838	831	777	(Al)	
605	598	544	(Mg)	
L <sub>3</sub> M <sub>23</sub> M <sub>45</sub> ( <sup>3</sup> P)	L <sub>2</sub> M <sub>23</sub> M <sub>45</sub> ( <sup>1</sup> P)	L <sub>3</sub> M <sub>45</sub> M <sub>45</sub>		
771	713	698	(Al)	
538	480	465	(Mg)	

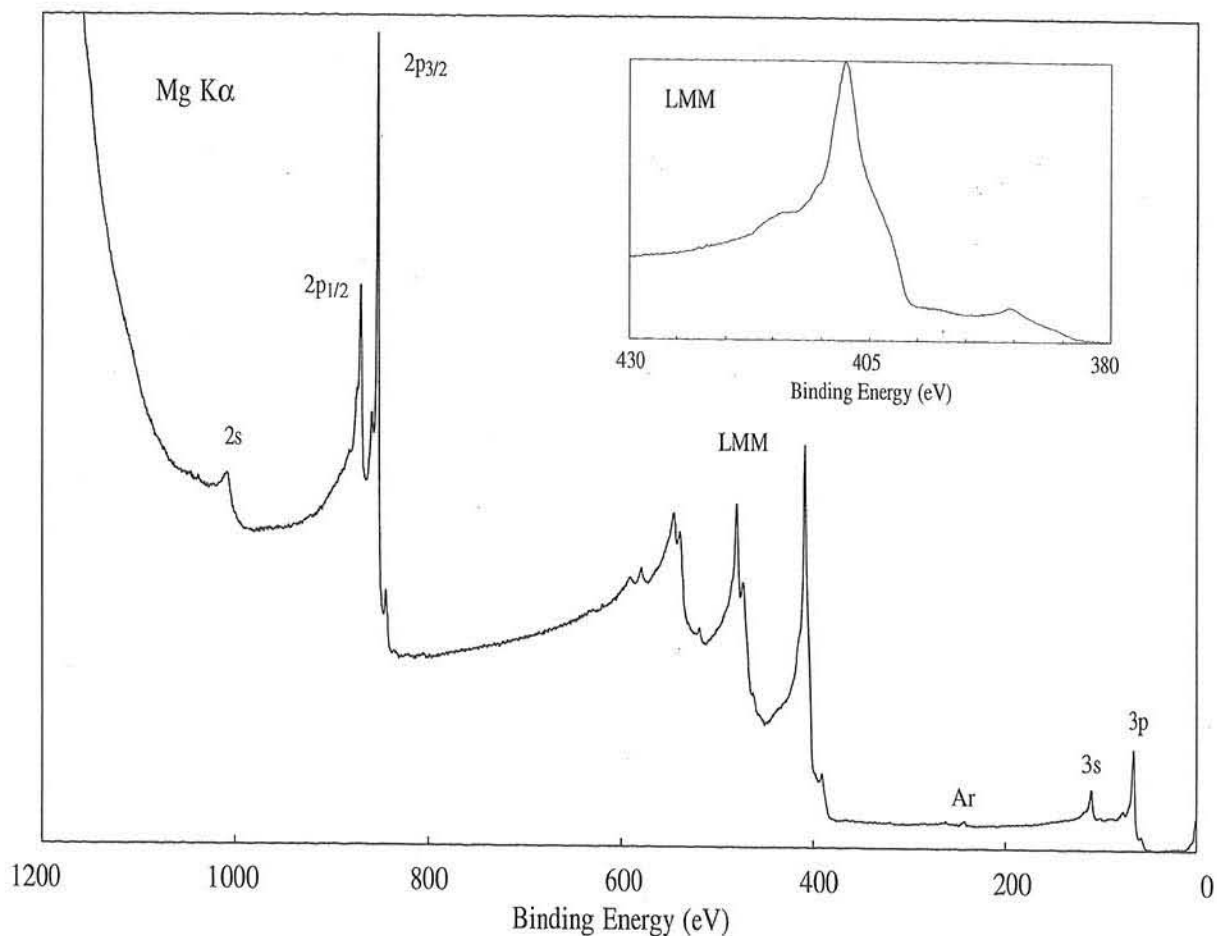


Compound Type	$2p_{3/2}$ Binding Energy (eV)						
	778	779	780	781	782	783	784
Co	■						
CoF <sub>2</sub>						■	
CoF <sub>3</sub>						■	
CoO			■				
Co <sub>3</sub> O <sub>4</sub>		■	■				
Co <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>		■	■				
CoOOH		■	■				
Co(OH) <sub>2</sub>				■			
CoSO <sub>4</sub>							■
Co(NH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> Cl <sub>3</sub>				■	■		

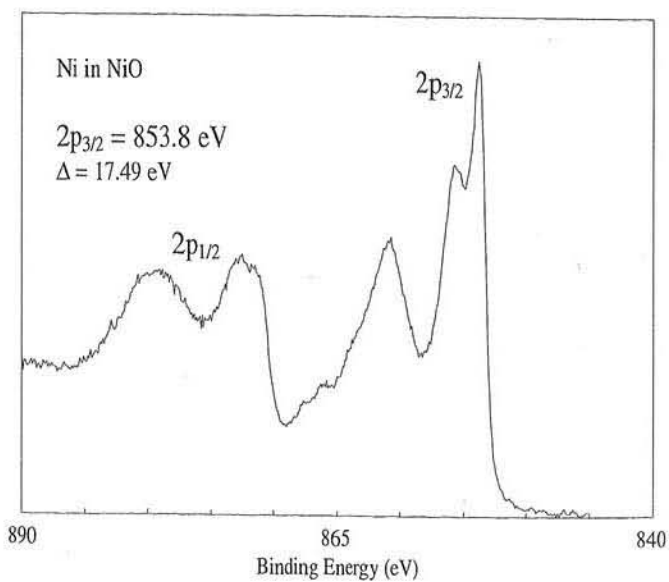


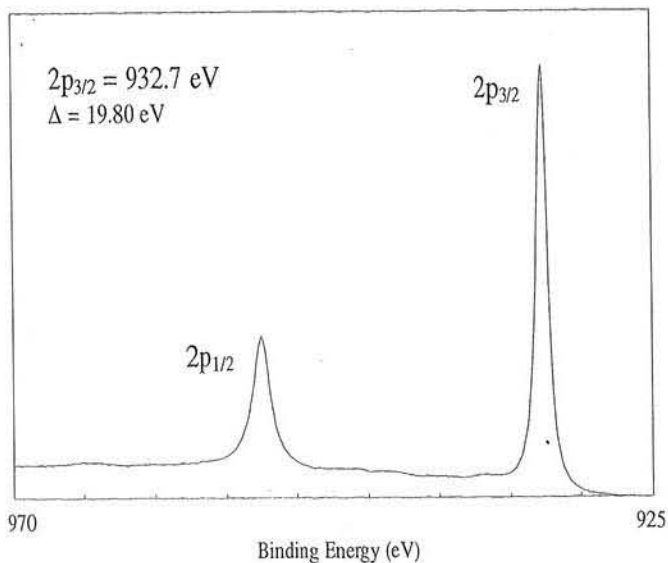
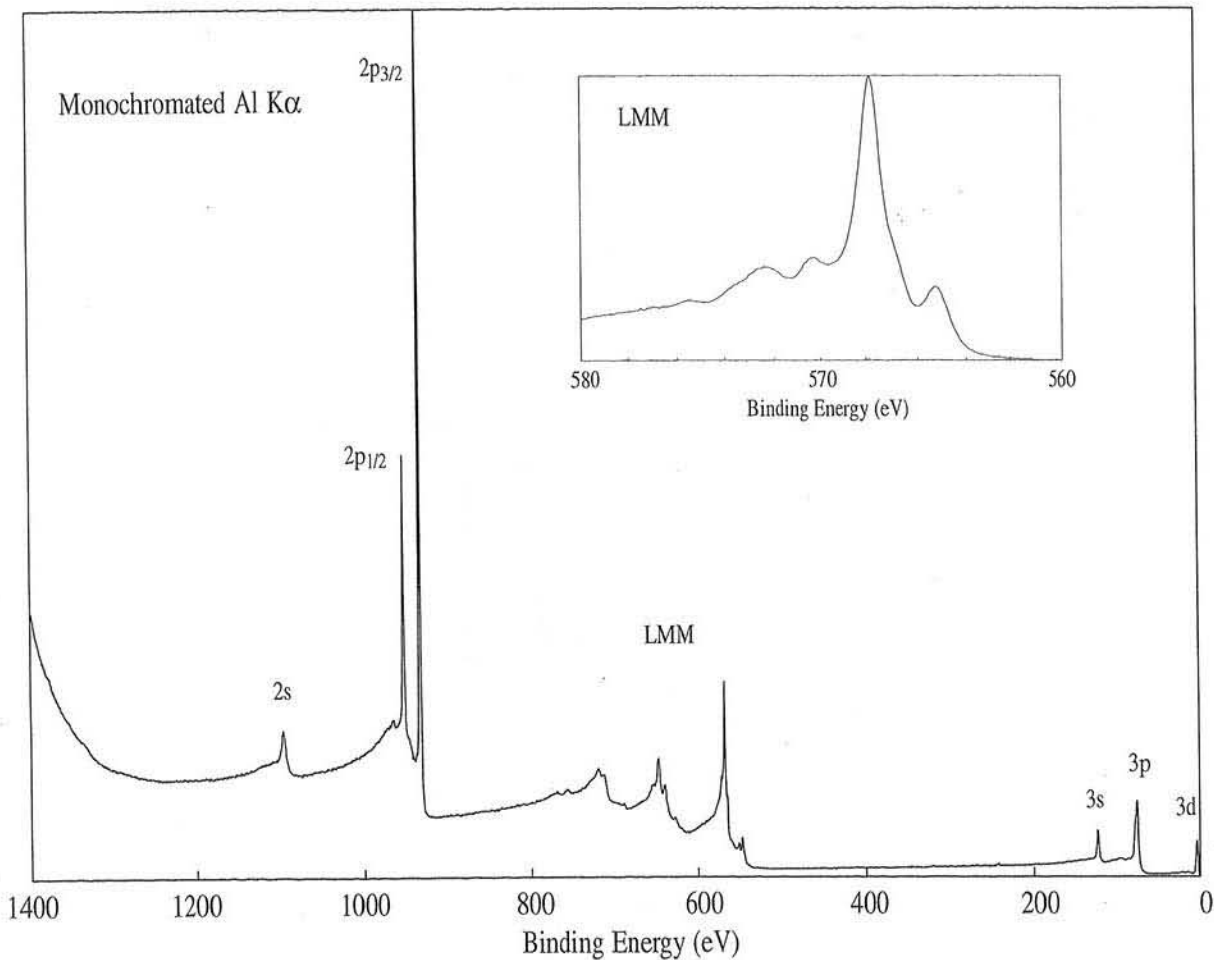


Line Positions (eV)					
<u>Photoelectron Lines</u>					
2s	2p <sub>1/2</sub>	2p <sub>3/2</sub>	3s	3p	
1009	870	853	111	67	
<u>Auger Lines</u>					
L <sub>3</sub> M <sub>23</sub> M <sub>23</sub>	L <sub>2</sub> M <sub>23</sub> M <sub>23</sub>	L <sub>3</sub> M <sub>23</sub> M <sub>45</sub> ( <sup>1</sup> P)			
778	772	712			
	545	479			
L <sub>3</sub> M <sub>23</sub> M <sub>45</sub> ( <sup>3</sup> P)	L <sub>2</sub> M <sub>23</sub> M <sub>45</sub> ( <sup>1</sup> P)	L <sub>3</sub> M <sub>45</sub> M <sub>45</sub>			
706	641	624	(Al)		
473	408	391	(Mg)		

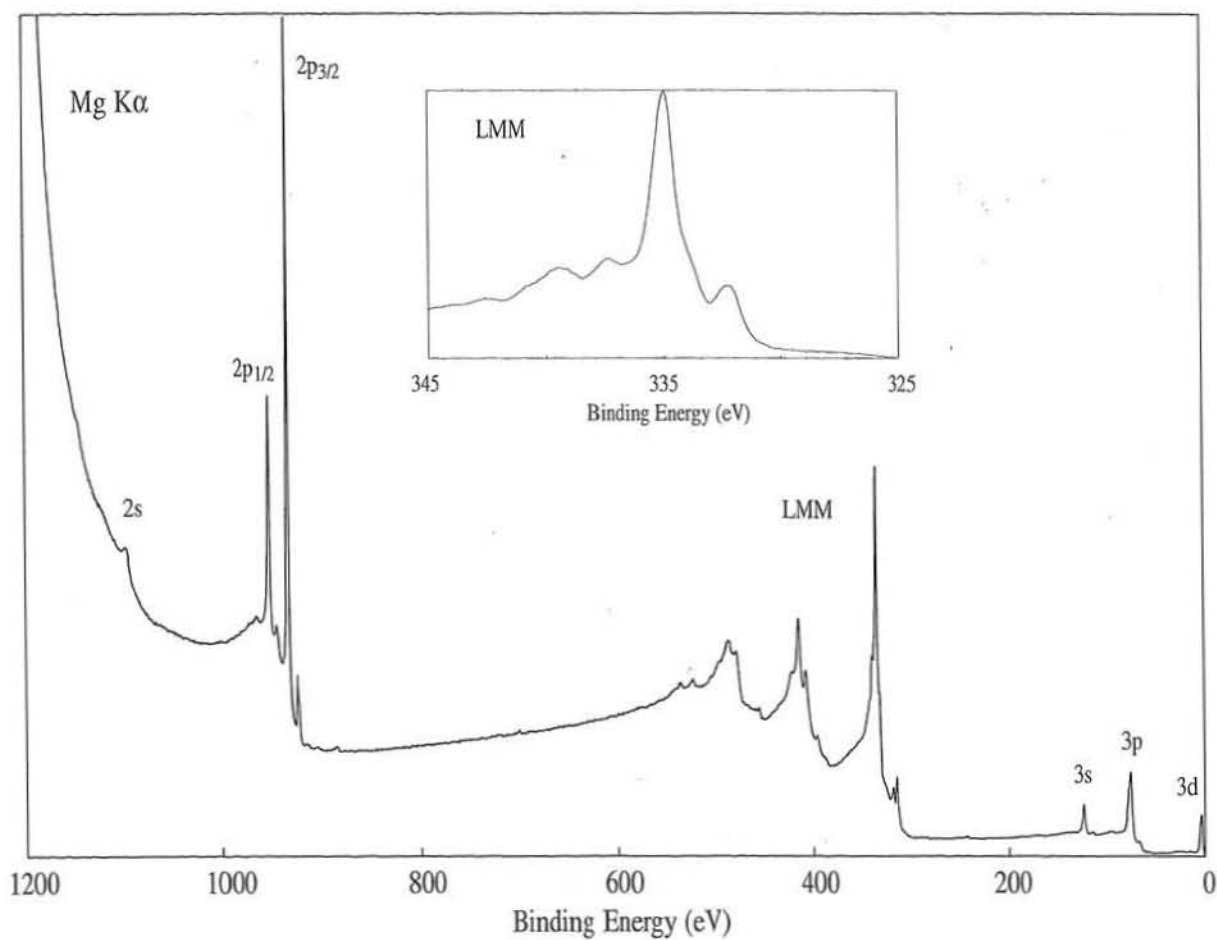


Compound Type	2p <sub>3/2</sub> Binding Energy (eV)							
	852	853	854	855	856	857	858	
Ni		■						
Silicides		■	■					
NiS		■	■					
Halides					■	■	■	
NiO			■	■	■	■		
Ni <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>			■	■	■	■		
Ni(NO <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>					■	■		
Ni(acac) <sub>2</sub>					■	■		
Ni(OAc) <sub>2</sub> · 4H <sub>2</sub> O					■	■		
Ni(dimethylglyoxim) <sub>2</sub>				■				

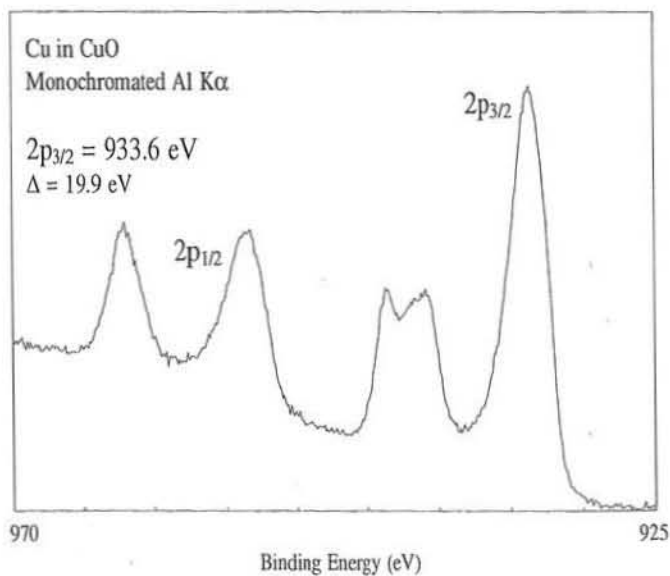




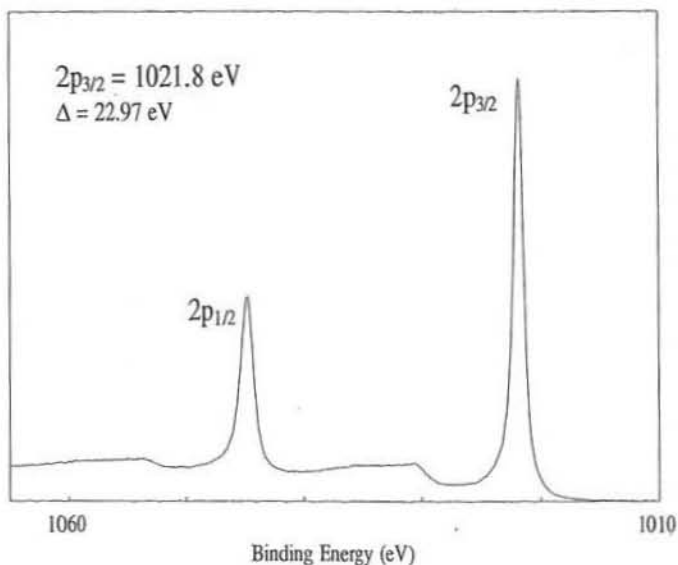
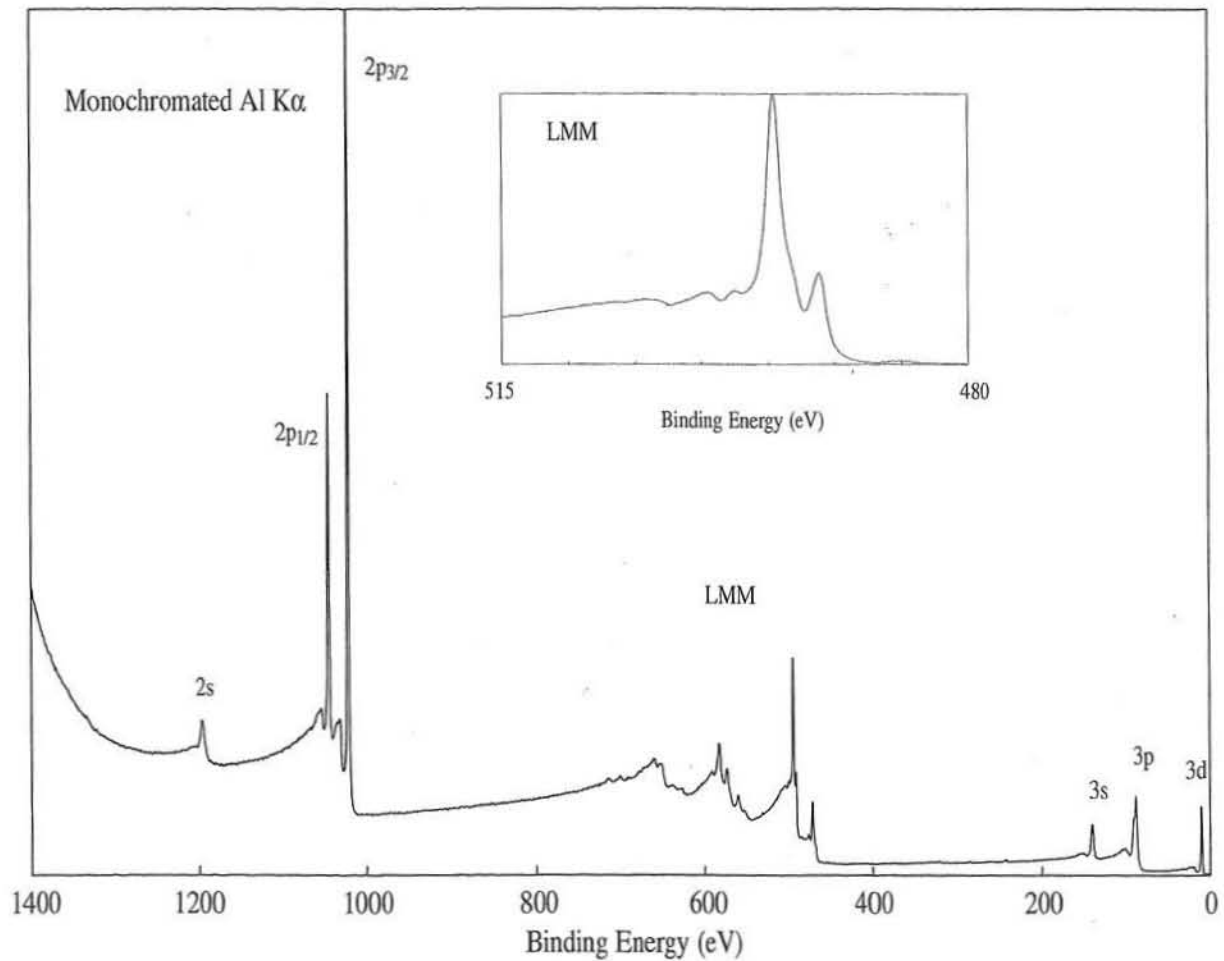
Line Positions (eV)					
<u>Photoelectron Lines</u>					
2s	2p <sub>1/2</sub>	2p <sub>3/2</sub>	3s	3p <sub>1/2</sub>	3p <sub>3/2</sub>
1097	953	933	123	77	75
<u>Auger Lines</u>					
	L <sub>3</sub> M <sub>23</sub> M <sub>23</sub>	L <sub>2</sub> M <sub>23</sub> M <sub>23</sub>	L <sub>3</sub> M <sub>23</sub> M <sub>45</sub> ( <sup>1</sup> P)		
	719	712	648 (Al)		
	486	479	415 (Mg)		
	L <sub>3</sub> M <sub>23</sub> M <sub>45</sub> ( <sup>3</sup> P)	L <sub>2</sub> M <sub>23</sub> M <sub>45</sub> ( <sup>1</sup> P)	L <sub>3</sub> M <sub>45</sub> M <sub>45</sub>	L <sub>2</sub> M <sub>45</sub> M <sub>45</sub>	
	640	628	568	548 (Al)	
	407	395	335	315 (Mg)	



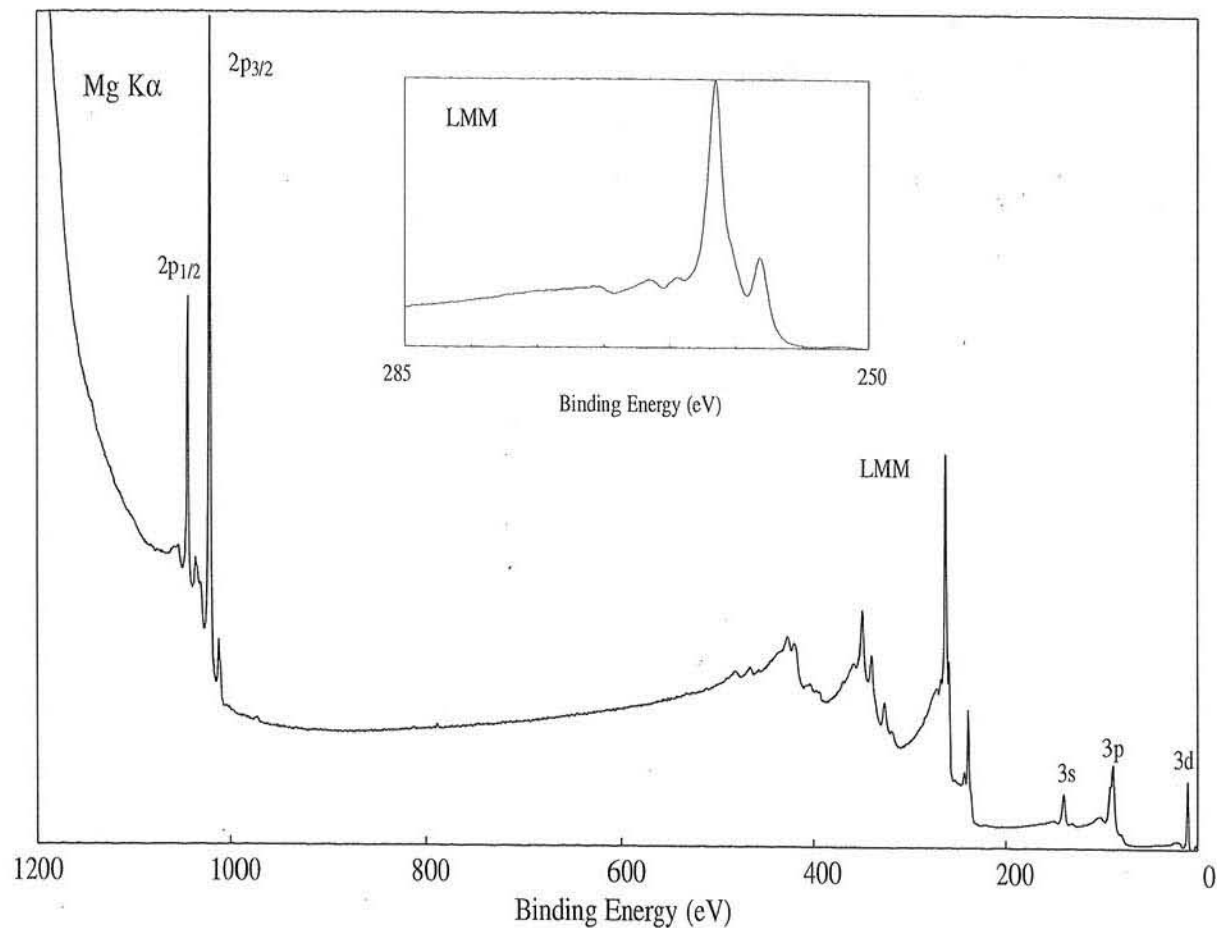
Compound Type	2p <sub>3/2</sub> Binding Energy (eV)					
	931	932	933	934	935	936
Cu			■			
Cu <sub>2</sub> S		■	■			
CuS		■	■			
CuCl		■	■			
CuCl <sub>2</sub>					■	■
Cu <sub>2</sub> O		■	■			
CuO				■		
Cu(OH) <sub>2</sub>					■	■
CuSO <sub>4</sub>					■	■
Cu(OAc) <sub>2</sub>		■	■	■	■	■
Cu(salicylaldoxime)				■		



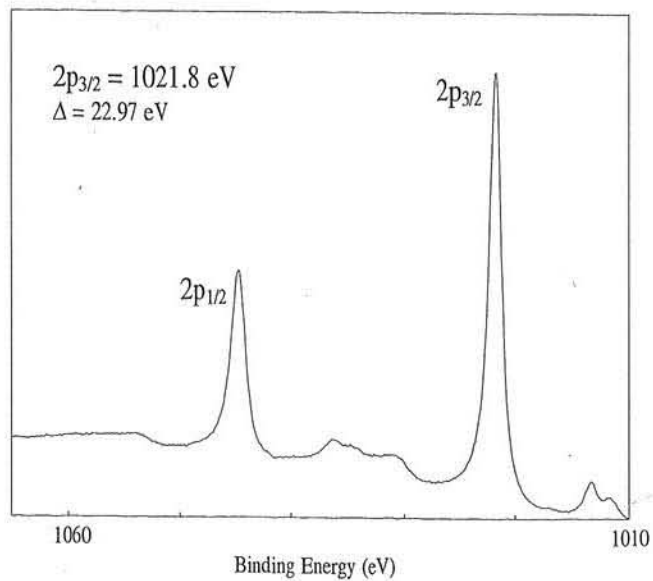


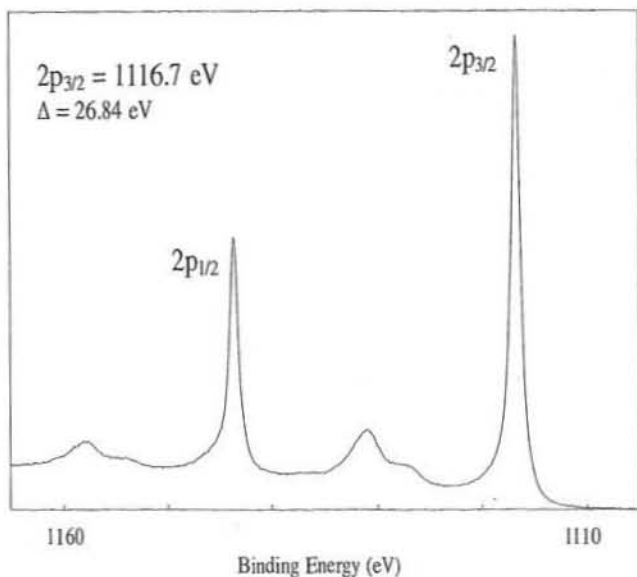
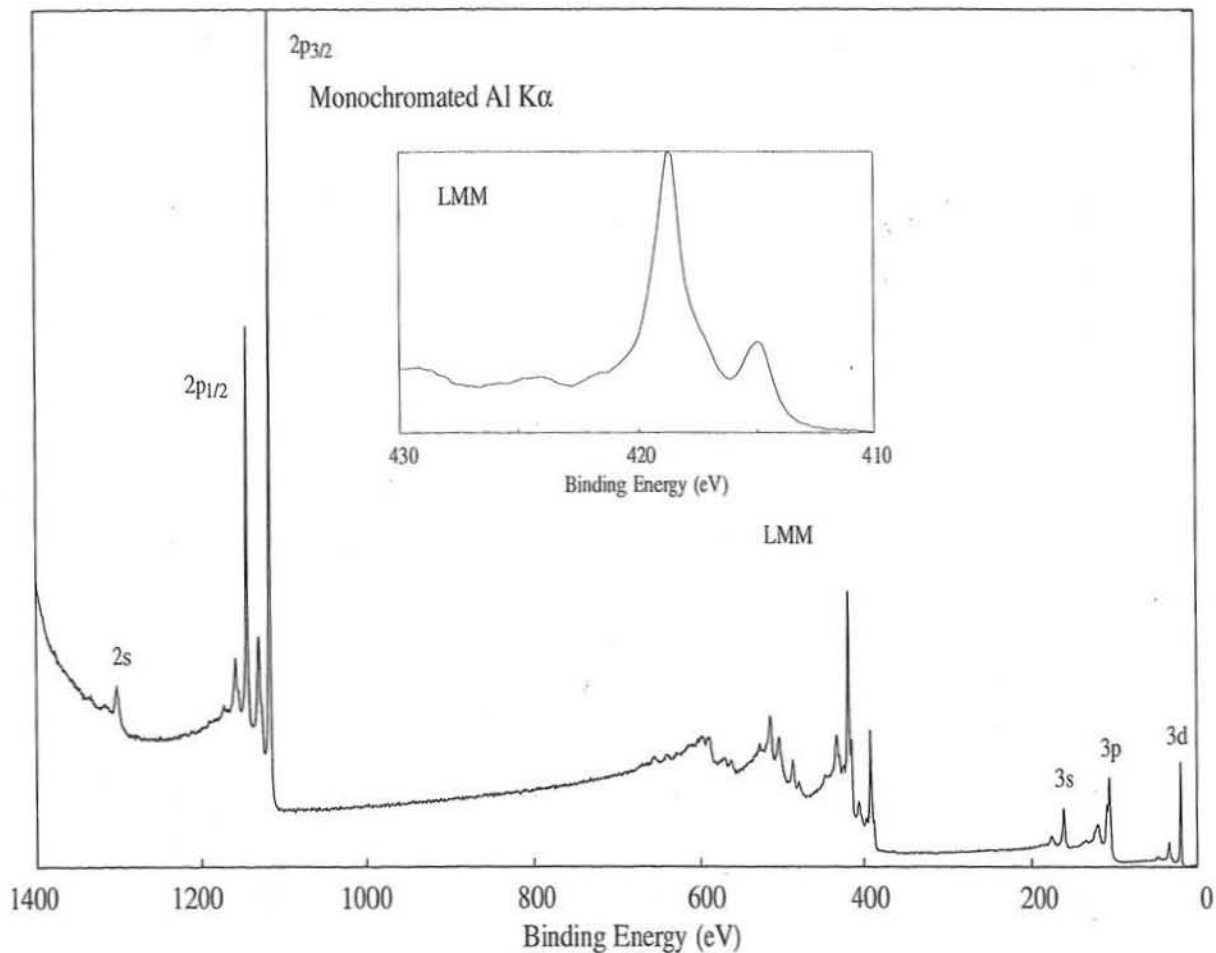


Line Positions (eV)						
<u>Photoelectron Lines</u>						
2s	2p <sub>1/2</sub>	2p <sub>3/2</sub>	3s	3p <sub>1/2</sub>	3p <sub>3/2</sub>	3d
1195	1045	1022	140	91	89	10
<u>Auger Lines</u>						
L <sub>3</sub> M <sub>23</sub> M <sub>23</sub>		L <sub>2</sub> M <sub>23</sub> M <sub>23</sub>		L <sub>3</sub> M <sub>23</sub> M <sub>45</sub> ( <sup>1</sup> P)		
660		652		582 (Al)		
427		419		349 (Mg)		
L <sub>3</sub> M <sub>23</sub> M <sub>45</sub> ( <sup>3</sup> P)		L <sub>2</sub> M <sub>23</sub> M <sub>45</sub> ( <sup>1</sup> P)		L <sub>3</sub> M <sub>45</sub> M <sub>45</sub>		L <sub>2</sub> M <sub>45</sub> M <sub>45</sub>
573		559		495		472 (Al)
340		326		262		239 (Mg)

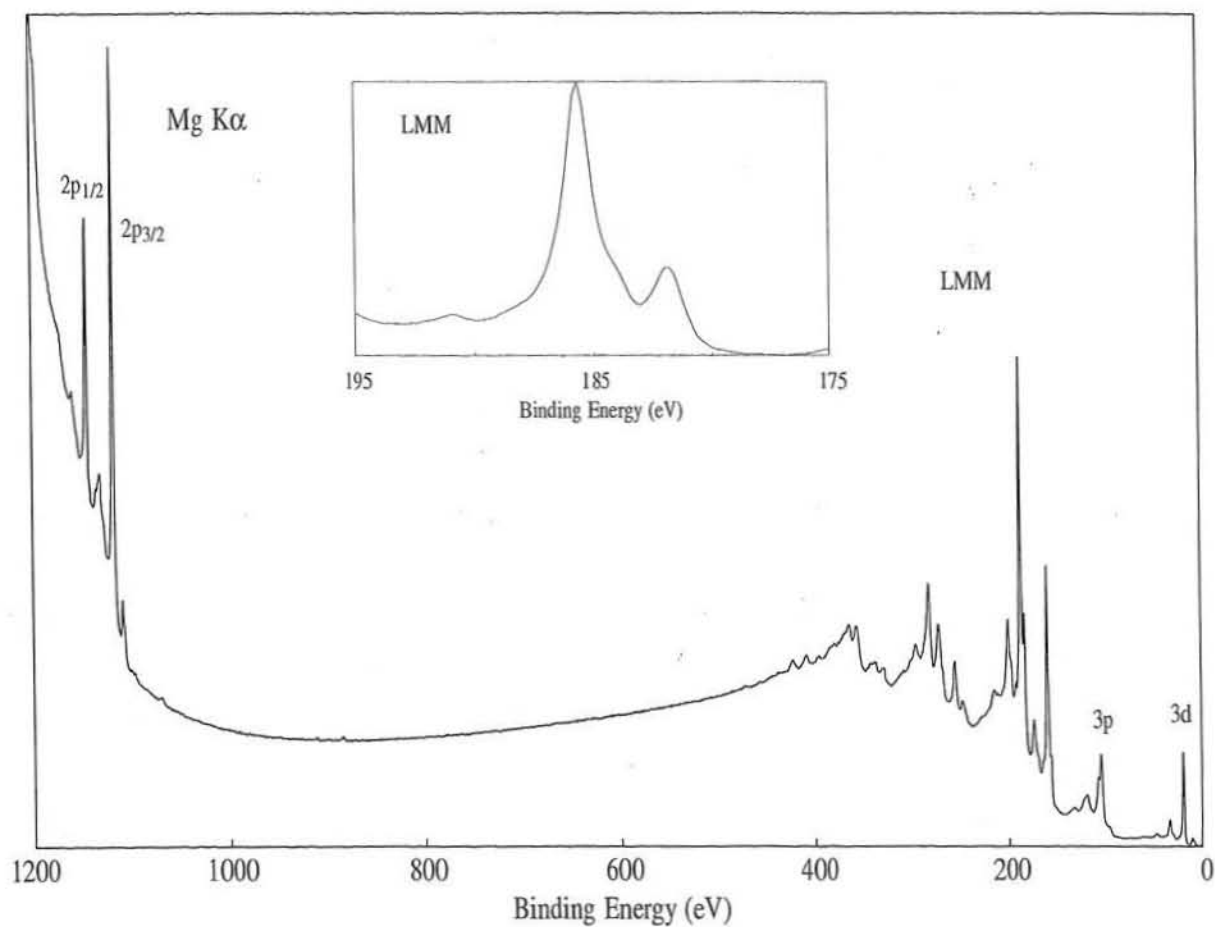


Compound Type	2p <sub>3/2</sub> Binding Energy (eV)				
	1020	1021	1022	1023	1024
Zn					
ZnS					
Phosphide					
Halides					
ZnO					
Zn(acac) <sub>2</sub>					
(Me <sub>4</sub> N) <sub>2</sub> ZnBr <sub>4</sub>					
ZnSO <sub>4</sub>					
Zn <sub>4</sub> Si <sub>2</sub> O <sub>7</sub> (OH) <sub>2</sub> · 2H <sub>2</sub> O					
ZnCr <sub>2</sub> O <sub>4</sub>					
ZnRh <sub>2</sub> O <sub>4</sub>					





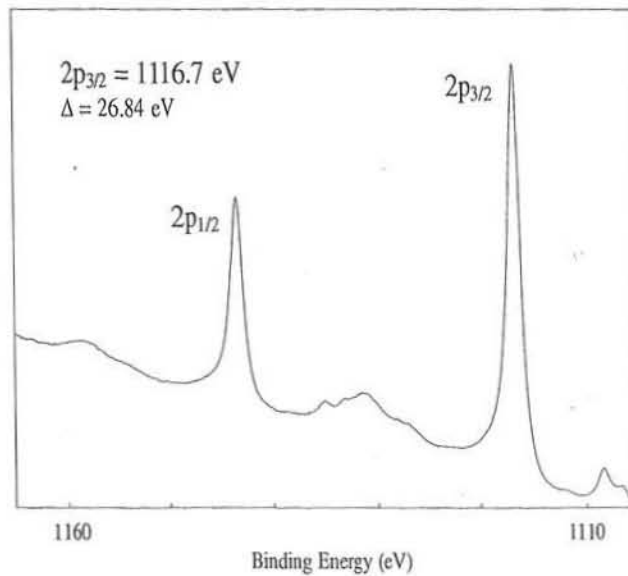
Line Positions (eV)						
<b>Photoelectron Lines</b>						
2s	2p <sub>1/2</sub>	2p <sub>3/2</sub>	3s	3p <sub>1/2</sub>	3p <sub>3/2</sub>	3d
1301	1144	1117	160	107	104	19
<b>Auger Lines</b>						
	L <sub>3</sub> M <sub>23</sub> M <sub>23</sub>	L <sub>2</sub> M <sub>23</sub> M <sub>23</sub>	L <sub>3</sub> M <sub>23</sub> M <sub>45</sub> ( <sup>1</sup> P)			
	597	589	514 (Al)			
	364	356	281 (Mg)			
	L <sub>3</sub> M <sub>23</sub> M <sub>45</sub> ( <sup>3</sup> P)	L <sub>2</sub> M <sub>23</sub> M <sub>45</sub> ( <sup>1</sup> P)	L <sub>3</sub> M <sub>45</sub> M <sub>45</sub>	L <sub>2</sub> M <sub>45</sub> M <sub>45</sub>		
	504	487	419	392 (Al)		
	271	254	186	159 (Mg)		

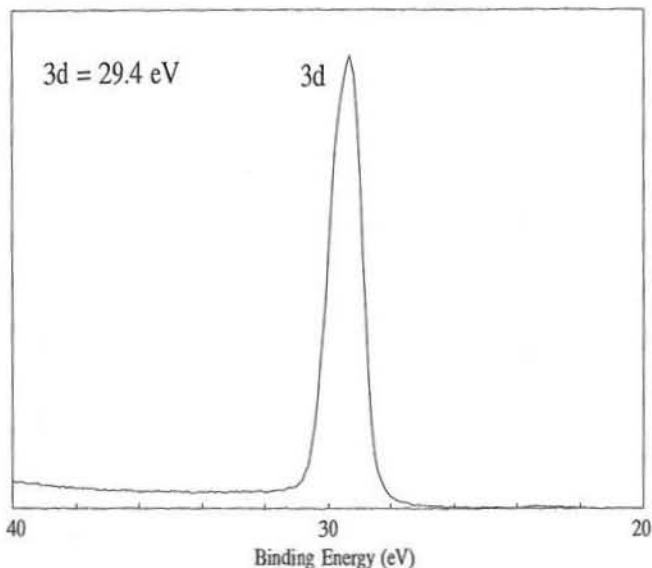
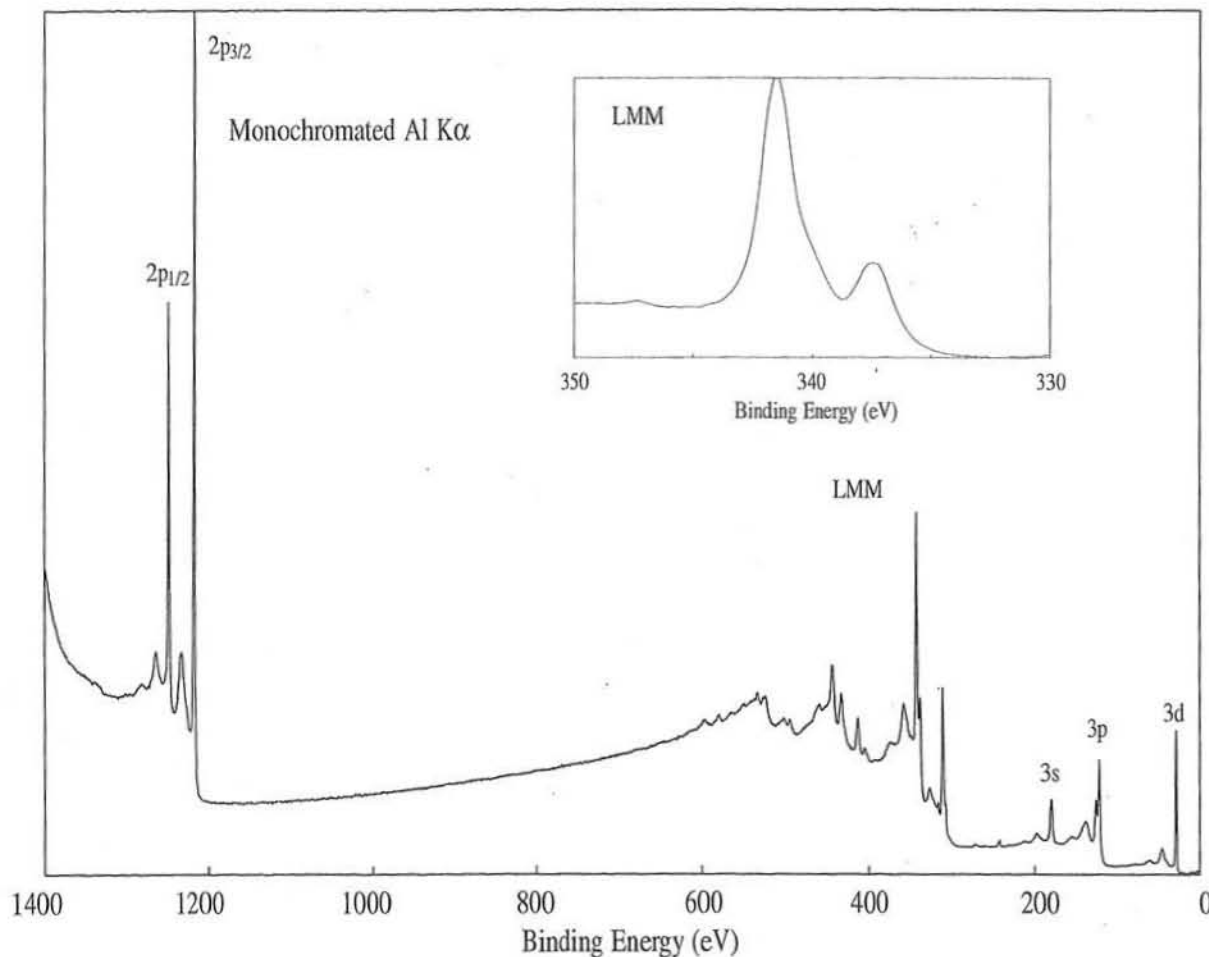


2p <sub>3/2</sub> Binding Energy (eV)				
Compound Type	1116	1117	1118	
Ga		█		
GaP		█		
Ga <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>		█		

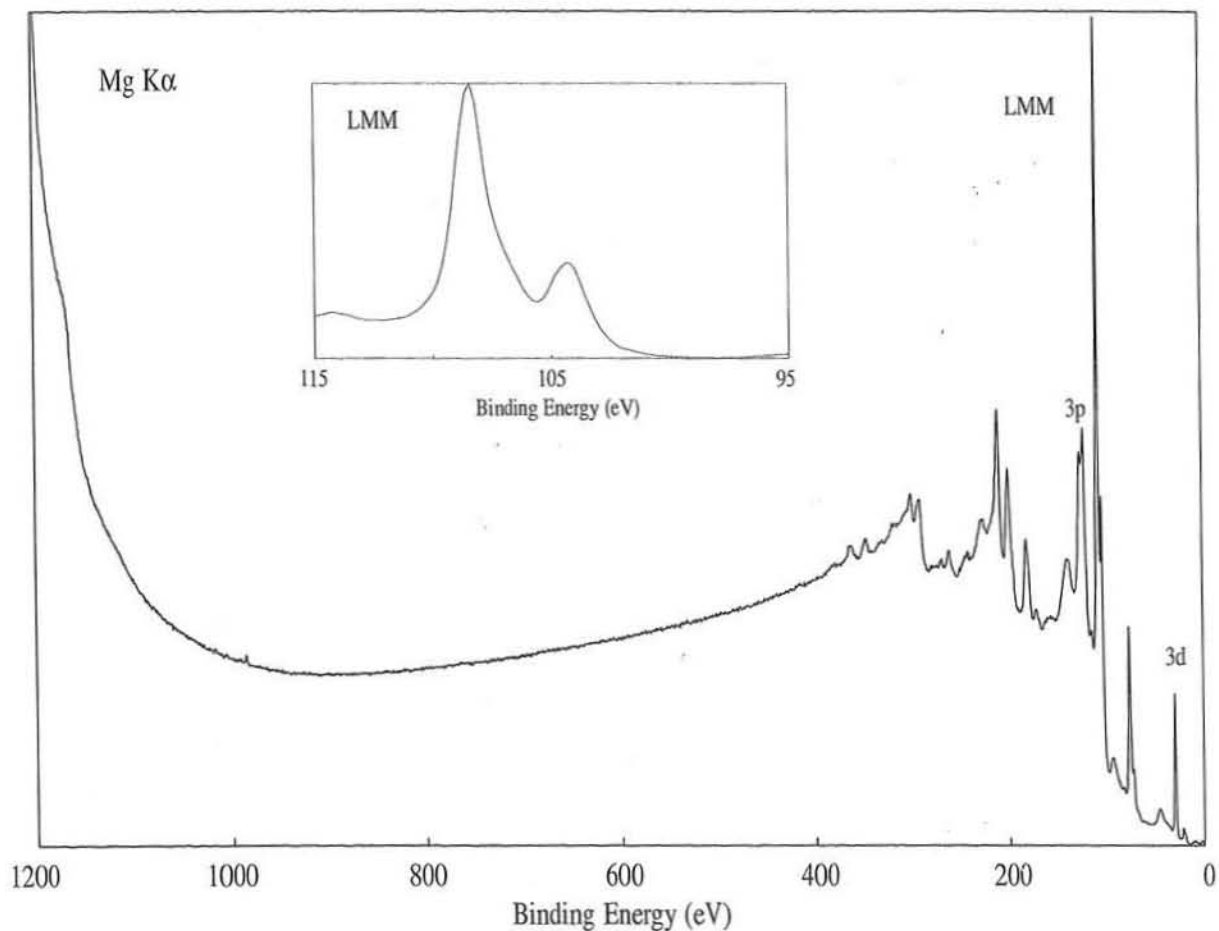
  

3d Binding Energy (eV)				
Compound Type	18	19	20	21
Ga	█			
GaAs		█		
GaP		█		
AlGaAs		█		
Ga <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	█			

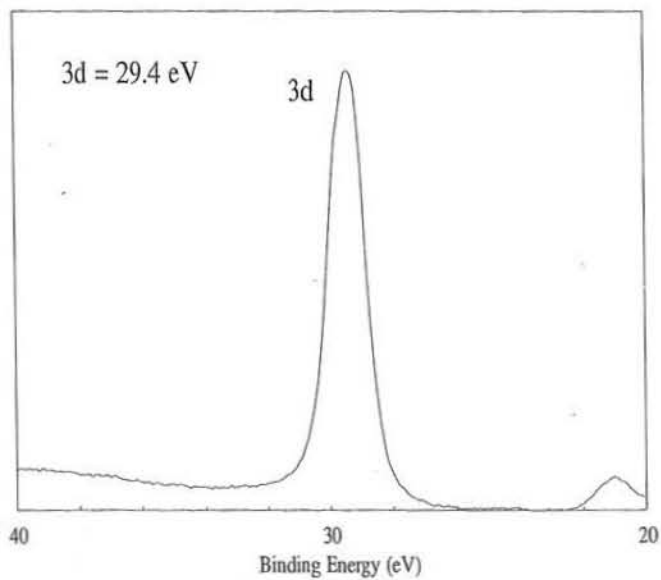


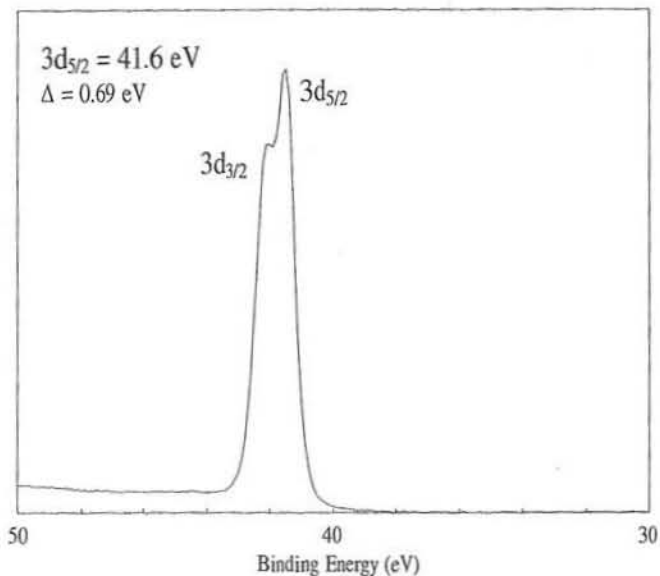
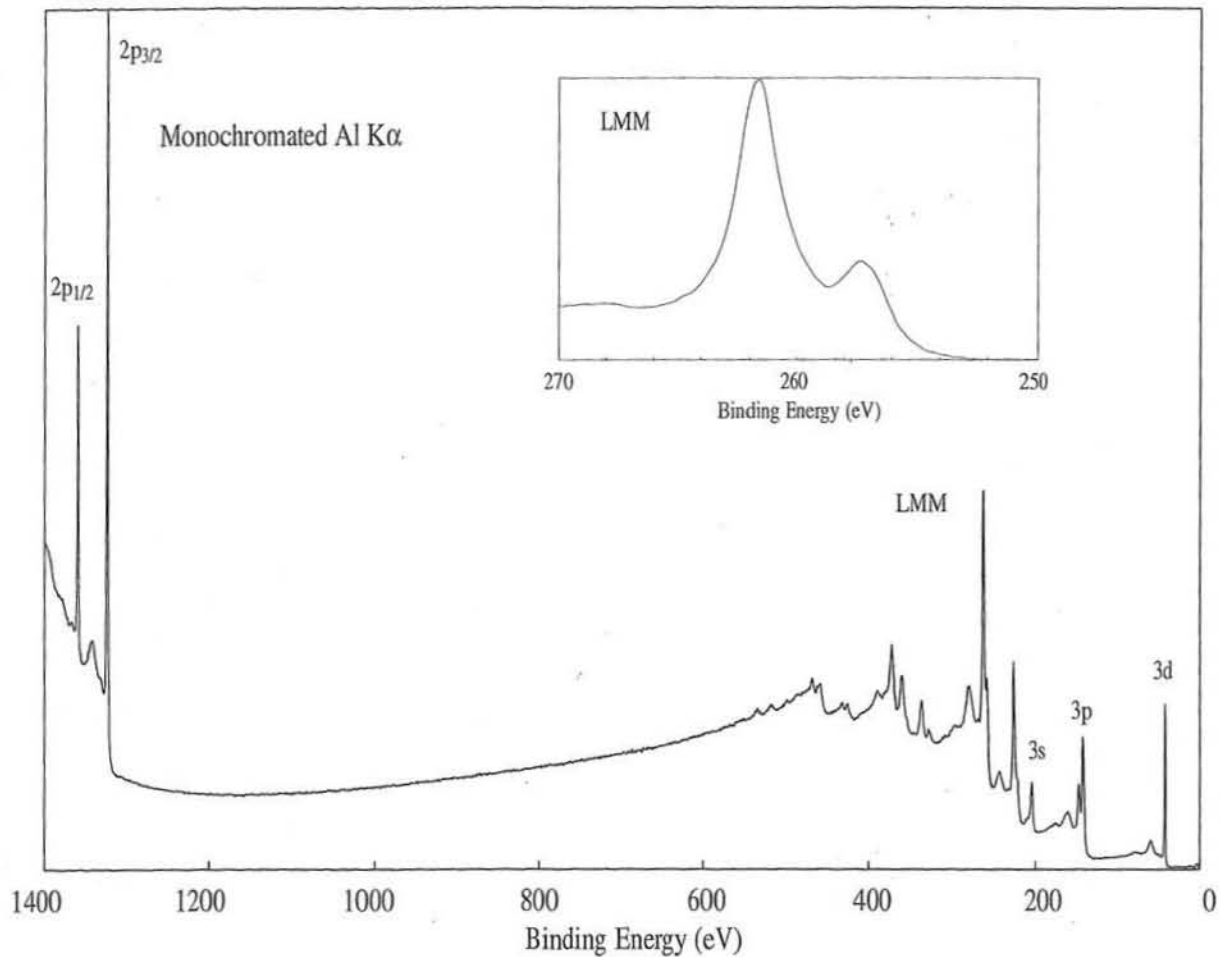


Line Positions (eV)					
<b>Photoelectron Lines</b>					
2p <sub>1/2</sub>	2p <sub>3/2</sub>	3s	3p <sub>1/2</sub>	3p <sub>3/2</sub>	3d
1248	1217	181	126	122	29
<b>Auger Lines</b>					
L <sub>3</sub> M <sub>23</sub> M <sub>23</sub>		L <sub>2</sub> M <sub>23</sub> M <sub>23</sub>		L <sub>3</sub> M <sub>23</sub> M <sub>45</sub> ( <sup>1</sup> P)	
534		525		444 (Al)	
301		292		211 (Mg)	
L <sub>3</sub> M <sub>23</sub> M <sub>45</sub> ( <sup>3</sup> P)		L <sub>2</sub> M <sub>23</sub> M <sub>45</sub> ( <sup>1</sup> P)		L <sub>3</sub> M <sub>45</sub> M <sub>45</sub>	
433		412		342	
200		179		109	
				L <sub>2</sub> M <sub>45</sub> M <sub>45</sub>	
				310 (Al)	
				77 (Mg)	

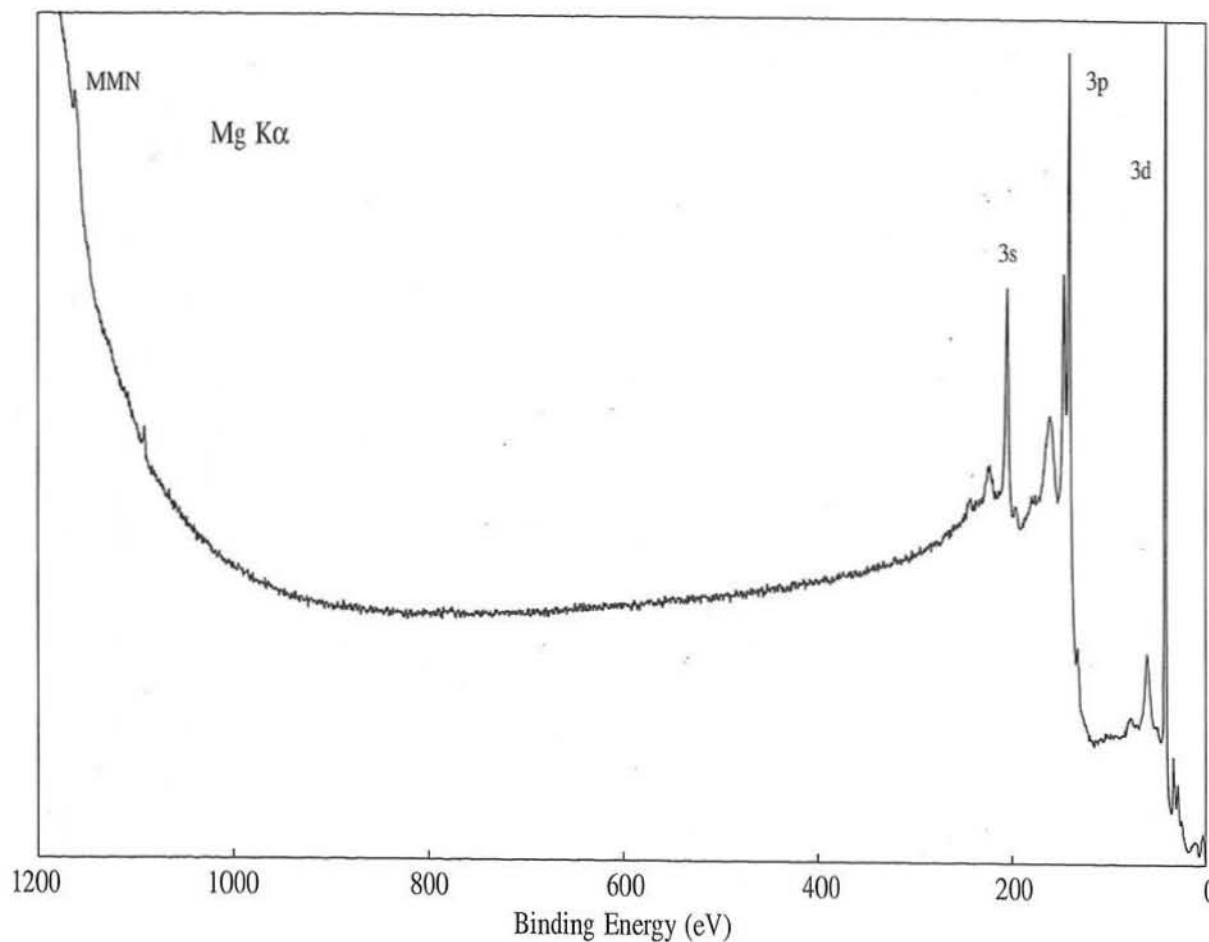


Compound Type	3d Binding Energy (eV)				
	29	30	31	32	33
Ge		■			
GeAs <sub>2</sub>		■			
GeTe <sub>3</sub> As <sub>2</sub>		■			
GeS <sub>2</sub> TeAs <sub>2</sub>		■			
GeS <sub>3</sub> As		■			
GeTe <sub>2</sub>		■			
GeTe		■			
GeSe <sub>2</sub>			■		
GeSe			■		
Sulfides		■			
GeO <sub>2</sub>				■	

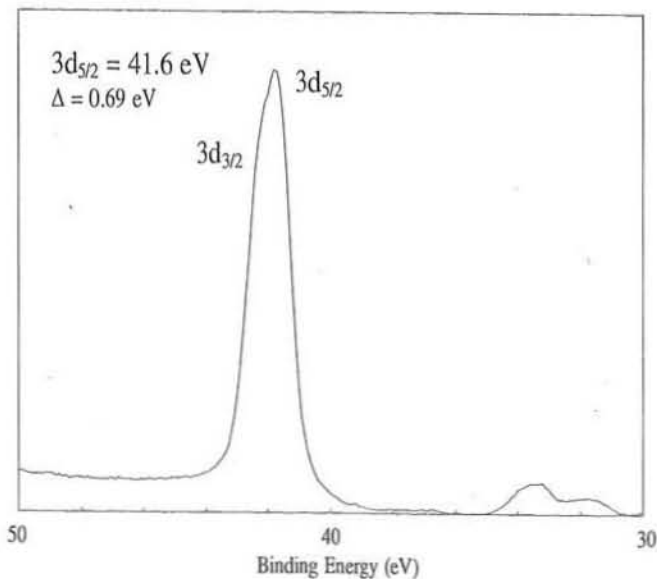




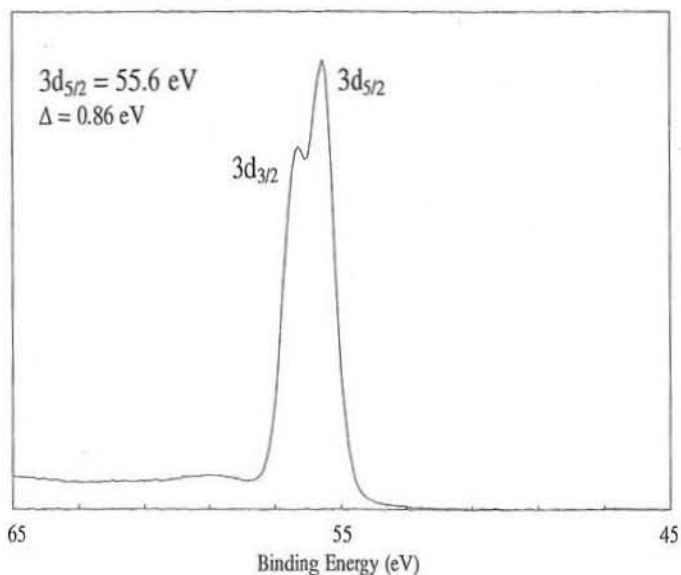
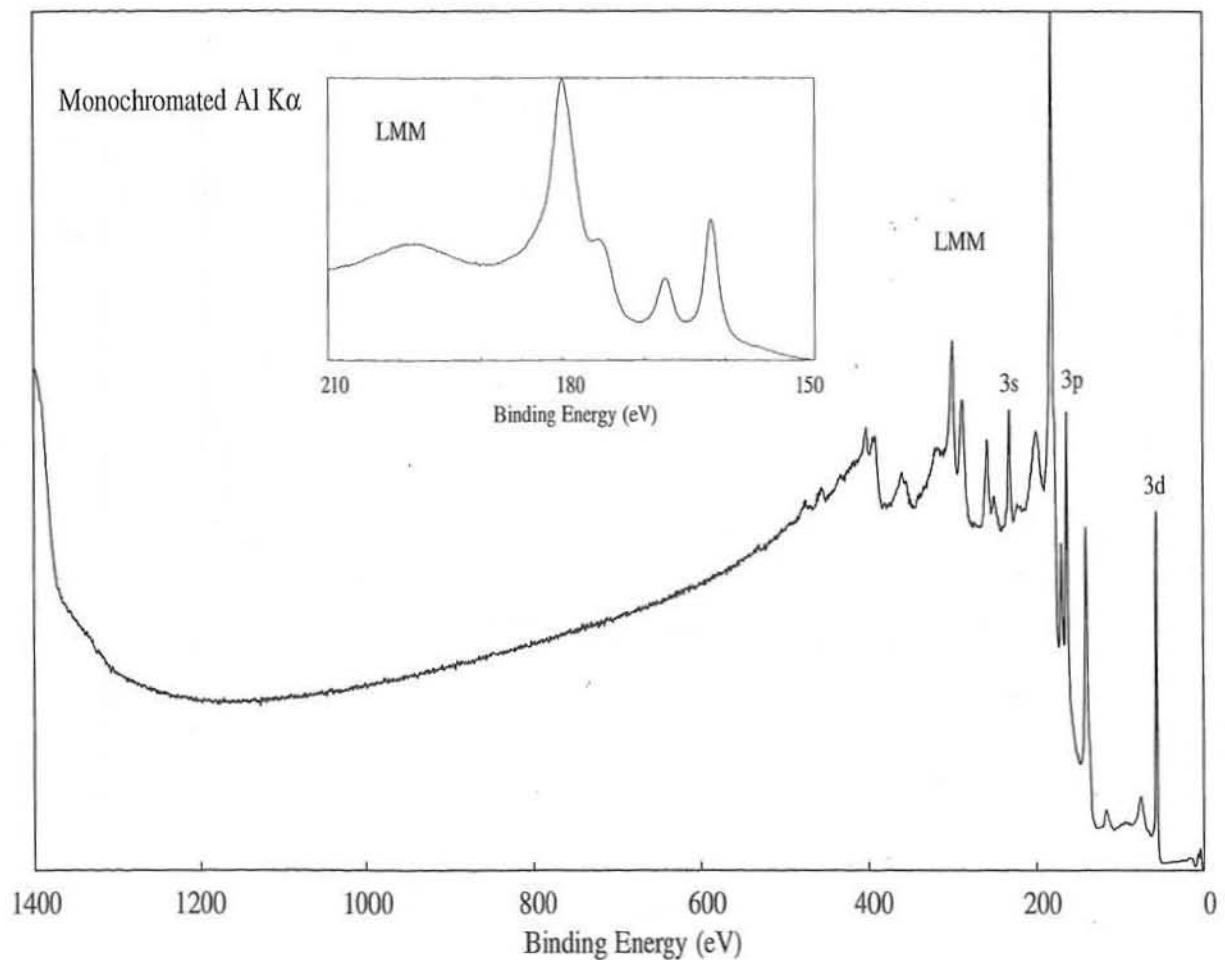
Line Positions (eV)						
<u>Photoelectron Lines</u>						
2p <sub>1/2</sub>	2p <sub>3/2</sub>	3s	3p <sub>1/2</sub>	3p <sub>3/2</sub>	3d <sub>3/2</sub>	3d <sub>5/2</sub>
1359	1324	205	146	141	43	42
<u>Auger Lines</u>						
L <sub>3</sub> M <sub>23</sub> M <sub>45</sub> ( <sup>1</sup> P)		L <sub>3</sub> M <sub>23</sub> M <sub>45</sub> ( <sup>3</sup> P)				
371		360 (Al)				
L <sub>2</sub> M <sub>23</sub> M <sub>45</sub> ( <sup>1</sup> P)		L <sub>3</sub> M <sub>45</sub> M <sub>45</sub>	L <sub>2</sub> M <sub>45</sub> M <sub>45</sub>			
336		262	226 (Al)			



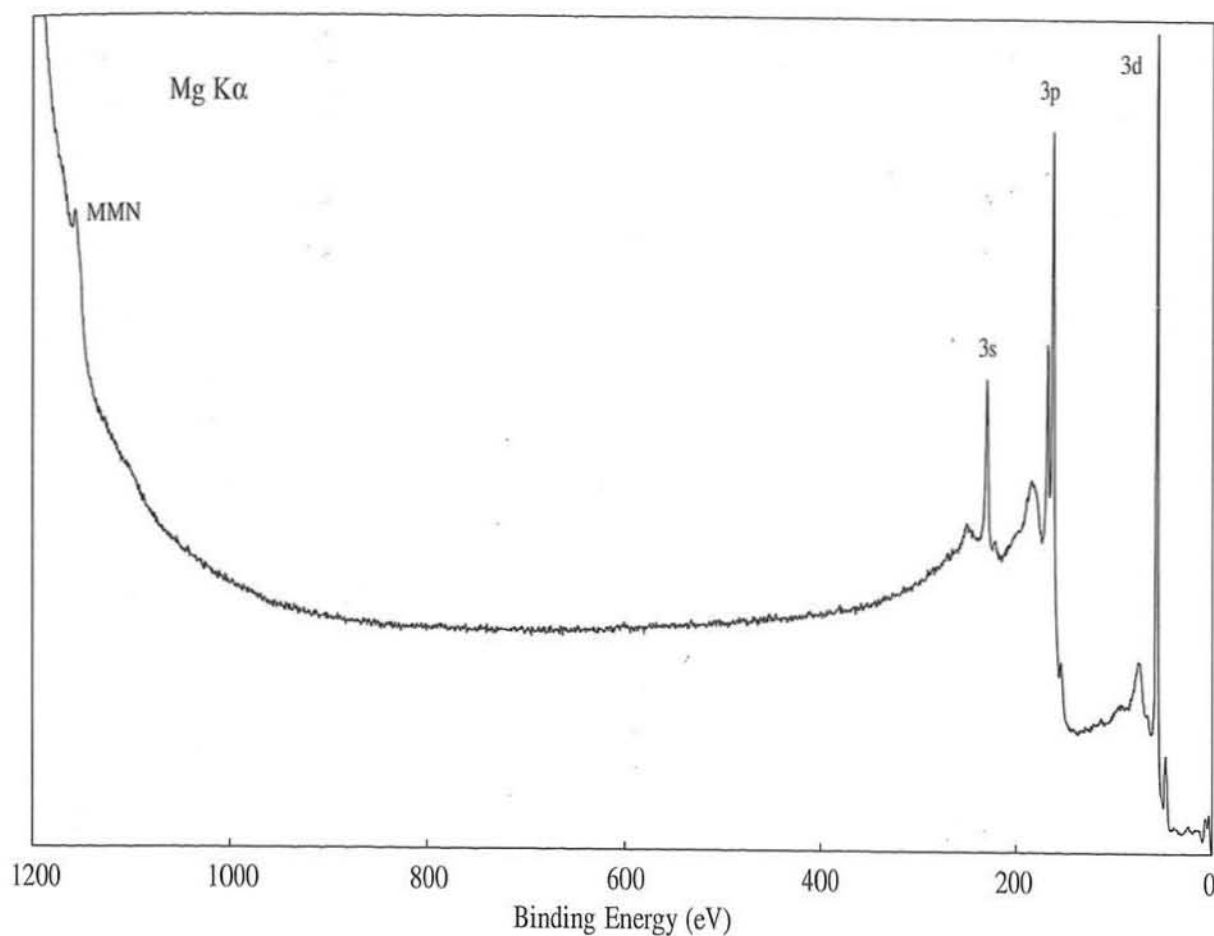
Compound Type	3d <sub>5/2</sub> Binding Energy (eV)							
	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47
As			■					
AlAs		■						
AlGaAs		■						
GaAs		■						
InAs		■						
Sulfides				■	■			
AsI <sub>3</sub>				■				
AsBr <sub>3</sub>						■		
As <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>						■		
As <sub>2</sub> O <sub>5</sub>							■	



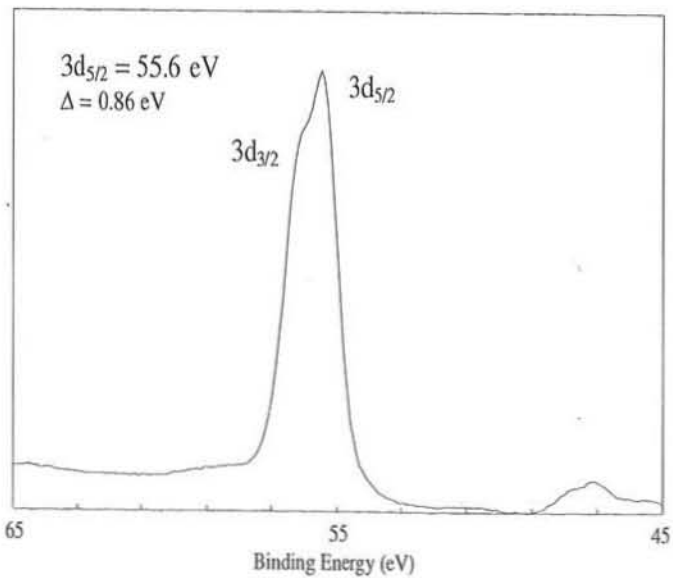


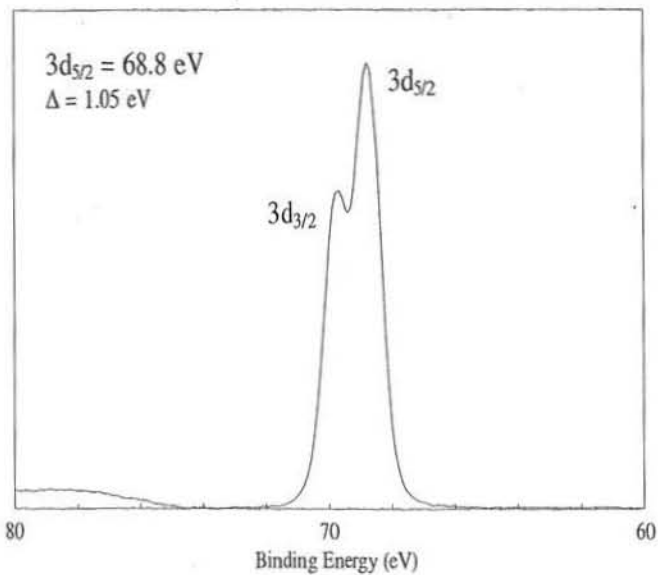
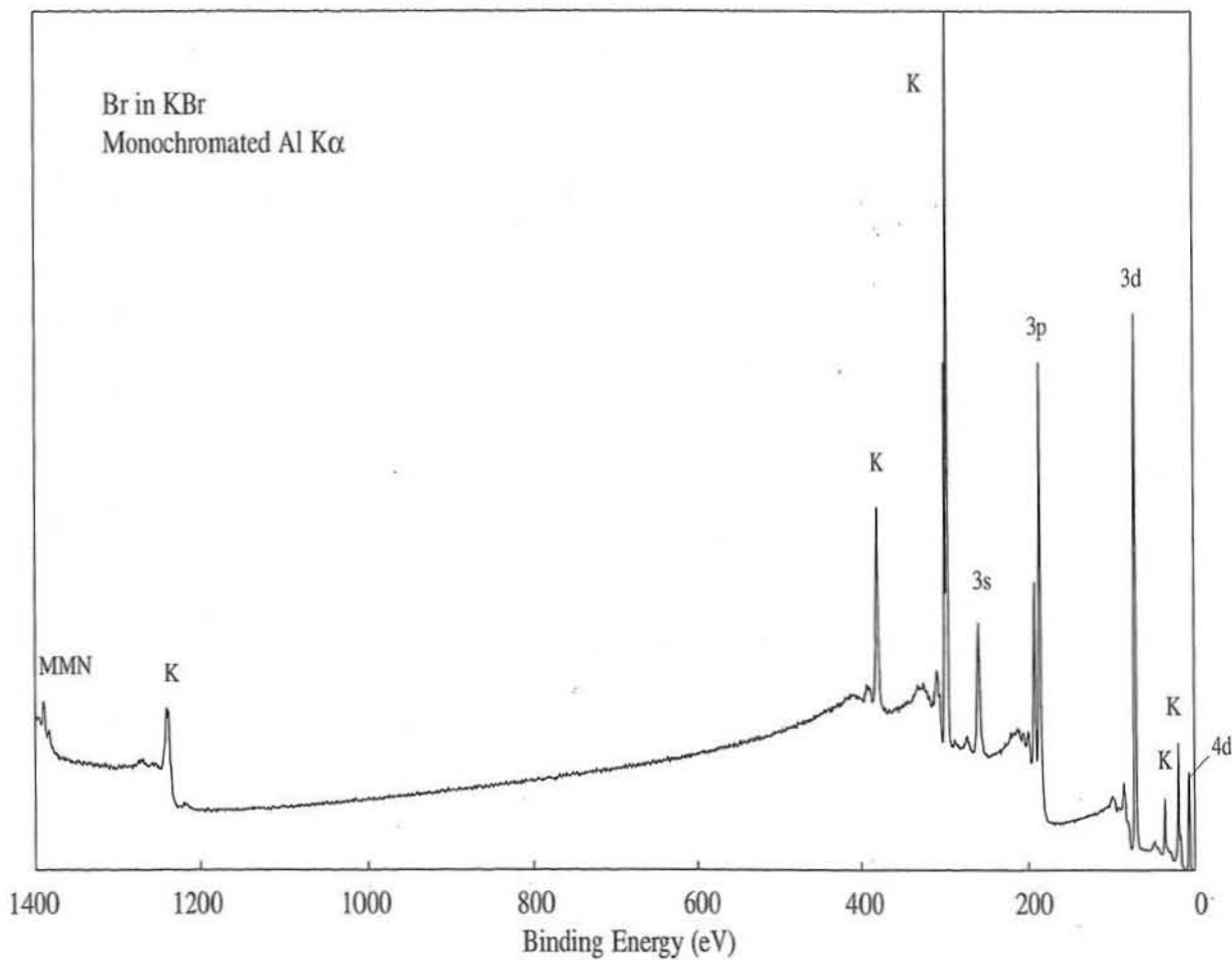


Line Positions (eV)				
<u>Photoelectron Lines</u>				
3s	3p <sub>1/2</sub>	3p <sub>3/2</sub>	3d <sub>3/2</sub>	3d <sub>5/2</sub>
232	169	163	57	56
<u>Auger Lines</u>				
$L_3M_{23}M_{45} (^1P)$		$L_3M_{23}M_{45} (^3P)$		
299		287 (Al)		
$L_2M_{23}M_{45} (^1P)$		$L_3M_{45}M_{45}$	$L_2M_{45}M_{45}$	
257		181	140 (Al)	

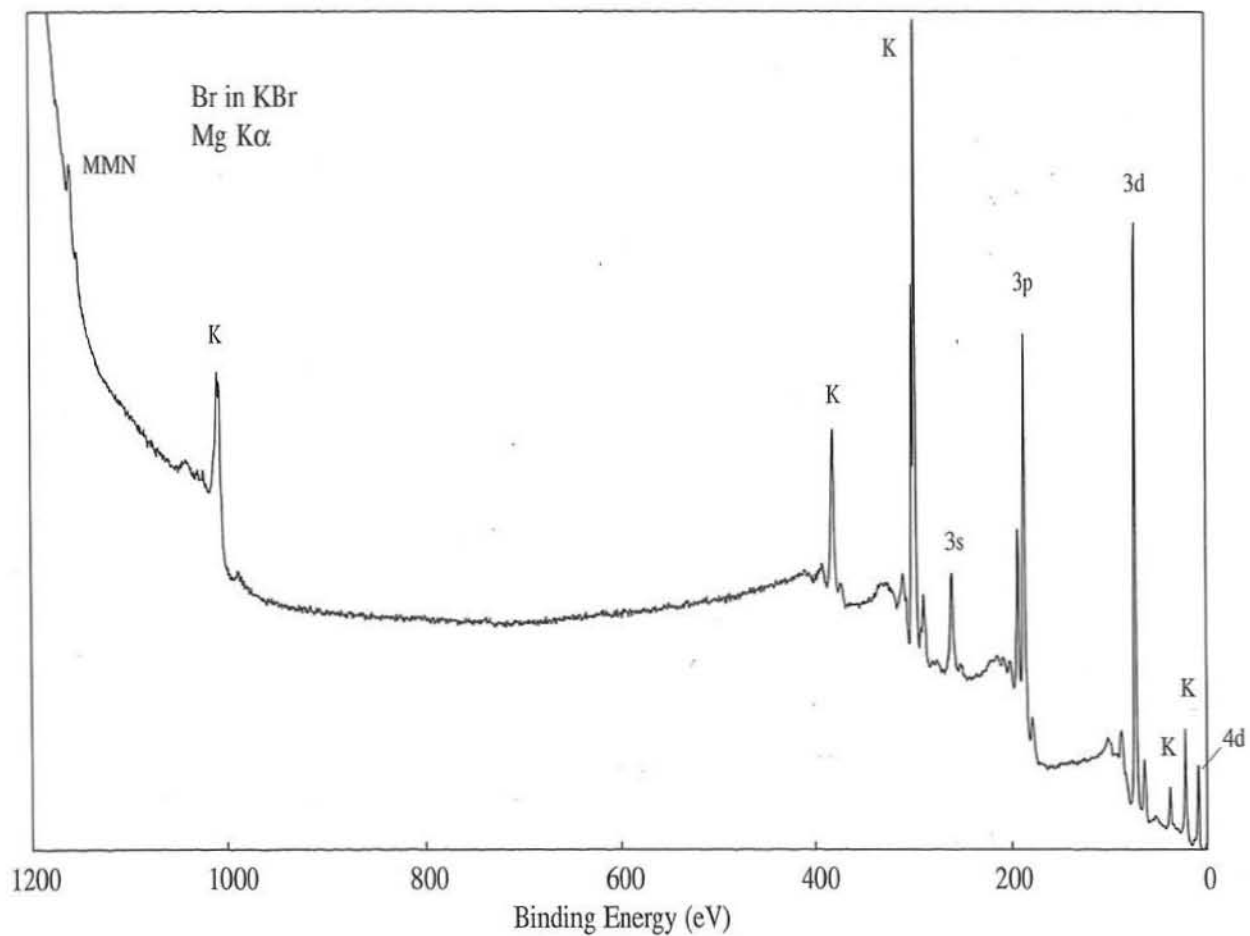


Compound Type	3d <sub>5/2</sub> Binding Energy (eV)						
	54	55	56	57	58	59	60
Se		■					
As <sub>2</sub> Se <sub>3</sub>		■					
Ga <sub>2</sub> Se <sub>3</sub>		■					
GeSe		■					
GeSe <sub>2</sub>		■					
Selenides	■	■					
SeO <sub>2</sub>						■	■
H <sub>2</sub> SeO <sub>3</sub>						■	■
(BrC <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> Se <sub>2</sub>			■				
(C <sub>14</sub> H <sub>29</sub> Se) <sub>2</sub>			■				
(C <sub>4</sub> H <sub>8</sub> COOH) <sub>2</sub> SeO						■	

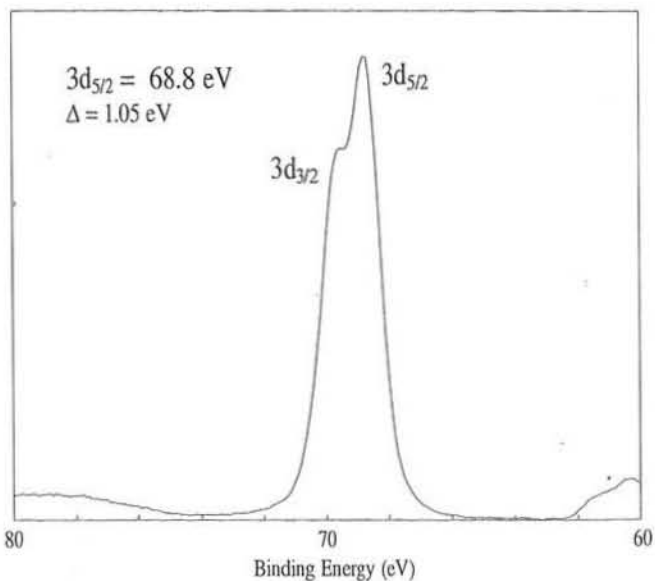


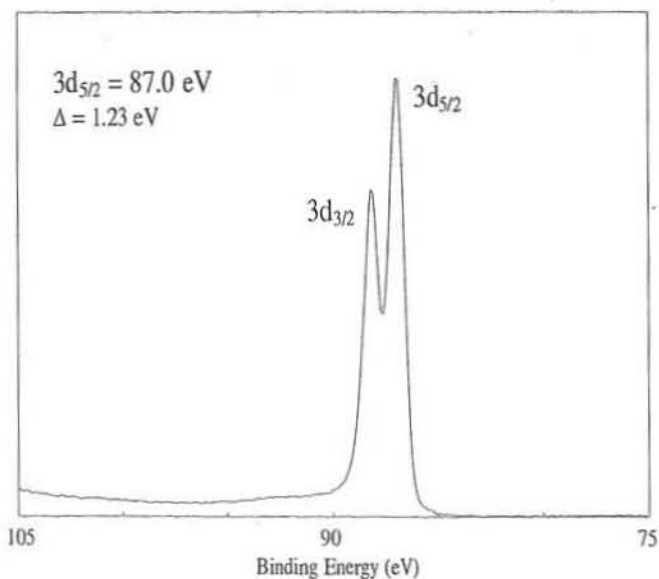
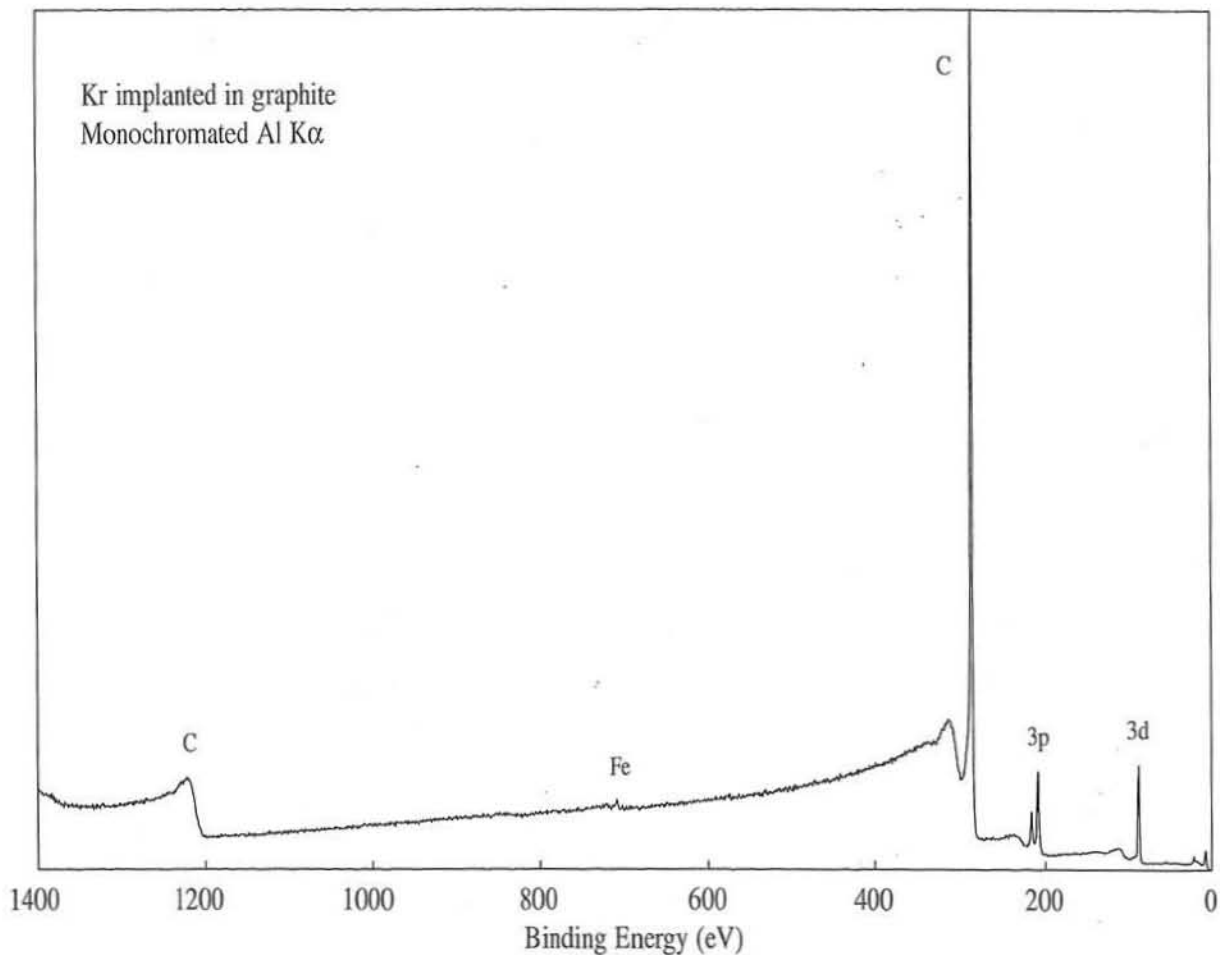


Line Positions (eV)						
<u>Photoelectron Lines</u>						
3s	3p <sub>1/2</sub>	3p <sub>3/2</sub>	3d <sub>3/2</sub>	3d <sub>5/2</sub>	4s	4d
256	189	182	70	69	15	5
<u>Auger Lines</u>						
M <sub>23</sub> M <sub>45</sub> N <sub>23</sub>						
			1390	(Al)		
			1157	(Mg)		



Compound Type	3d <sub>5/2</sub> Binding Energy (eV)		
	68	69	70
CsBr	■		
RbBr	■	■	
KBr	■	■	
NaBr	■	■	
LiBr		■	■
CuBr <sub>2</sub>		■	■
PbBr <sub>2</sub>	■	■	
Ni(NH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>6</sub> Br <sub>2</sub>	■	■	
Pt(NH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>4</sub> Br <sub>2</sub>	■	■	
K <sub>2</sub> PtBr <sub>4</sub>		■	■
K <sub>2</sub> PtBr <sub>6</sub>		■	■

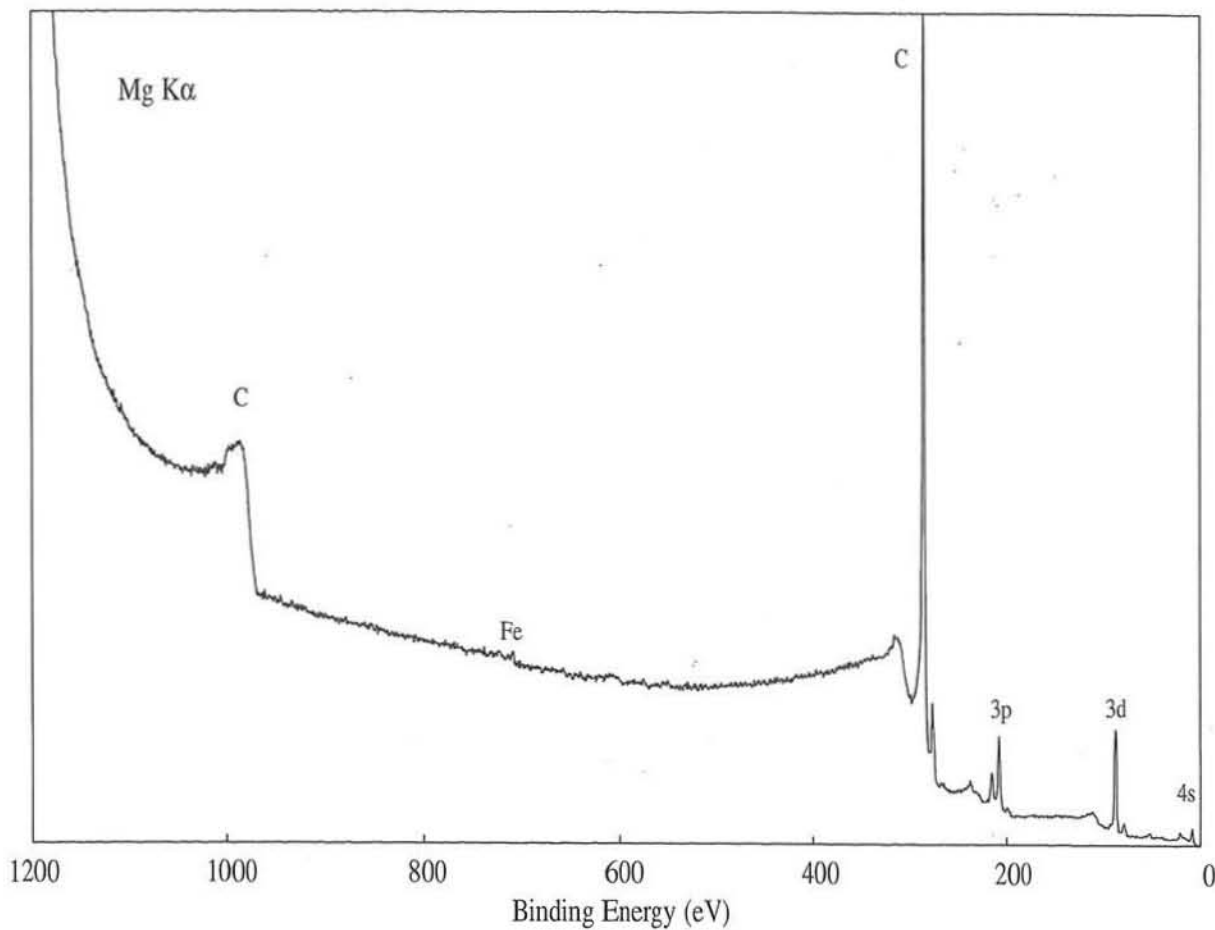




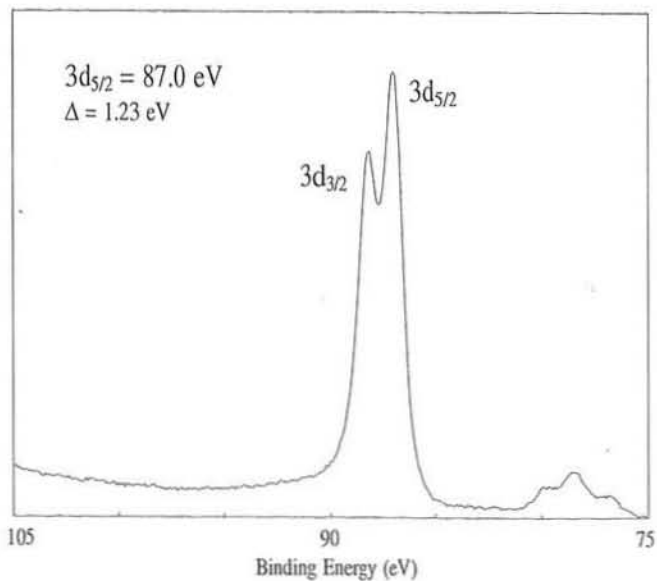
Line Positions (eV)

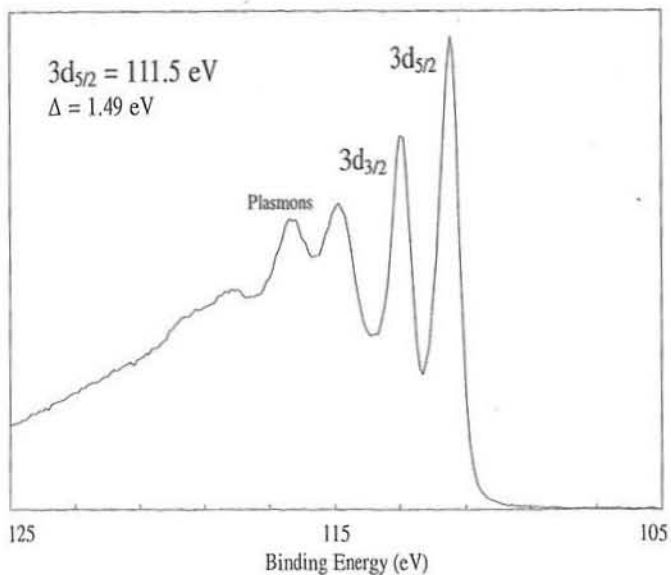
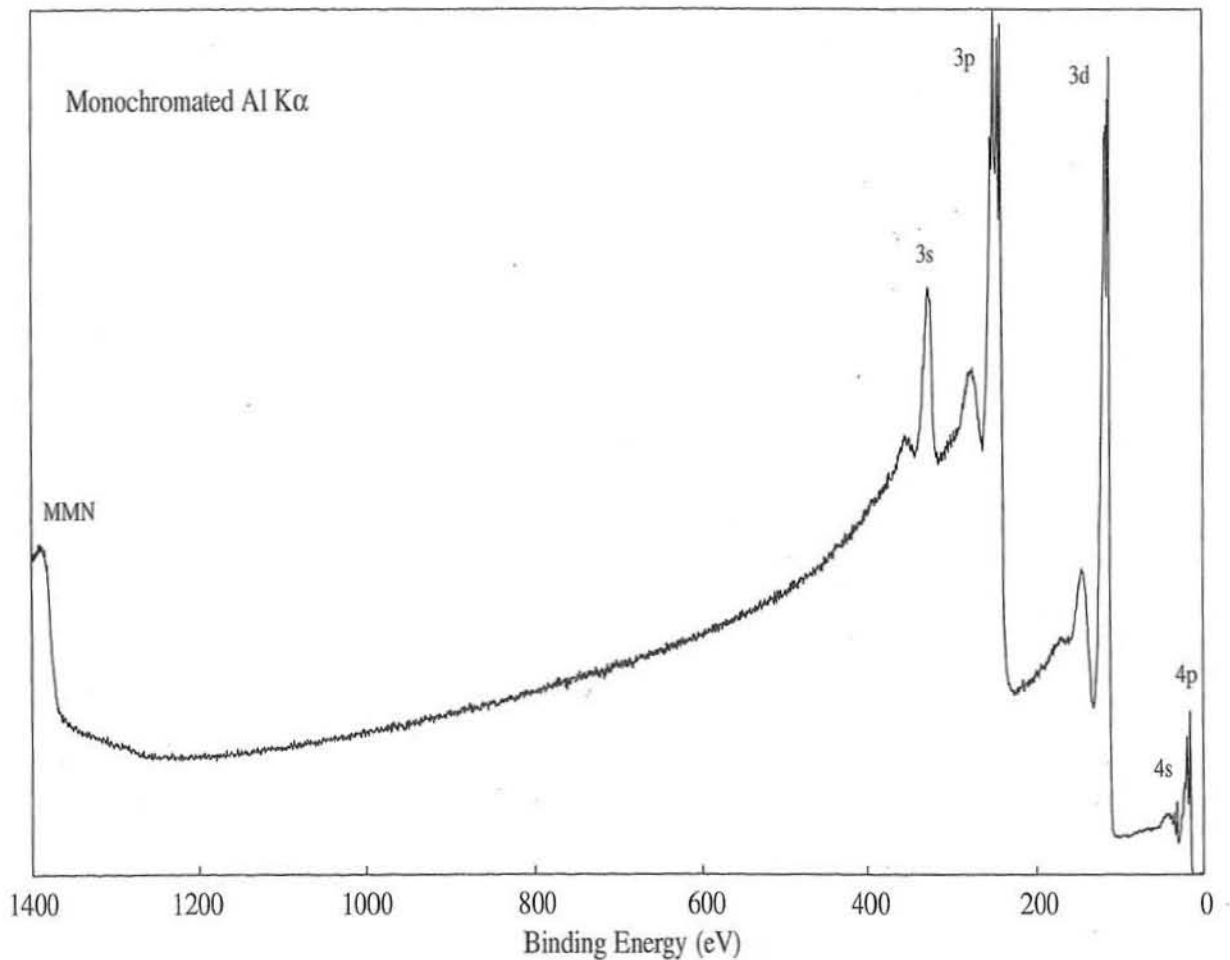
Photoelectron Lines						
3s*	3p <sub>1/2</sub>	3p <sub>3/2</sub>	3d <sub>3/2</sub>	3d <sub>5/2</sub>	4s	4p
287	216	208	88	87	21	8

\*Estimate

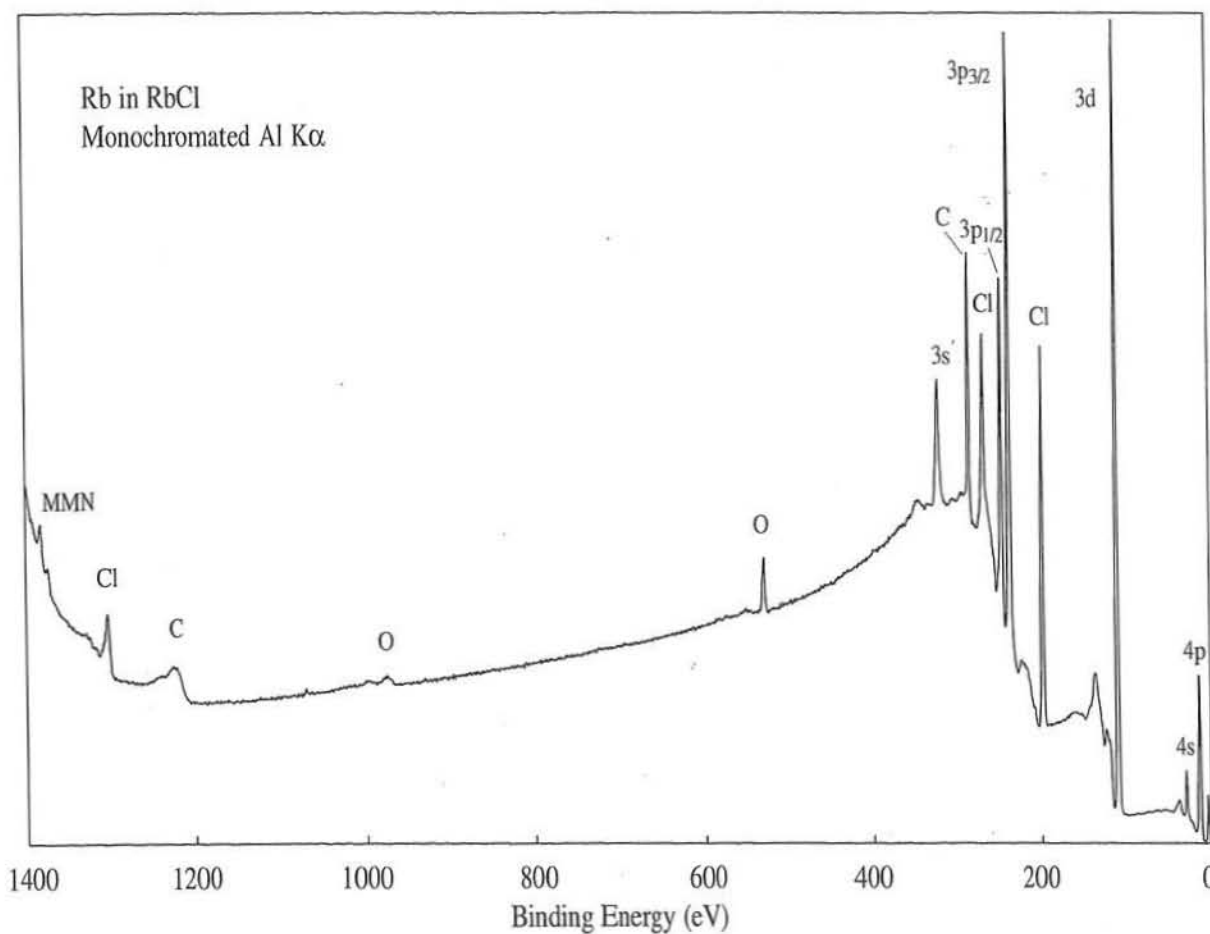


Compound Type	3d <sub>5/2</sub> Binding Energy (eV)		
	84	86	88
Kr in graphite		■	

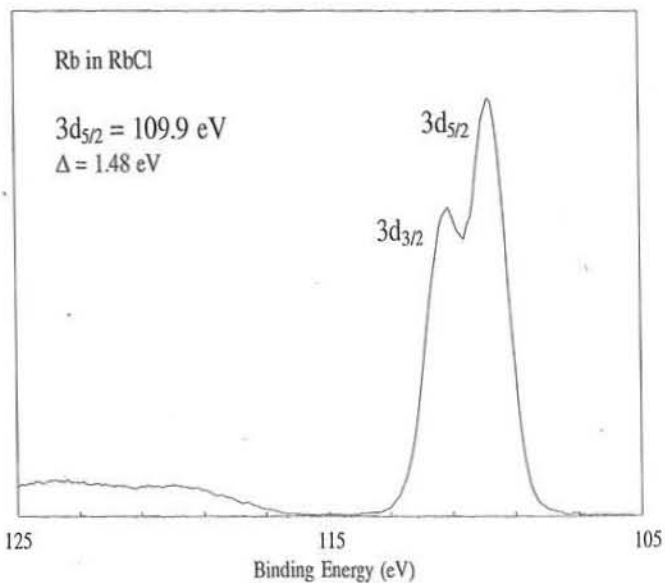




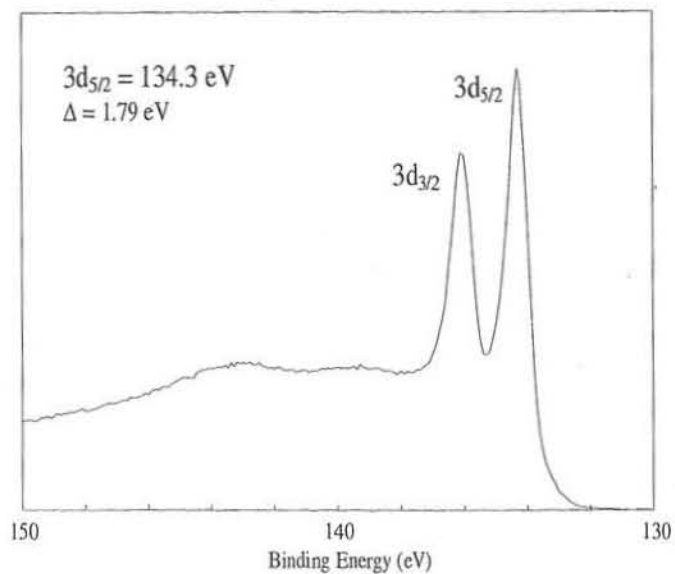
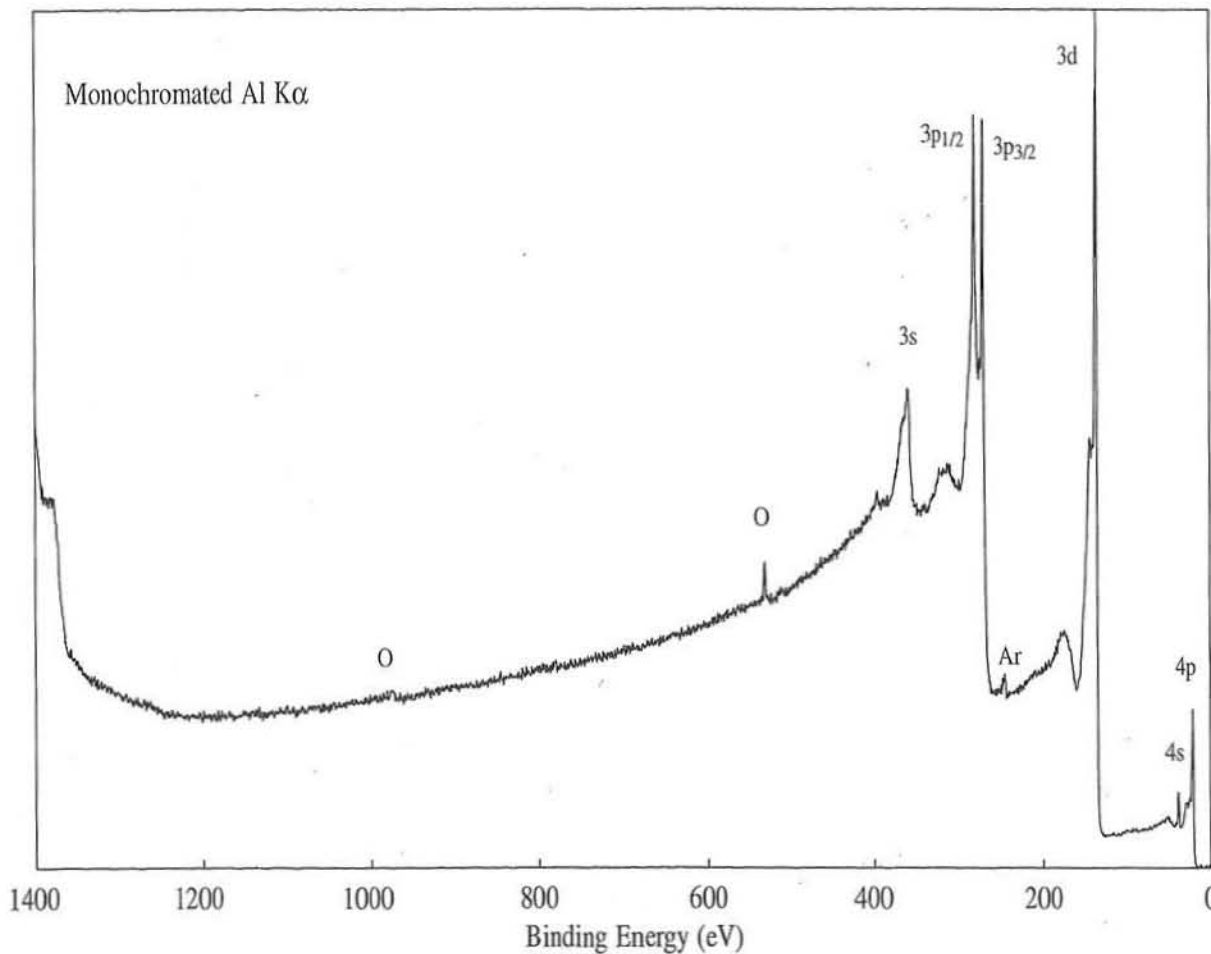
Line Positions (eV)						
<u>Photoelectron Lines</u>						
3s	3p <sub>1/2</sub>	3p <sub>3/2</sub>	3d <sub>3/2</sub>	3d <sub>5/2</sub>	4s	4p
325	249	240	113	111	31	16
<u>Auger Lines</u>						
M <sub>23</sub> M <sub>45</sub> N <sub>23</sub>						
1385						
1152						



Compound Type	3d <sub>5/2</sub> Binding Energy		
	109	110	111
Rb			█
RbN <sub>3</sub>	█		
RbI		█	
RbBr	█	█	
RbCl	█	█	
RbF	█	█	
Rb <sub>3</sub> PO <sub>4</sub>	█	█	
Rb <sub>4</sub> P <sub>2</sub> O <sub>7</sub>	█	█	
RbClO <sub>4</sub>			█

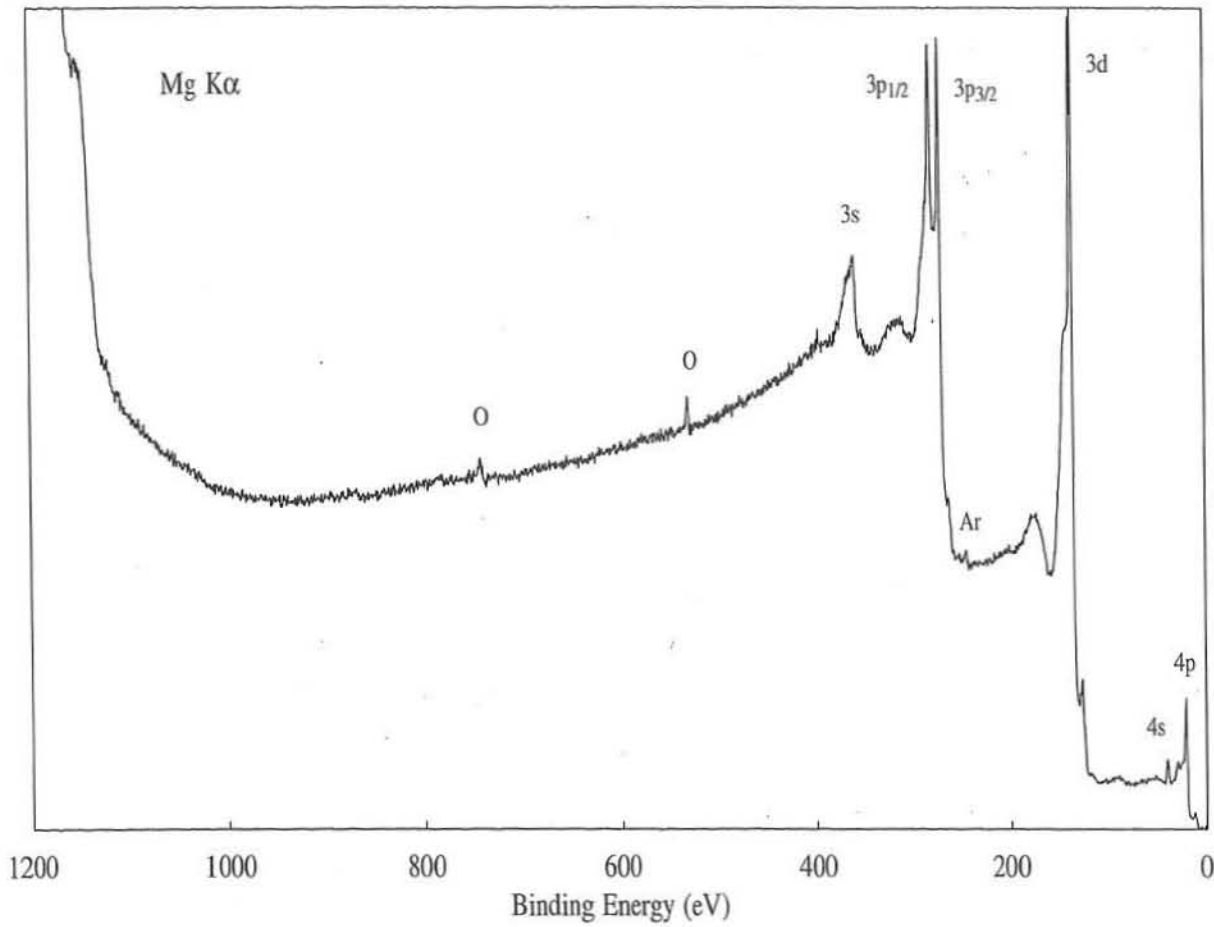




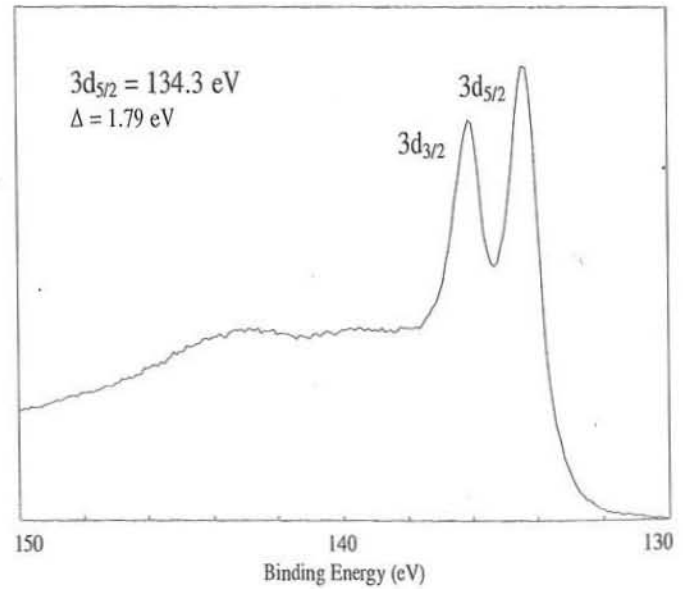


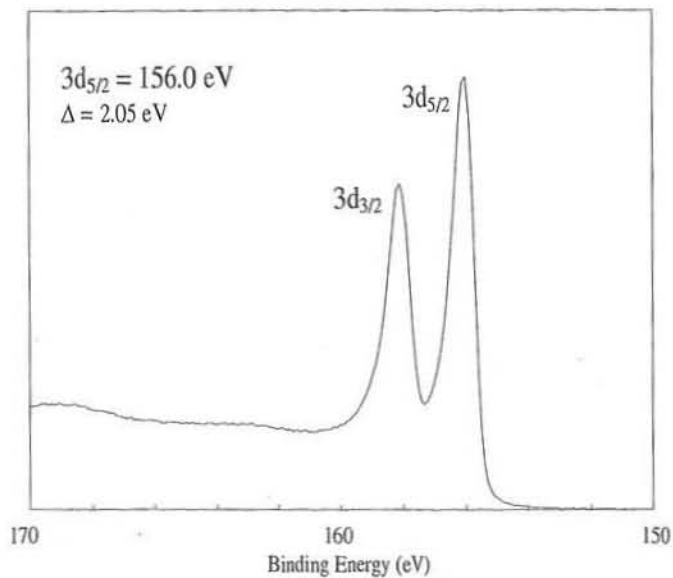
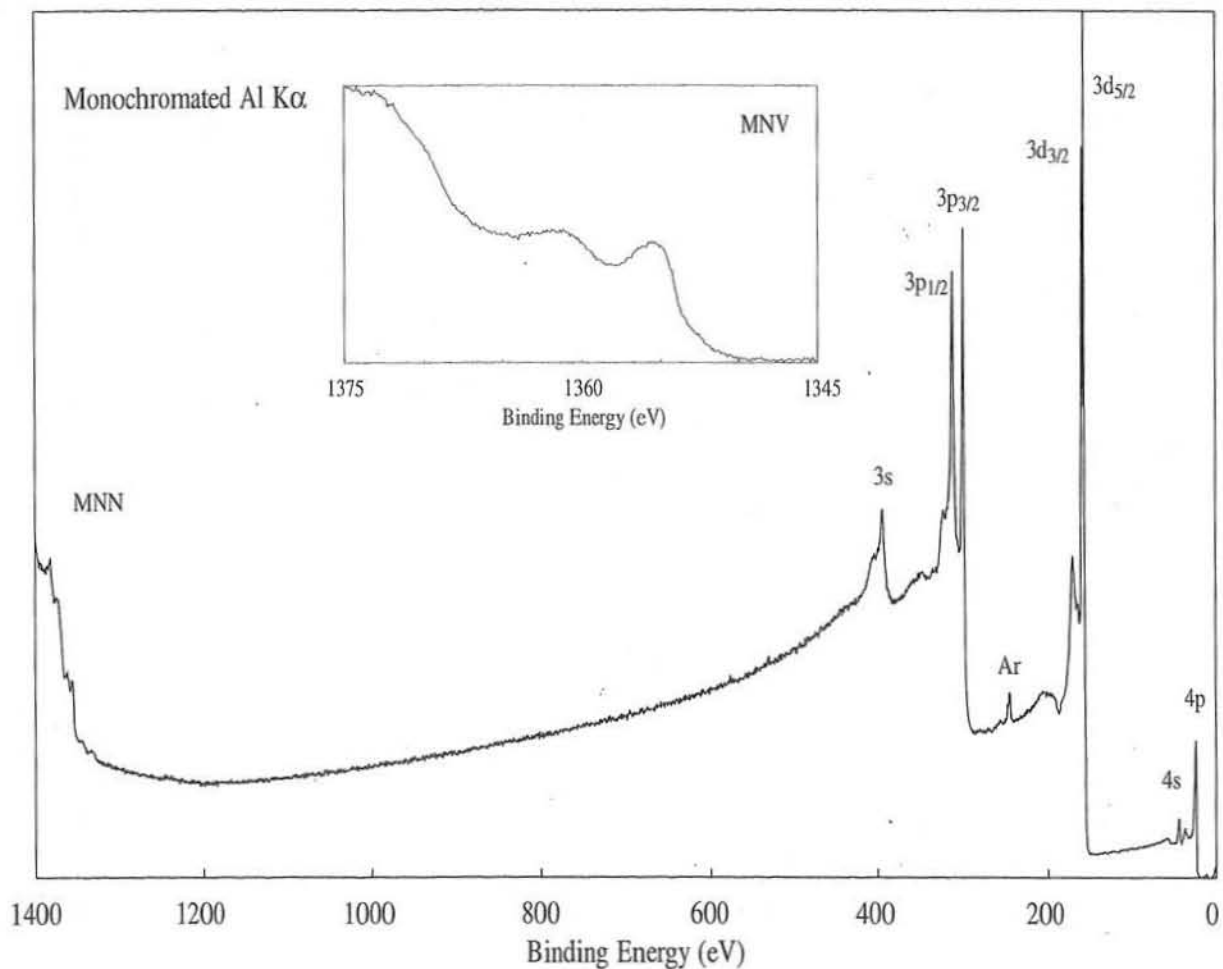
Line Positions (eV)

Photoelectron Lines						
3s	3p <sub>1/2</sub>	3p <sub>3/2</sub>	3d <sub>3/2</sub>	3d <sub>5/2</sub>	4s	4p
360	281	270	136	134	39	21

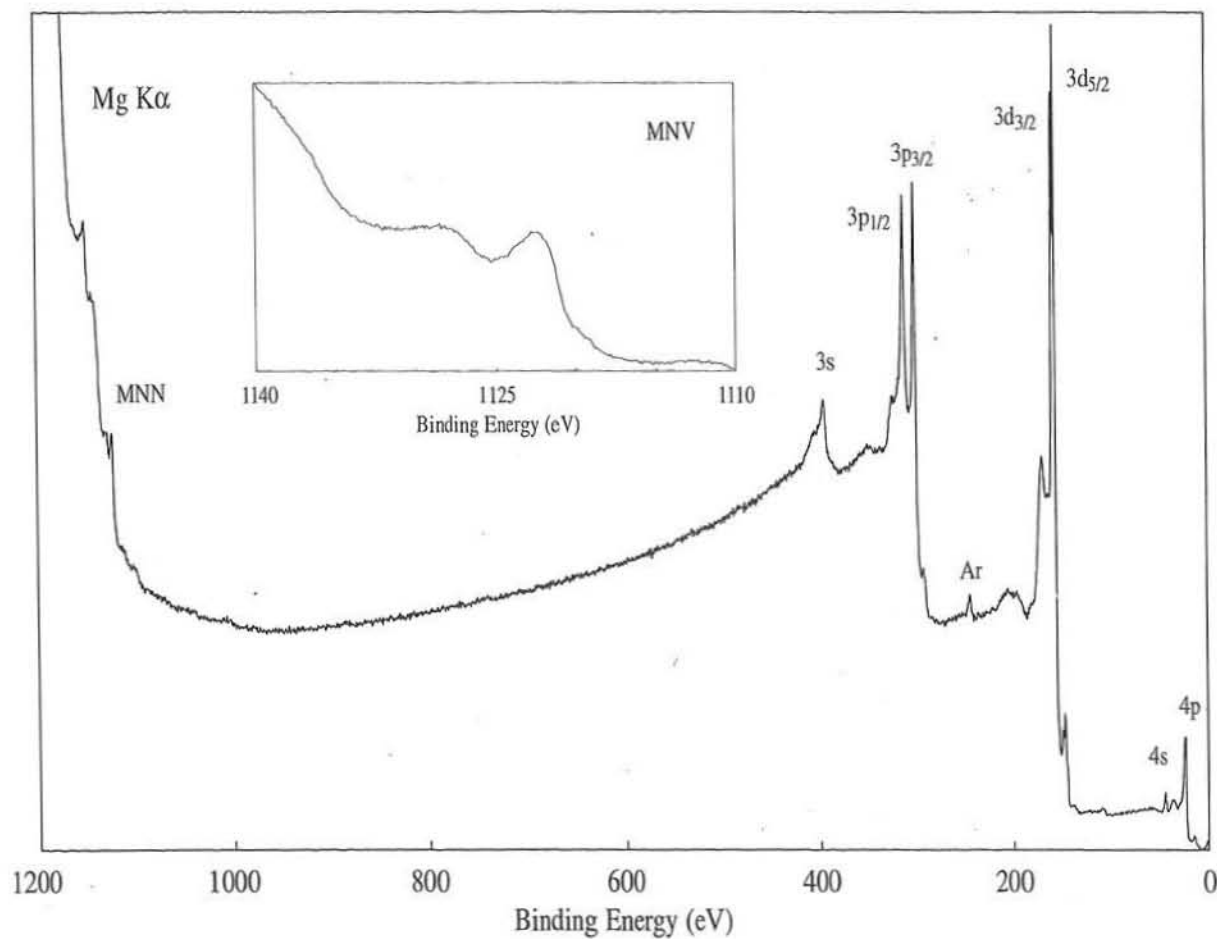


Compound Type	3d <sub>5/2</sub> Binding Energy (eV)			
	133	134	135	136
Sr				
SrO				
SrF <sub>2</sub>				
SrCO <sub>3</sub>				
SrSO <sub>4</sub>				
Sr(NO <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>				
SrMoO <sub>4</sub>				
SrRh <sub>2</sub> O <sub>4</sub>				

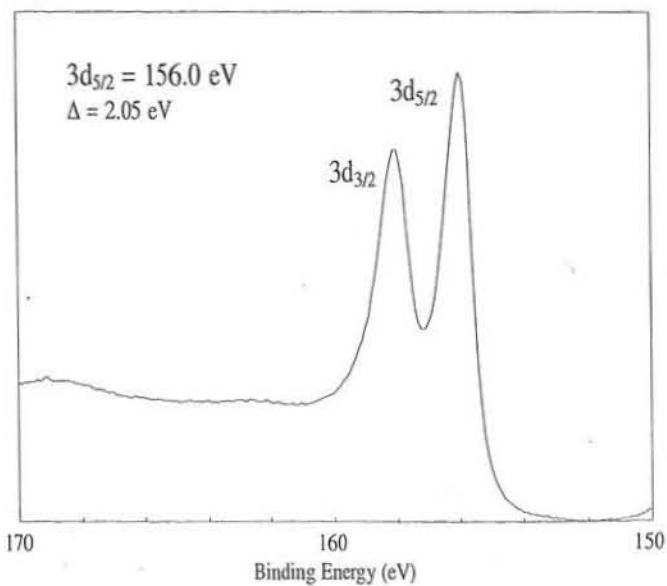


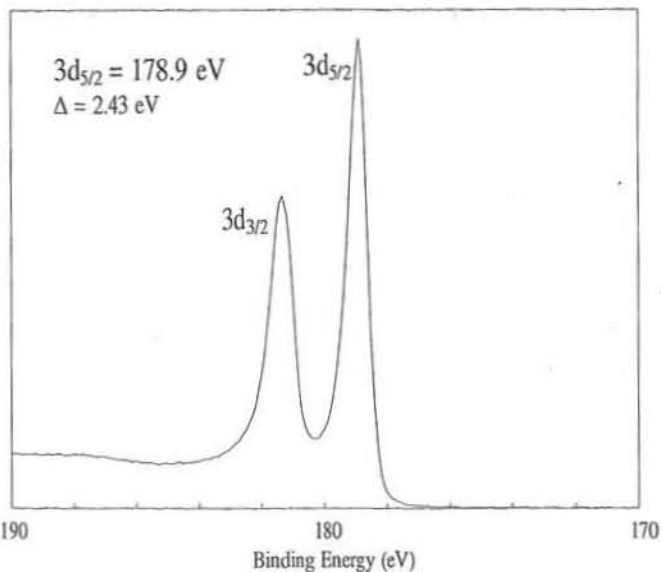
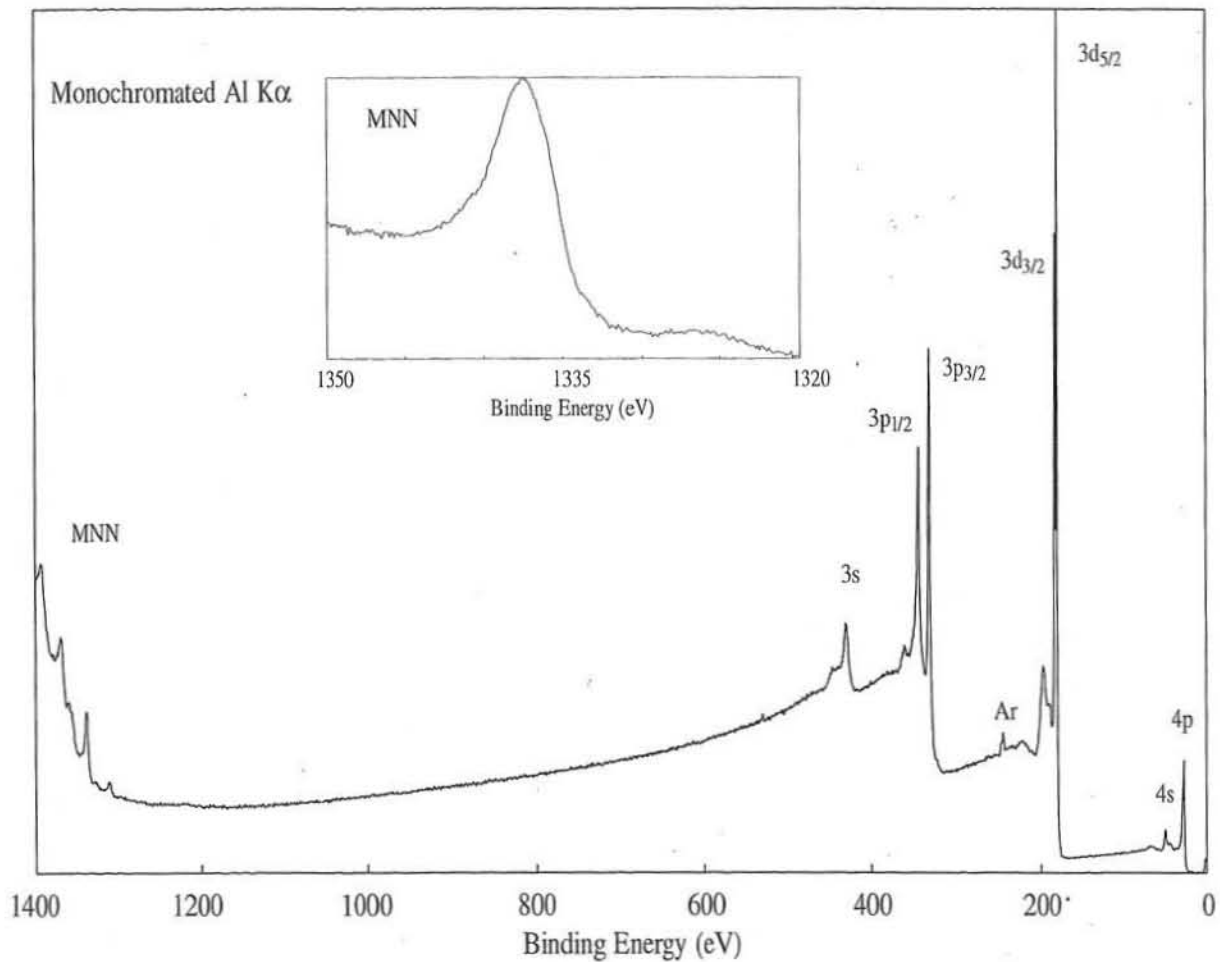


Line Positions (eV)						
<u>Photoelectron Lines</u>						
3s	3p <sub>1/2</sub>	3p <sub>3/2</sub>	3d <sub>3/2</sub>	3d <sub>5/2</sub>	4s	4p
394	311	299	158	156	45	24
<u>Auger Lines</u>						
M <sub>45</sub> N <sub>23</sub> V						
			1356	(Al)		
			1123	(Mg)		

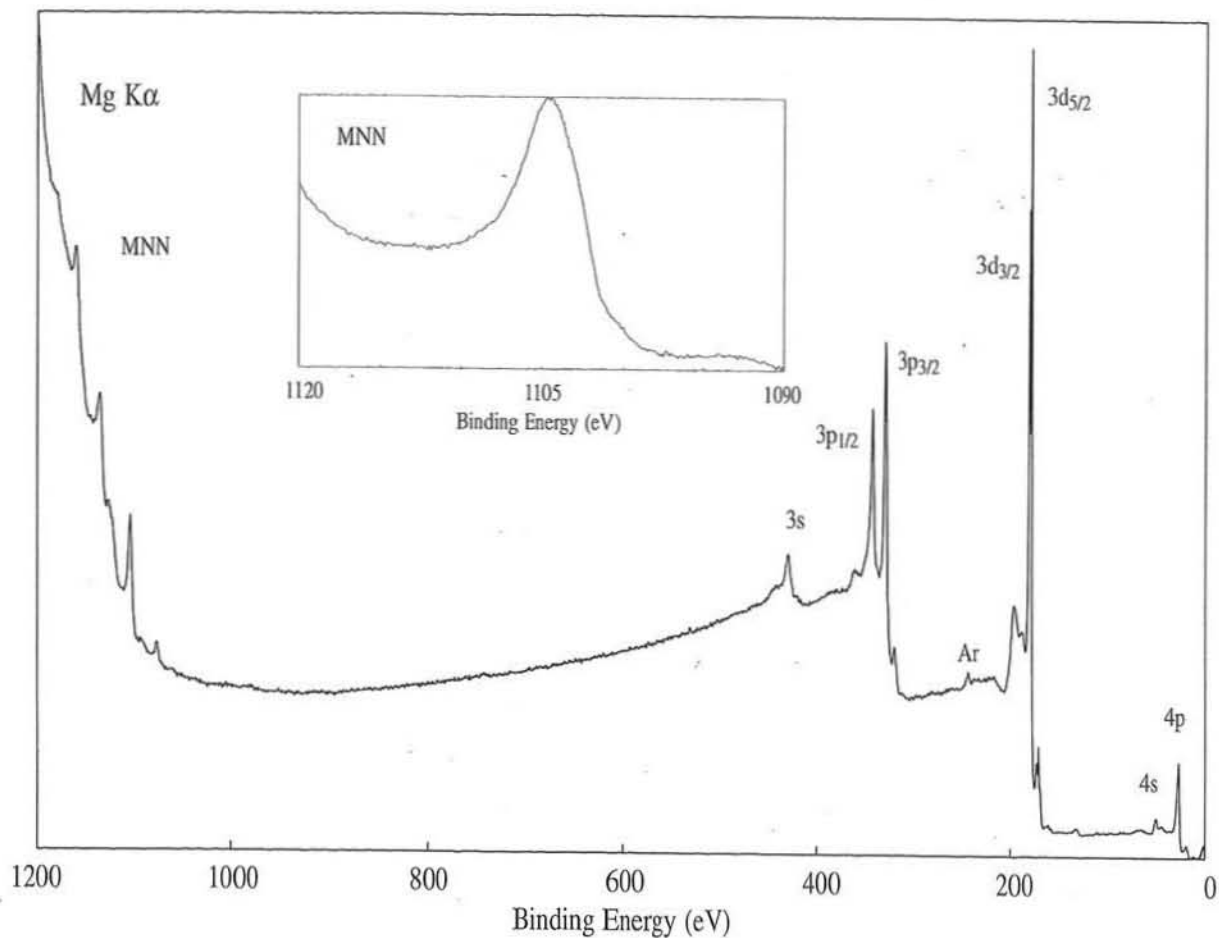


3d <sub>5/2</sub> Binding Energy (eV)			
Compound Type	155	156	157
Y		■	
Y <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>			■

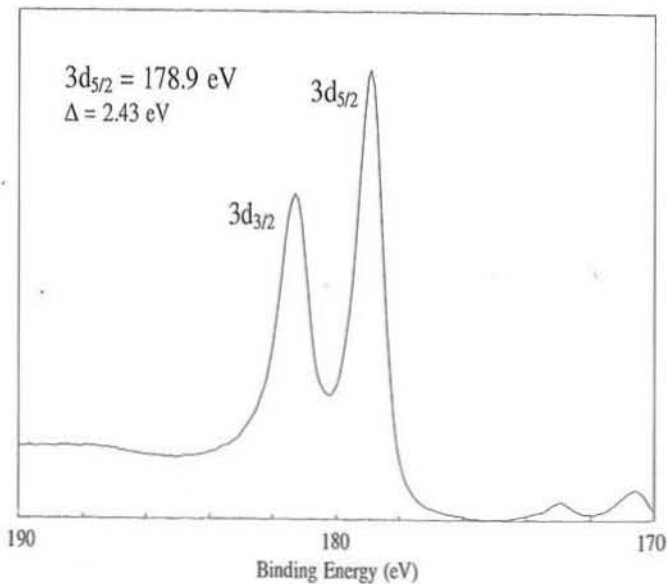


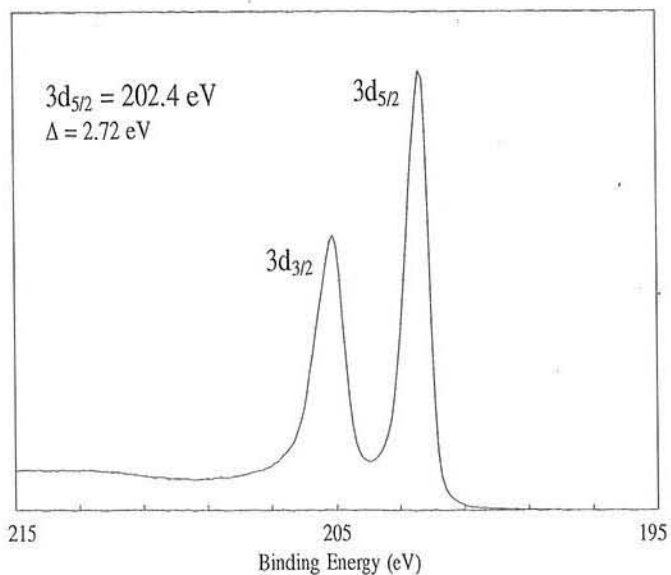
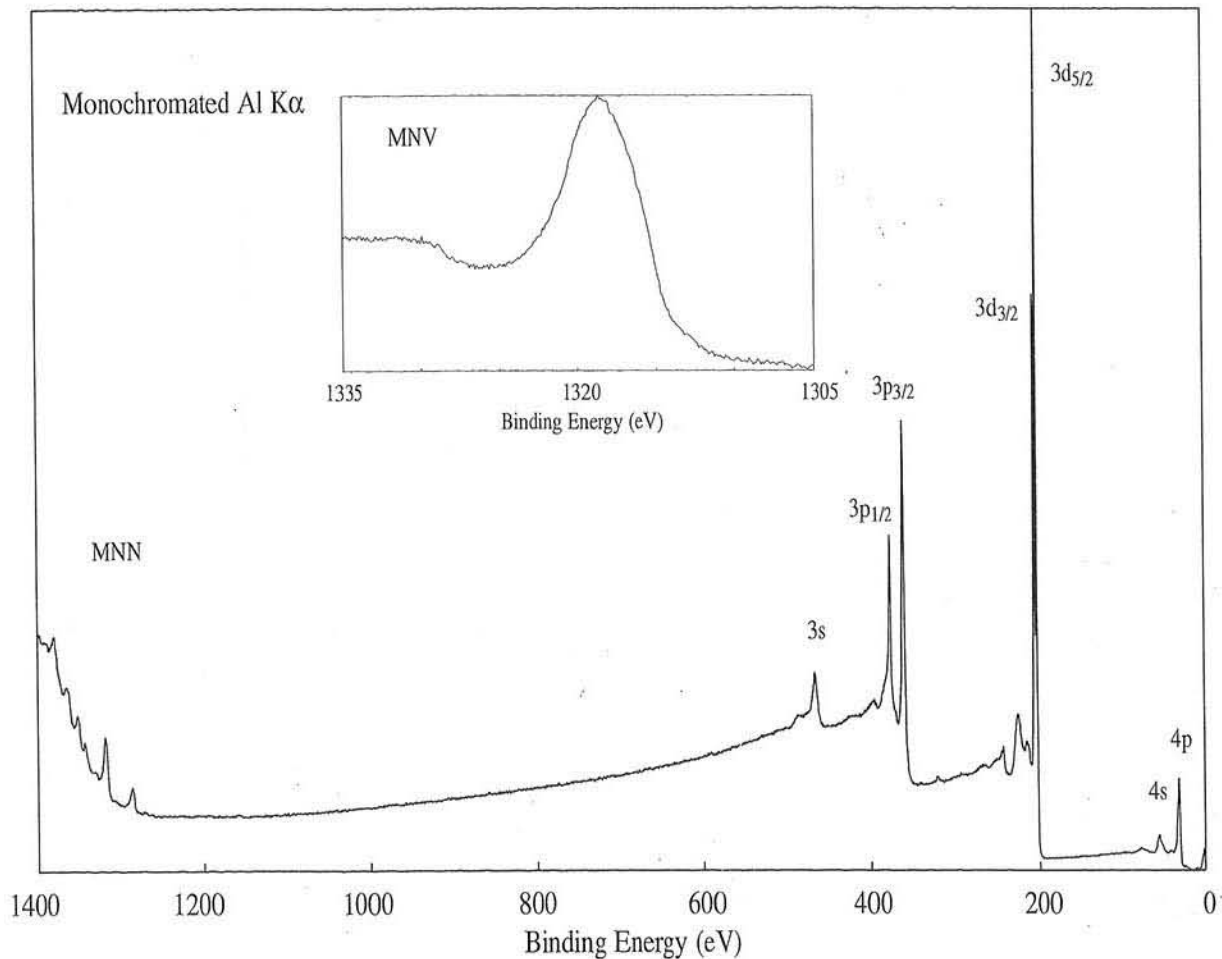


Line Positions (eV)						
<u>Photoelectron Lines</u>						
3s	3p <sub>1/2</sub>	3p <sub>3/2</sub>	3d <sub>3/2</sub>	3d <sub>5/2</sub>	4s	4p
430	343	330	181	179	51	28
<u>Auger Lines</u>						
M <sub>45</sub> N <sub>23</sub> N <sub>23</sub>		M <sub>45</sub> N <sub>23</sub> V		M <sub>45</sub> N <sub>45</sub> N <sub>45</sub>		
1393		1368		1337 (Al)		
1160		1135		1104 (Mg)		

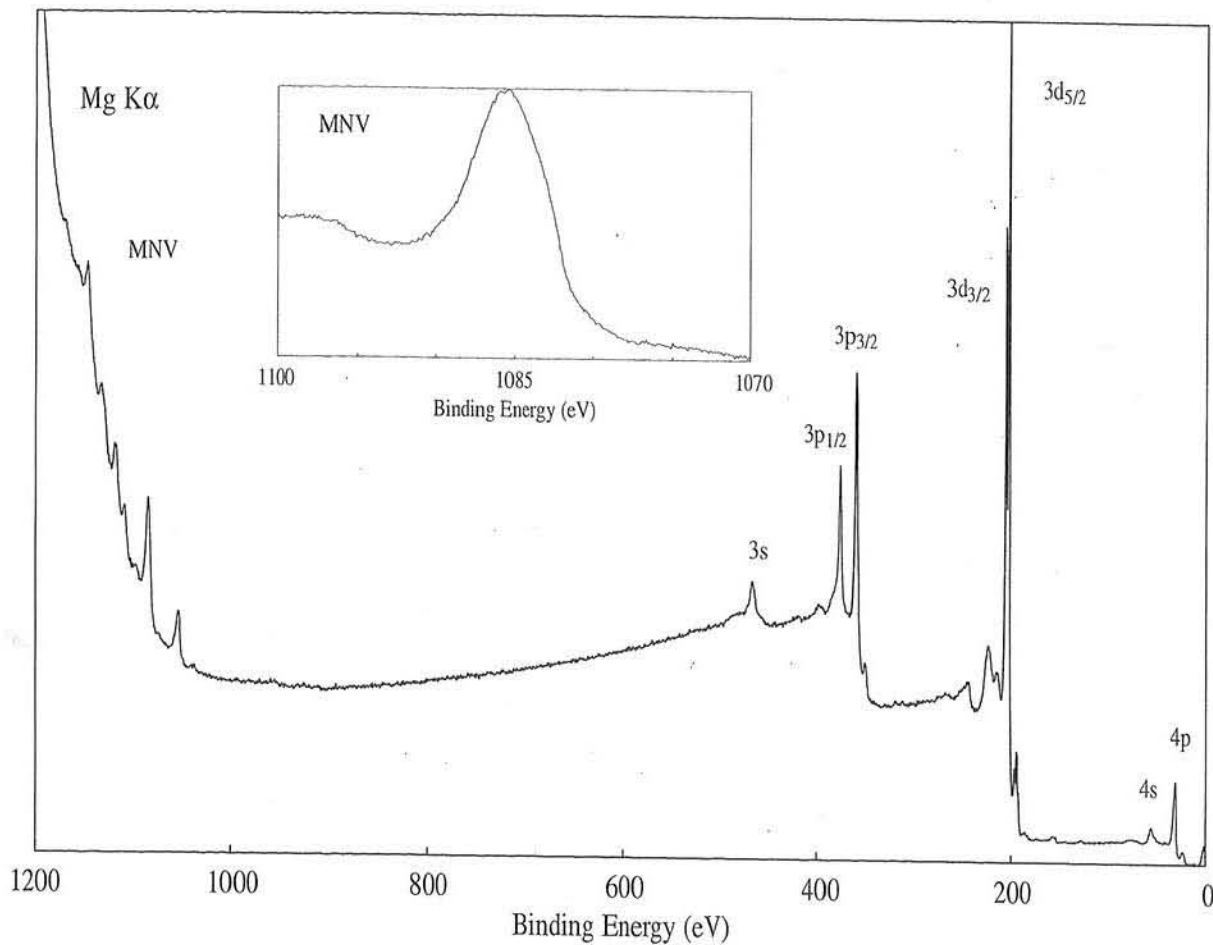


Compound Type	3d <sub>5/2</sub> Binding Energy (eV)							
	178	179	180	181	182	183	184	185
Zr		█						
ZrO <sub>2</sub>					█			
ZrF <sub>5</sub>								█
K <sub>2</sub> ZrF <sub>6</sub>							█	█
K <sub>3</sub> ZrF <sub>7</sub>							█	
KZrF <sub>5</sub> · H <sub>2</sub> O								█

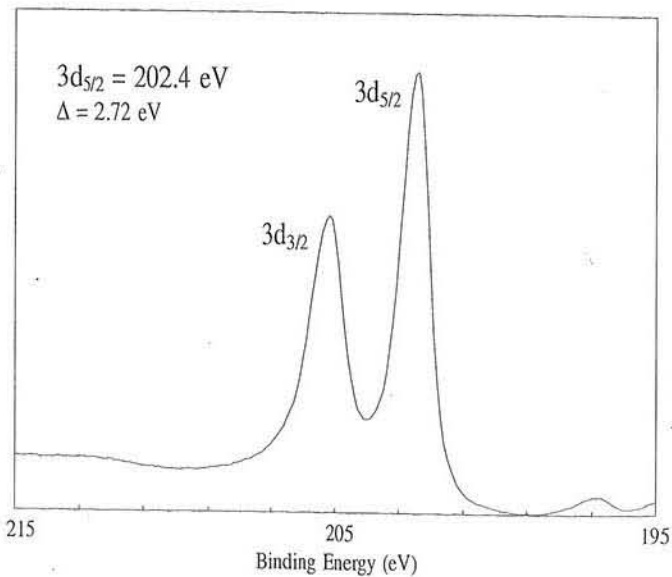




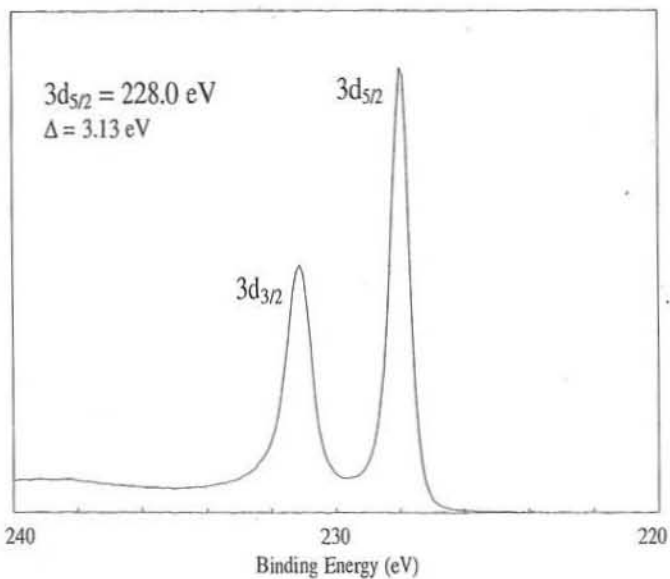
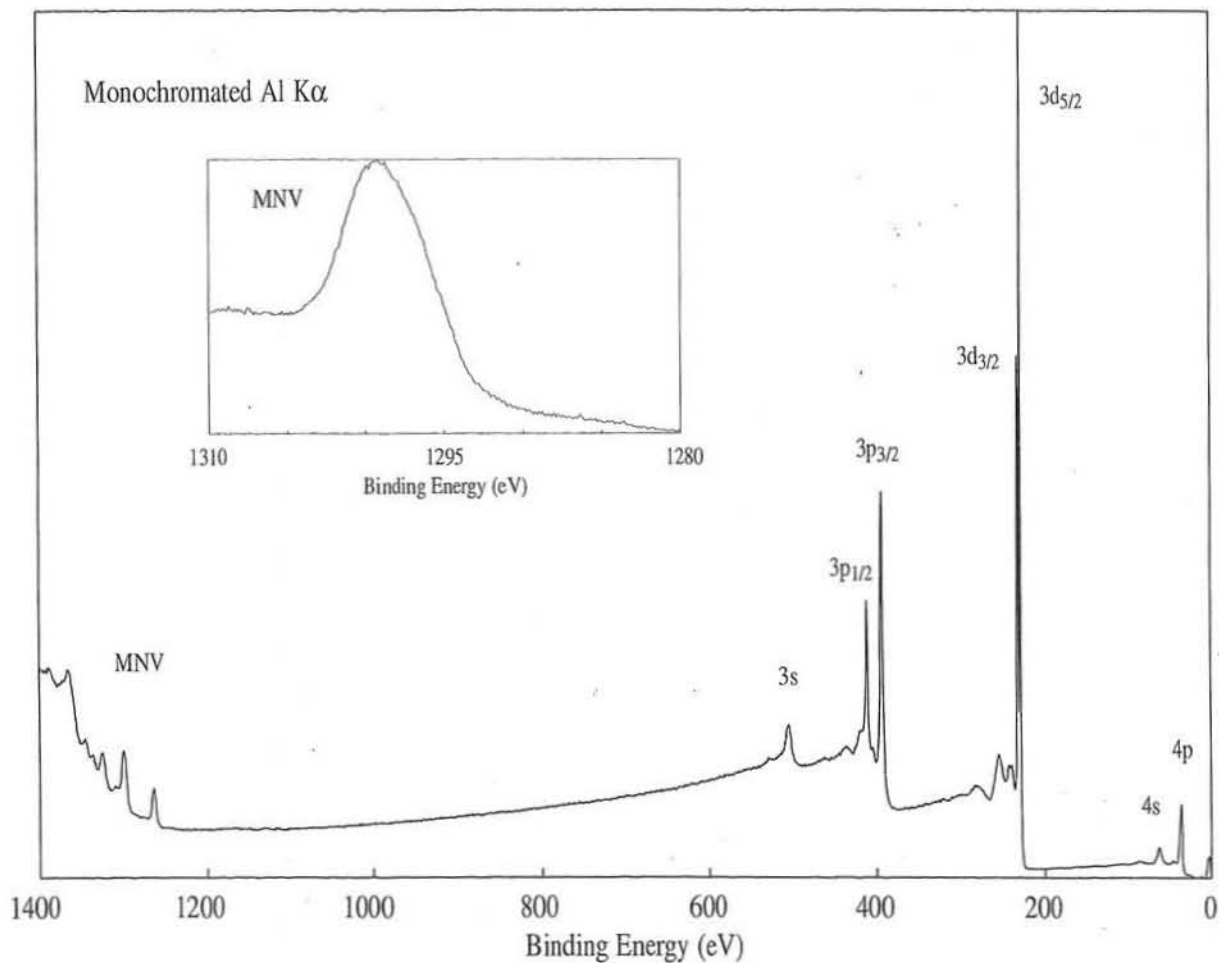
Line Positions (eV)						
<u>Photoelectron Lines</u>						
3s	3p <sub>1/2</sub>	3p <sub>3/2</sub>	3d <sub>3/2</sub>	3d <sub>5/2</sub>	4s	4p
467	376	361	205	202	56	31
<u>Auger Lines</u>						
M <sub>45</sub> N <sub>23</sub> V		M <sub>45</sub> VV				
1319		1287		(Al)		
1086		1054		(Mg)		



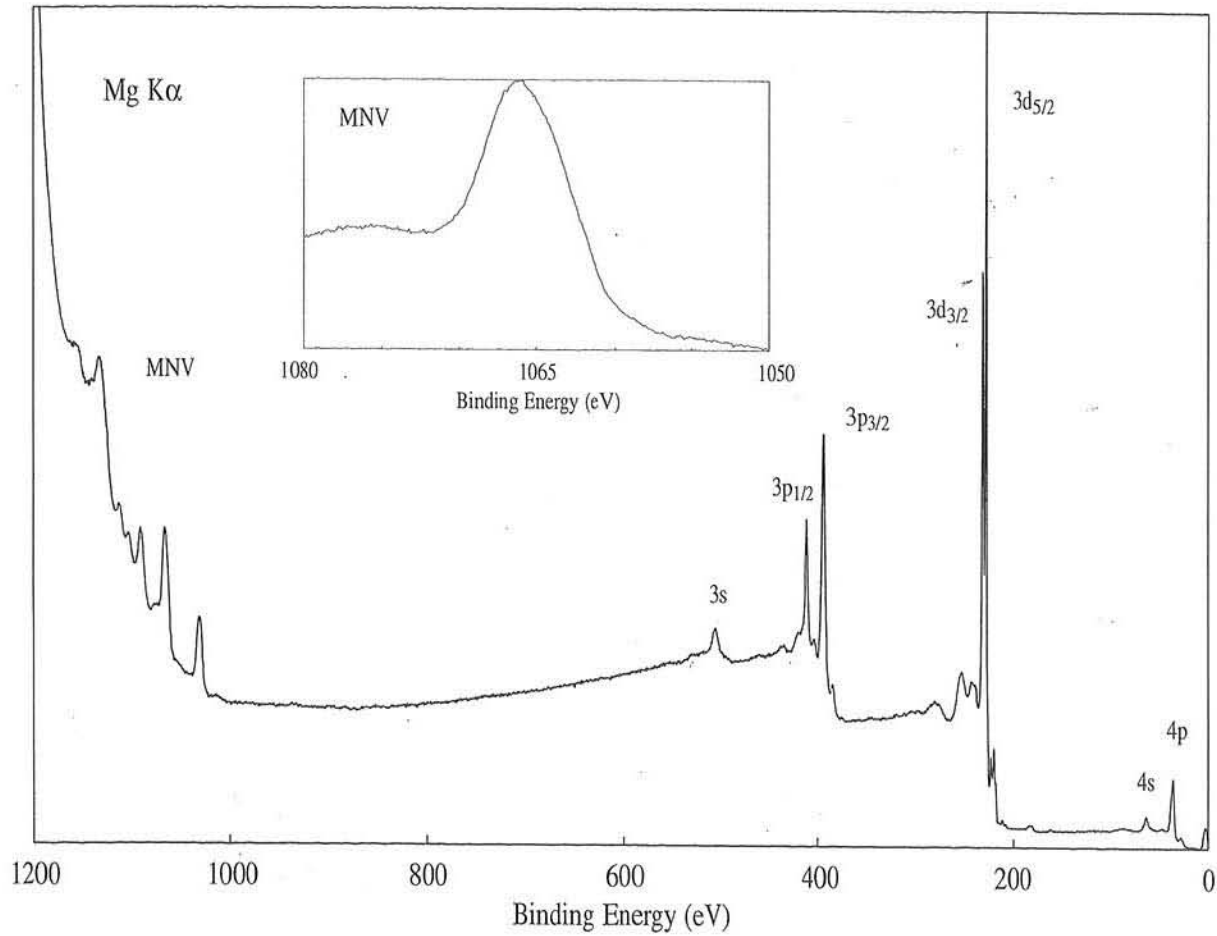
Compound Type	3d <sub>5/2</sub> Binding Energy (eV)							
	201	202	203	204	205	206	207	208
Nb		■						
NbN				■				
NbO			■	■	■			
Nb <sub>2</sub> O <sub>5</sub>			■	■	■			
LiNbO <sub>3</sub>							■	
CaNb <sub>2</sub> O <sub>6</sub>							■	
Ca <sub>2</sub> Nb <sub>2</sub> O <sub>7</sub>							■	
Br <sub>6</sub> (Nb <sub>6</sub> Cl <sub>12</sub> )(Bu <sub>4</sub> N) <sub>2</sub>					■			
Cl <sub>2</sub> (Nb <sub>6</sub> Cl <sub>12</sub> )(Pr <sub>3</sub> P) <sub>4</sub>					■			
Cl <sub>2</sub> (Nb <sub>6</sub> Cl <sub>12</sub> )(Me <sub>2</sub> SO) <sub>4</sub>					■			



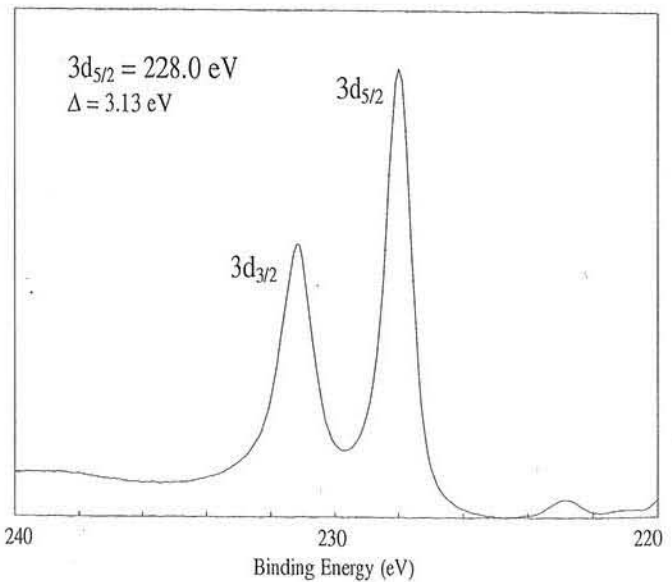


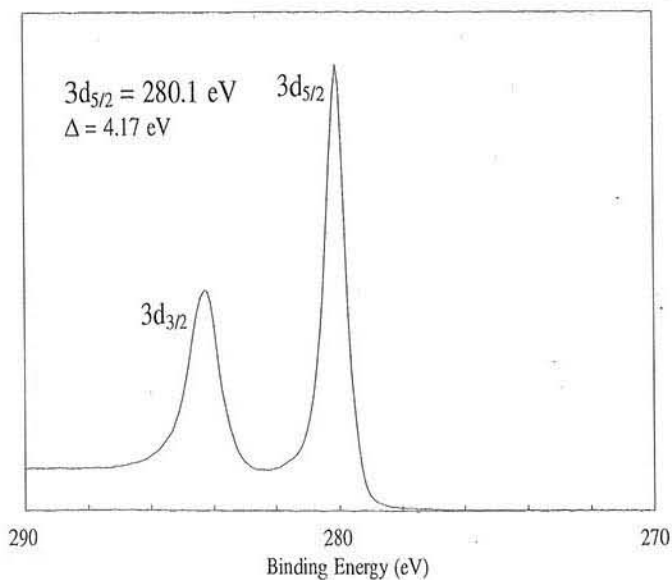
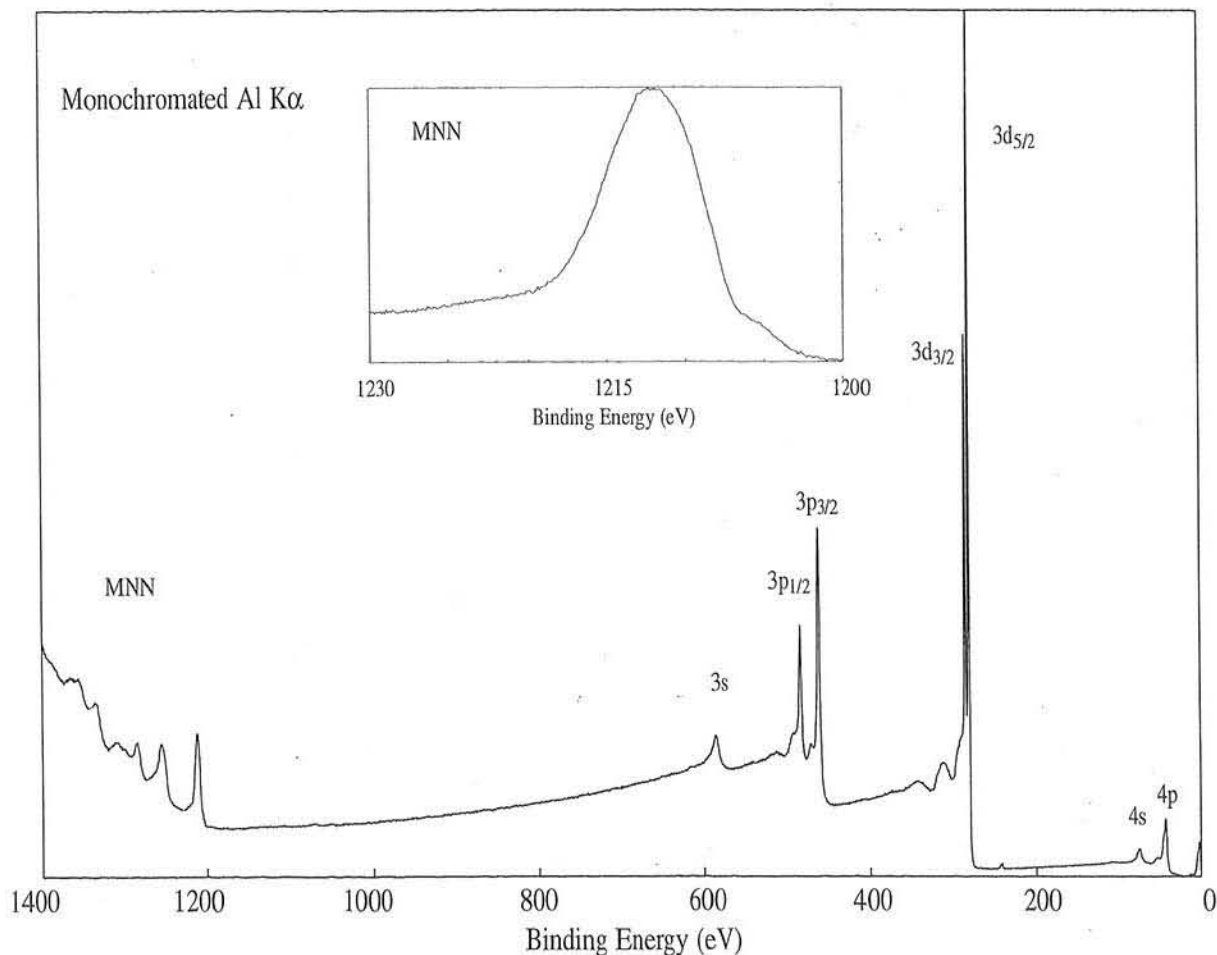


Line Positions (eV)						
<u>Photoelectron Lines</u>						
3s	3p <sub>1/2</sub>	3p <sub>3/2</sub>	3d <sub>3/2</sub>	3d <sub>5/2</sub>	4s	4p
506	412	394	231	228	63	36
<u>Auger Lines</u>						
M <sub>45</sub> N <sub>23</sub> V		M <sub>45</sub> VV				
1299		1264 (Al)				
1066		1031 (Mg)				

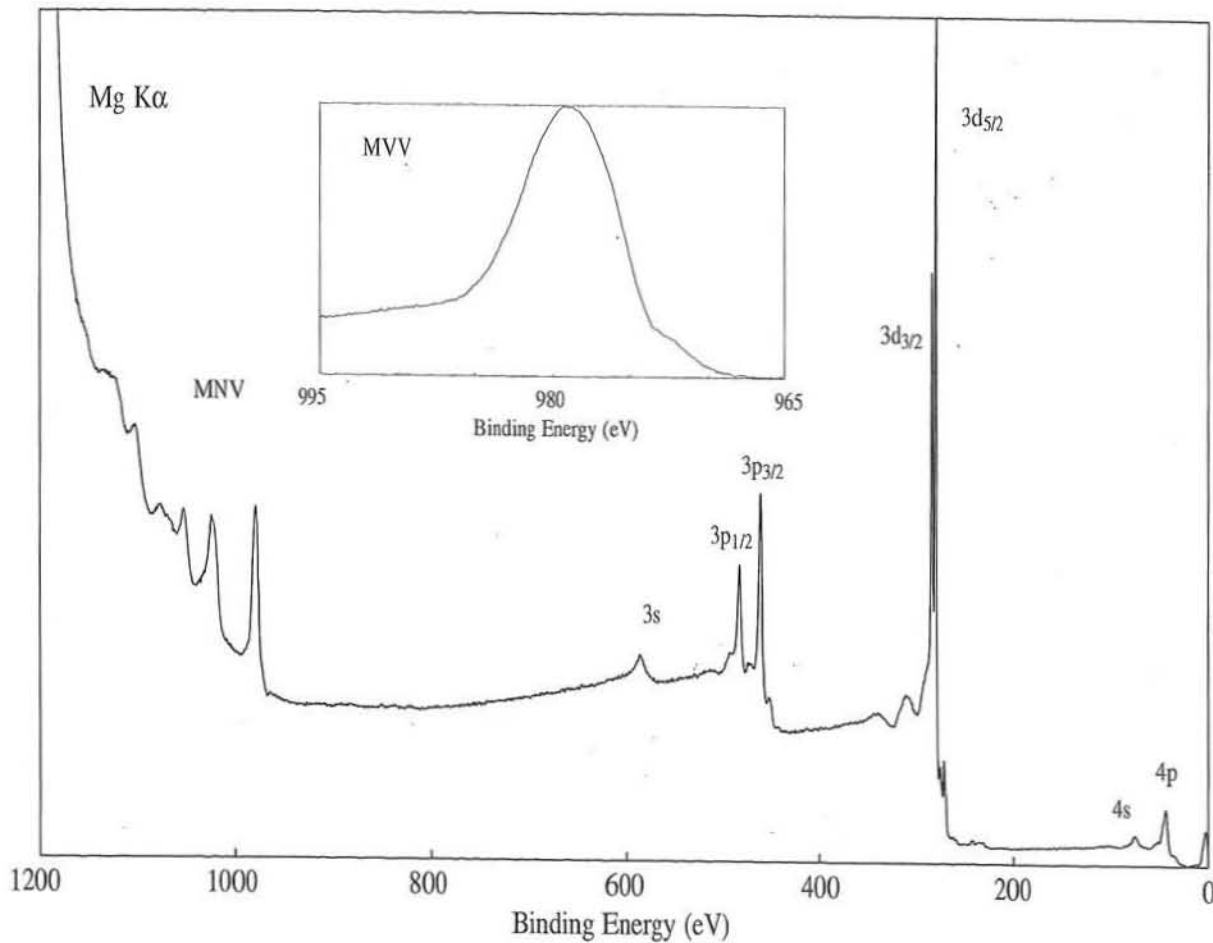


Compound Type	3d <sub>5/2</sub> Binding Energy (eV)							
	226	227	228	229	230	231	232	233
Mo			■					
Boride		■	■					
Mo <sub>2</sub> C		■	■					
MoS <sub>2</sub>				■	■			
MoCl <sub>3</sub>					■	■		
MoCl <sub>4</sub>						■	■	
MoCl <sub>5</sub>							■	■
MoO <sub>2</sub>				■	■			
MoO <sub>3</sub>							■	■
(NH) <sub>4</sub> MoO <sub>4</sub>							■	■
(CO) <sub>x</sub> Mo(Ph <sub>3</sub> P) <sub>y</sub>		■	■					

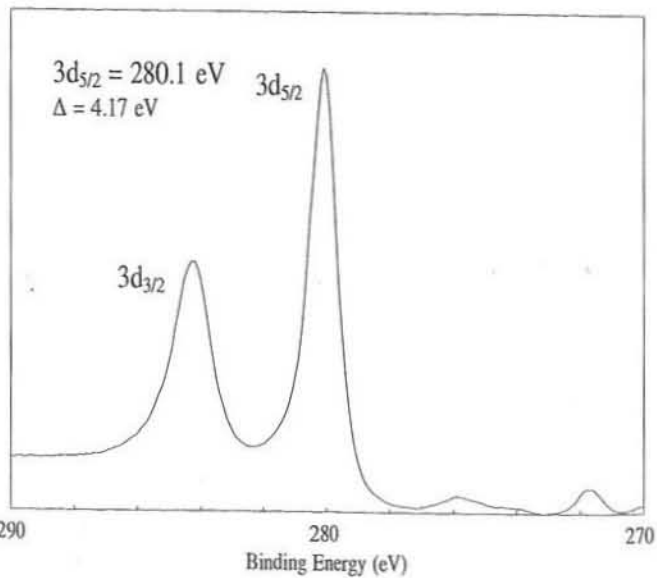


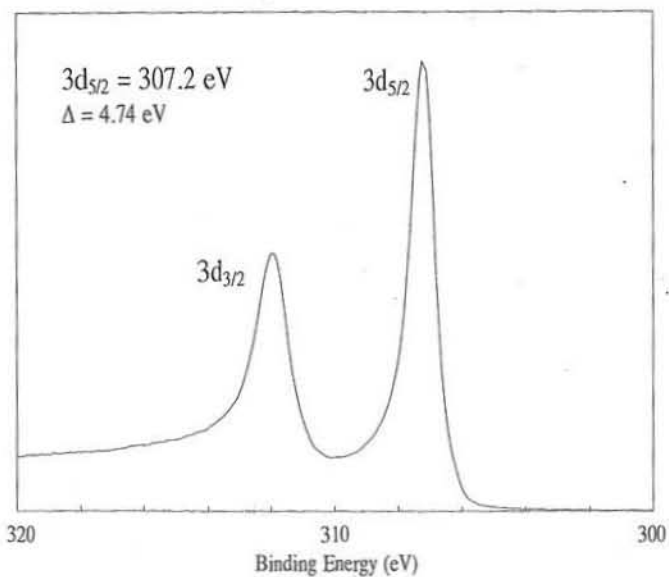
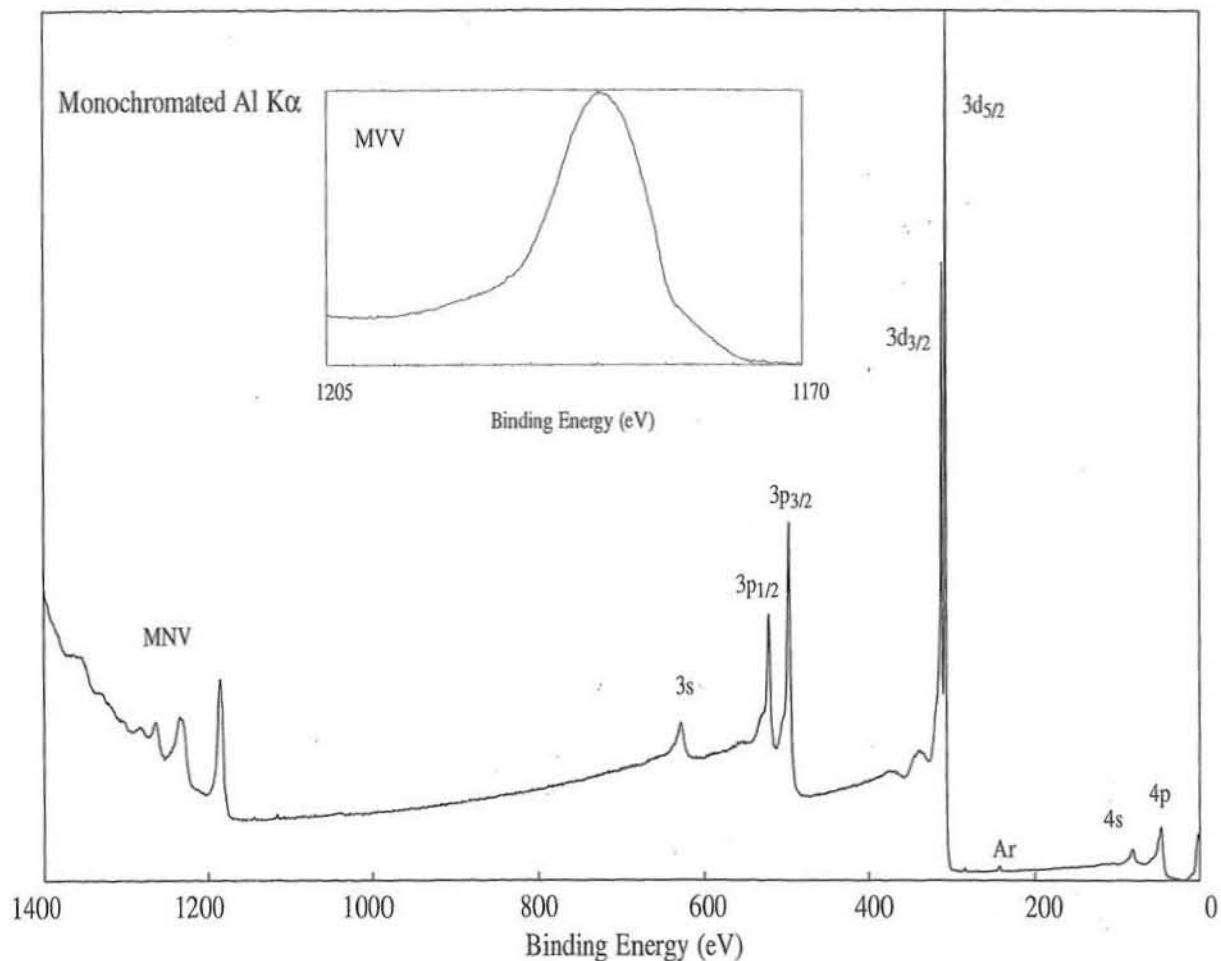


Line Positions (eV)						
<u>Photoelectron Lines</u>						
3s	3p <sub>1/2</sub>	3p <sub>3/2</sub>	3d <sub>3/2</sub>	3d <sub>5/2</sub>	4s	4p
586	484	462	284	280	75	43
<u>Auger Lines</u>						
M <sub>45</sub> N <sub>23</sub> V		M <sub>45</sub> VV				
1256		1212		(Al)		
1023		979		(Mg)		

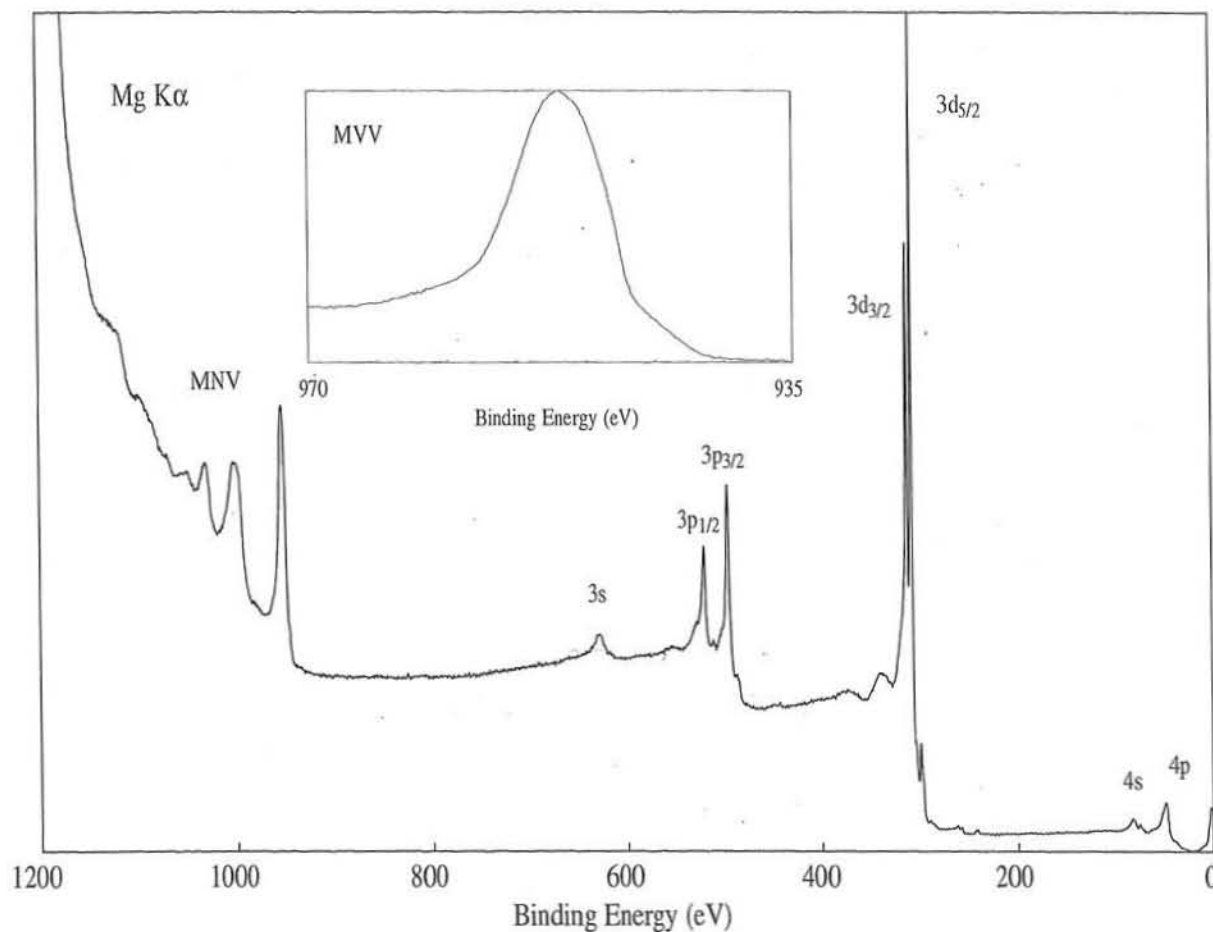


Compound Type	3d <sub>5/2</sub> Binding Energy (eV)							
	276	277	278	279	280	281	282	283
Ru					■			
RuCl <sub>3</sub>							■	
RuO <sub>2</sub>						■		
RuO <sub>3</sub>							■	
RuO <sub>4</sub>								■
Ru(NH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>5</sub> N <sub>2</sub> I <sub>2</sub>							■	
Ru(NH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>5</sub> N <sub>2</sub> Br <sub>2</sub>					■			
Ru(NH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>5</sub> N <sub>2</sub> Cl <sub>2</sub>							■	

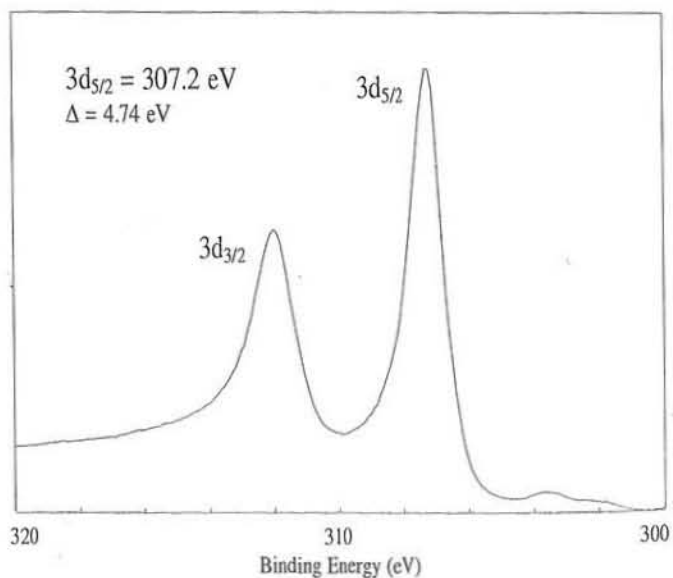


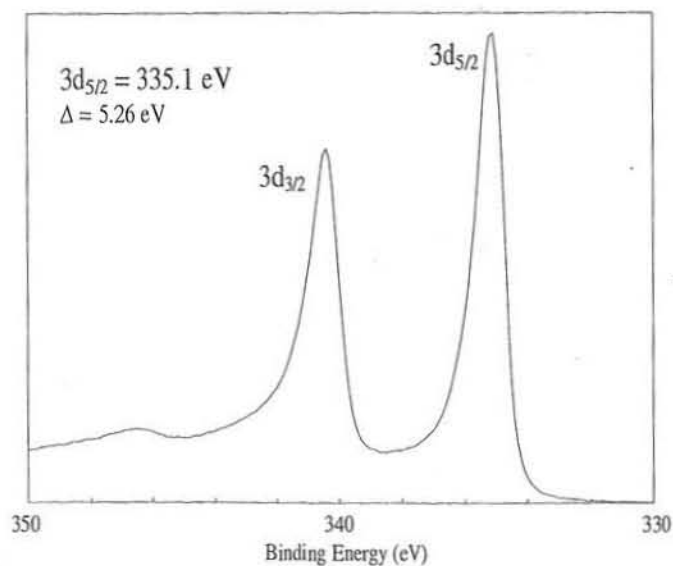
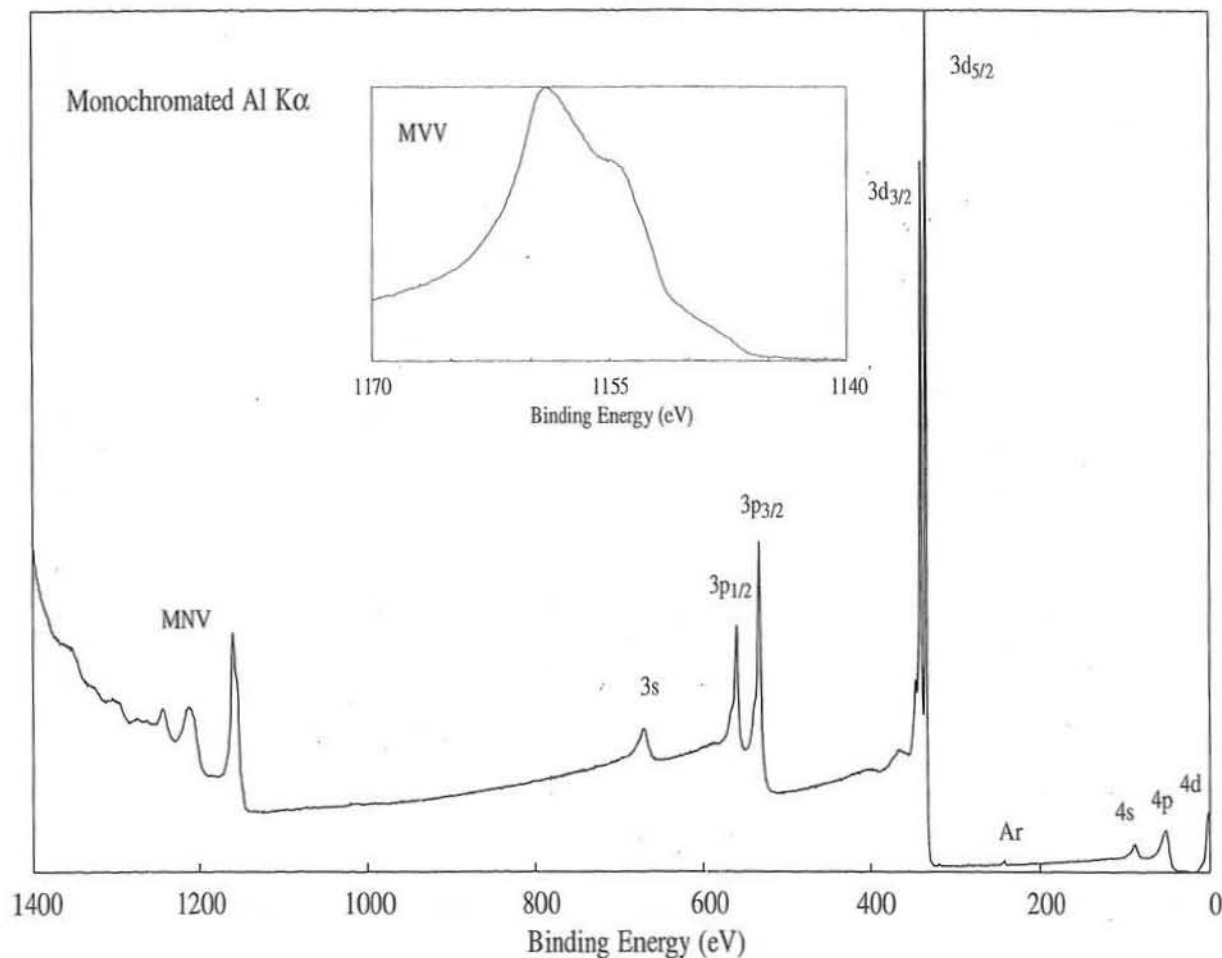


Line Positions (eV)							
<u>Photoelectron Lines</u>							
3s	3p <sub>1/2</sub>	3p <sub>3/2</sub>	3d <sub>3/2</sub>	3d <sub>5/2</sub>	4s	4p	
629	521	497	312	307	81	48	
<u>Auger Lines</u>							
M <sub>45</sub> N <sub>23</sub> V		M <sub>45</sub> VV					
1234		1185 (Al)					
1001		952 (Mg)					

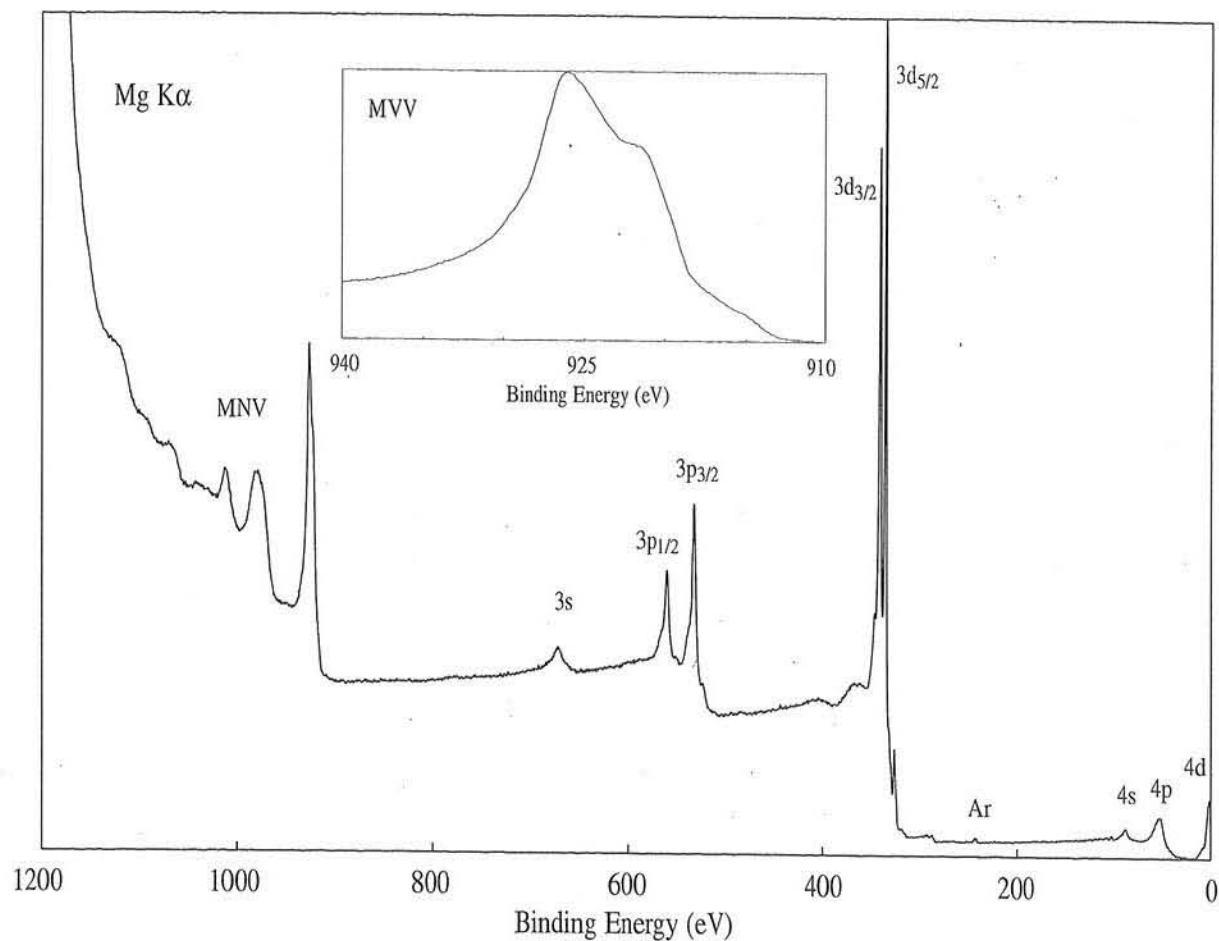


Compound Type	3d <sub>5/2</sub> Binding Energy (eV)				
	307	308	309	310	311
Rh					
Halides					
Rh <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>					
ClRh(Ph <sub>3</sub> P) <sub>3</sub>					
Cl <sub>3</sub> Rh(Ph <sub>3</sub> P) <sub>3</sub>					
Cl <sub>6</sub> Rh(Ph <sub>3</sub> P) <sub>3</sub>					
Br <sub>6</sub> Rh(Ph <sub>3</sub> P) <sub>3</sub>					
Cl <sub>2</sub> Rh <sub>2</sub> (cyclooctadiene) <sub>2</sub>					
Rh <sub>2</sub> (OAc) <sub>4</sub> · 2H <sub>2</sub> O					
Rh(NH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> COO) <sub>3</sub> · H <sub>2</sub> O					

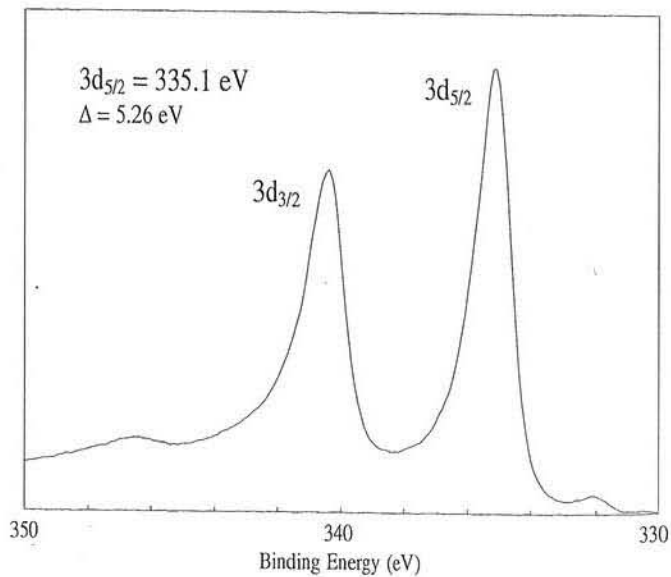




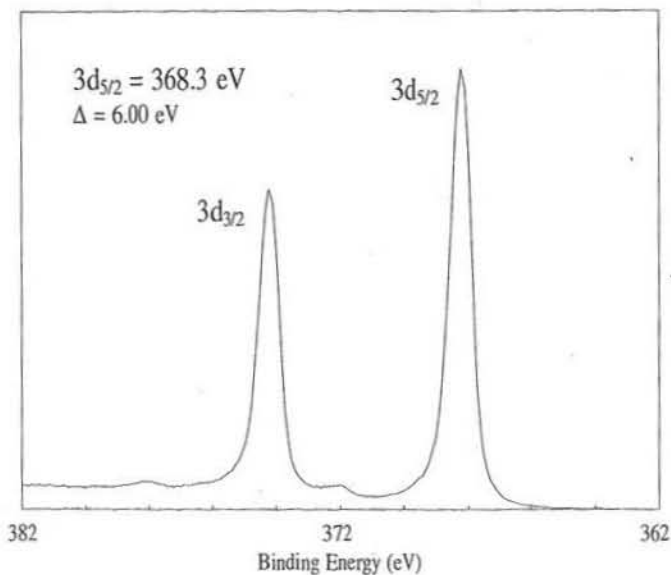
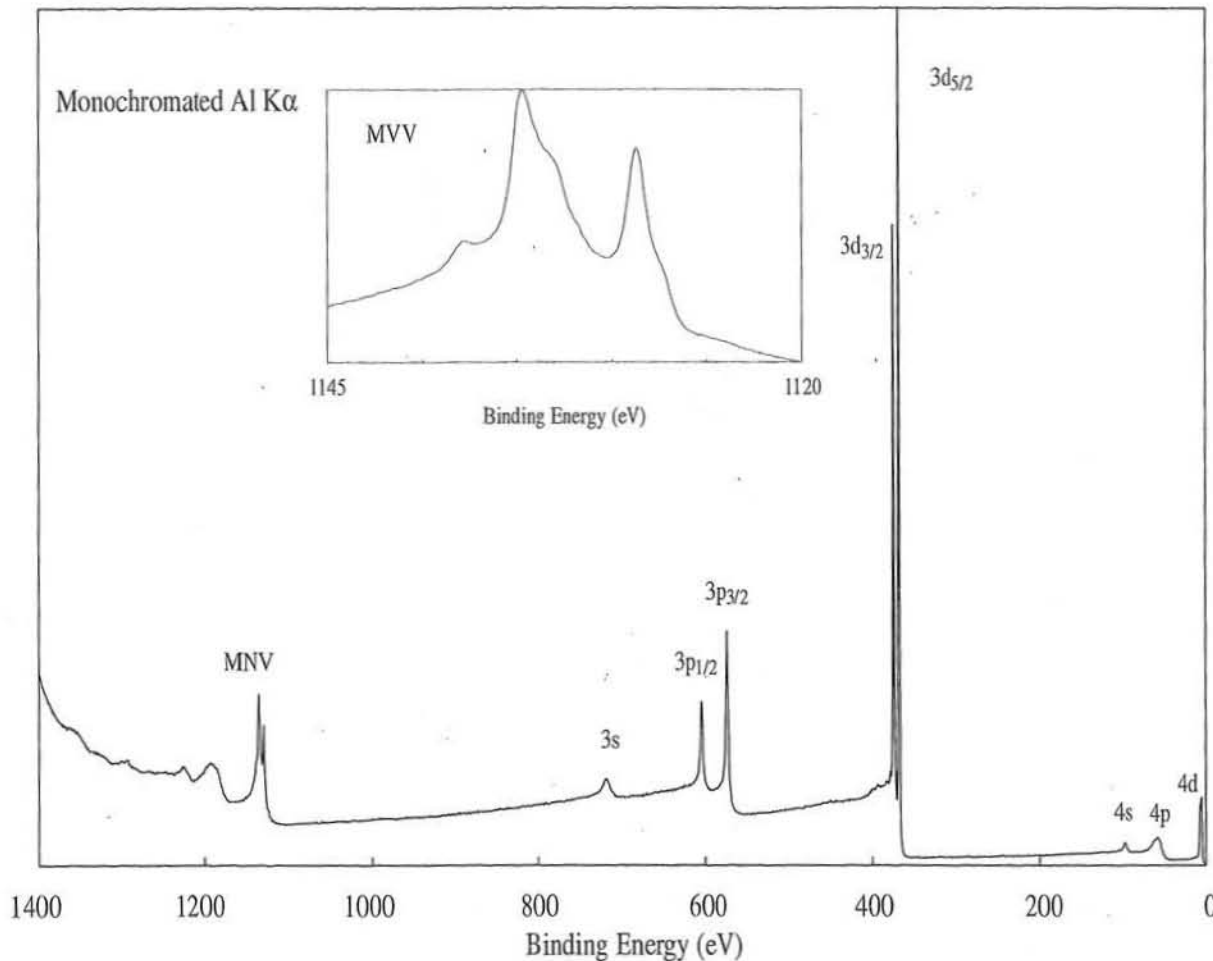
Line Positions (eV)						
<u>Photoelectron Lines</u>						
3s	3p <sub>1/2</sub>	3p <sub>3/2</sub>	3d <sub>3/2</sub>	3d <sub>5/2</sub>	4s	4p
671	560	533	340	335	88	52
<u>Auger Lines</u>						
M <sub>45</sub> N <sub>23</sub> V		M <sub>45</sub> VV				
1211		1159 (Al)				
978		926 (Mg)				



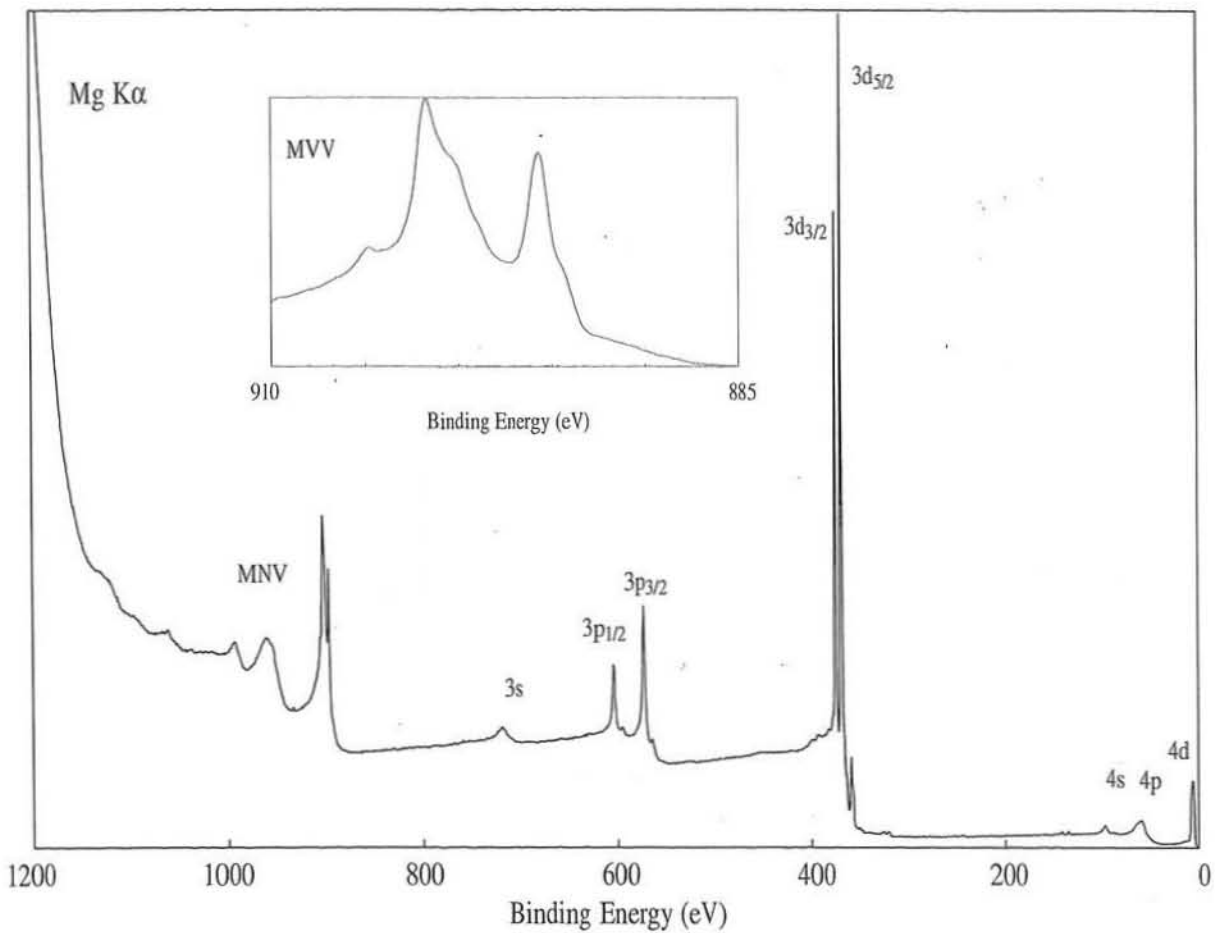
Compound Type	3d <sub>5/2</sub> Binding Energy (eV)						
	335	336	337	338	339	340	341
Pd	■						
Pd <sub>2</sub> Si		■					
Pd <sub>3</sub> Si		■	■				
Halides		■	■	■			
PdO		■					
PdO <sub>2</sub>				■			
K <sub>2</sub> PdCl <sub>4</sub>				■	■		
K <sub>2</sub> PdBr <sub>4</sub>			■				
K <sub>2</sub> PdCl <sub>6</sub>						■	
Pd(OAc) <sub>2</sub>					■		
Pd(SPh) <sub>2</sub>				■			



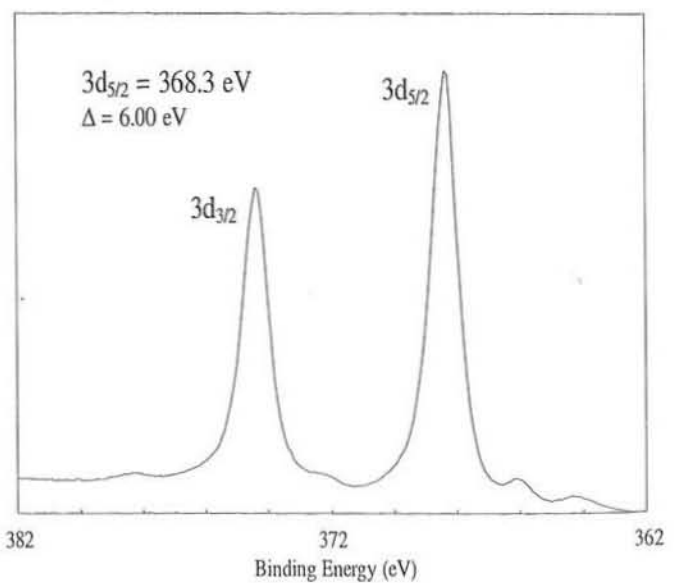


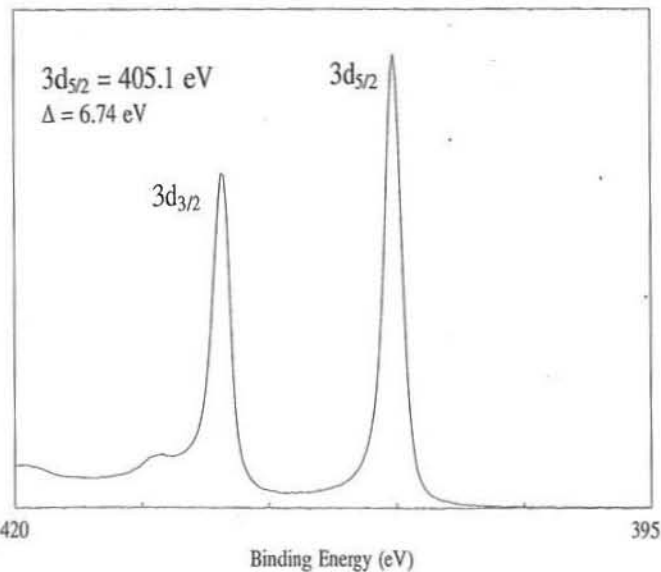
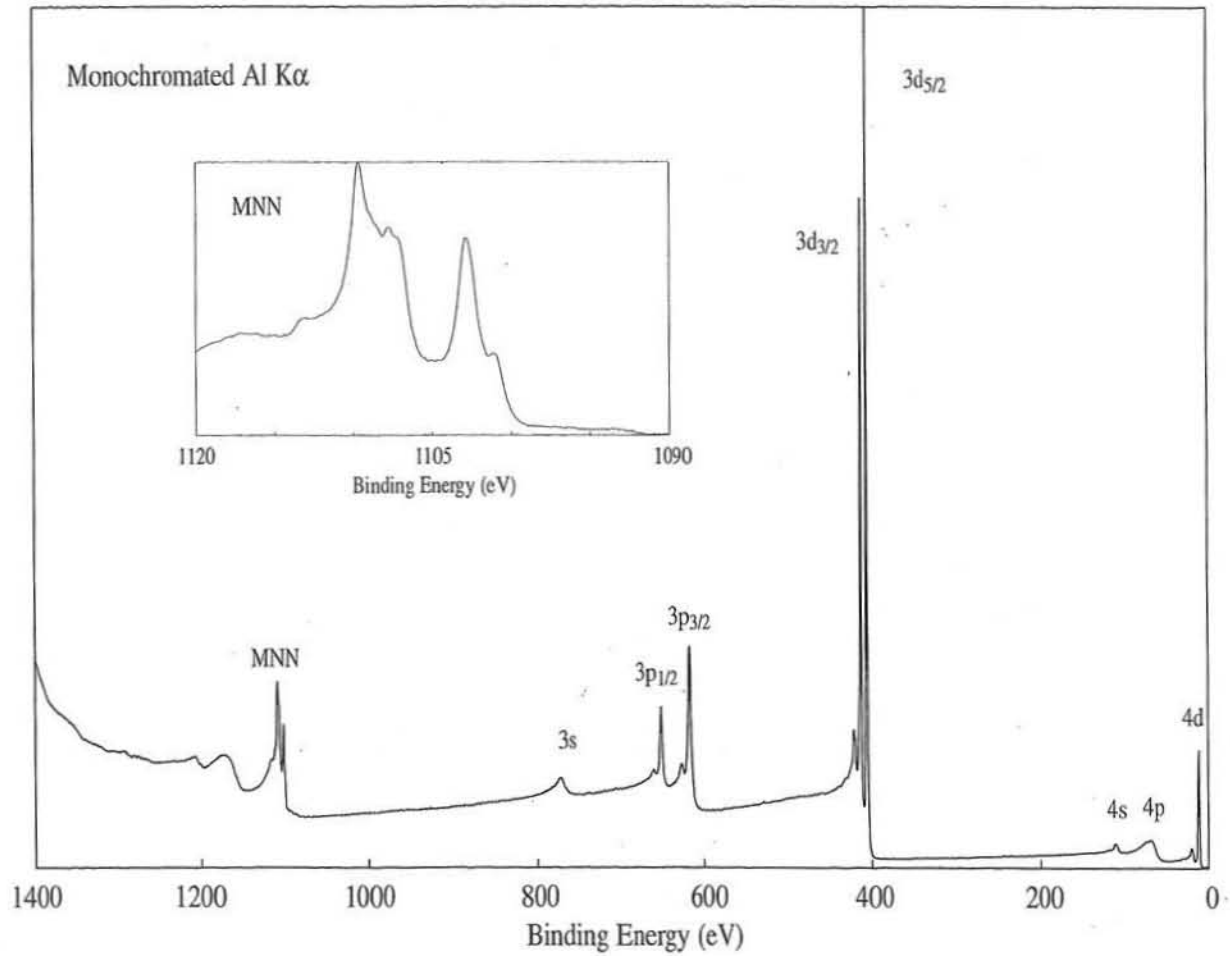


Line Positions (eV)						
<u>Photoelectron Lines</u>						
3s	3p <sub>1/2</sub>	3p <sub>3/2</sub>	3d <sub>3/2</sub>	3d <sub>5/2</sub>	4s	4p
719	604	573	374	368	98	60
<u>Auger Lines</u>						
M <sub>45</sub> N <sub>23</sub> V	M <sub>5</sub> VV	M <sub>4</sub> VV				
1191	1135	1129	(Al)			
958	902	896	(Mg)			

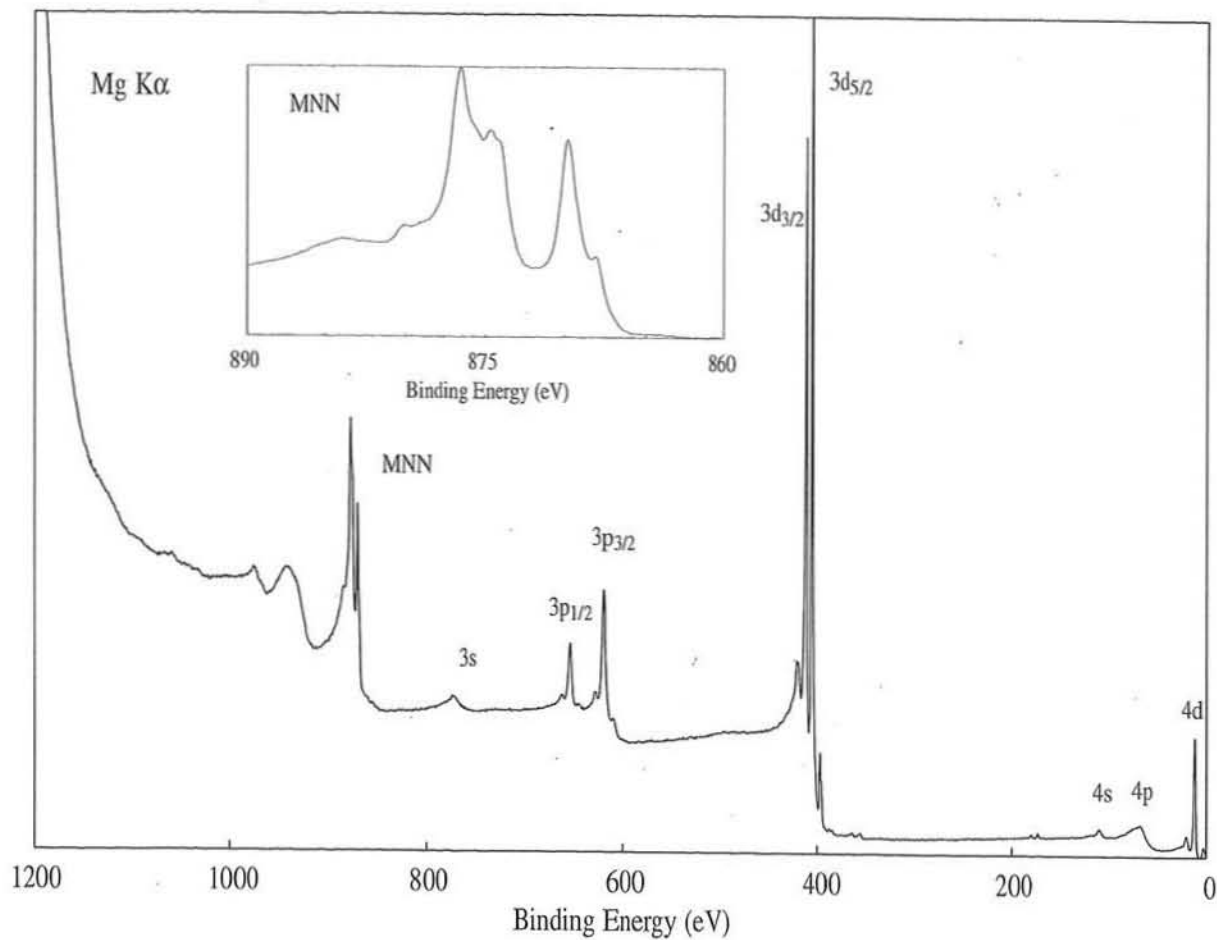


Compound Type	3d <sub>5/2</sub> Binding Energy (eV)		
	367	368	369
Ag			
Alloys			
Ag <sub>2</sub> S			
AgI			
AgF			
AgF <sub>2</sub>			
Oxides			
Ag <sub>2</sub> CO <sub>3</sub>			
Sulfate			
AgOCCF <sub>3</sub>			
Ag(OAc)			

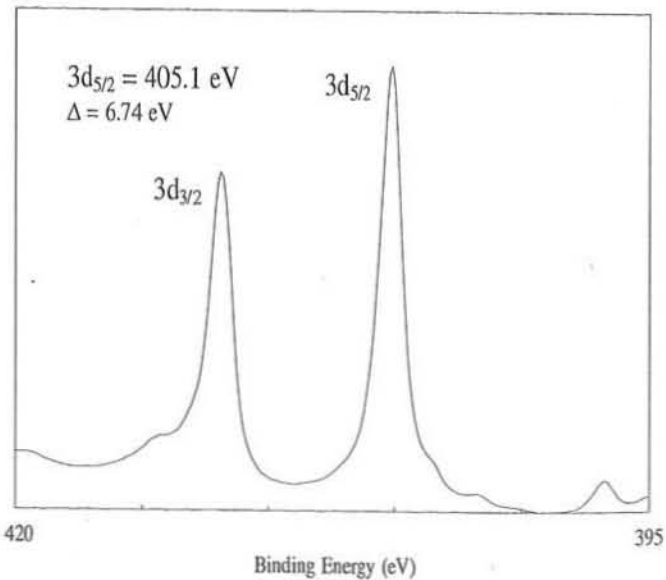


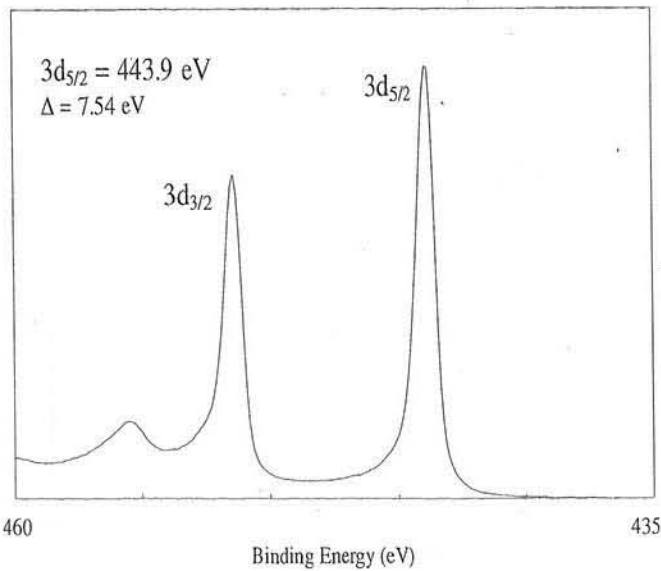
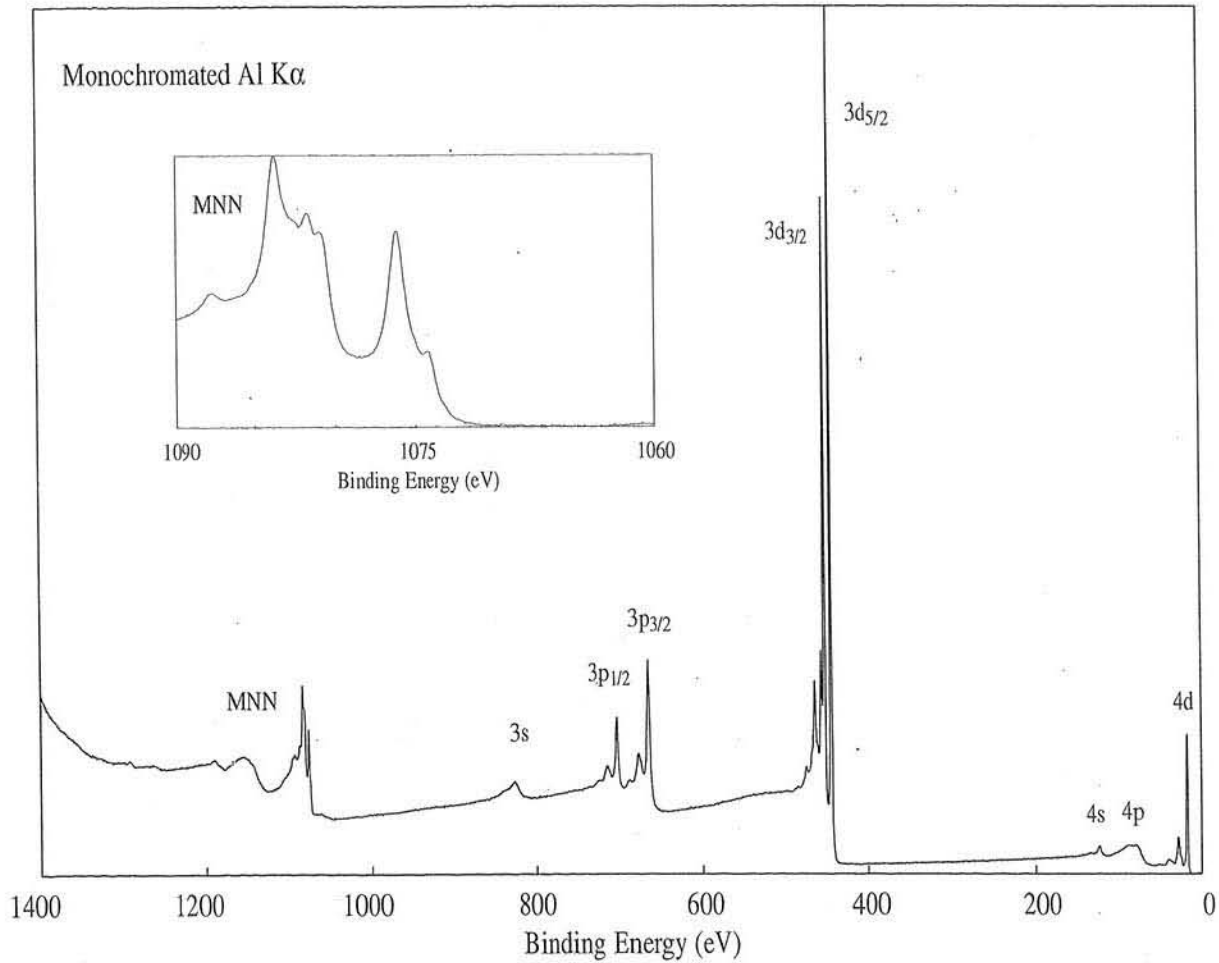


Line Positions (eV)							
<u>Photoelectron Lines</u>							
3s	3p <sub>1/2</sub>	3p <sub>3/2</sub>	3d <sub>3/2</sub>	3d <sub>5/2</sub>	4s	4p	4d
772	652	618	412	405	110	69	11
<u>Auger Lines</u>							
M <sub>5</sub> N <sub>45</sub> N <sub>45</sub>		M <sub>4</sub> N <sub>45</sub> N <sub>45</sub>					
1110		1103		(Al)			
877		870		(Mg)			

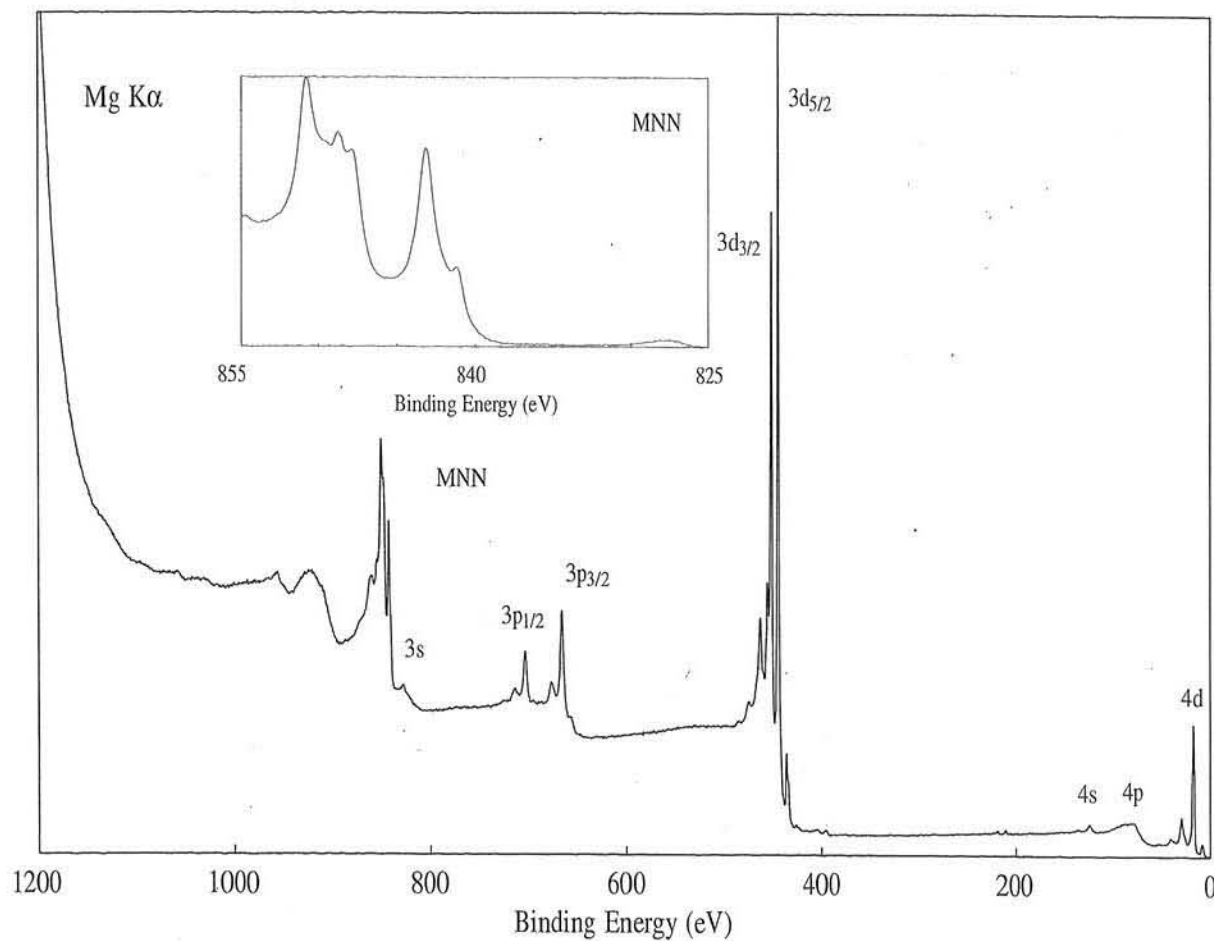


Compound Type	3d <sub>5/2</sub> Binding Energy (eV)			
	404	405	406	407
Cd		■		
Hg <sub>0.8</sub> Cd <sub>0.2</sub> Te		■		
CdTe		■		
CdSe		■		
CdS		■		
Halides			■	
CdO		■		
CdO <sub>2</sub>	■			
Cd(OH) <sub>2</sub>		■		
CdCO <sub>3</sub>		■		

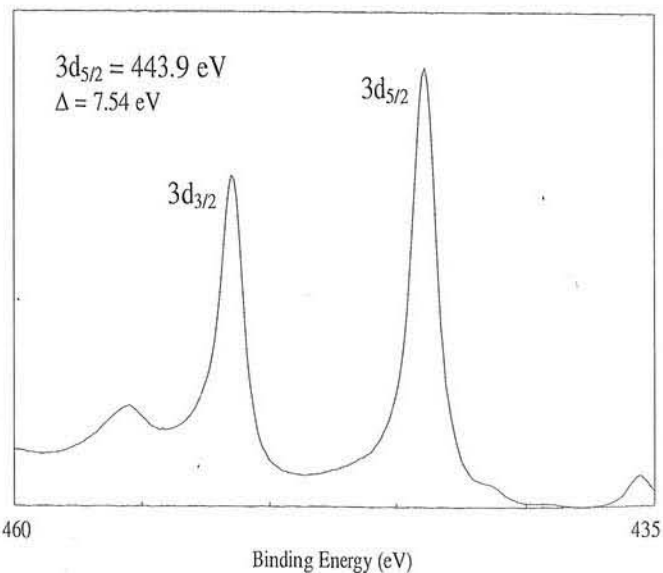


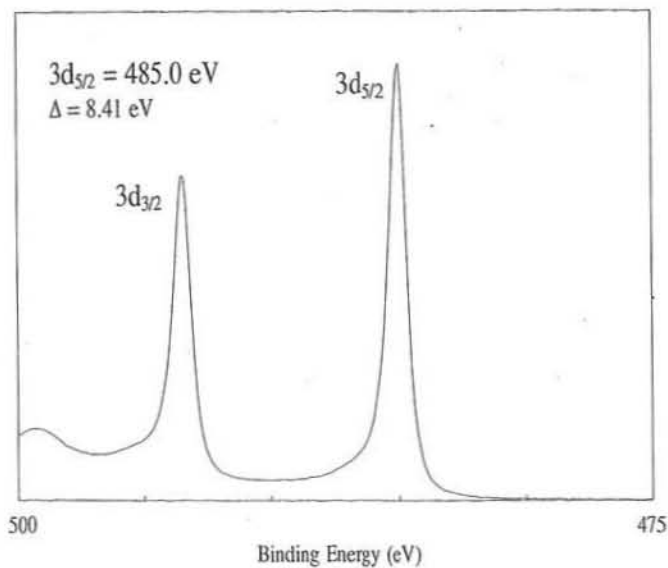
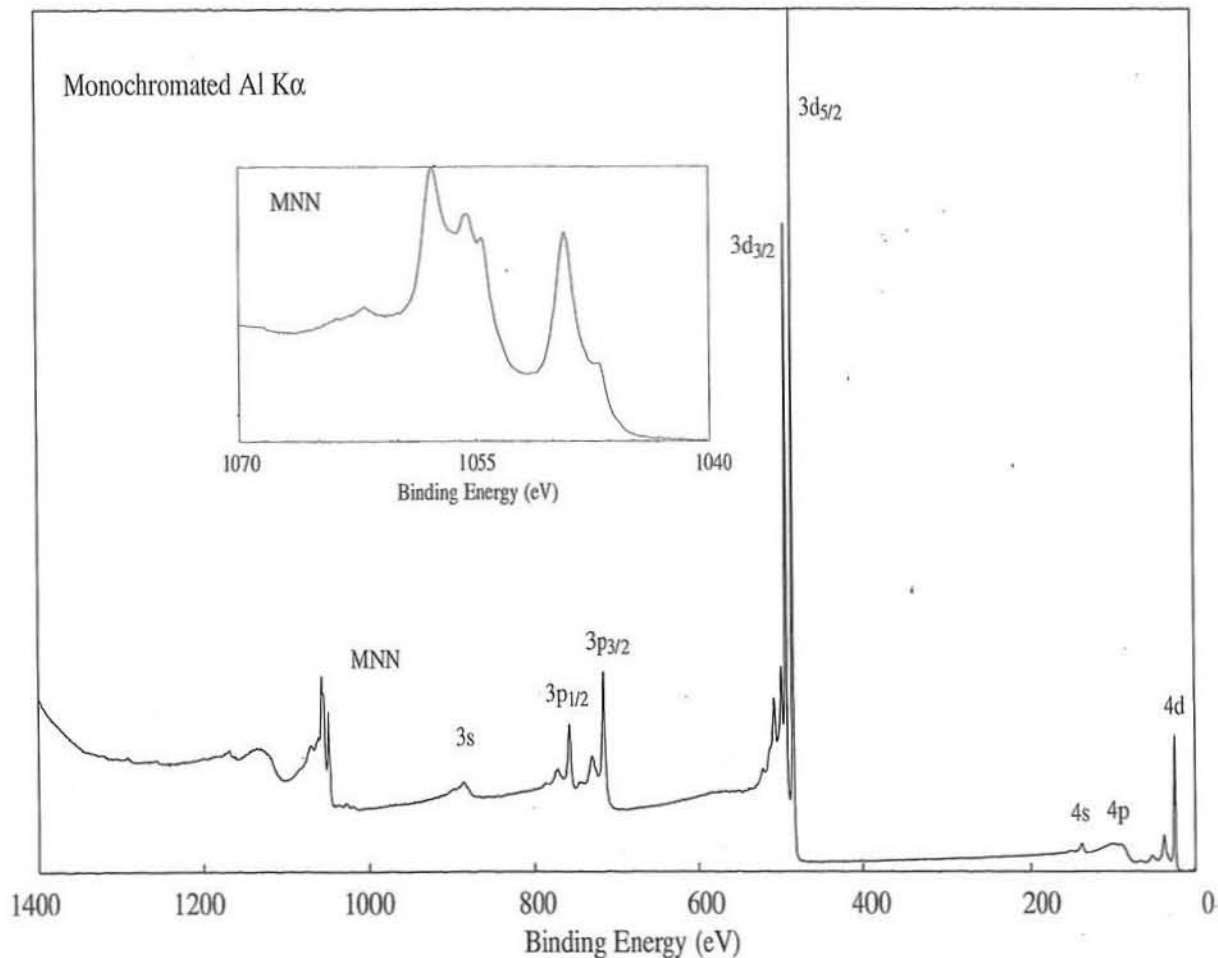


Line Positions (eV)							
<u>Photoelectron Lines</u>							
3s	3p <sub>1/2</sub>	3p <sub>3/2</sub>	3d <sub>3/2</sub>	3d <sub>5/2</sub>	4s	4p	4d
828	703	665	452	444	123	78	17
<u>Auger Lines</u>							
M <sub>5</sub> N <sub>45</sub> N <sub>45</sub>		M <sub>4</sub> N <sub>45</sub> N <sub>45</sub>					
1084		1076		(Al)			
851		843		(Mg)			

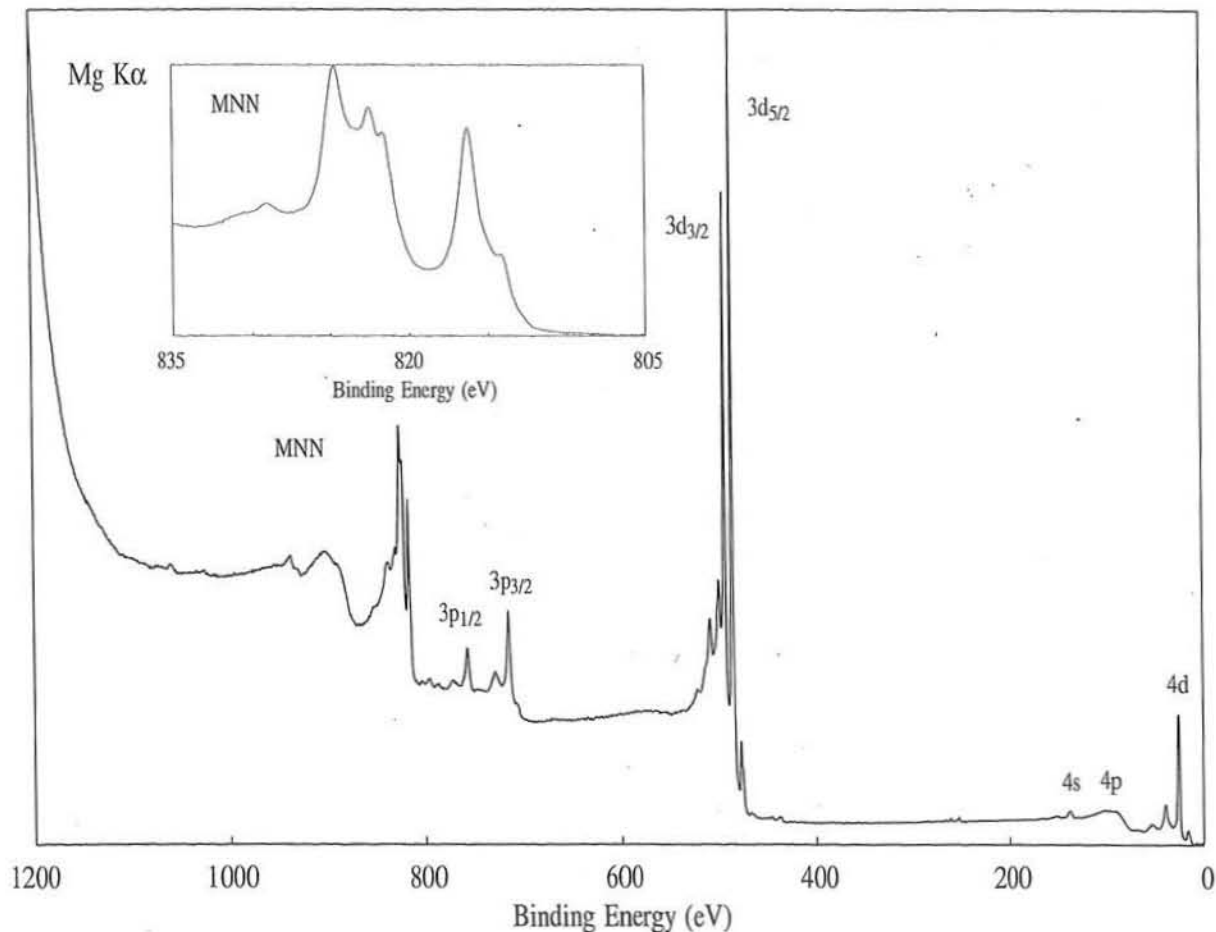


Compound Type	3d <sub>5/2</sub> Binding Energy (eV)				
	443	444	445	446	447
In		■			
InSb		■			
InP			■		
In <sub>2</sub> Te <sub>3</sub>			■		
InCl <sub>3</sub>				■	
InCl			■		
In <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>		■			
In(OH) <sub>3</sub>			■		
In(acac) <sub>3</sub>			■		
Br <sub>2</sub> InEt <sub>4</sub> N				■	
Br <sub>4</sub> InPr <sub>4</sub> N				■	

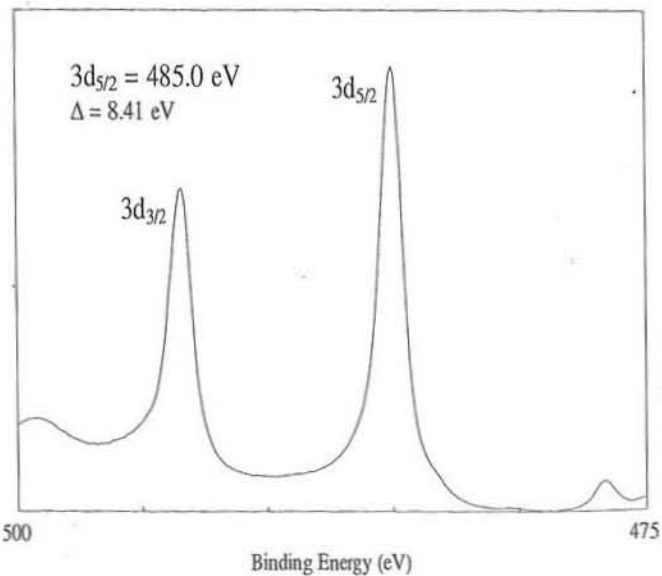




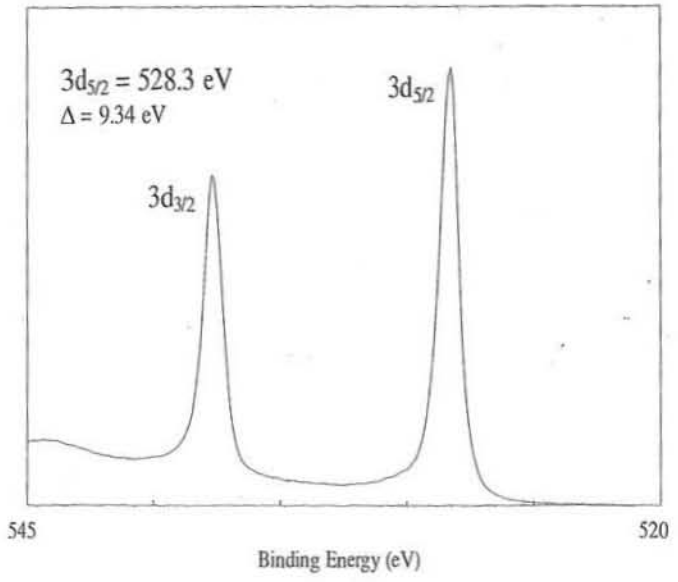
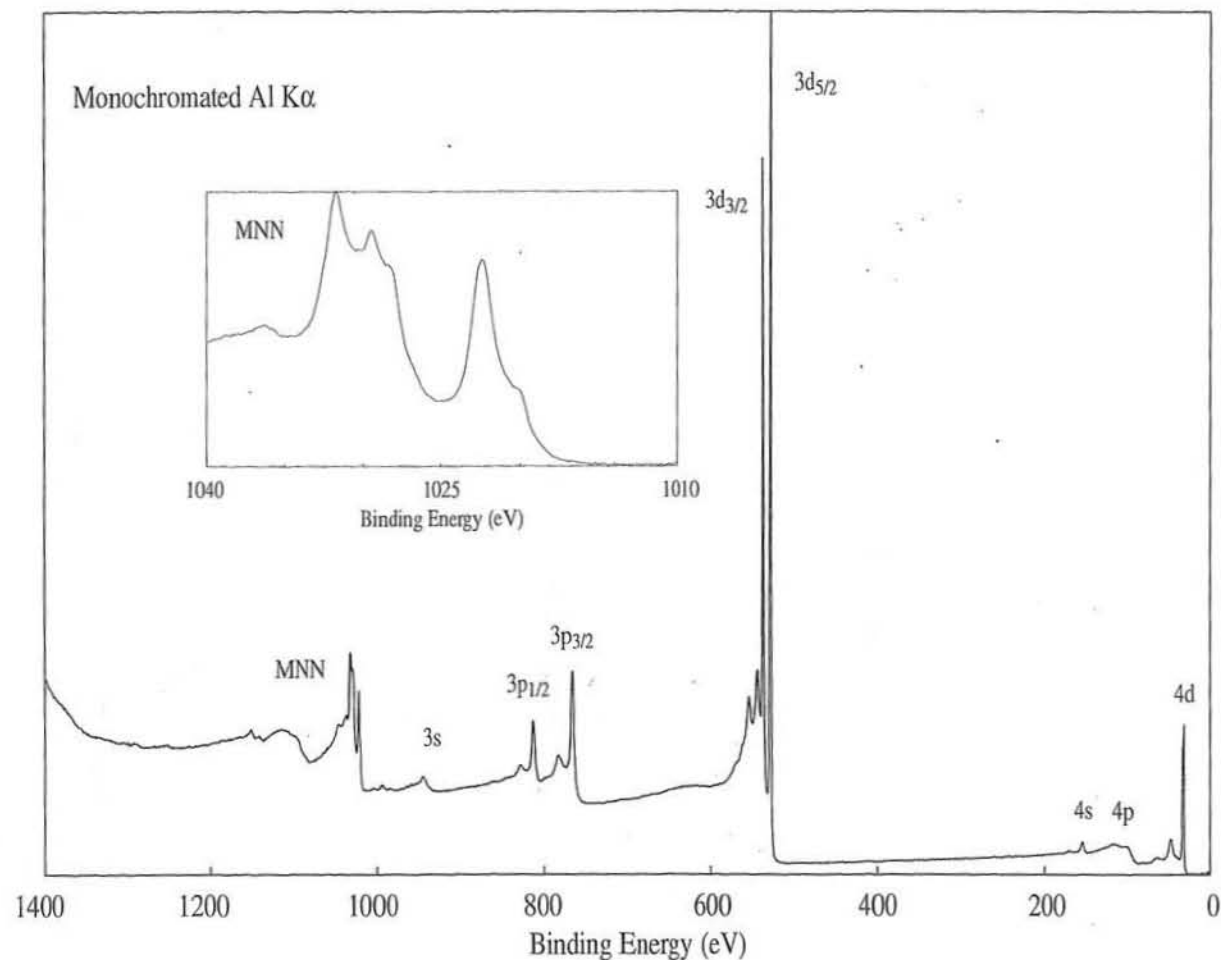
Line Positions (eV)							
<u>Photoelectron Lines</u>							
3s	3p <sub>1/2</sub>	3p <sub>3/2</sub>	3d <sub>3/2</sub>	3d <sub>5/2</sub>	4s	4p	4d
885	757	715	493	485	137	89	25
<u>Auger Lines</u>							
M <sub>5</sub> N <sub>45</sub> N <sub>45</sub>		M <sub>4</sub> N <sub>45</sub> N <sub>45</sub>					
1058		1049 (Al)					
825		816 (Mg)					



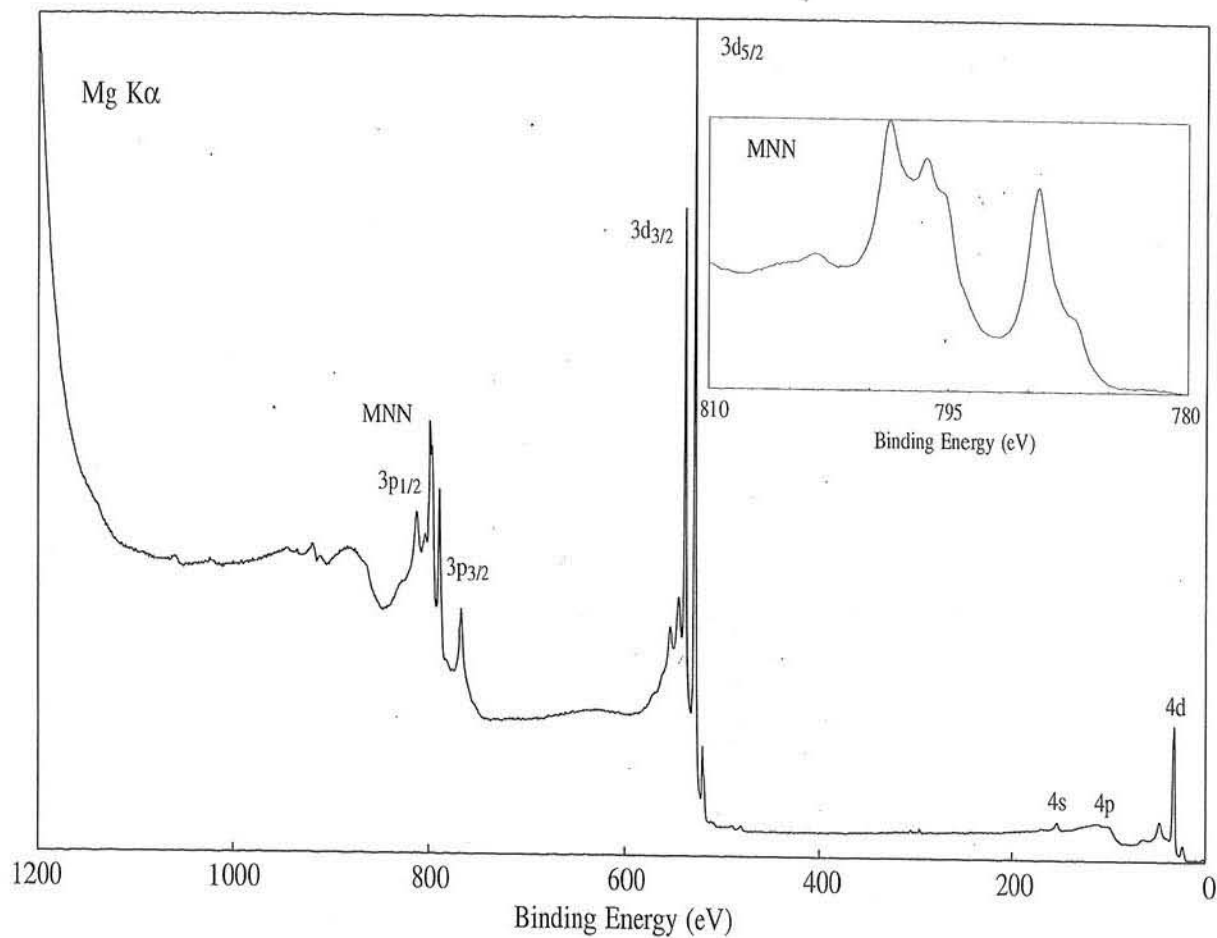
Compound Type	3d <sub>5/2</sub> Binding Energy (eV)				
	484	485	486	487	488
Sn		■			
SnS			■		
Halides				■	
SnO			■	■	
SnO <sub>2</sub>				■	■
Na <sub>2</sub> SnO <sub>3</sub>			■	■	
Ph <sub>4</sub> Sn		■	■	■	
Ph <sub>3</sub> Sn (Halide)		■	■	■	
Me <sub>3</sub> SnF				■	■
Me <sub>2</sub> SnF <sub>2</sub>				■	■
Br <sub>6</sub> Sn(Et <sub>4</sub> N) <sub>2</sub>				■	■



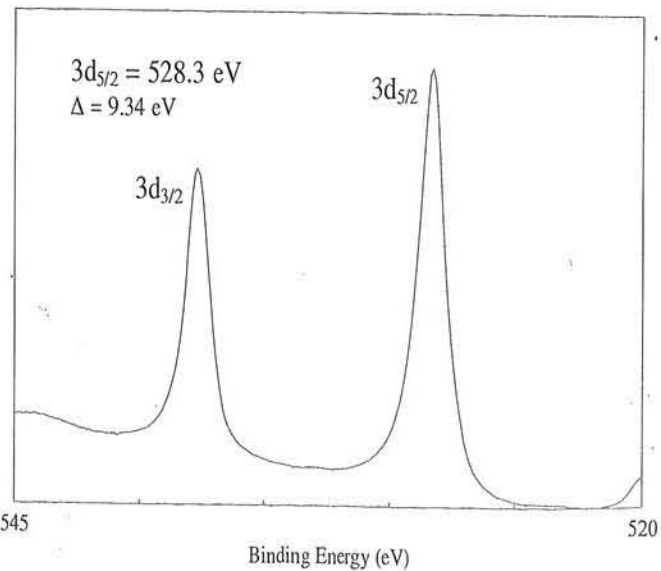


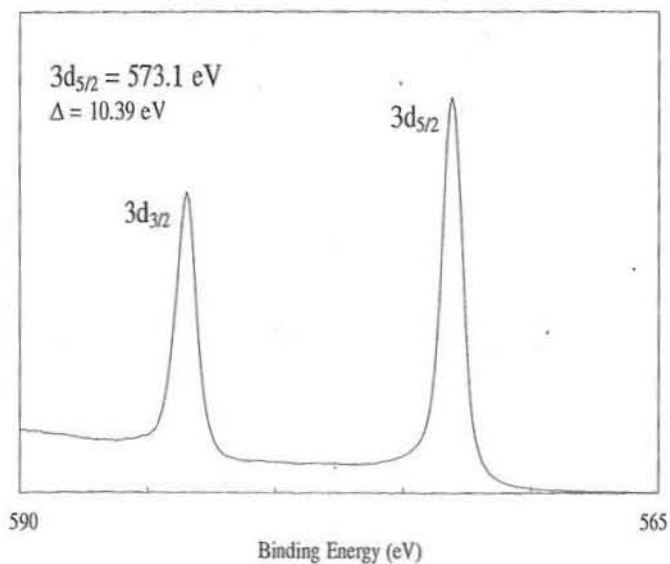
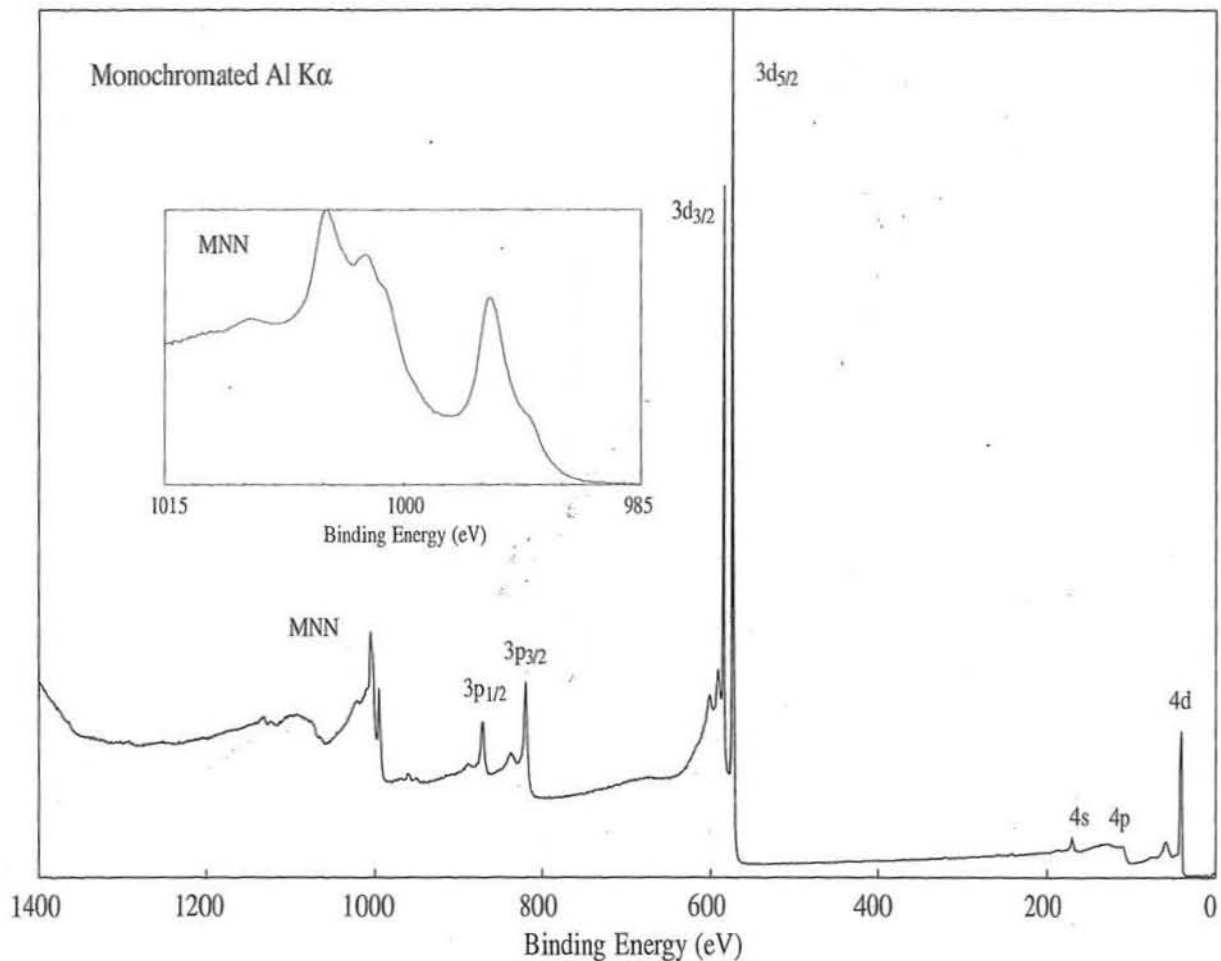


Line Positions (eV)							
<u>Photoelectron Lines</u>							
3s	3p <sub>1/2</sub>	3p <sub>3/2</sub>	3d <sub>3/2</sub>	3d <sub>5/2</sub>	4s	4p	4d
944	813	767	537	528	153	99	33
<u>Auger Lines</u>							
M <sub>5</sub> N <sub>45</sub> N <sub>45</sub>		M <sub>4</sub> N <sub>45</sub> N <sub>45</sub>					
1032		1022 (Al)					
799		789 (Mg)					

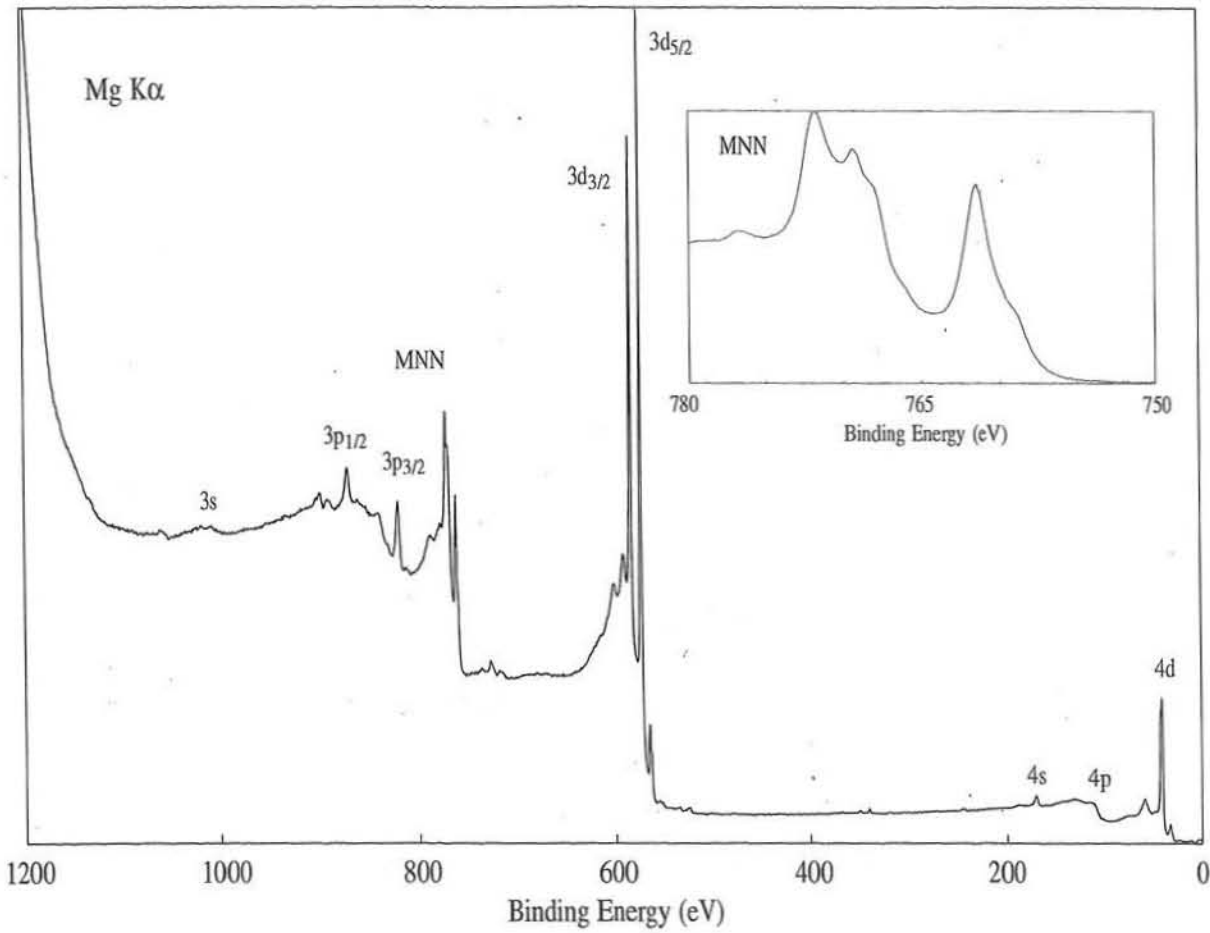


Compound Type	3d <sub>5/2</sub> Binding Energy (eV)					
	528	529	530	531	532	533
Sb	■					
AlSb		■				
Sulfides			■			
Halides				■	■	
Sb <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>			■			
Sb <sub>2</sub> O <sub>5</sub>				■		
KSbF <sub>6</sub>					■	
NaSbF <sub>6</sub>						■
CsSbF <sub>4</sub>					■	
Ph <sub>3</sub> Sb		■				
Bu <sub>3</sub> Sb	■					

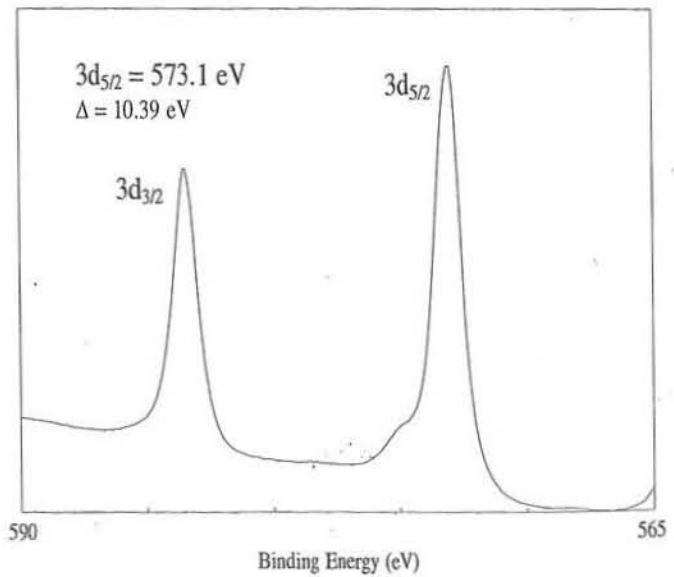


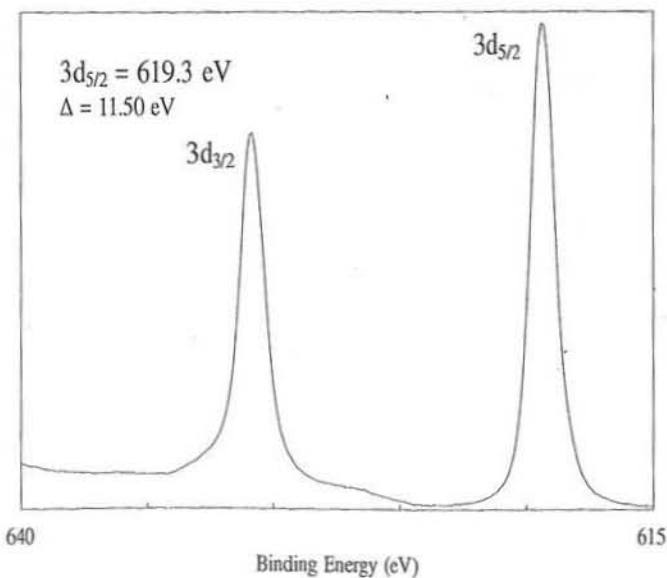
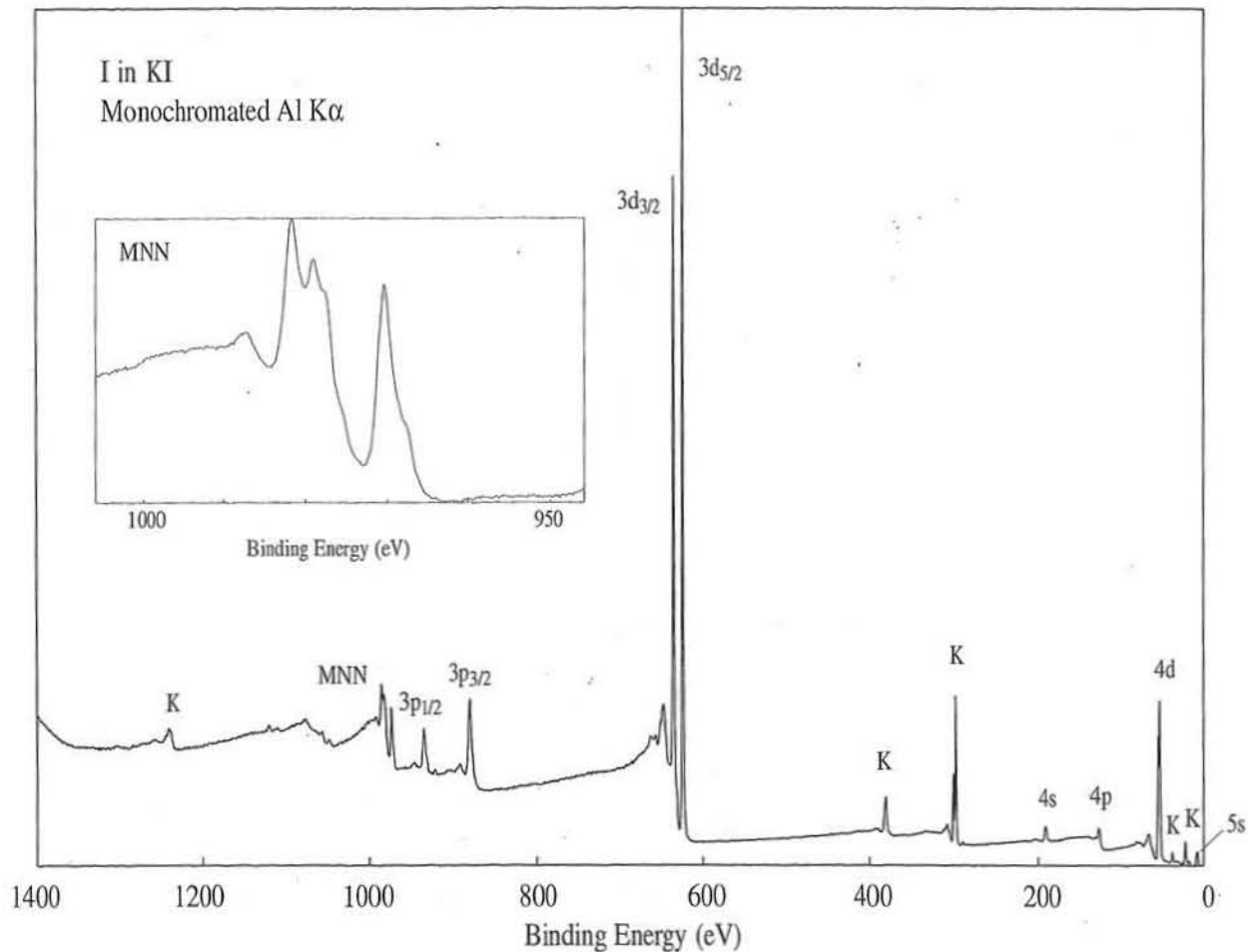


Line Positions (eV)				
<u>Photoelectron Lines</u>				
3s	3p <sub>1/2</sub>	3p <sub>3/2</sub>	3d <sub>3/2</sub>	3d <sub>5/2</sub>
1009	871	820	583	573
4s	4p	4d <sub>3/2</sub>	4d <sub>5/2</sub>	5s
170	111	42	41	12
<u>Auger Lines</u>				
M <sub>5</sub> N <sub>45</sub> N <sub>45</sub>		M <sub>4</sub> N <sub>45</sub> N <sub>45</sub>		
1005		995	(Al)	
772		762	(Mg)	

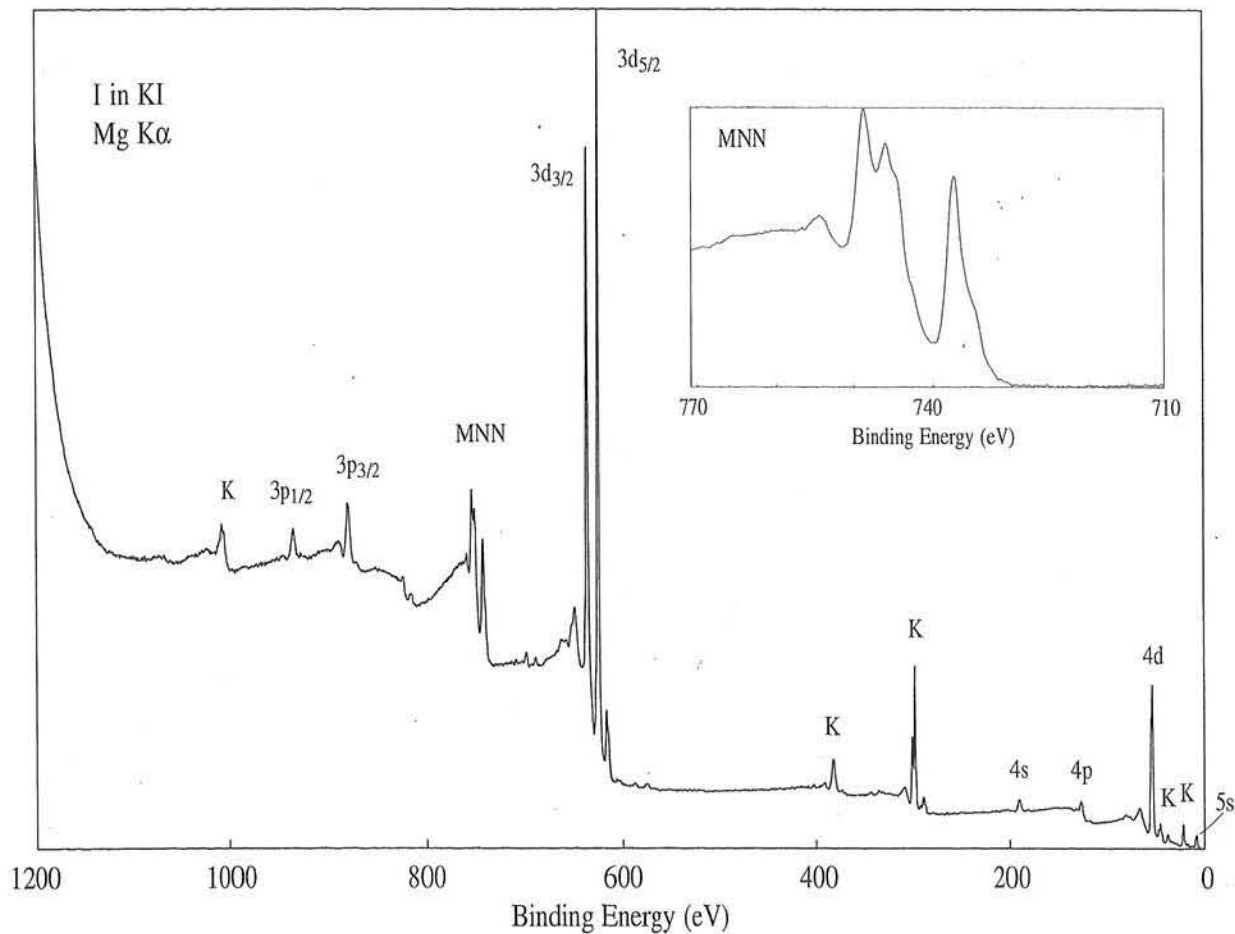


Compound Type	3d <sub>5/2</sub> Binding Energy (eV)						
	572	573	574	575	576	577	578
Te		■					
CdTe	■						
GeTe		■					
Hg <sub>0.8</sub> Cd <sub>0.2</sub> Te	■						
Tellurides		■					
Halides					■	■	
TeO <sub>2</sub>					■		
TeO <sub>3</sub>						■	
Te(OH) <sub>6</sub>							■
Ph <sub>2</sub> Te <sub>2</sub>			■				
Br <sub>3</sub> TePh						■	

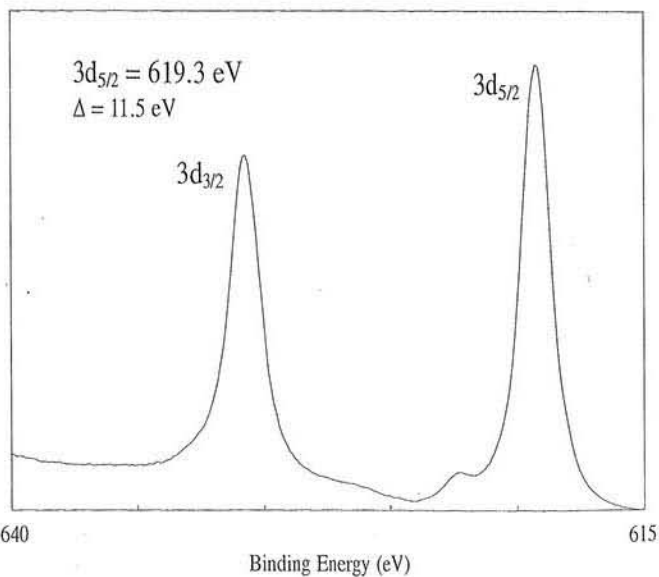


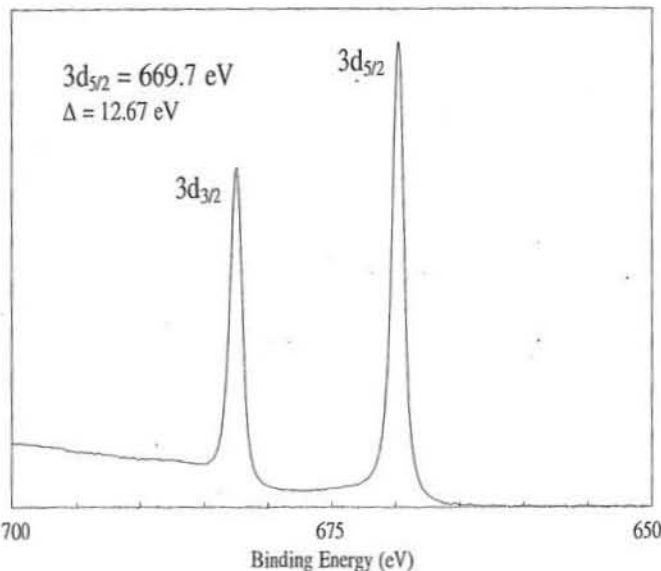
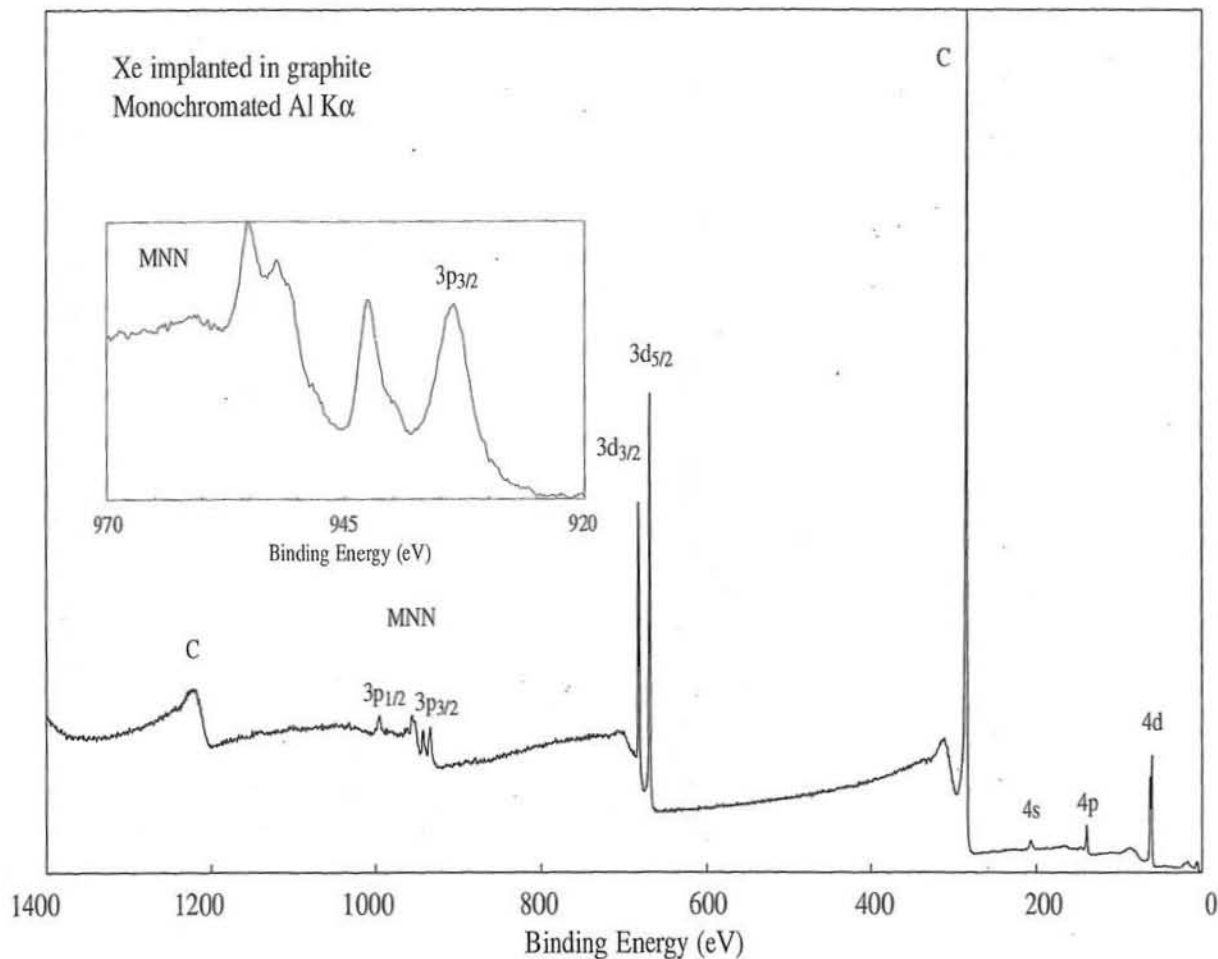


Line Positions (eV)				
<u>Photoelectron Lines</u>				
3s	3p <sub>1/2</sub>	3p <sub>3/2</sub>	3d <sub>3/2</sub>	3d <sub>5/2</sub>
1071	930	875	630	619
4s	4p	4d <sub>3/2</sub>	4d <sub>5/2</sub>	5s
187	123	51	49	18
<u>Auger Lines</u>				
M <sub>5</sub> N <sub>45</sub> N <sub>45</sub>	M <sub>4</sub> N <sub>45</sub> N <sub>45</sub>			
982	971	(Al)		
749	738	(Mg)		

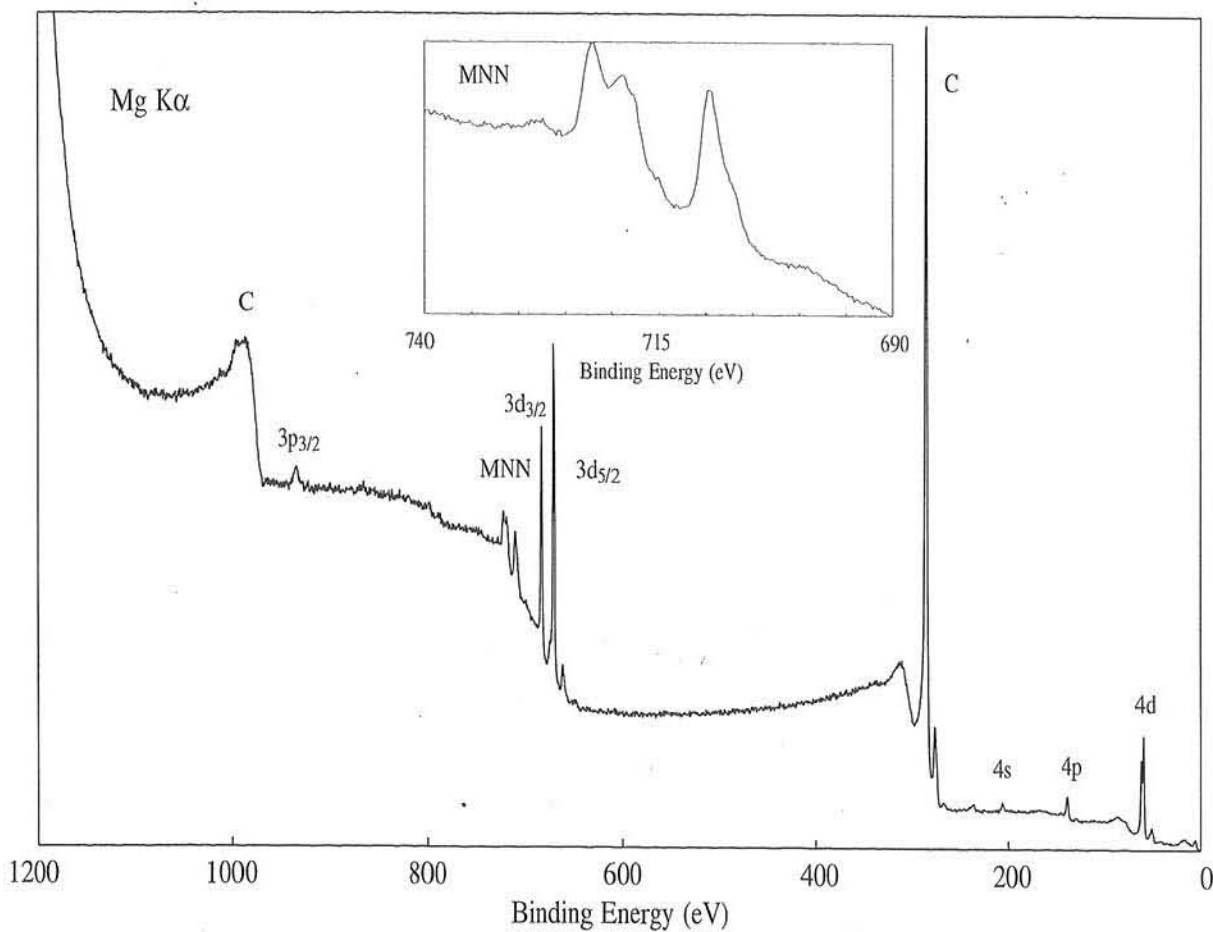


Compound Type	3d <sub>5/2</sub> Binding Energy (eV)						
	618	619	620	621	622	623	624
I <sub>2</sub>			■				
Alkali iodides	■	■	■				
AgI		■	■				
NiI <sub>2</sub>		■					
NiI <sub>2</sub> · 6H <sub>2</sub> O			■				
NaIO <sub>3</sub>						■	
NaIO <sub>4</sub>							■
H <sub>3</sub> IO <sub>6</sub>						■	
I <sub>2</sub> O <sub>5</sub>						■	
ICl				■			
ICl <sub>3</sub>						■	

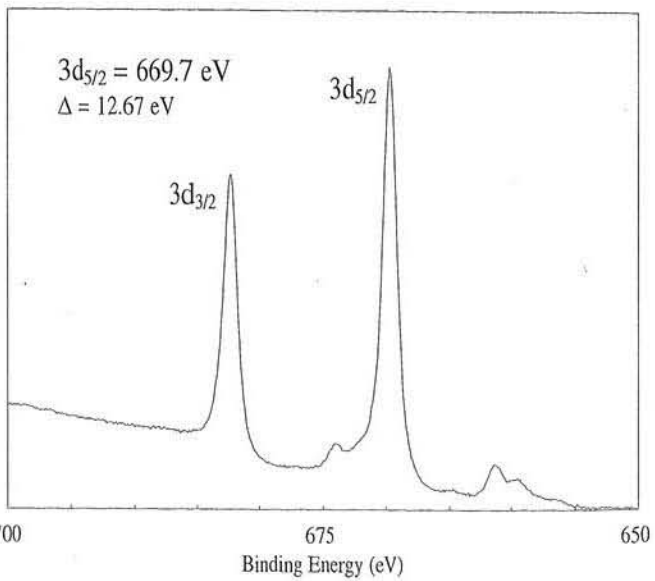




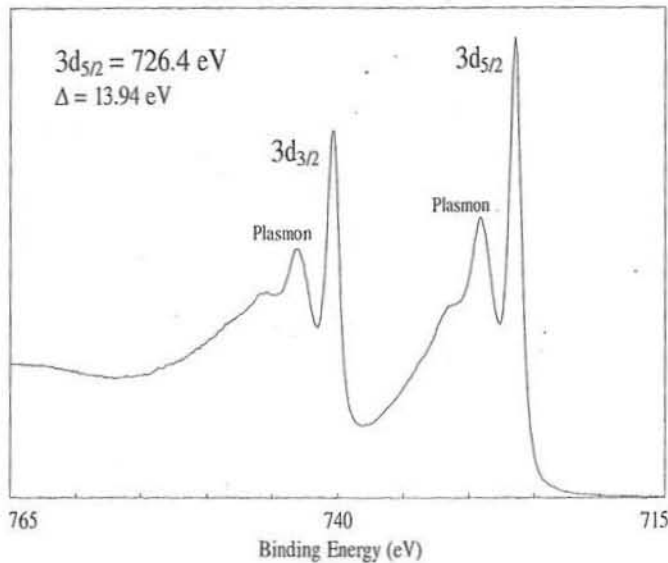
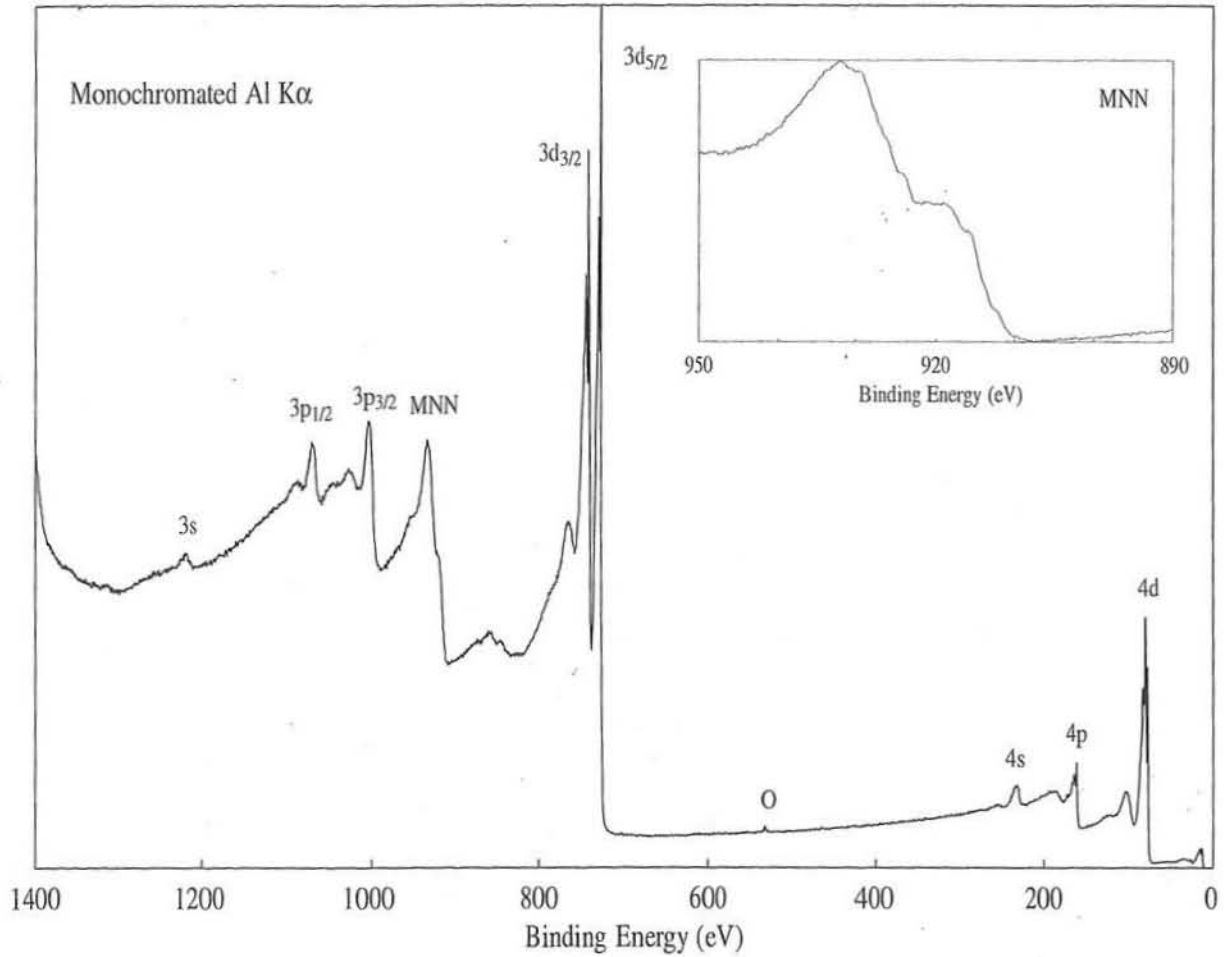
Line Positions (eV)				
<u>Photoelectron Lines</u>				
3s	3p <sub>1/2</sub>	3p <sub>3/2</sub>	3d <sub>3/2</sub>	3d <sub>5/2</sub>
1141	996	934	683	670
4s	4p	4d <sub>3/2</sub>	4d <sub>5/2</sub>	5s
207	139	63	61	17
<u>Auger Lines</u>				
M <sub>5</sub> N <sub>45</sub> N <sub>45</sub>	M <sub>4</sub> N <sub>45</sub> N <sub>45</sub>			
955	942 (Al)			
722	709 (Mg)			



Compound Type	3d <sub>5/2</sub> Binding Energy (eV)						
	668	669	670	671	672	673	674
Xe in Ag			■				
Xe in Au		■					
Xe in Cu			■				
Xe in Fe				■			
Xe in graphite			■				
Na <sub>4</sub> XeO <sub>6</sub>							■

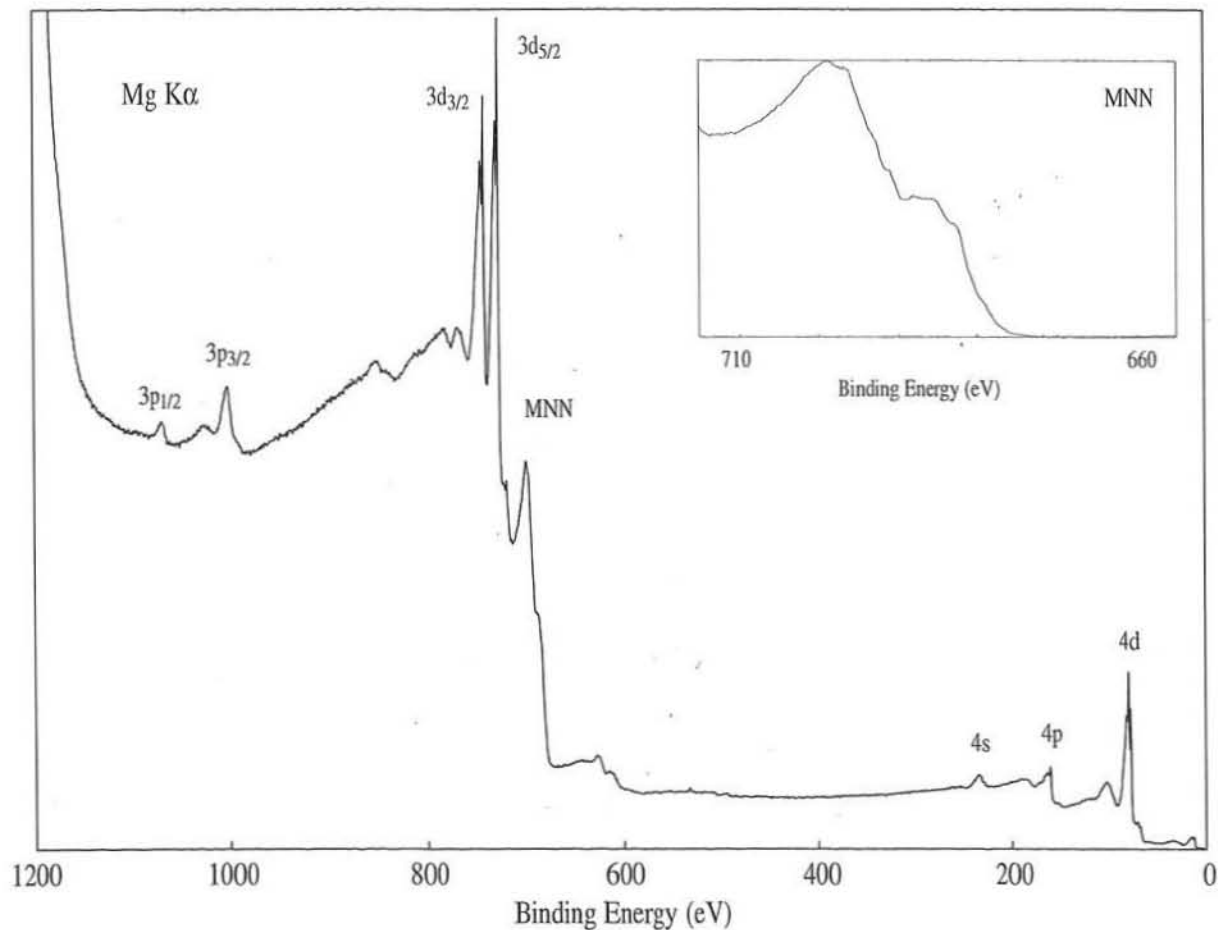




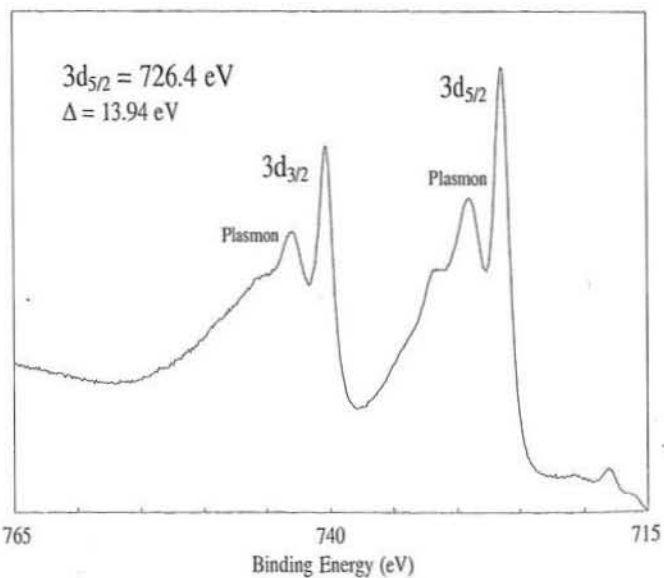


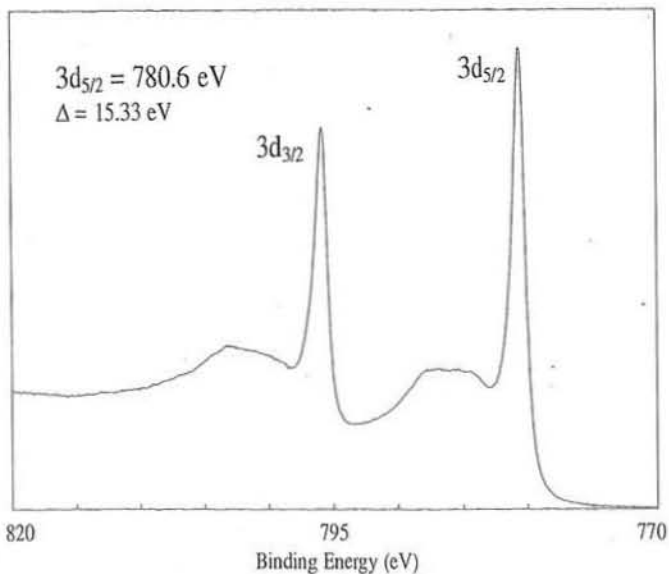
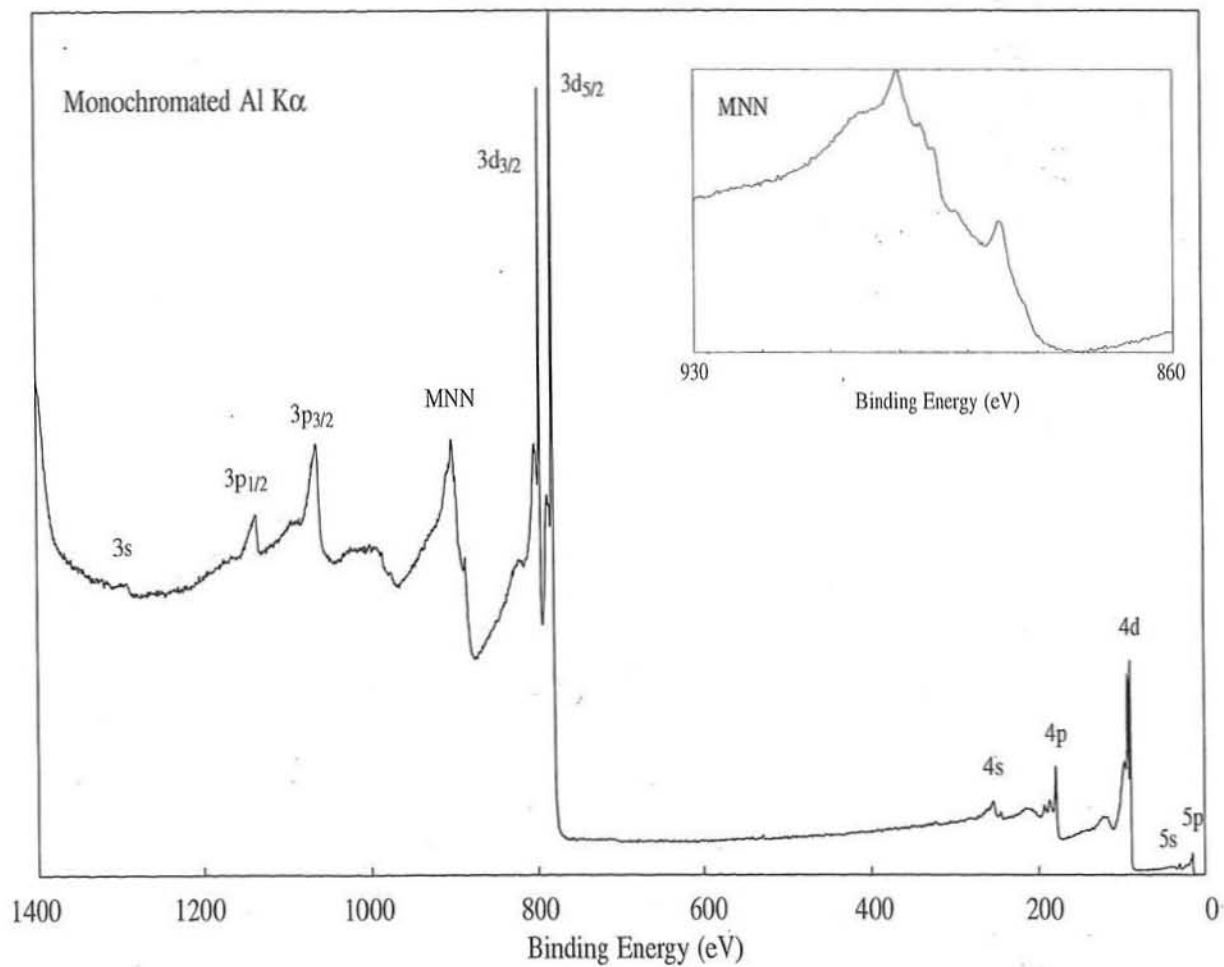
Line Positions (eV)

Photoelectron Lines					
3s	3p <sub>1/2</sub>	3p <sub>3/2</sub>	3d <sub>3/2</sub>	3d <sub>5/2</sub>	
1219	1069	1002	740	726	
4s	4p <sub>1/2</sub>	4p <sub>3/2</sub>	4d <sub>3/2</sub>	4d <sub>5/2</sub>	5s
234	173	161	80	77	25
Auger Lines					
M <sub>5</sub> N <sub>45</sub> N <sub>45</sub>		M <sub>4</sub> N <sub>45</sub> N <sub>45</sub>			
931		918 (Al)			
698		685 (Mg)			

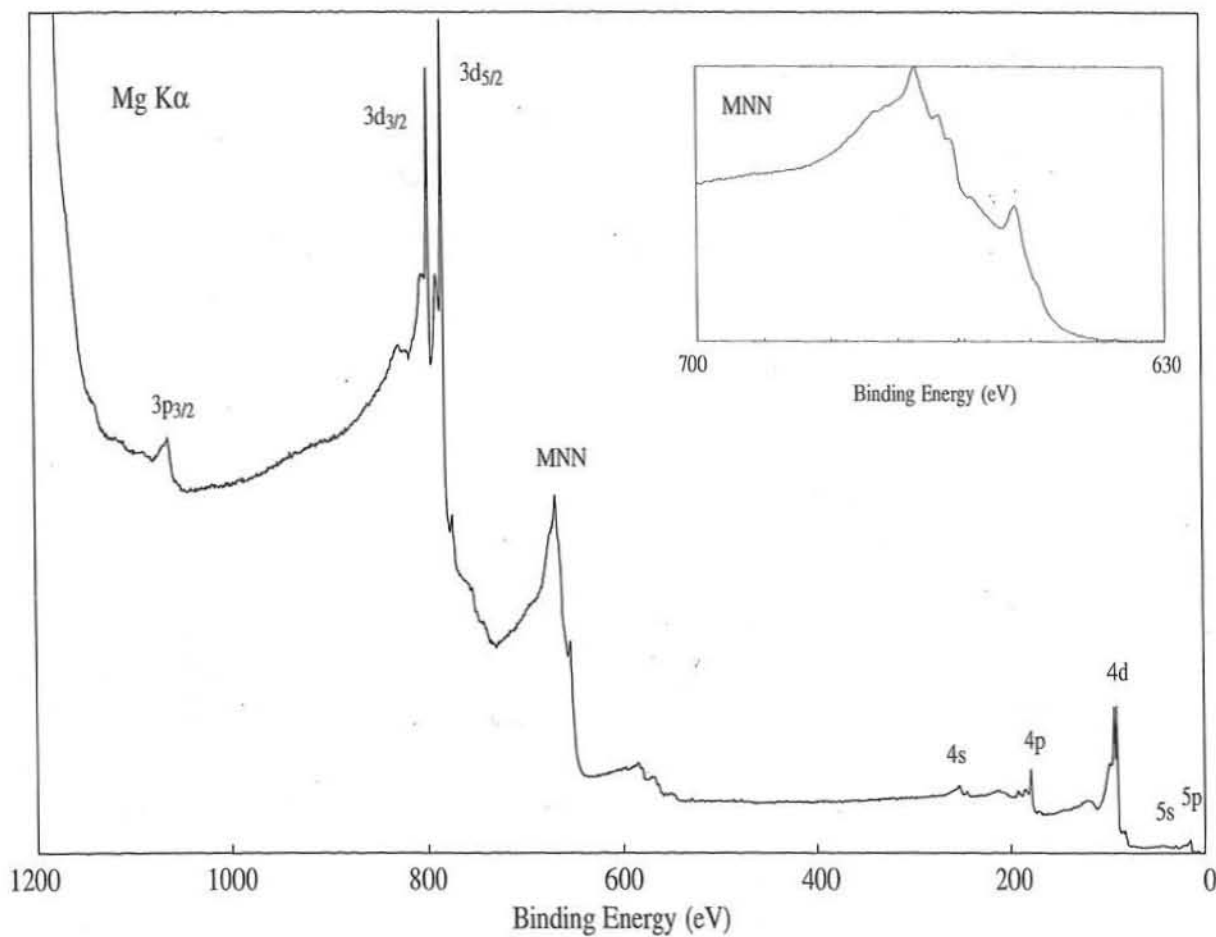


Compound Type	3d <sub>5/2</sub> Binding Energy (eV)			
	723	724	725	726
Cs				726.4
Halides		723.5 - 724.5		
CsN <sub>3</sub>	723.5 - 724.5			
Cs <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub>		723.5 - 724.5		
Cs <sub>3</sub> PO <sub>4</sub>		723.5 - 724.5		
Cs <sub>4</sub> P <sub>2</sub> O <sub>7</sub>		723.5 - 724.5		
CsClO <sub>4</sub>		723.5 - 724.5	724.5 - 725.5	
Cs <sub>2</sub> CrO <sub>4</sub>		723.5 - 724.5	724.5 - 725.5	
Cs <sub>2</sub> Cr <sub>2</sub> O <sub>7</sub>		723.5 - 724.5	724.5 - 725.5	
CsOH			724.5 - 725.5	

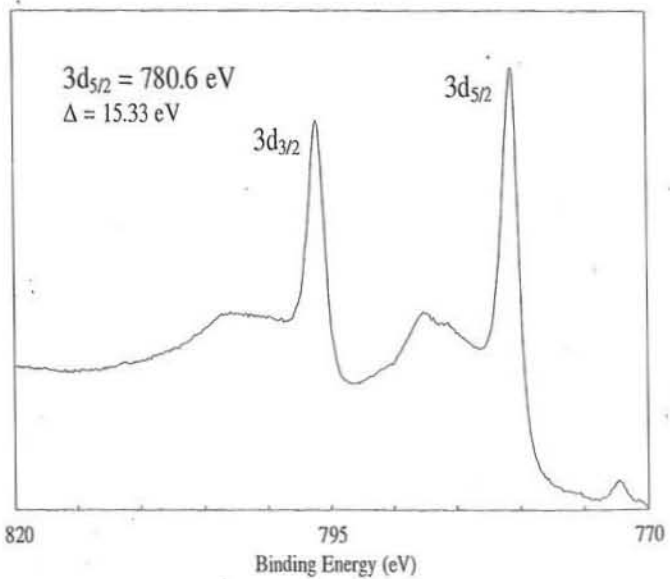


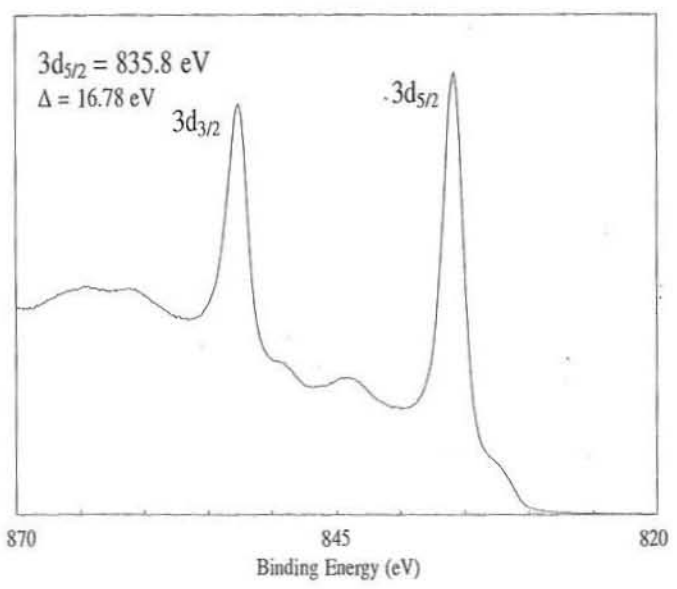
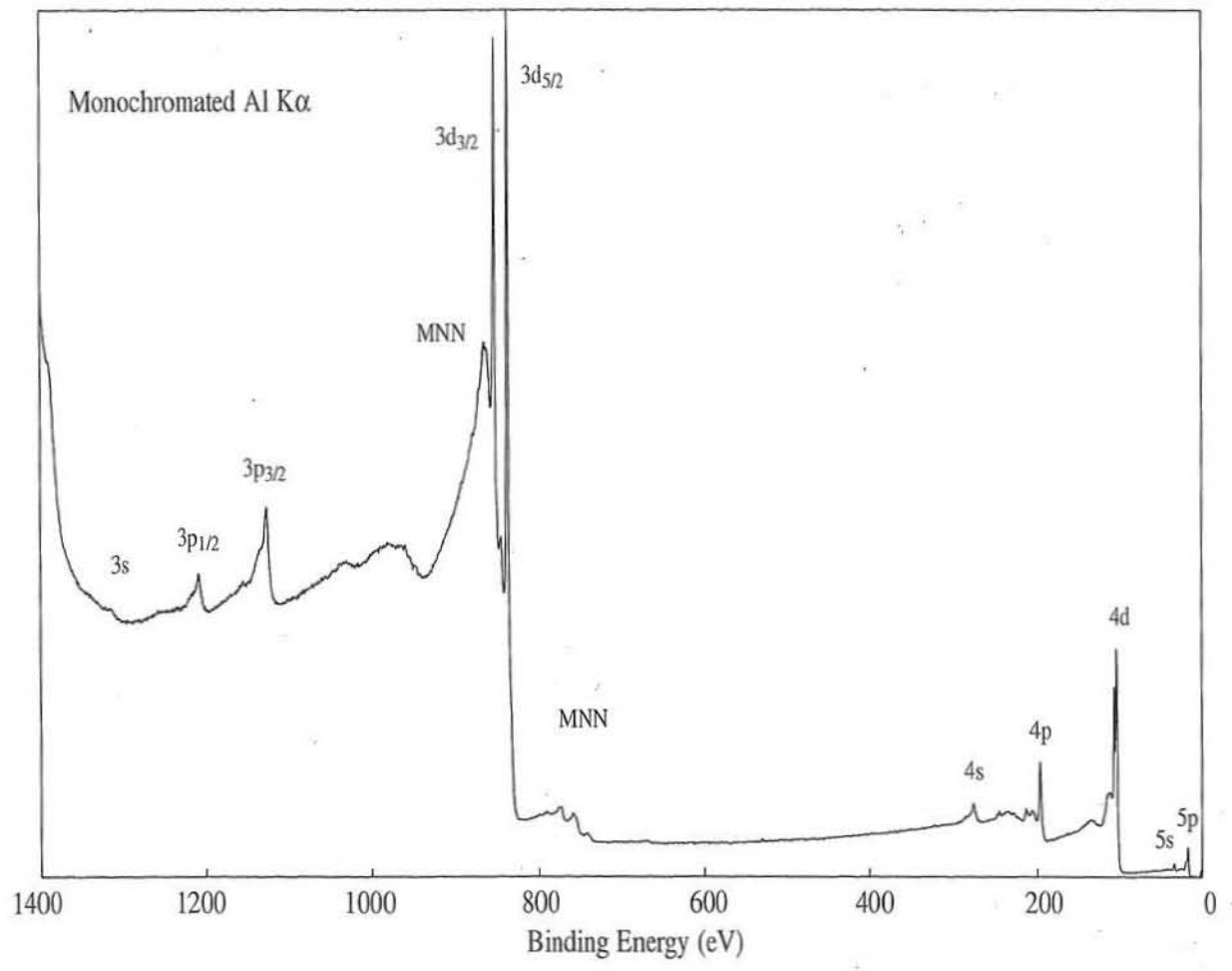


Line Positions (eV)							
<u>Photoelectron Lines</u>							
3s	3p <sub>1/2</sub>	3p <sub>3/2</sub>	3d <sub>3/2</sub>	3d <sub>5/2</sub>			
1292	1138	1064	796	781			
4s	4p <sub>1/2</sub>	4p <sub>3/2</sub>	4d <sub>3/2</sub>	4d <sub>5/2</sub>	5s	5p	
254	193	179	93	90	31	15	
<u>Auger Lines</u>							
M <sub>5</sub> N <sub>45</sub> N <sub>45</sub>		M <sub>4</sub> N <sub>45</sub> N <sub>45</sub>					
900		886 (Al)					
667		653 (Mg)					

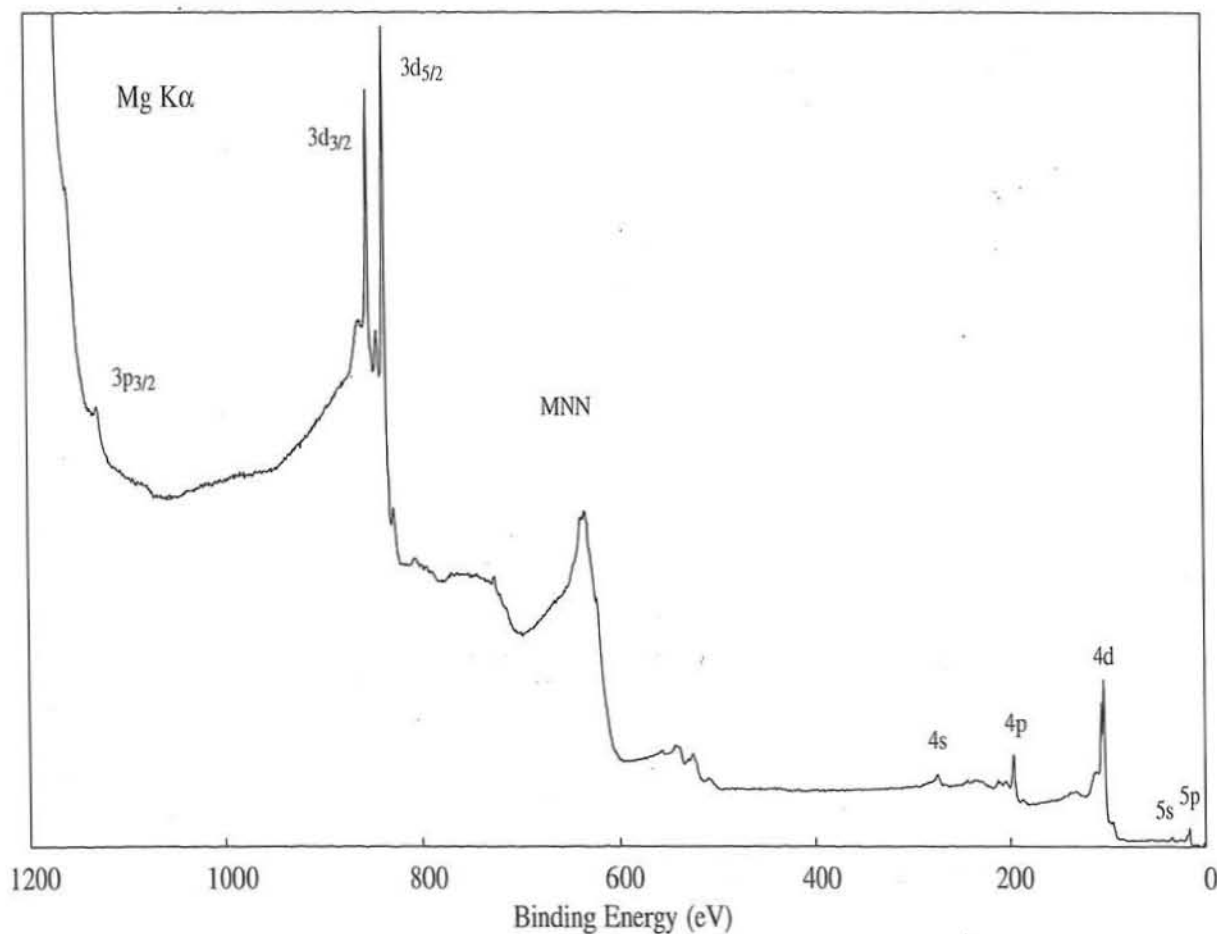


Compound Type	3d <sub>5/2</sub> Binding Energy (eV)			
	778	779	780	781
Ba				
BaS				
BaO				
Ba(NO <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>				
BaCO <sub>3</sub>				
BaSO <sub>4</sub>				
BaCrO <sub>4</sub>				
BaMoO <sub>4</sub>				
BaRh <sub>2</sub> O <sub>4</sub>				

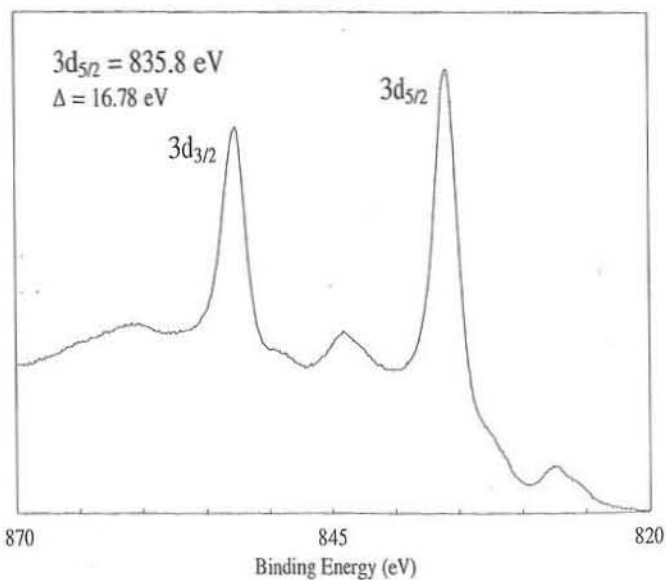


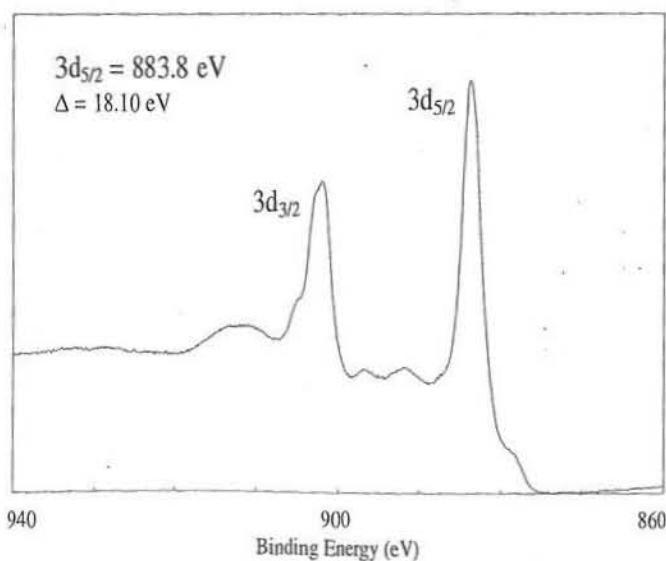
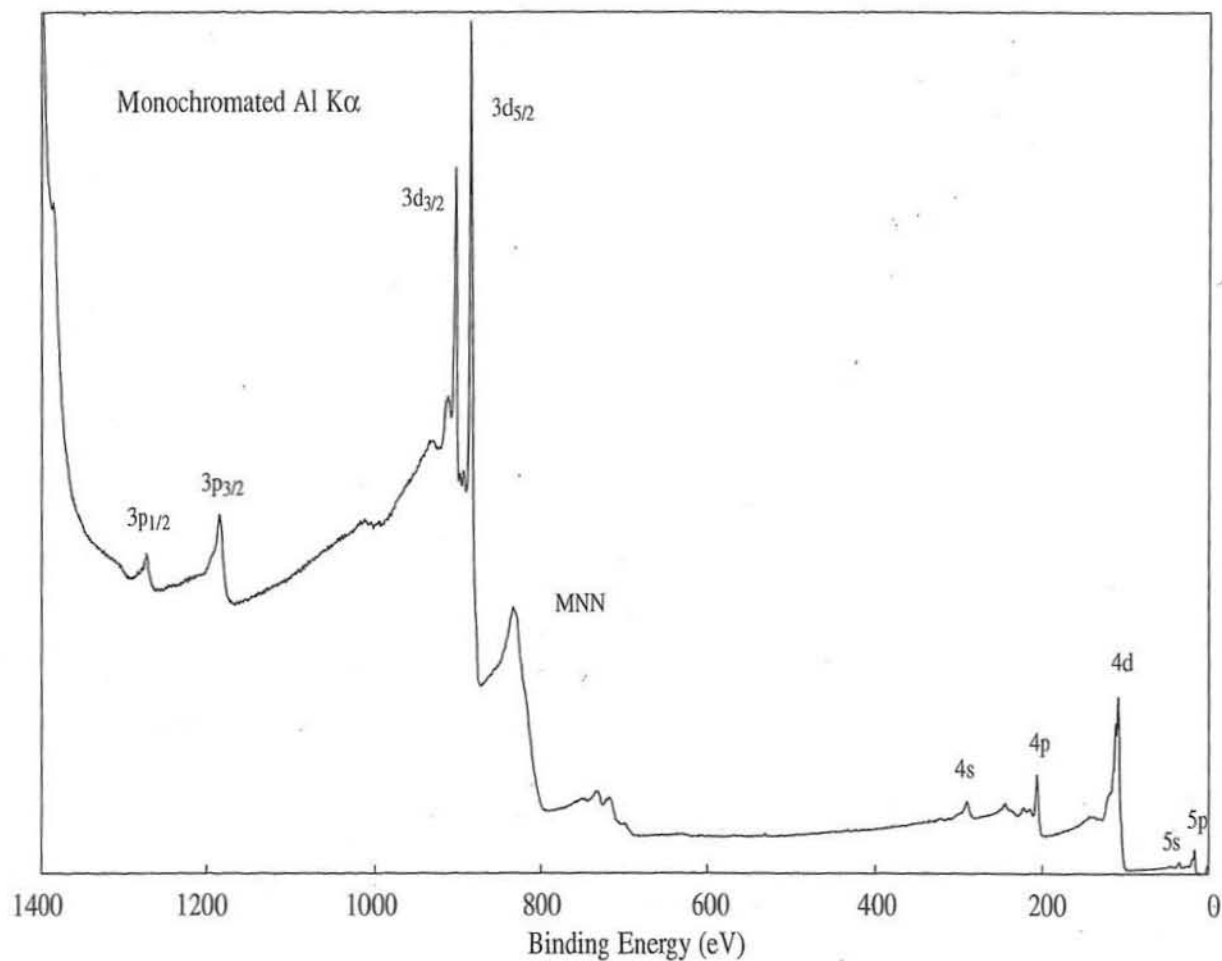


Line Positions (eV)						
<u>Photoelectron Lines</u>						
3p <sub>1/2</sub>	3p <sub>3/2</sub>	3d <sub>3/2</sub>	3d <sub>5/2</sub>			
1208	1128	853	836			
4s	4p <sub>1/2</sub>	4p <sub>3/2</sub>	4d <sub>3/2</sub>	4d <sub>5/2</sub>	5s	5p
275	213	197	106	103	34	17
<u>Auger Lines</u>						
M <sub>5</sub> N <sub>45</sub> N <sub>45</sub>		M <sub>4</sub> N <sub>45</sub> N <sub>45</sub>				
867		854 (Al)				
634		621 (Mg)				

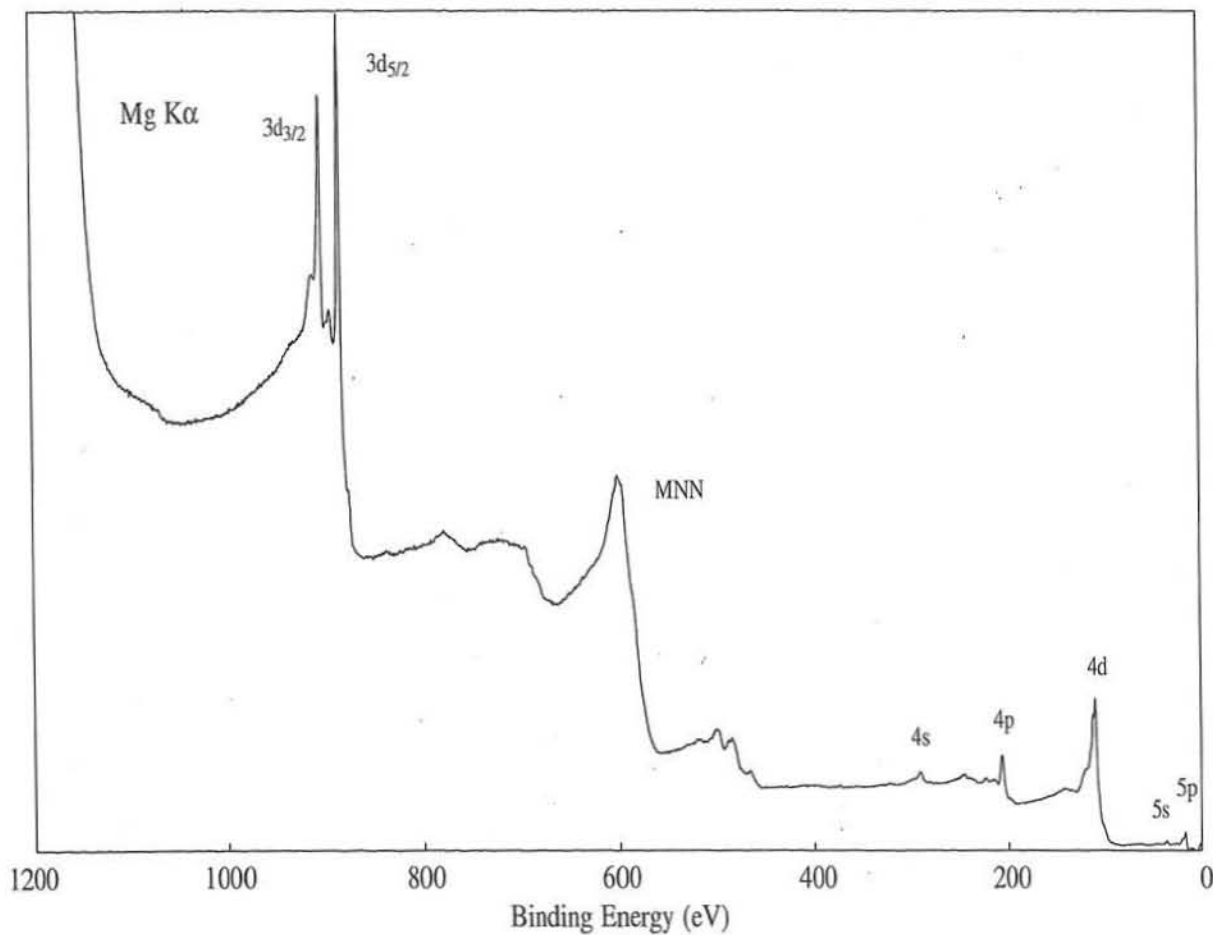


Compound Type	3d <sub>5/2</sub> Binding Energy (eV)						
	833	834	835	836	837	838	839
La				■			
LaH <sub>2</sub>							■
La <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	■	■	■				

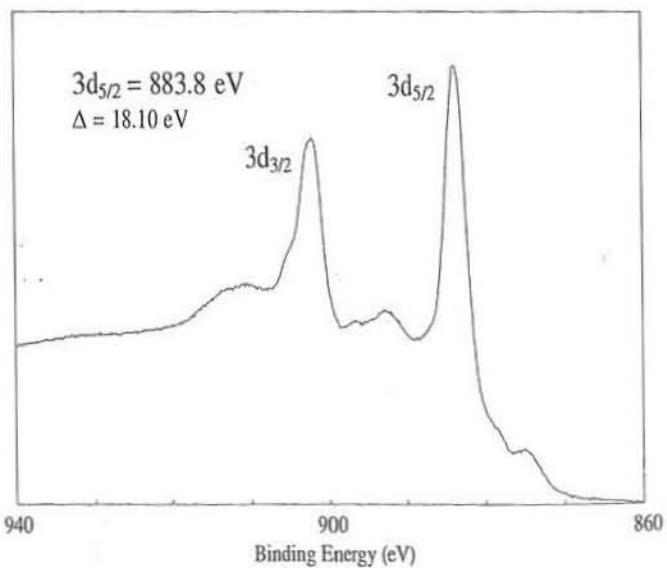




Line Positions (eV)						
<u>Photoelectron Lines</u>						
3p <sub>1/2</sub>	3p <sub>3/2</sub>	3d <sub>3/2</sub>	3d <sub>5/2</sub>			
1272	1184	902	884			
4s	4p <sub>1/2</sub>	4p <sub>3/2</sub>	4d <sub>3/2</sub>	4d <sub>5/2</sub>	5s	5p
290	223	207	112	109	36	18
<u>Auger Lines</u>						
M <sub>45</sub> N <sub>45</sub> N <sub>45</sub>						
		833	(Al)			
		600	(Mg)			



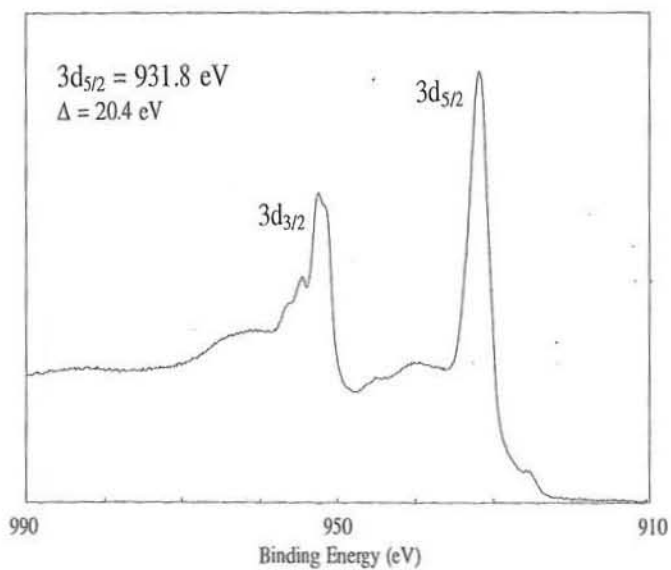
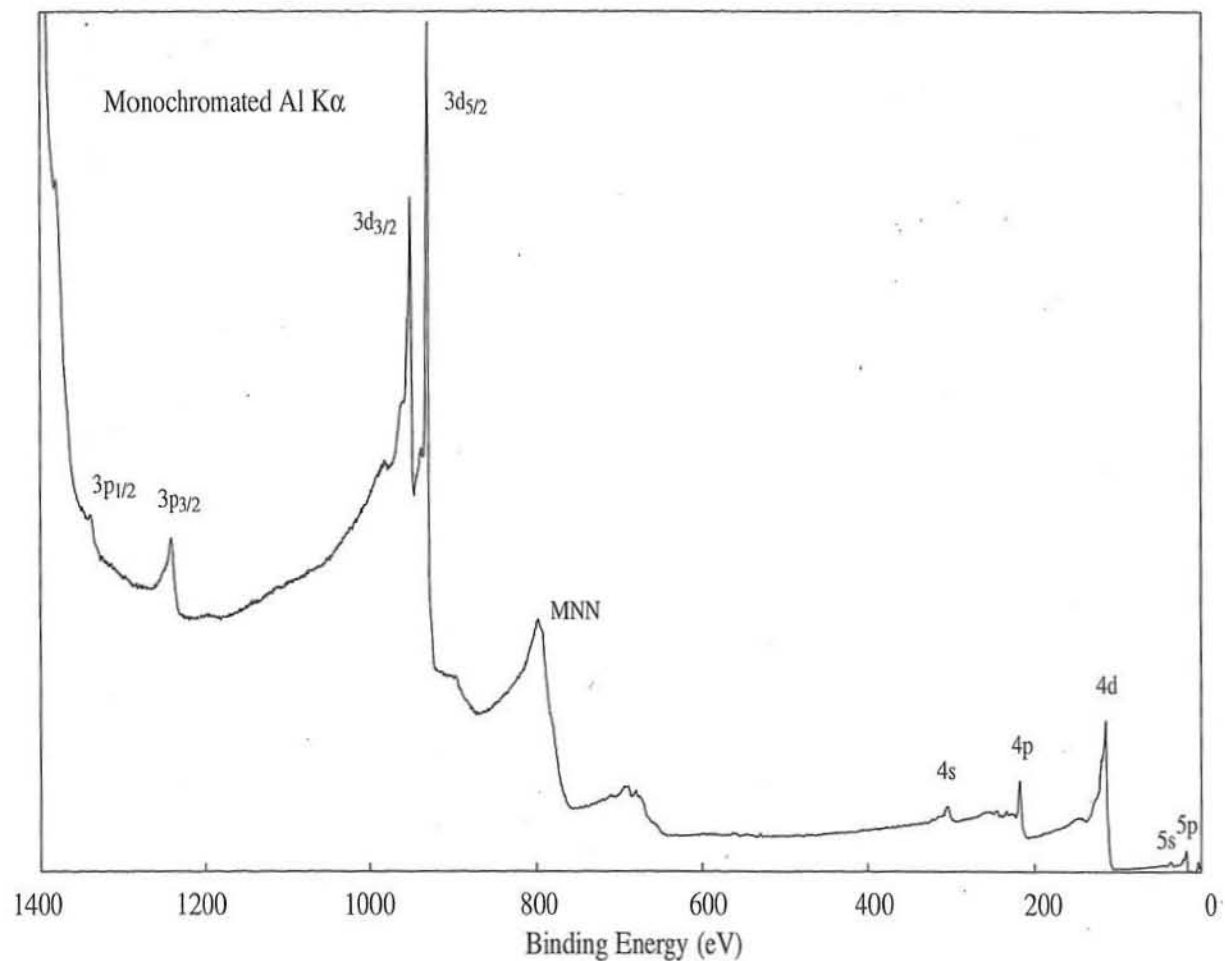
Compound Type	3d <sub>5/2</sub> Binding Energy (eV)					
	881	882	883	884	885	886
Ce				■		
CeAl <sub>2</sub>			■	■		
CePd <sub>3</sub>				■	■	
CeSe				■	■	
CeCu <sub>2</sub> Si <sub>2</sub>			■	■		
CeO <sub>2</sub>		■				
CeH <sub>3</sub>						■



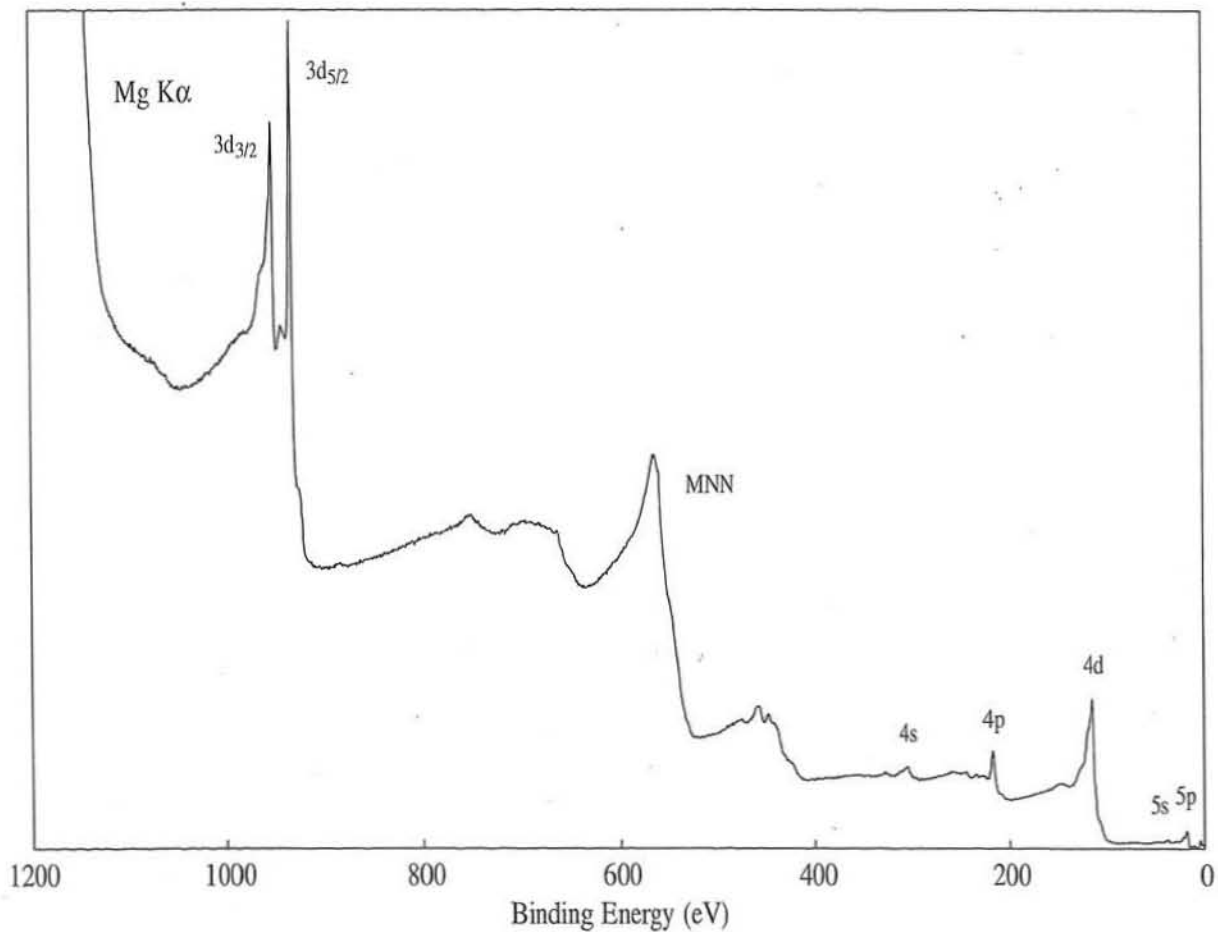


# Praseodymium Pr

Atomic Number 59



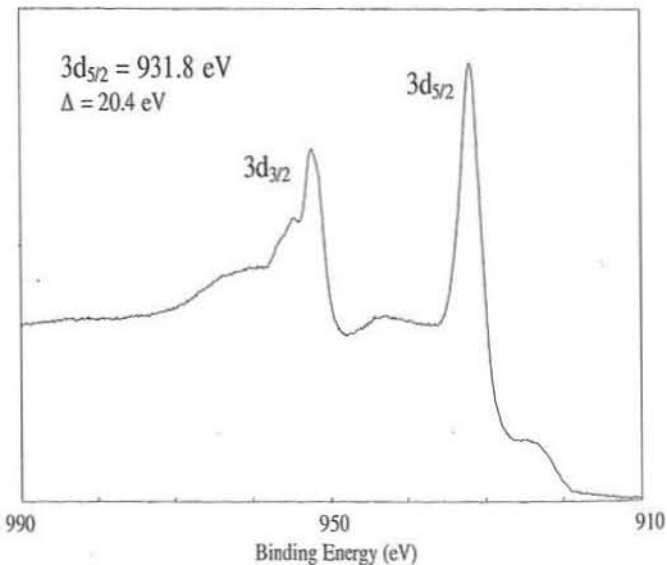
Line Positions (eV)					
<u>Photoelectron Lines</u>					
3p <sub>1/2</sub>	3p <sub>3/2</sub>	3d <sub>3/2</sub>	3d <sub>5/2</sub>		
1339	1242	952	932		
4s	4p <sub>1/2</sub>	4p <sub>3/2</sub>	4d	5s	5p
305	234	218	115	38	18
<u>Auger Lines</u>					
M <sub>45</sub> N <sub>45</sub> N <sub>45</sub>					
	797	(Al)			
	564	(Mg)			

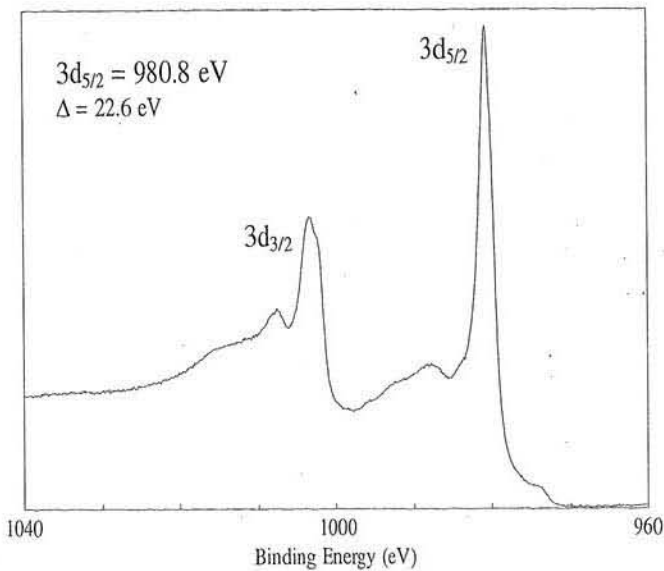
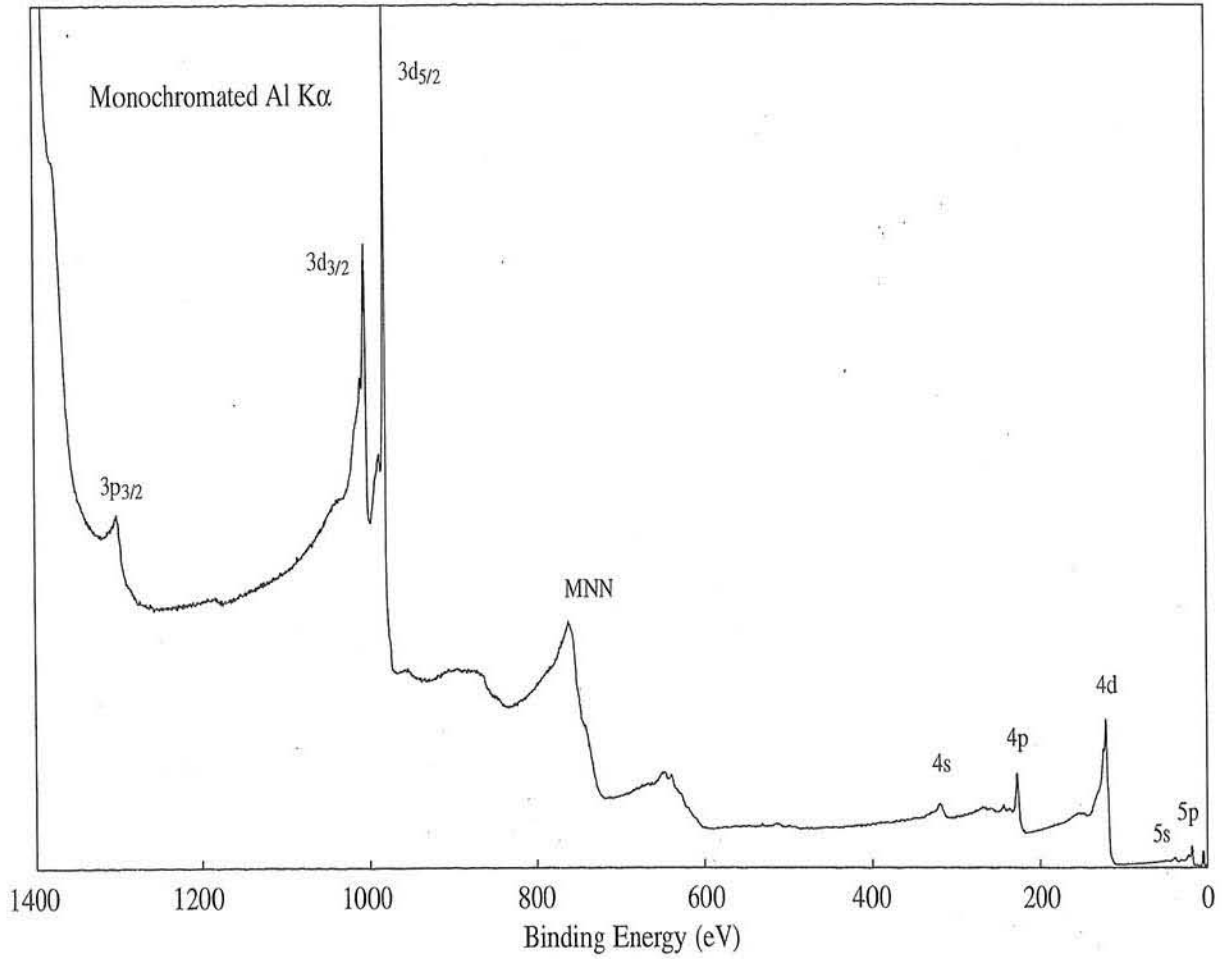


3d <sub>5/2</sub> Binding Energy (eV)					
Compound Type	931	932	933	934	935
Pr		■			
Pr <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>			■		
PrO <sub>2</sub>					■

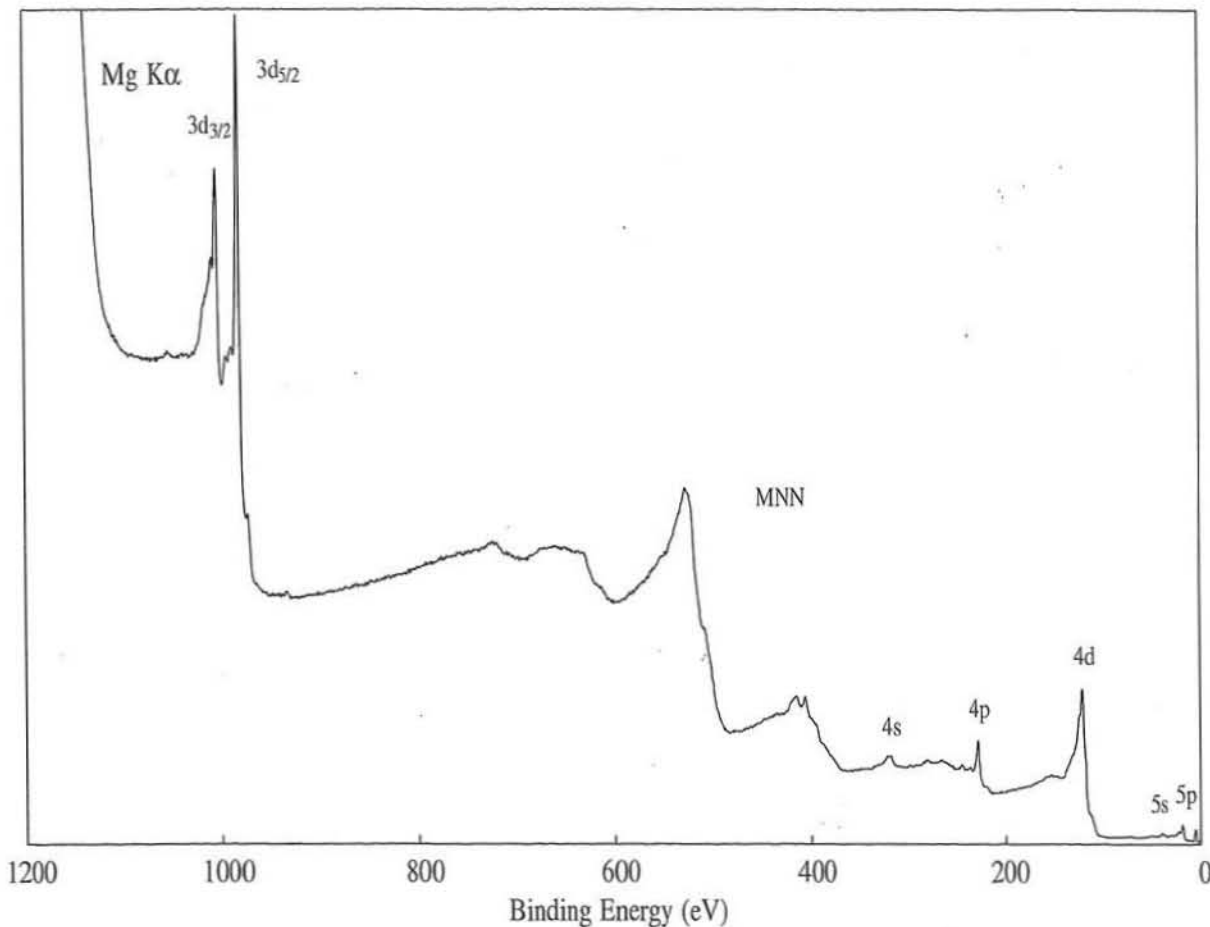
  

4d Binding Energy (eV)			
Compound Type	115	116	117
Pr <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>		■	
PrO <sub>2</sub>		■	





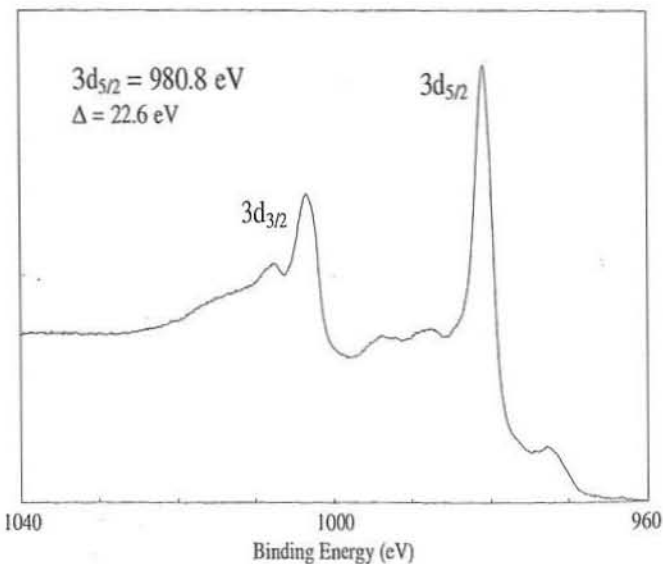
Line Positions (eV)					
<u>Photoelectron Lines</u>					
3p <sub>3/2</sub>	3d <sub>3/2</sub>	3d <sub>5/2</sub>			
1301	1003	981			
4s	4p <sub>1/2</sub>	4p <sub>3/2</sub>	4d	5s	5p
320	245	228	121	39	19
<u>Auger Lines</u>					
M <sub>45</sub> N <sub>45</sub> N <sub>45</sub>					
	758	(Al)			
	525	(Mg)			

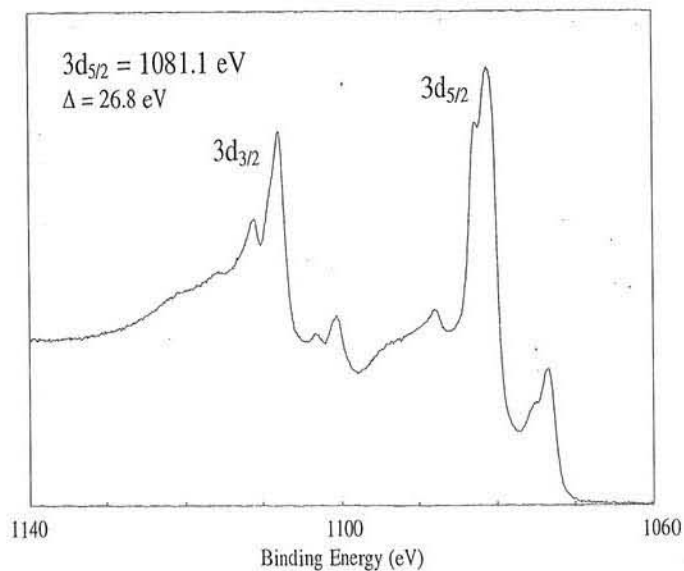
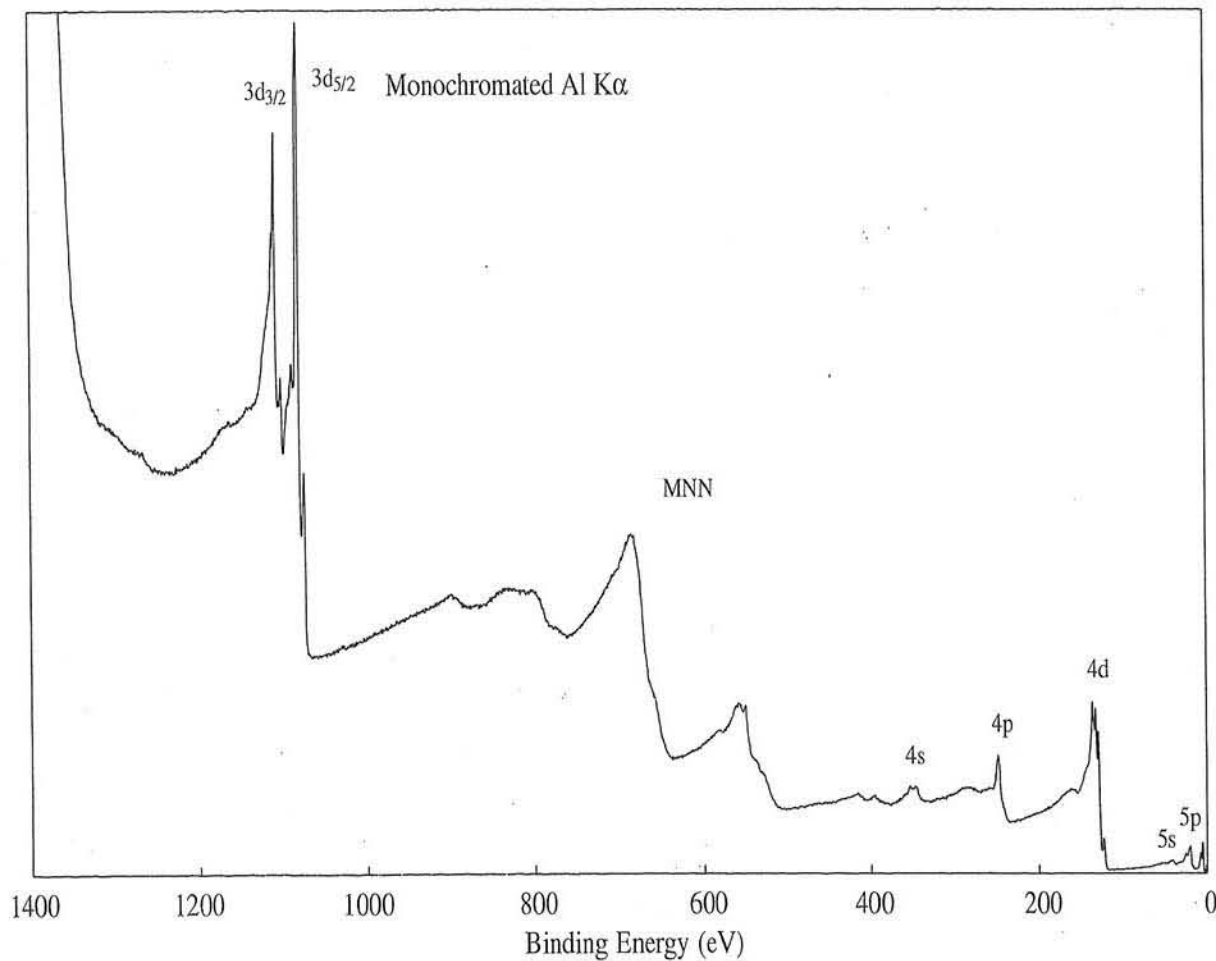


3d <sub>5/2</sub> Binding Energy (eV)			
Compound Type	980	981	982
Nd			
Nd <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>			

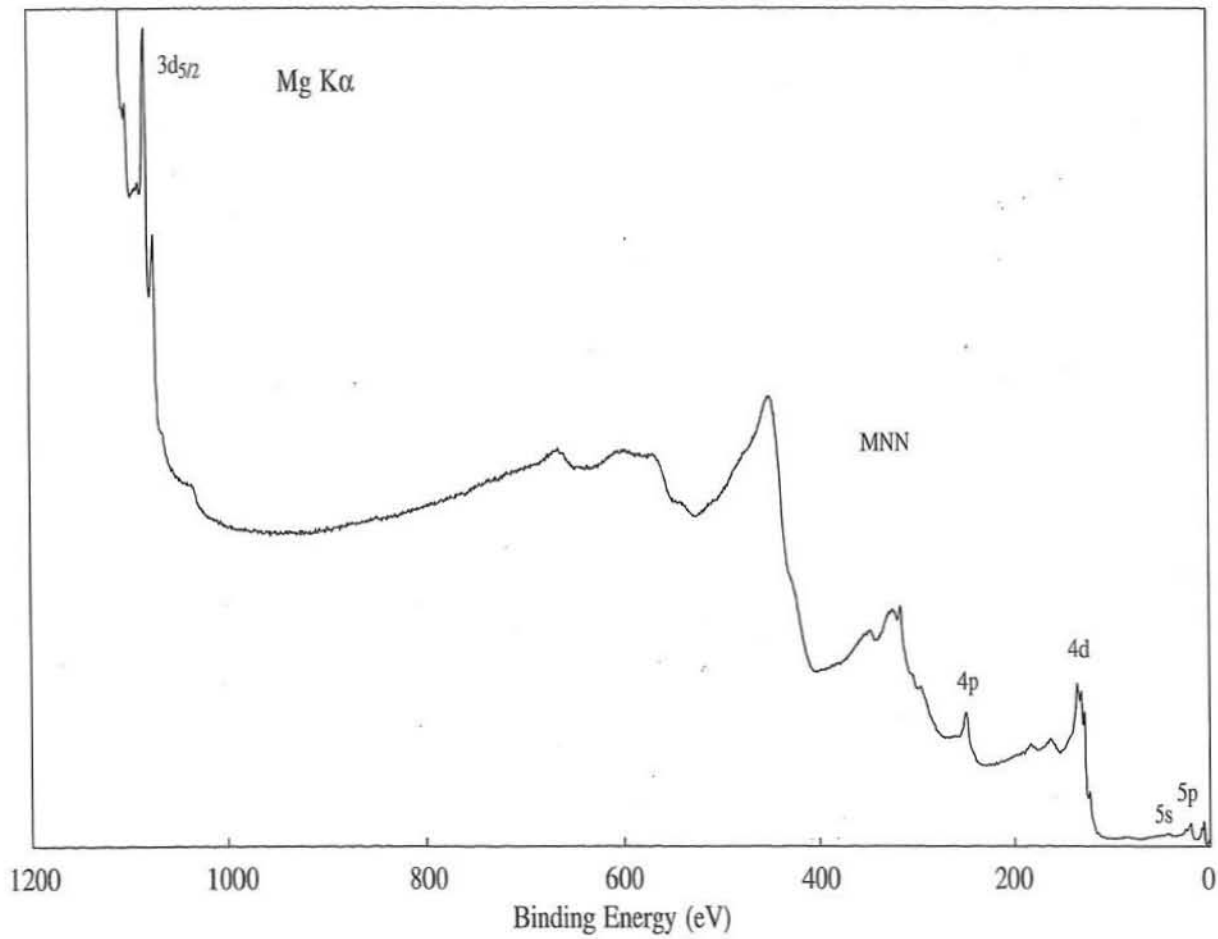
  

4d Binding Energy (eV)			
Compound Type	119	120	121
Nd <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>			

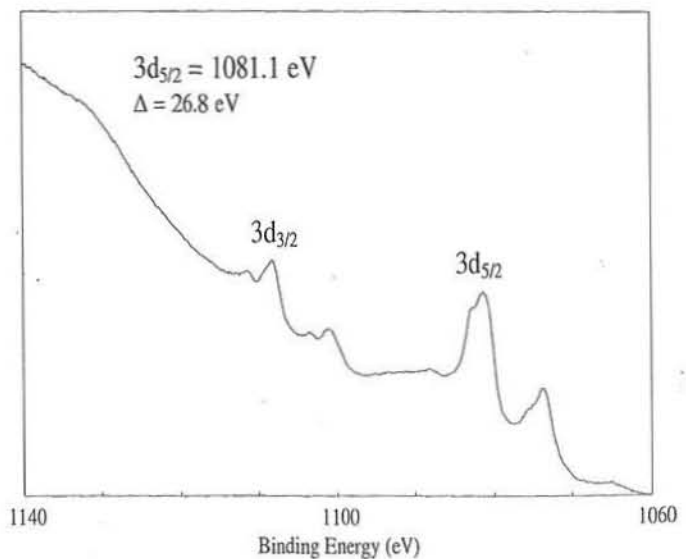


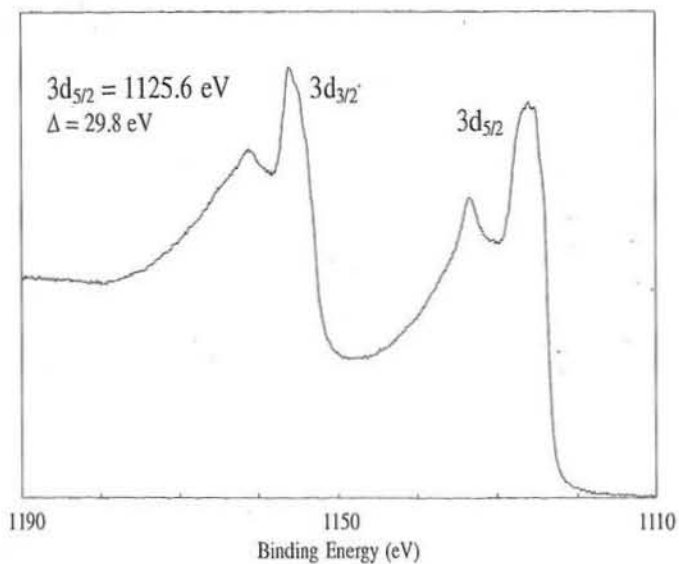
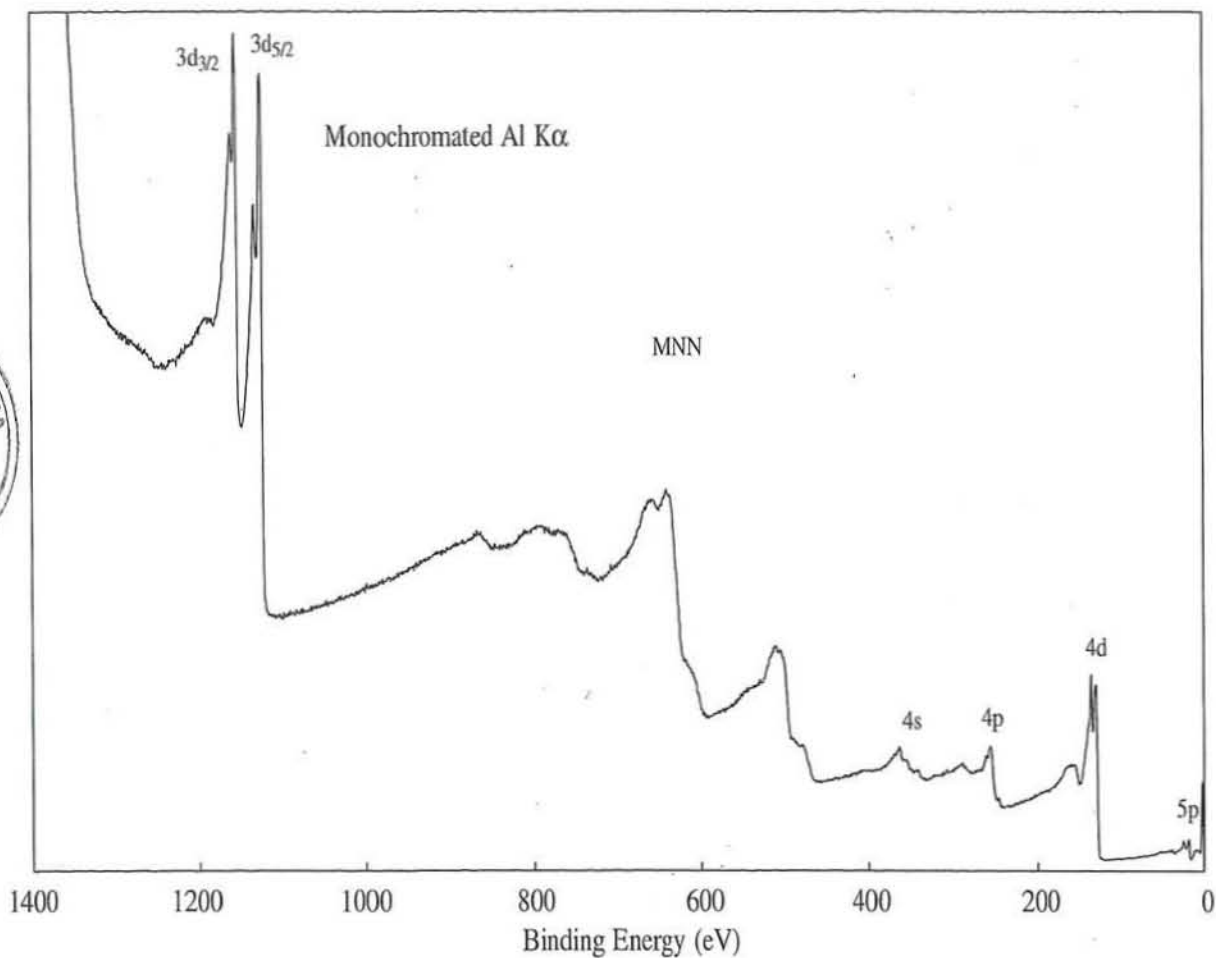


Line Positions (eV)							
<u>Photoelectron Lines</u>							
3d <sub>3/2</sub>	3d <sub>5/2</sub>	4s	4p <sub>1/2</sub>	4p <sub>3/2</sub>	4d	5s	5p
1108	1081	349	283	250	129	41	19
<u>Auger Lines</u>							
M <sub>45</sub> N <sub>45</sub> N <sub>45</sub>							
682		(Al)					
449		(Mg)					

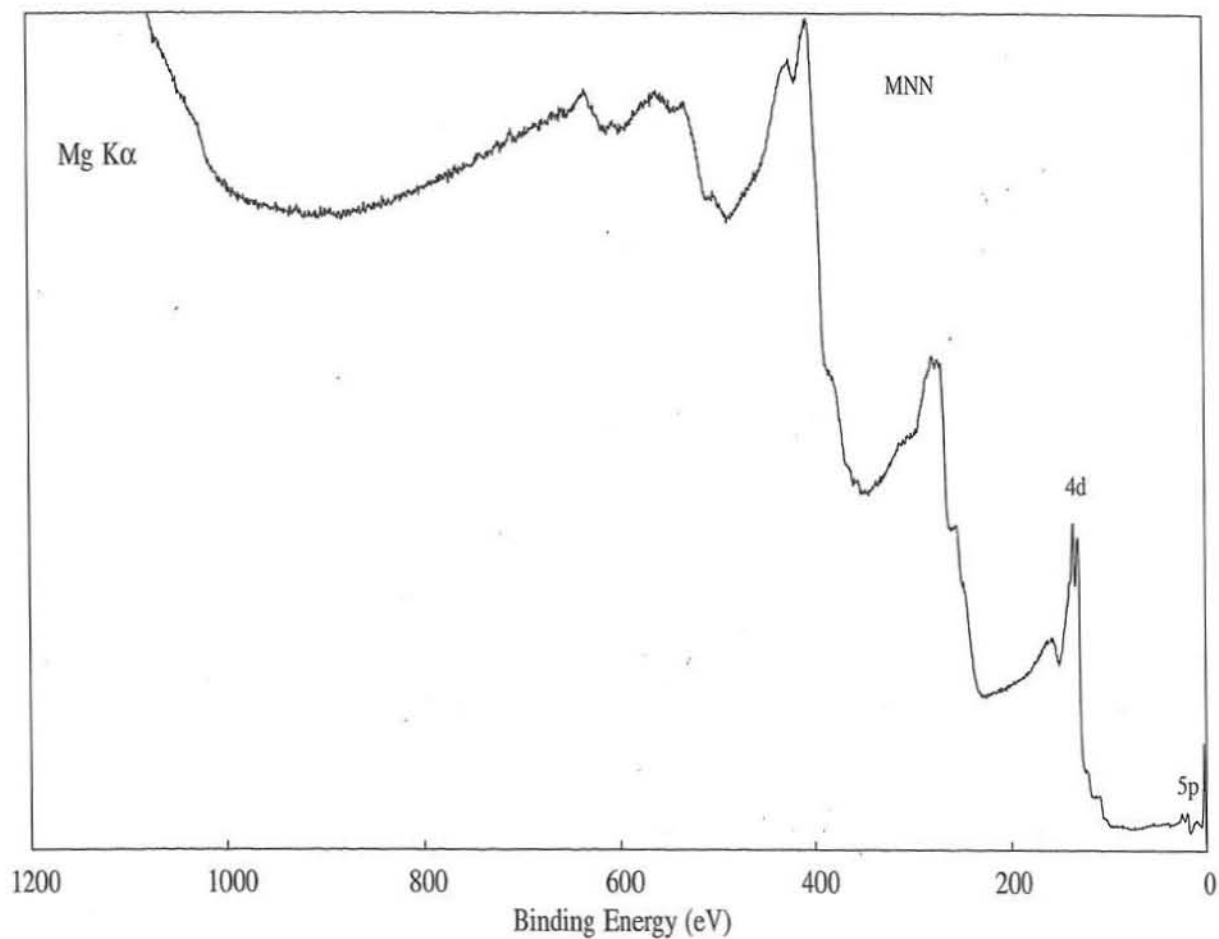


Compound Type	$3d_{5/2}$ Binding Energy (eV)			
	1081	1082	1083	1084
Sm				
Sm <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>				





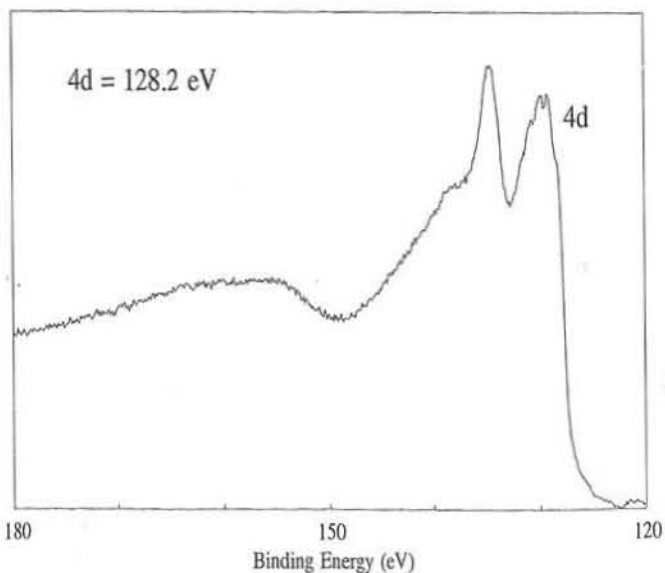
Line Positions (eV)							
<u>Photoelectron Lines</u>							
3d <sub>3/2</sub>	3d <sub>5/2</sub>	4s	4p <sub>1/2</sub>	4p <sub>3/2</sub>	4d	5s	5p
1155	1126	363	289	255	128	39	19
<u>Auger Lines</u>							
M <sub>45</sub> N <sub>45</sub> N <sub>45</sub>							
		637		(Al)			
		404		(Mg)			



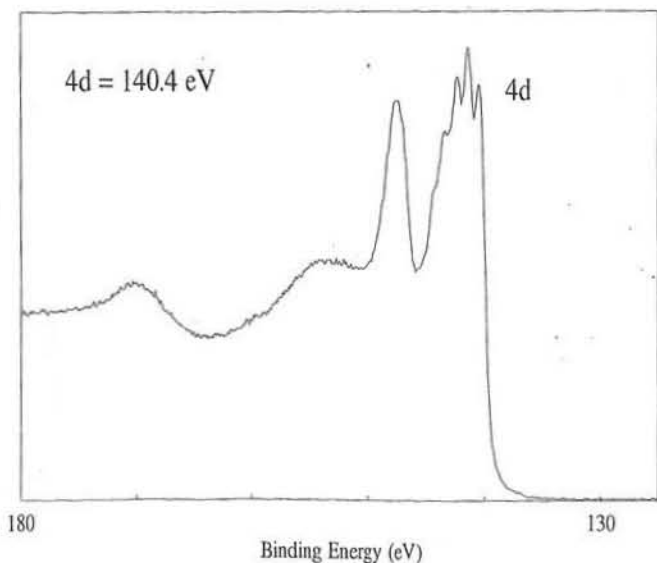
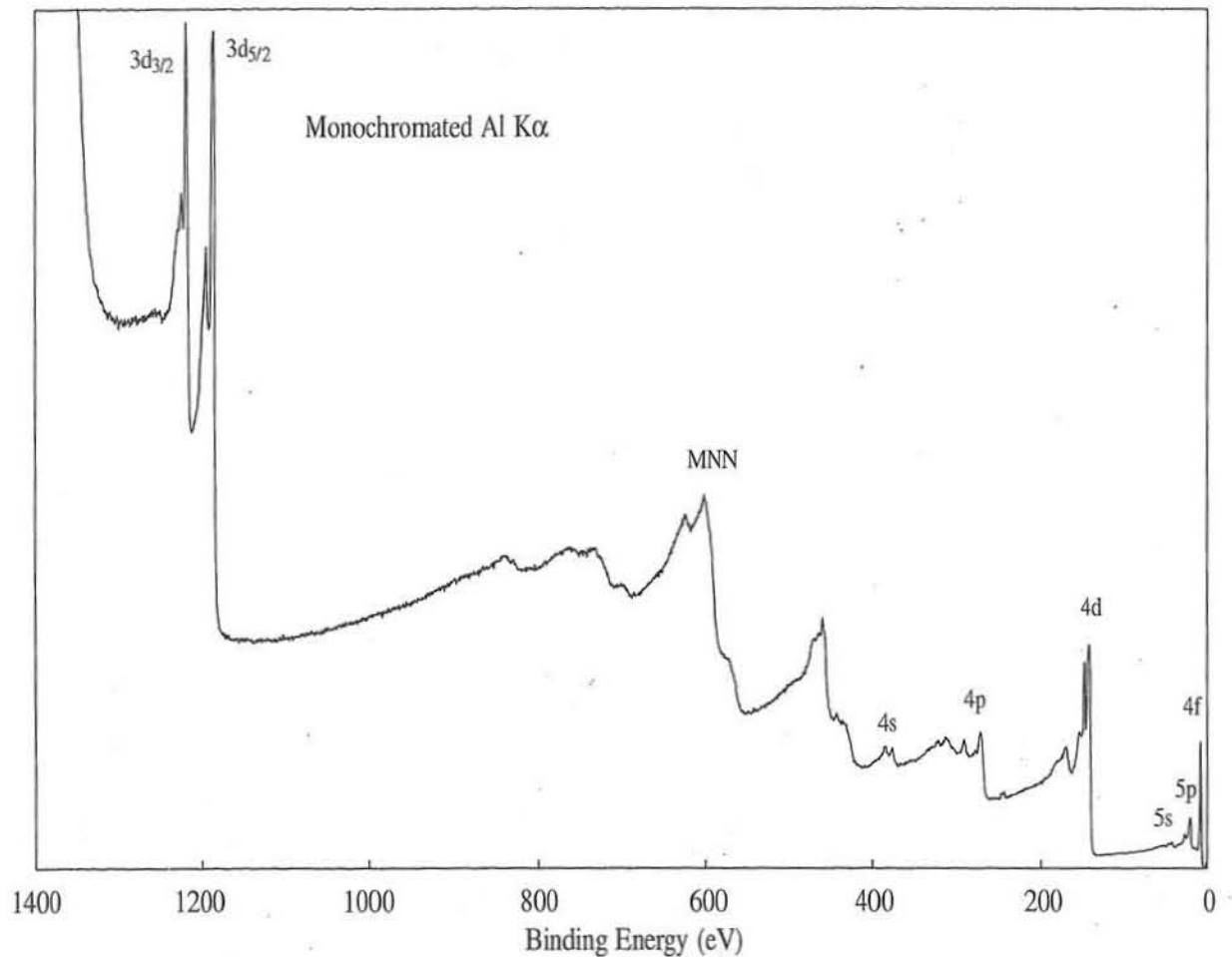
3d <sub>5/2</sub> Binding Energy (eV)							
Compound Type	1123	1124	1125	1126	1127	1128	1129
Eu			■				

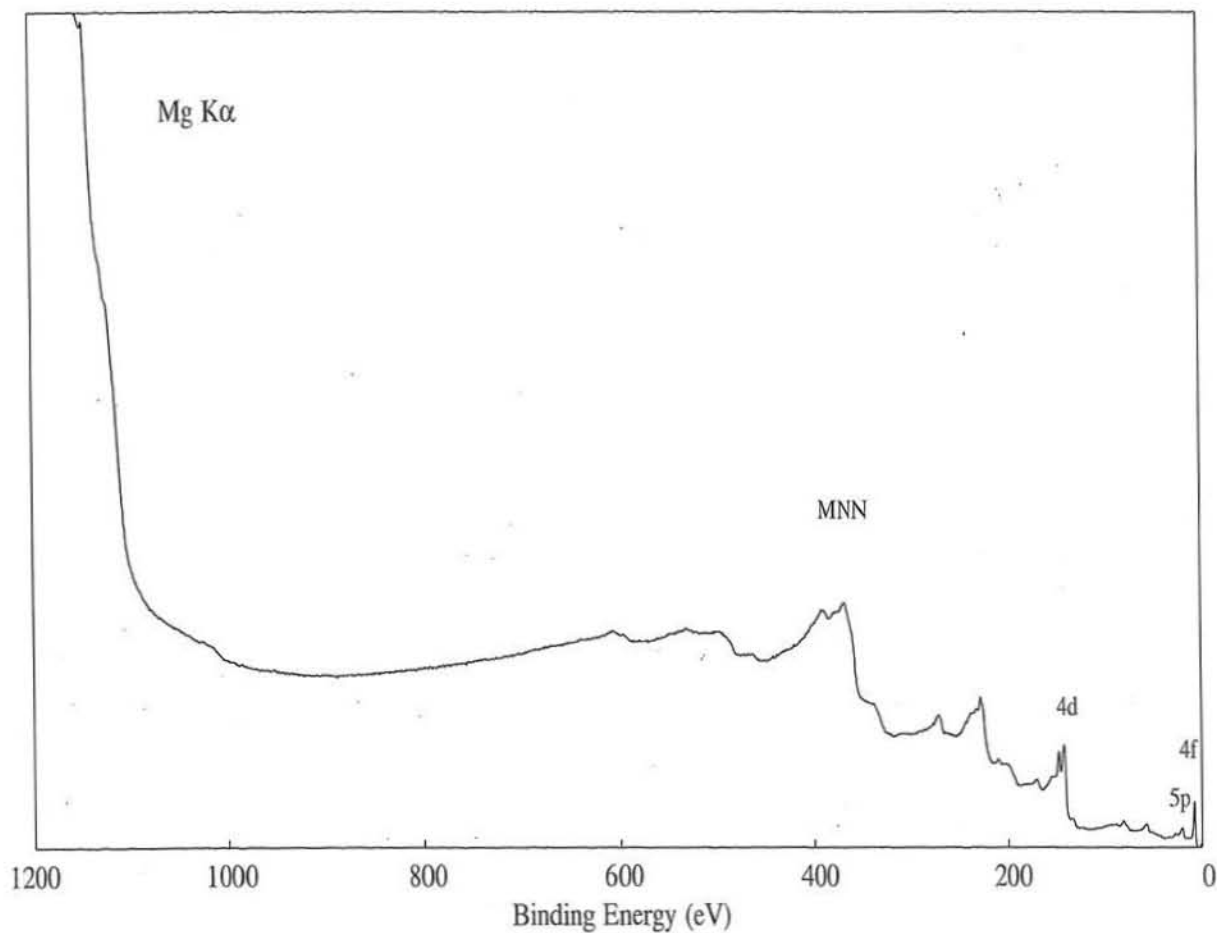
4d Binding Energy (eV)								
Compound Type	128	129	130	131	132	133	134	135
Eu	■							
Eu <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>								■







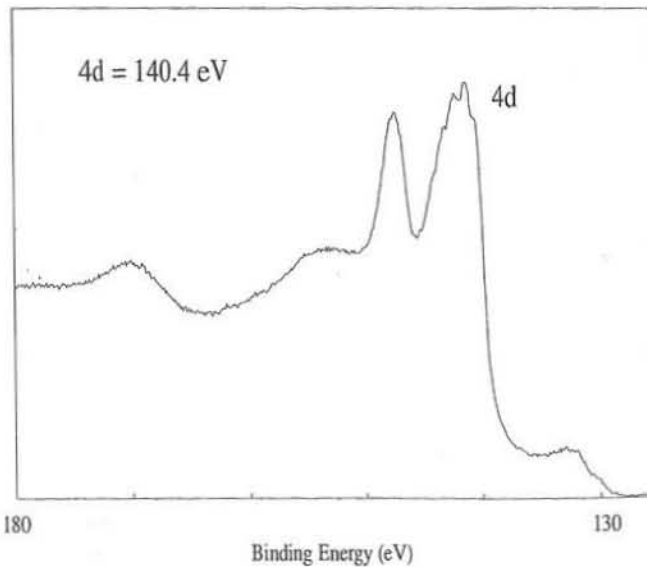
Line Positions (eV)						
<u>Photoelectron Lines</u>						
3d <sub>3/2</sub>	3d <sub>5/2</sub>					
1218	1186					
4s	4p <sub>1/2</sub>	4p <sub>3/2</sub>	4d	5s	5p	4f
378	291	272	140	43	21	8
<u>Auger Lines</u>						
M <sub>45</sub> N <sub>45</sub> N <sub>45</sub>						
602		(Al)				
369		(Mg)				

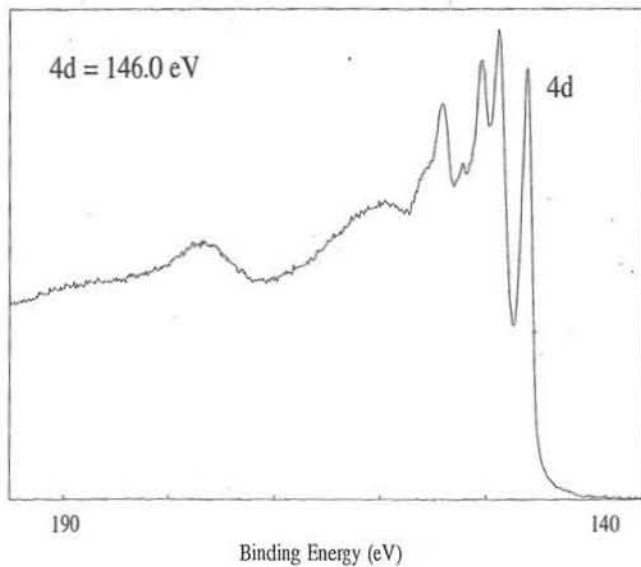
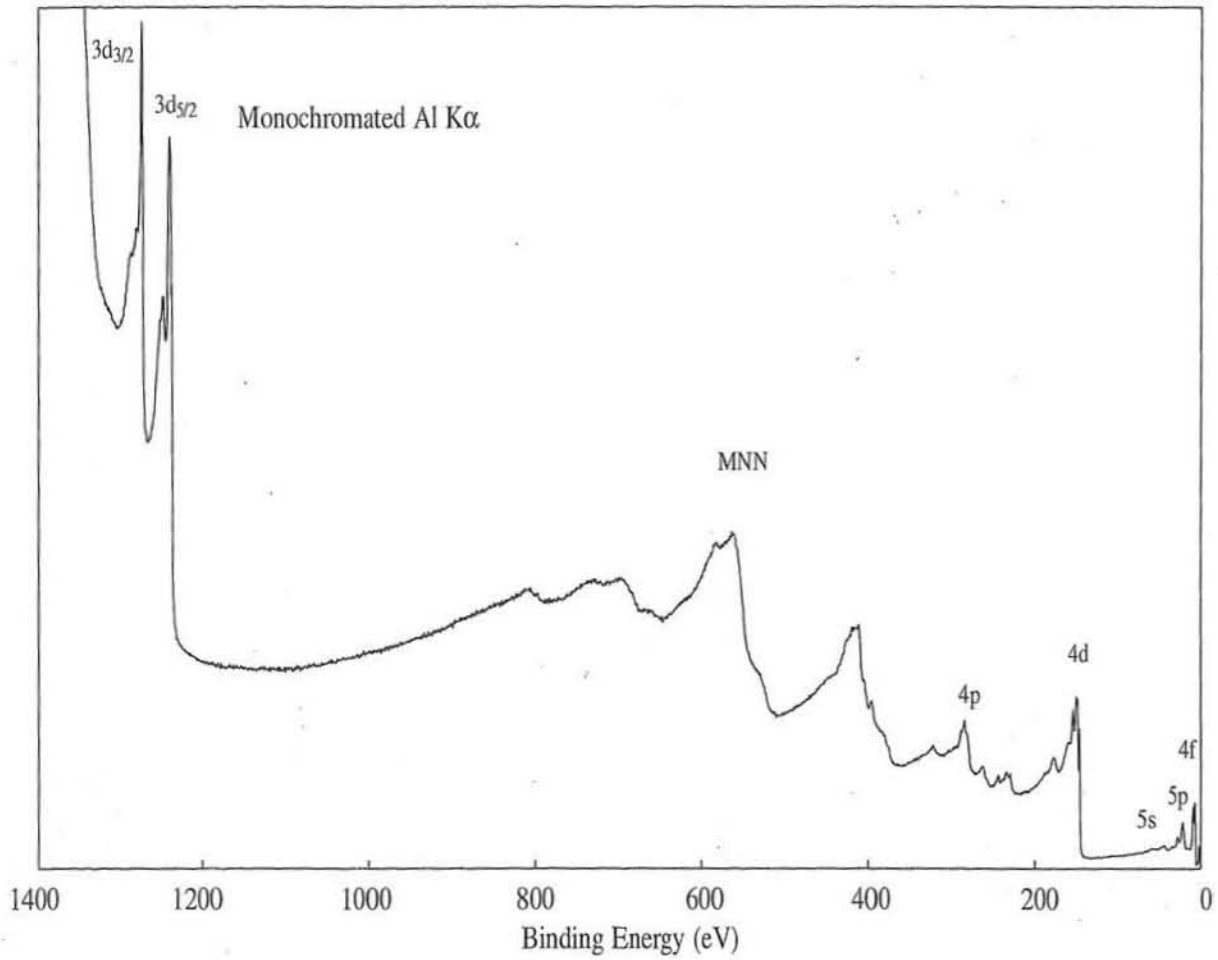


4d Binding Energy (eV)					
Compound Type	140	141	142	143	144
Gd	■				
Gd <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>					■

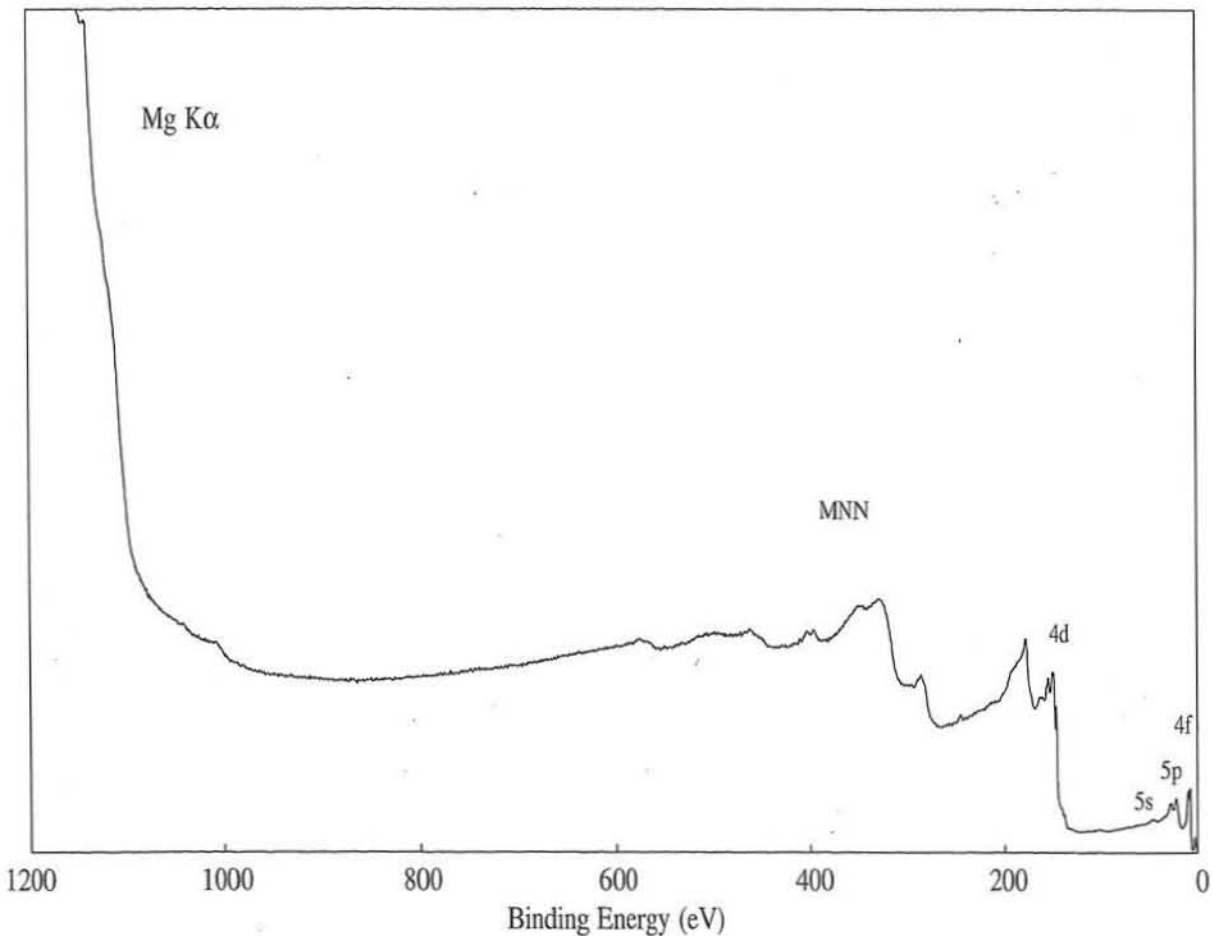
  

3d <sub>5/2</sub> Binding Energy (eV)			
Compound Type	1187	1188	1189
Gd	■		
Gd <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>			■





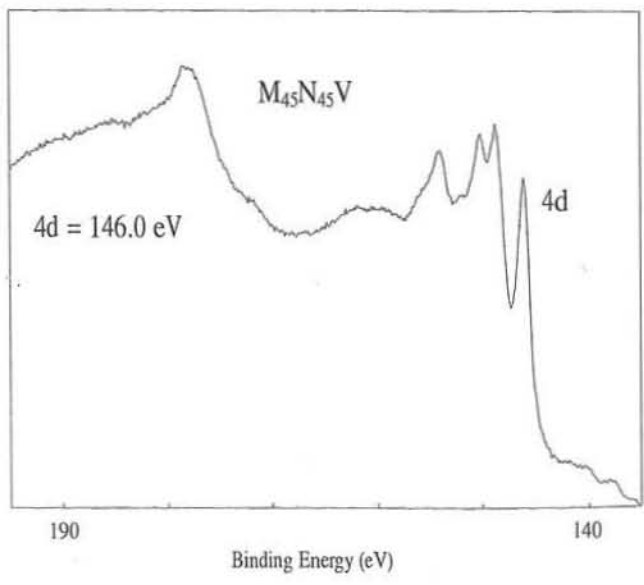
Line Positions (eV)						
<u>Photoelectron Lines</u>						
3d <sub>3/2</sub>	3d <sub>5/2</sub>					
1276	1241					
4s	4p <sub>1/2</sub>	4p <sub>3/2</sub>	4d	5s	5p	4f
396	322	285	146	45	22	8
<u>Auger Lines</u>						
M <sub>45</sub> N <sub>45</sub> N <sub>45</sub>	M <sub>45</sub> N <sub>45</sub> V	M <sub>5</sub> VV	M <sub>4</sub> VV			
559	411	260	230			(Al)
326	178					(Mg)

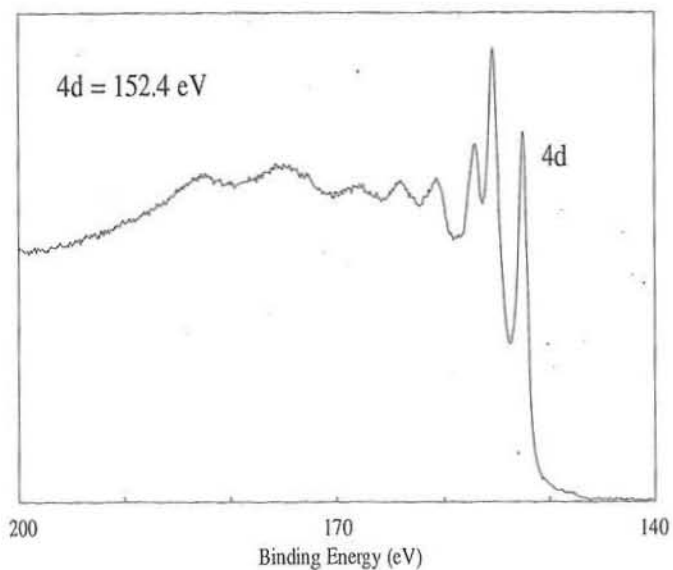
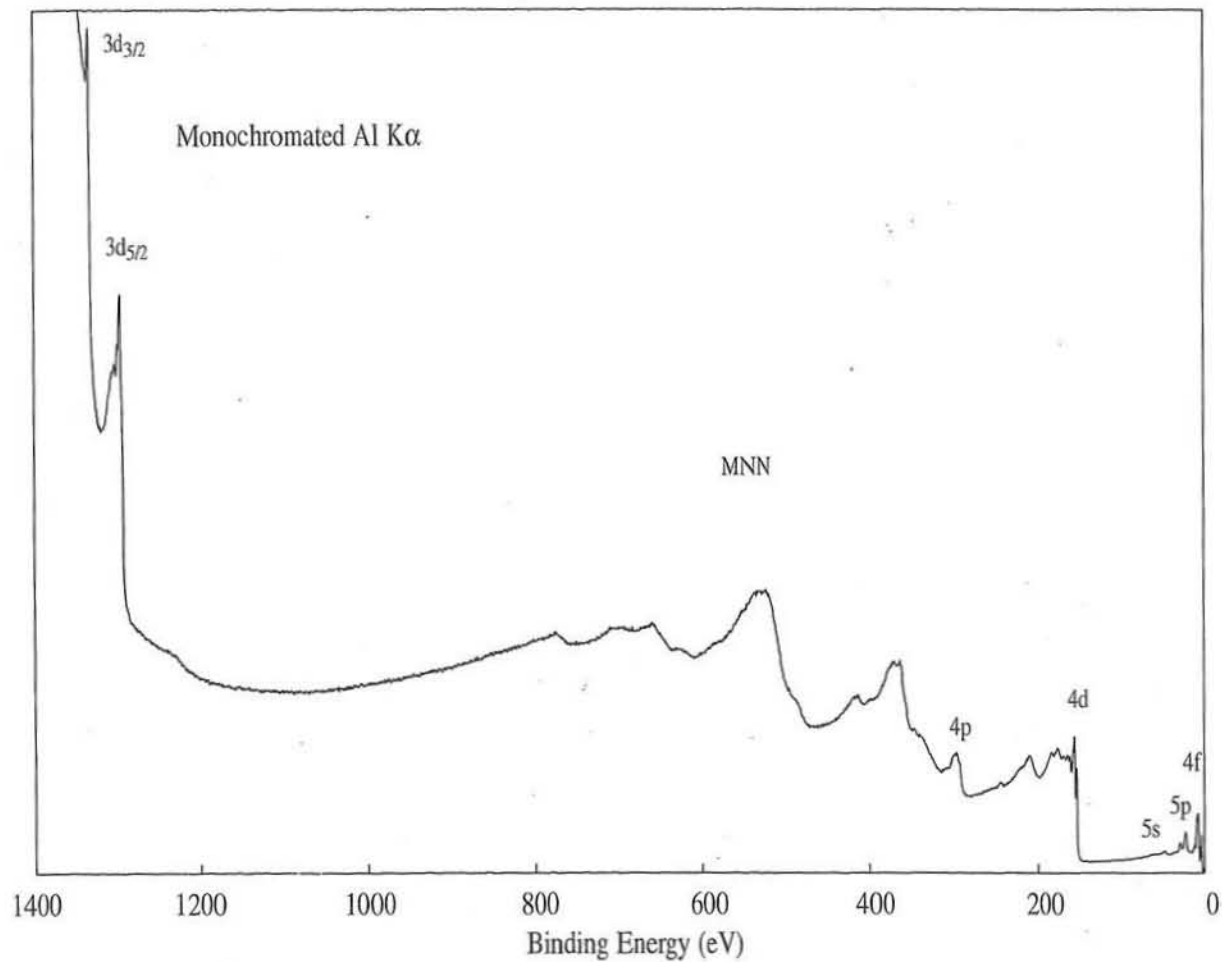


4d Binding Energy (eV)					
Compound Type	145	146	147	148	149
Tb		■			
Tb <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>			■		
TbO <sub>2</sub>					■

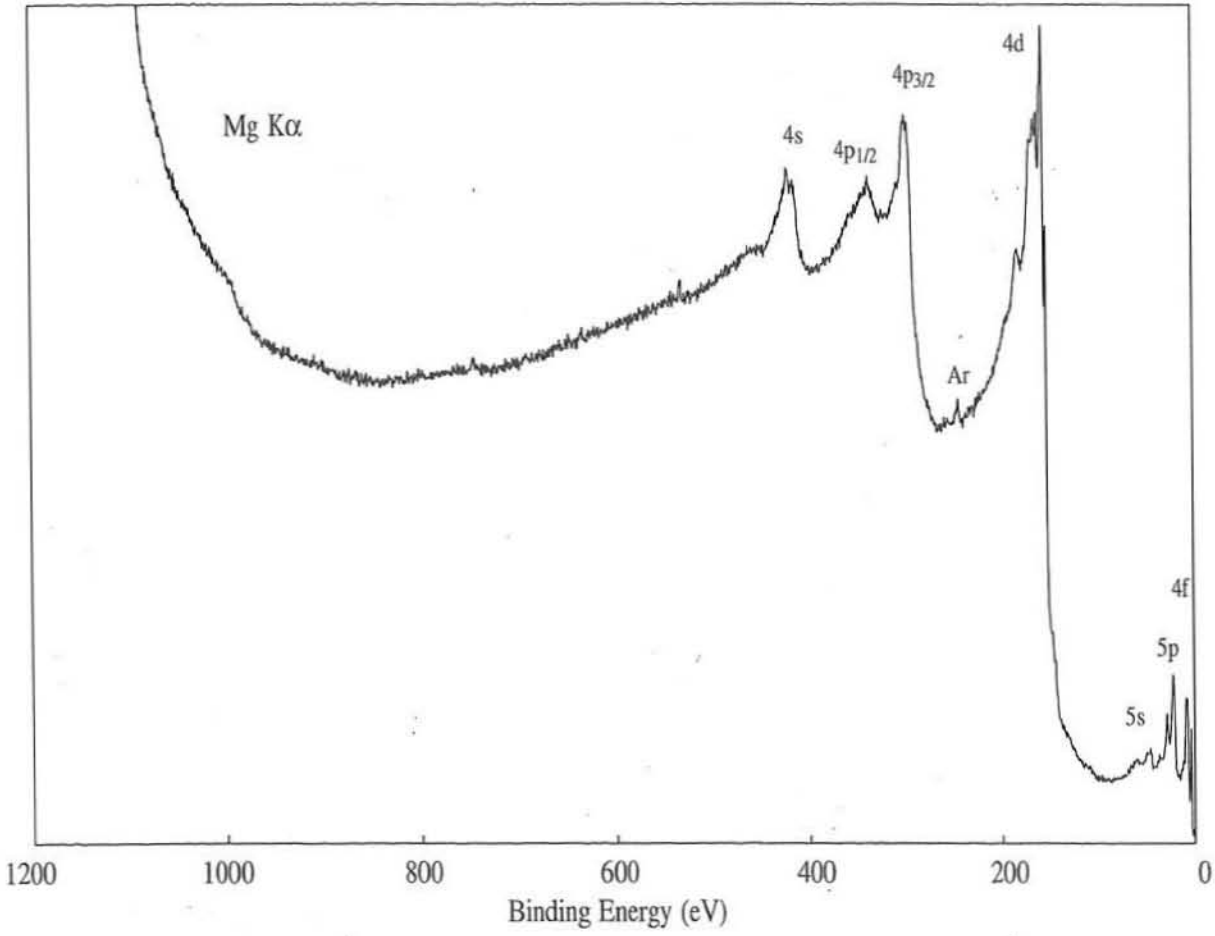
  

3d <sub>5/2</sub> Binding Energy (eV)			
Compound Type	1240	1241	1242
Tb			■
Tb <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>		■	
TbO <sub>2</sub>		■	





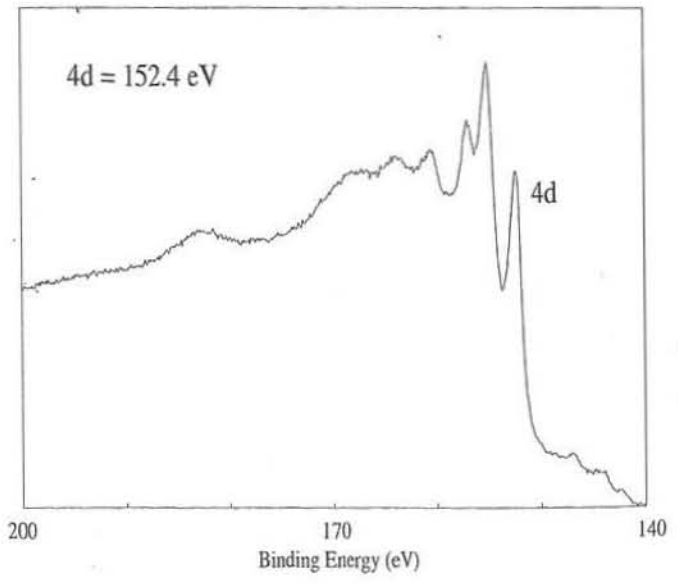
Line Positions (eV)						
<u>Photoelectron Lines</u>						
3d <sub>3/2</sub>	3d <sub>5/2</sub>					
1333	1296					
4s	4p <sub>1/2</sub>	4p <sub>3/2</sub>	4d	5s	5p	4f
417	337	297	152	48	23	8
<u>Auger Lines</u>						
	M <sub>45</sub> N <sub>45</sub> N <sub>45</sub>	M <sub>45</sub> N <sub>45</sub> V				
	526	368	(Al)			

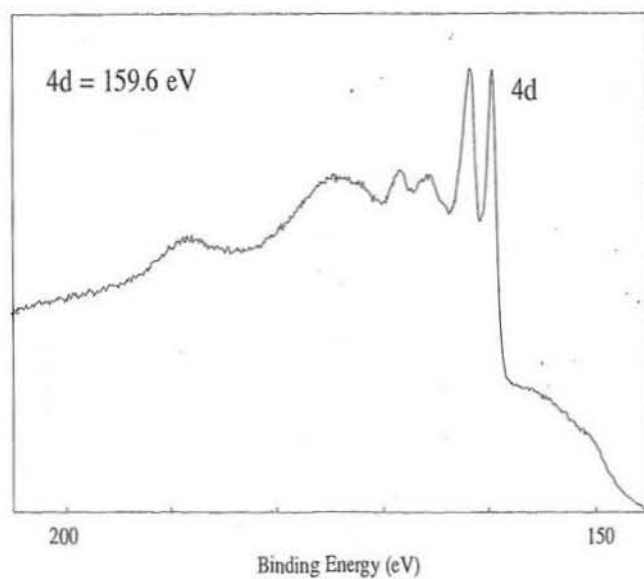
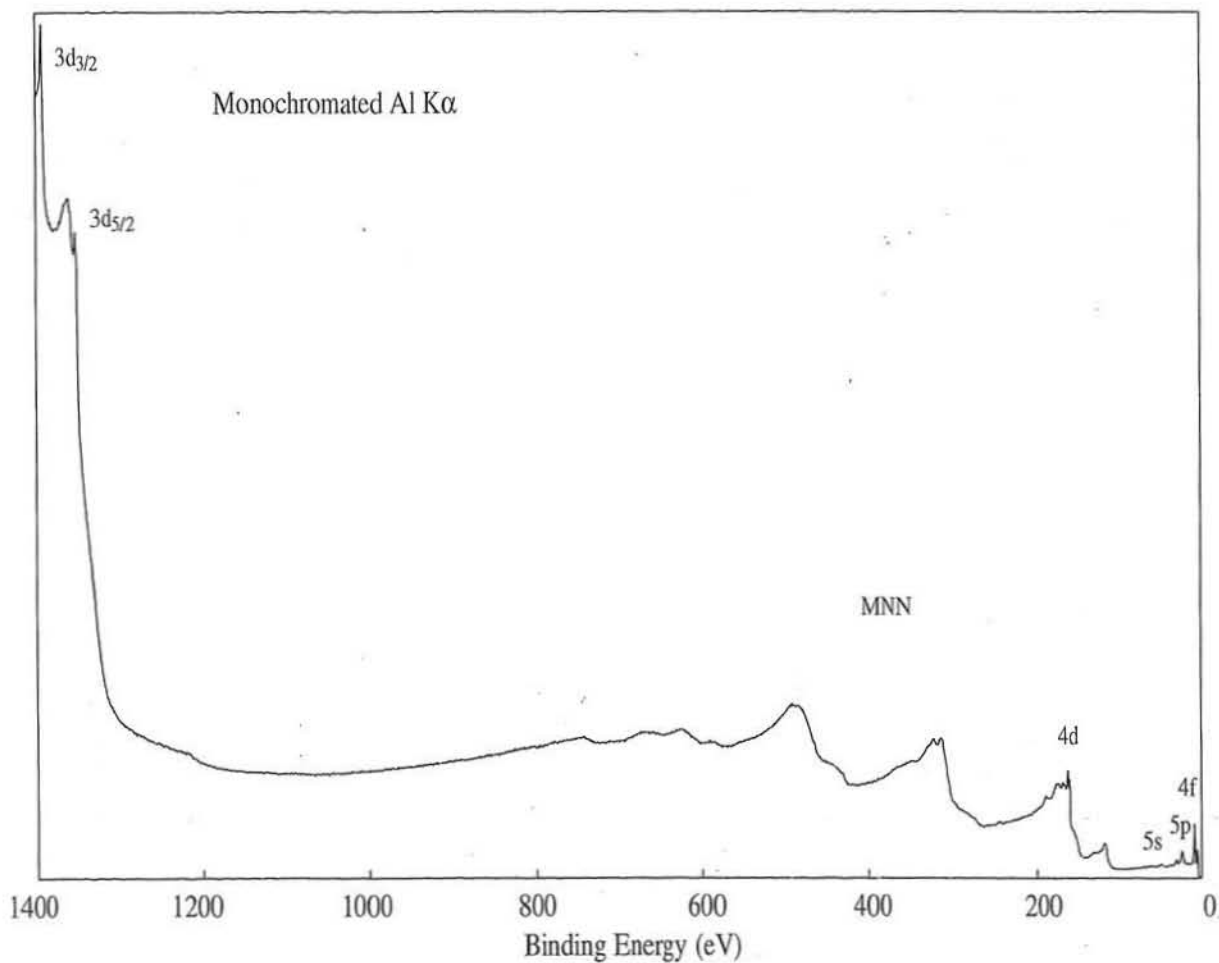


4d Binding Energy (eV)					
Compound Type	152	156	160	164	168
Dy Dy <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	■				■

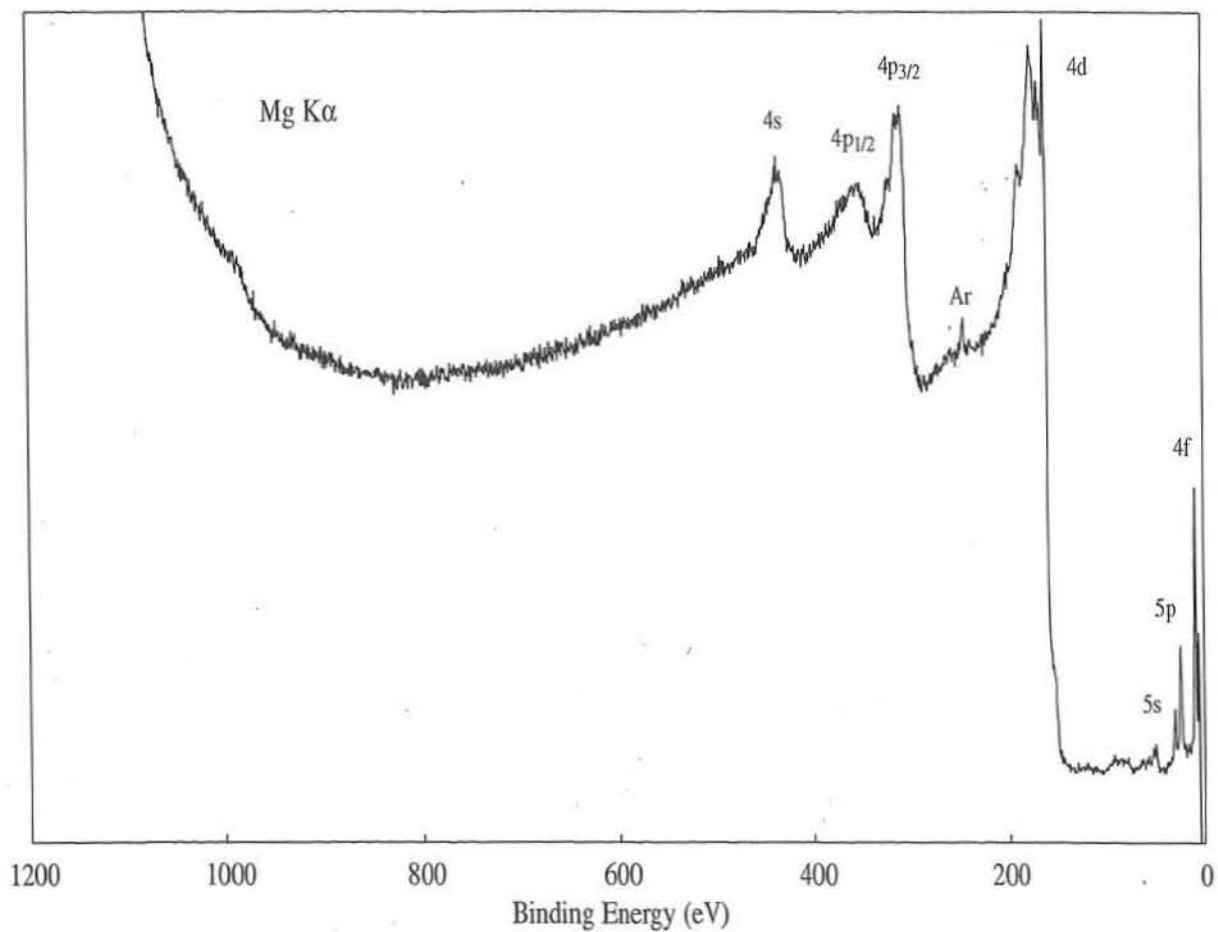
  

3d <sub>5/2</sub> Binding Energy (eV)					
Compound Type	1287	1289	1291	1293	1295
Dy Dy <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>		■			■

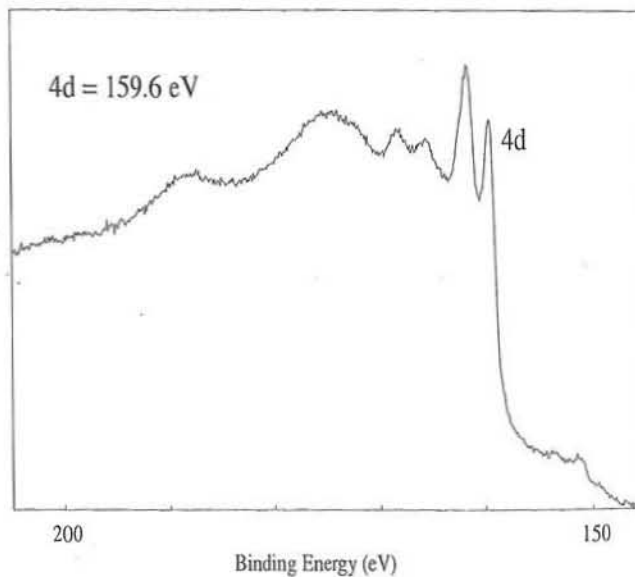




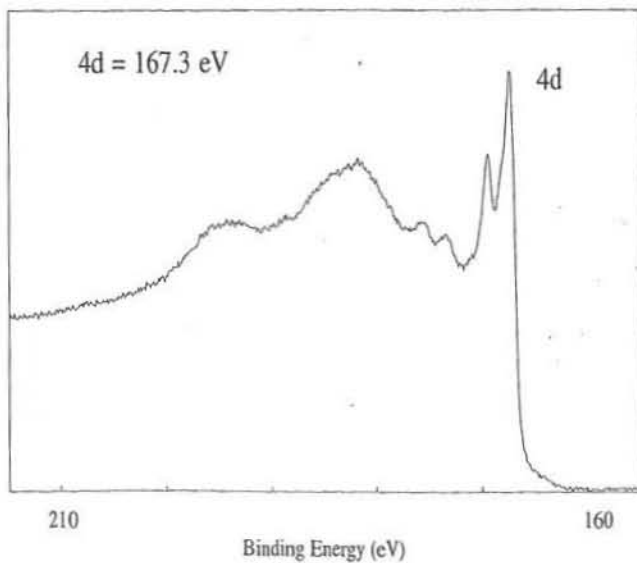
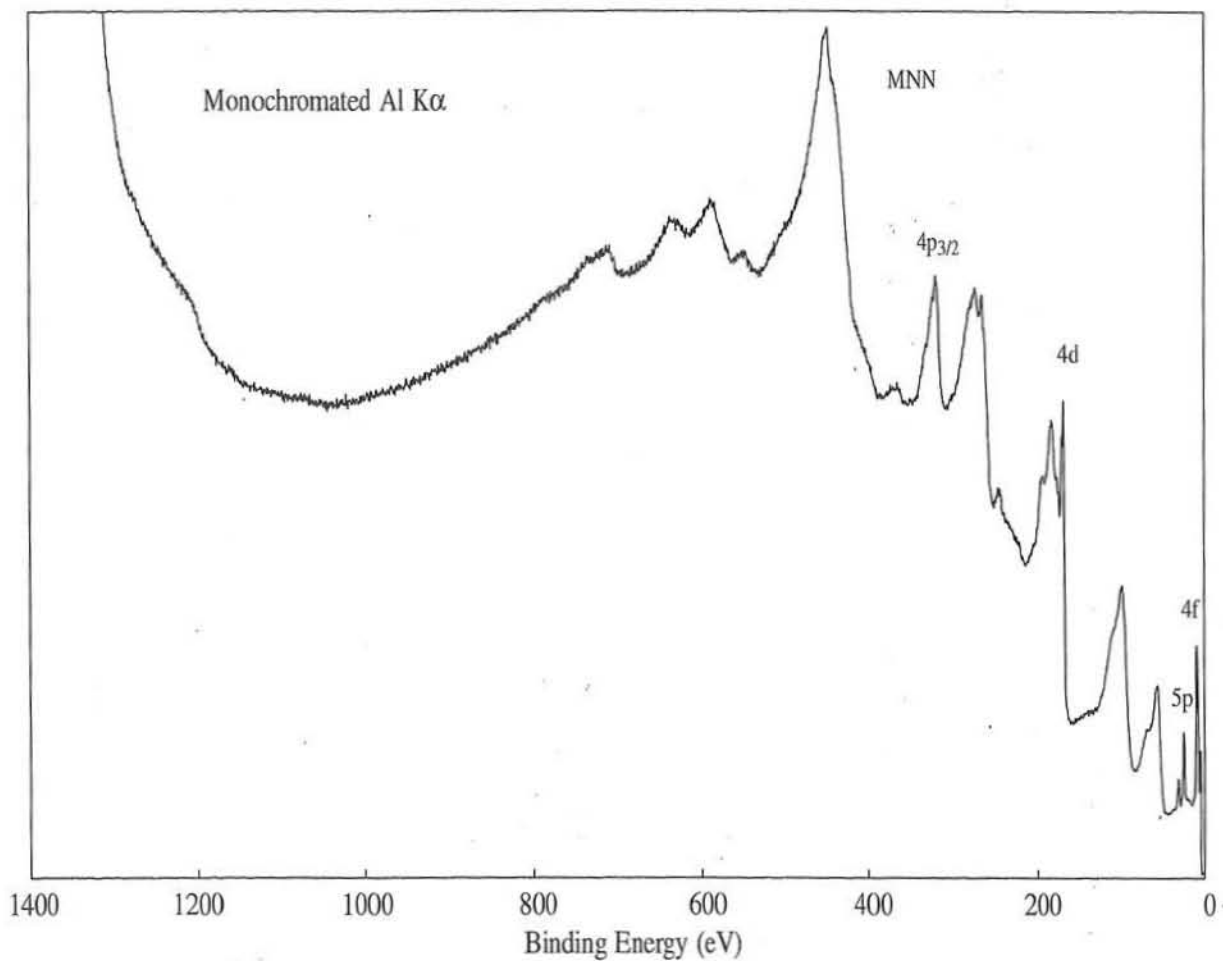
Line Positions (eV)					
<u>Photoelectron Lines</u>					
3d <sub>3/2</sub>	3d <sub>5/2</sub>	4s	4p <sub>1/2</sub>	4p <sub>3/2</sub>	4d
1393	1352	435	353	309	160
5s	5p <sub>1/2</sub>	5p <sub>3/2</sub>	4f		
49	30	24	9		
<u>Auger Lines</u>					
M <sub>45</sub> N <sub>45</sub> N <sub>45</sub>	M <sub>45</sub> N <sub>45</sub> V	M <sub>4</sub> VV			
488	314	117			(Al)



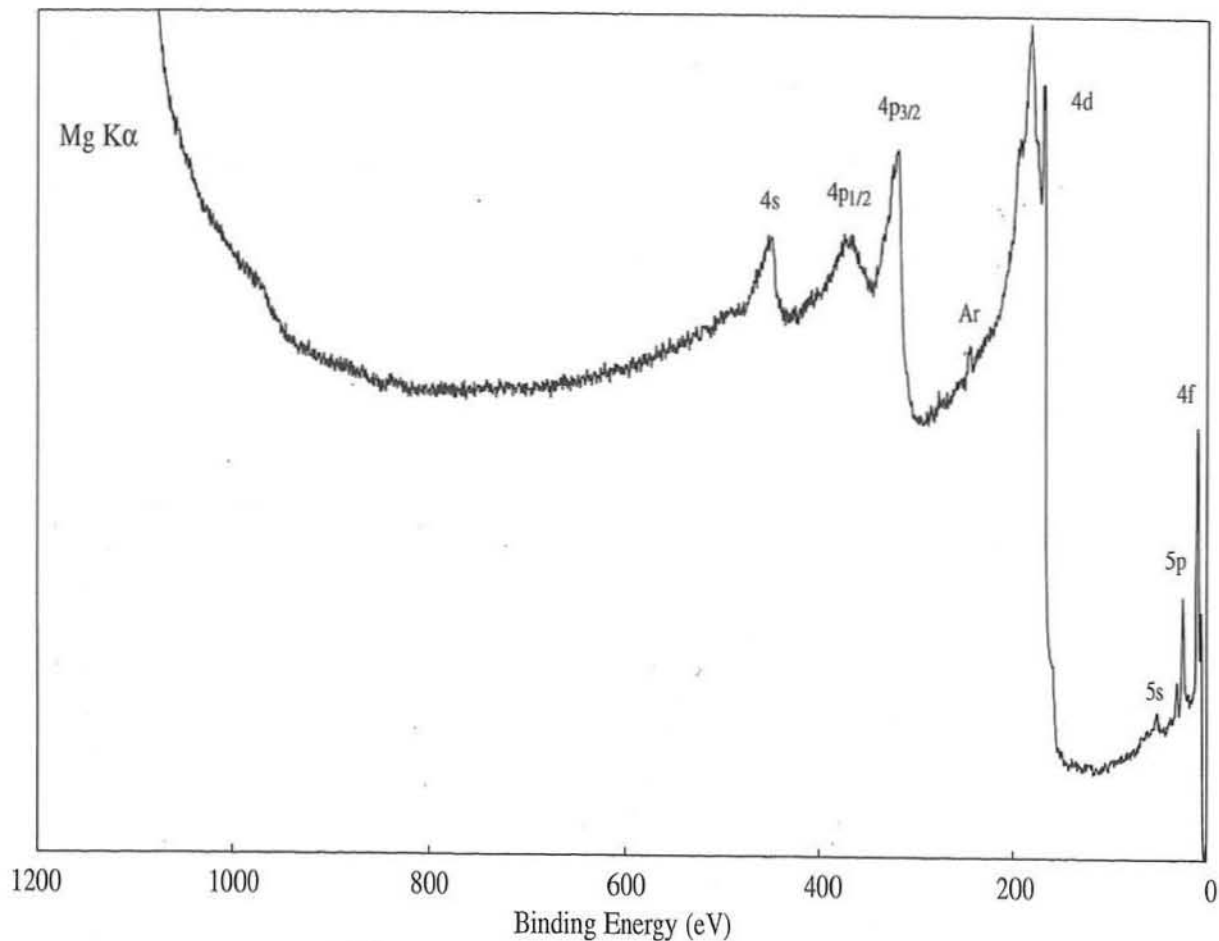
4d Binding Energy (eV)			
Compound Type	158	159	160
Ho			



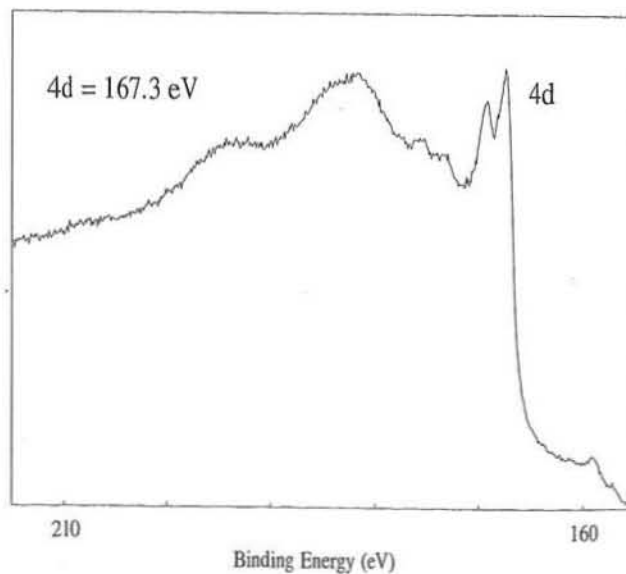


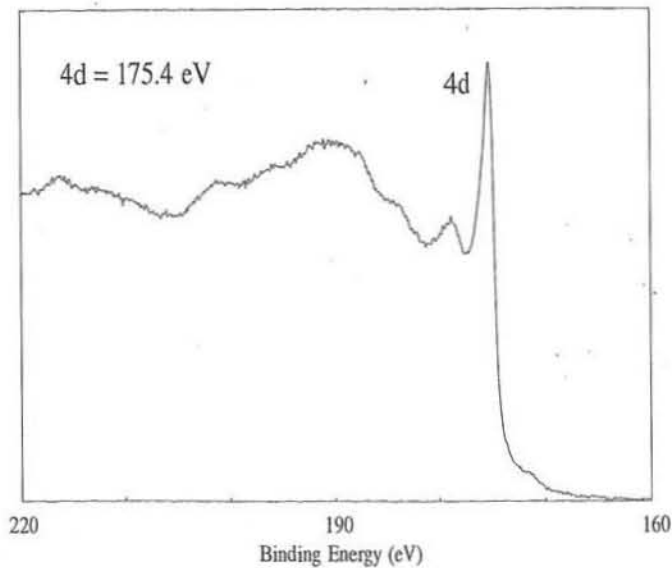
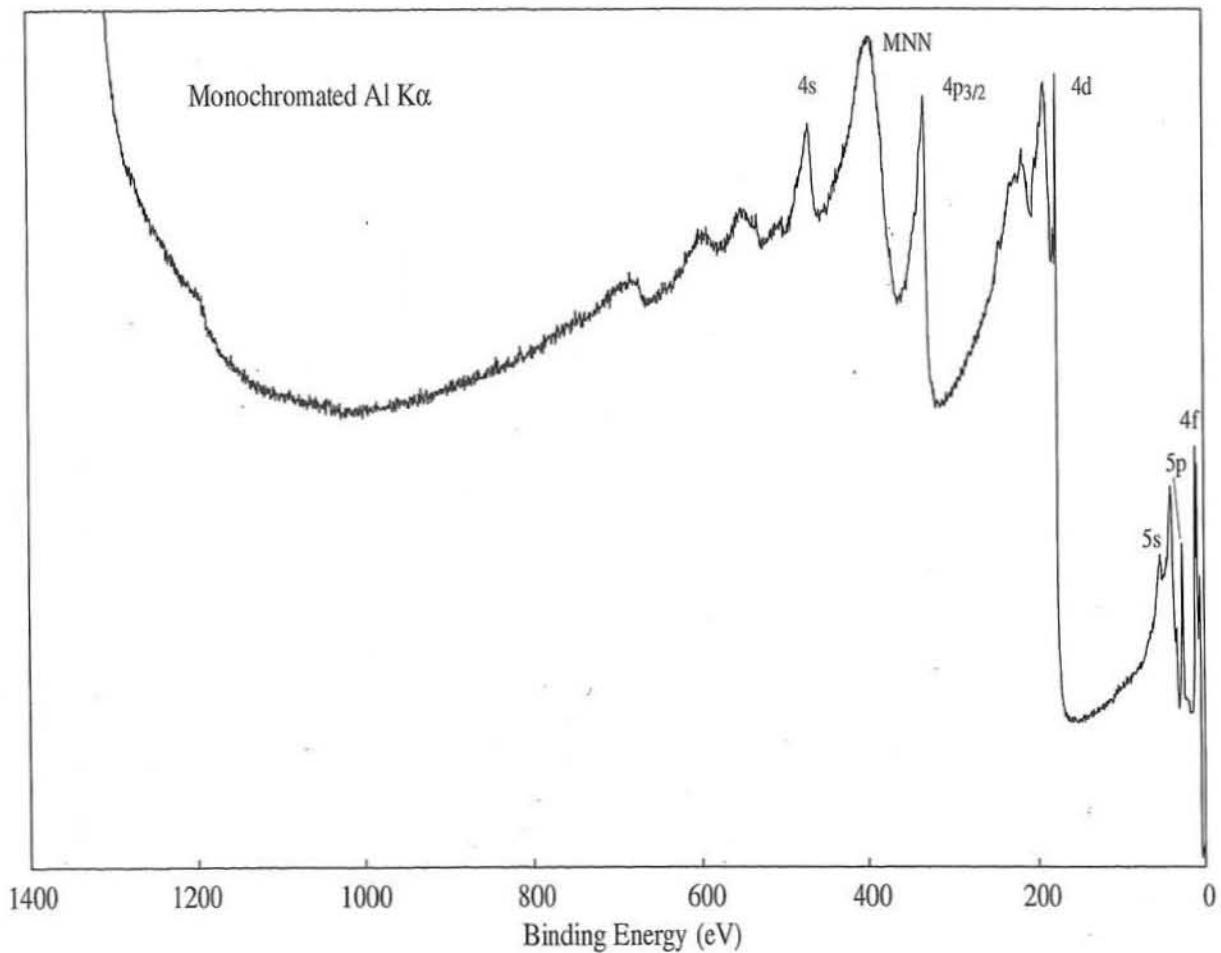


Line Positions (eV)							
<u>Photoelectron Lines</u>							
4s	4p <sub>1/2</sub>	4p <sub>3/2</sub>	4d	5s	5p <sub>1/2</sub>	5p <sub>3/2</sub>	4f
451	368	321	167	52	31	24	9
<u>Auger Lines</u>							
M <sub>45</sub> N <sub>45</sub> N <sub>45</sub>	M <sub>45</sub> N <sub>45</sub> V	M <sub>5</sub> VV	M <sub>4</sub> VV				
440	273	98	56	(Al)			

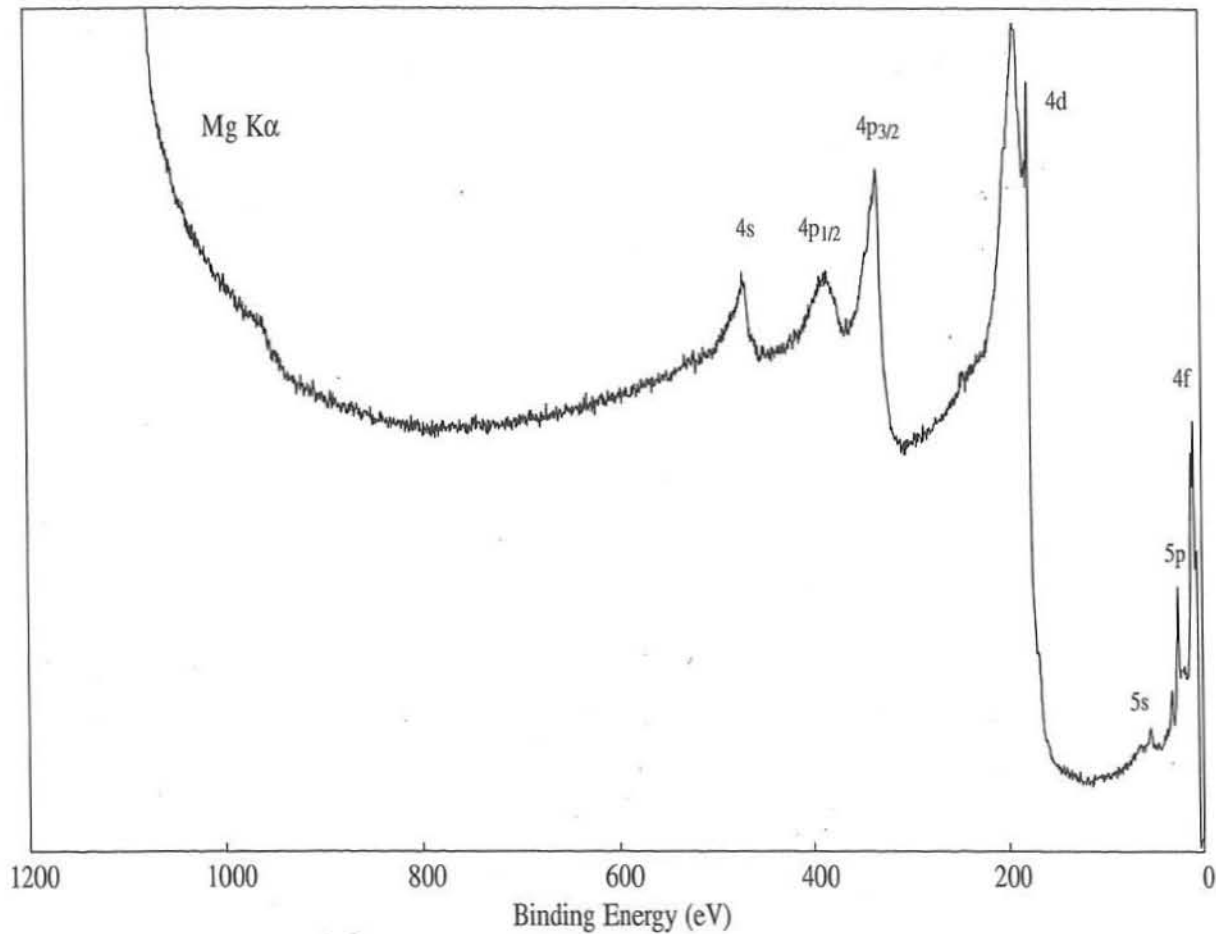


Compound Type	4d Binding Energy (eV)		
	167	168	169
Er	■		
Er			■
Er <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>		■	■

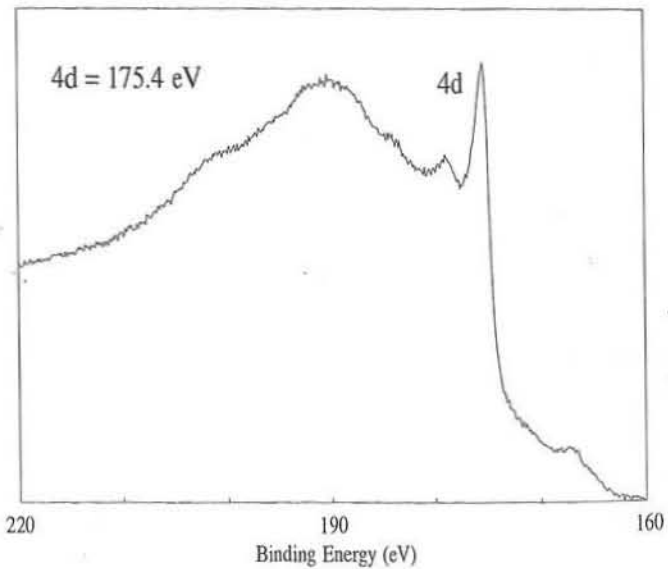




Line Positions (eV)							
<u>Photoelectron Lines</u>							
4s	4p <sub>1/2</sub>	4p <sub>3/2</sub>	4d	5s	5p <sub>1/2</sub>	5p <sub>3/2</sub>	4f
470	384	333	175	53	32	25	8
<u>Auger Lines</u>							
M <sub>45</sub> N <sub>45</sub> N <sub>45</sub>							
398 (Al)							

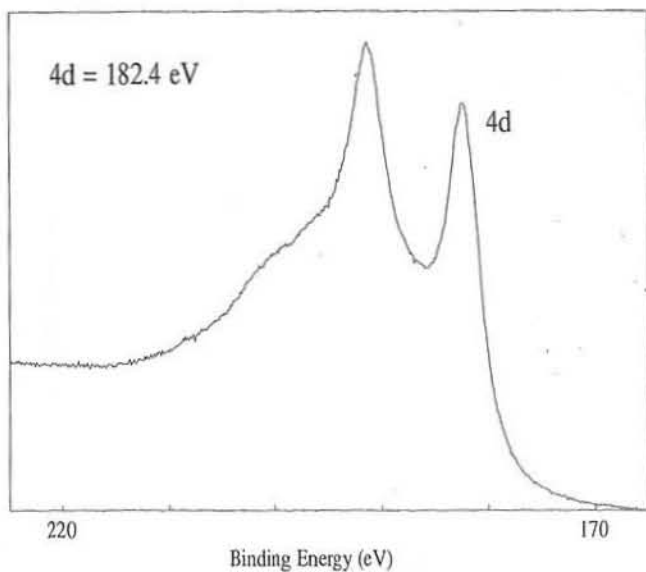
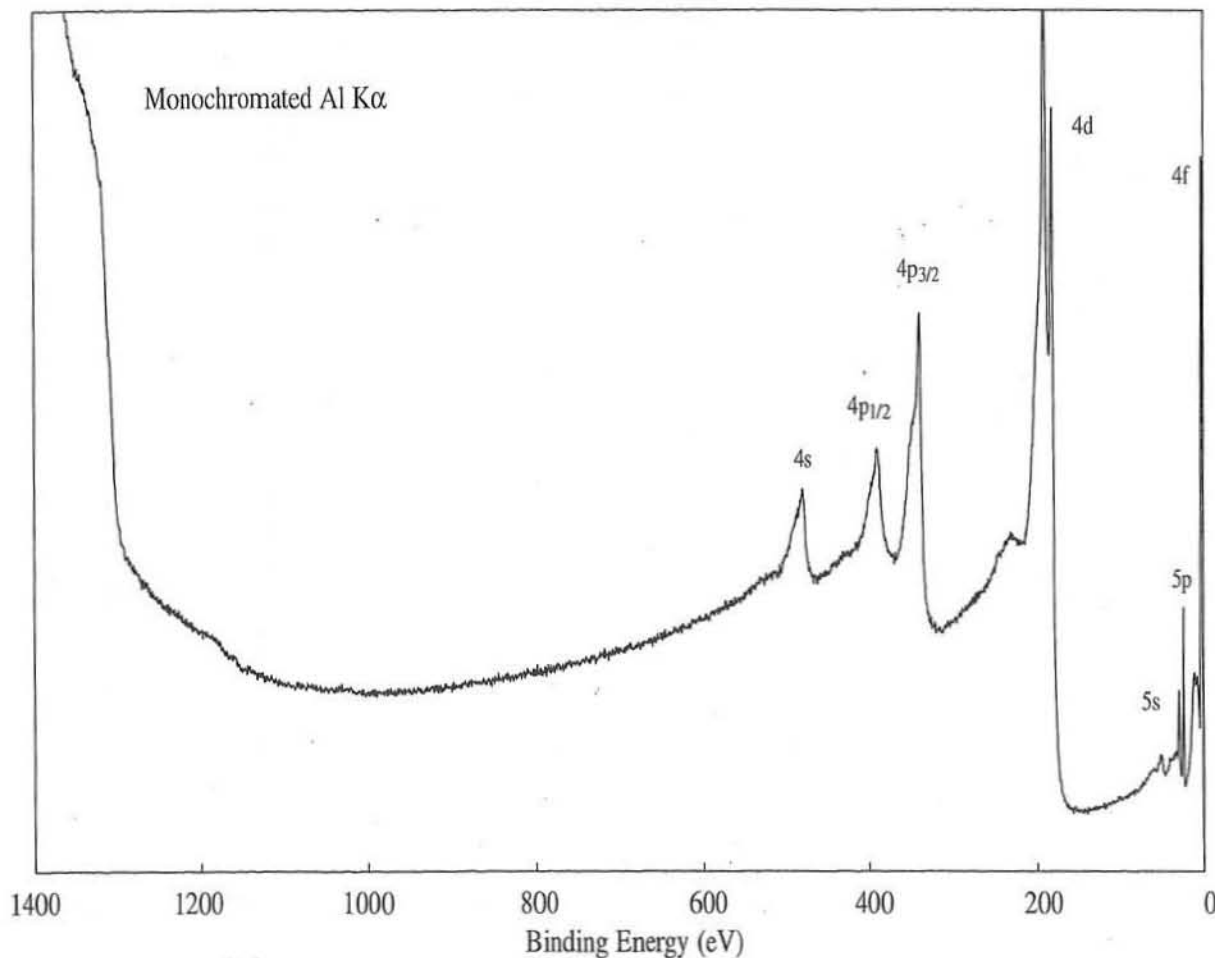


4d Binding Energy (eV)			
Compound Type	174	175	176
Tm		██████████	



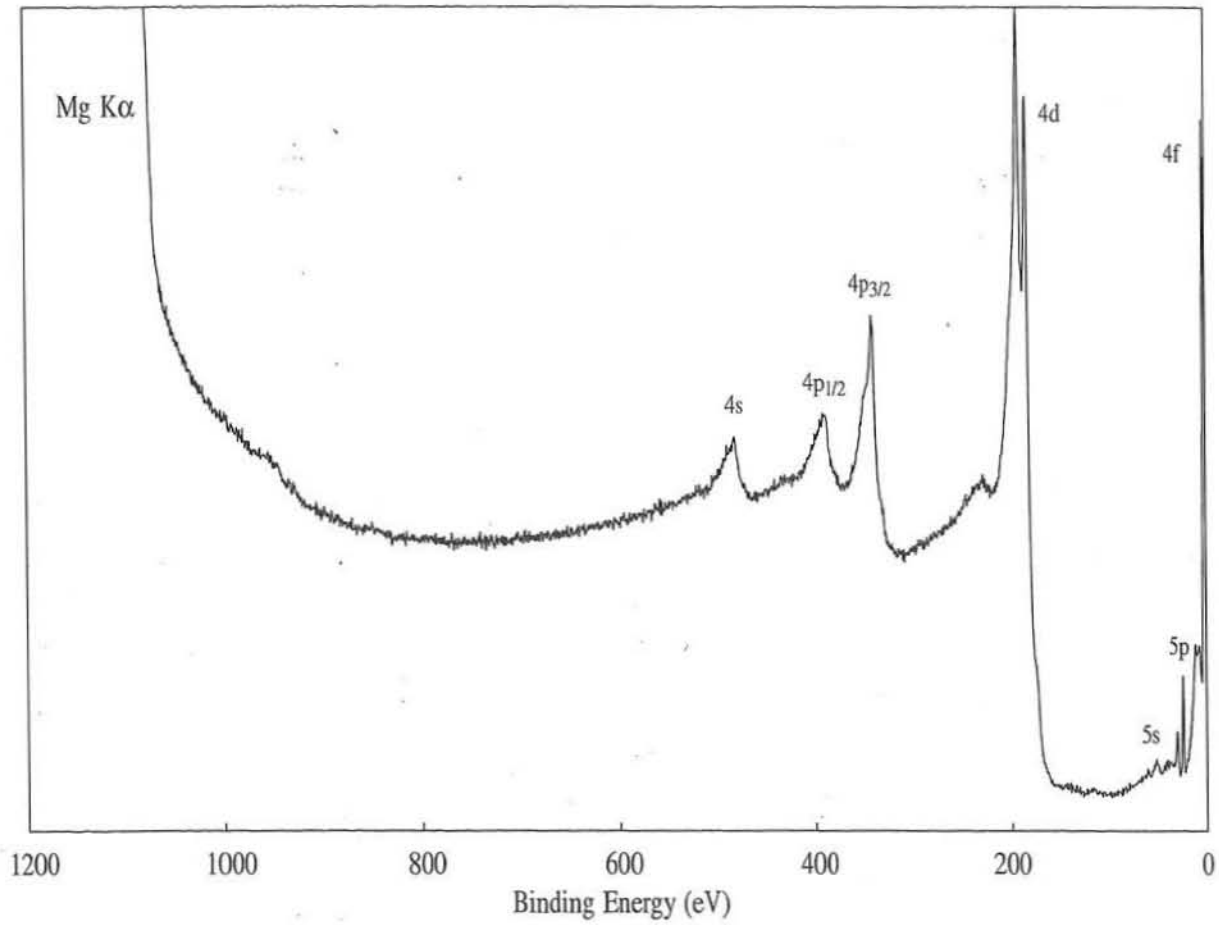
# Ytterbium Yb

Atomic Number 70

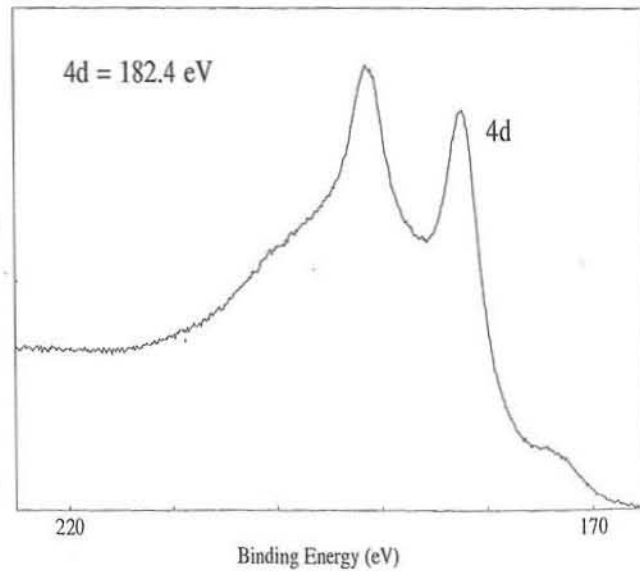


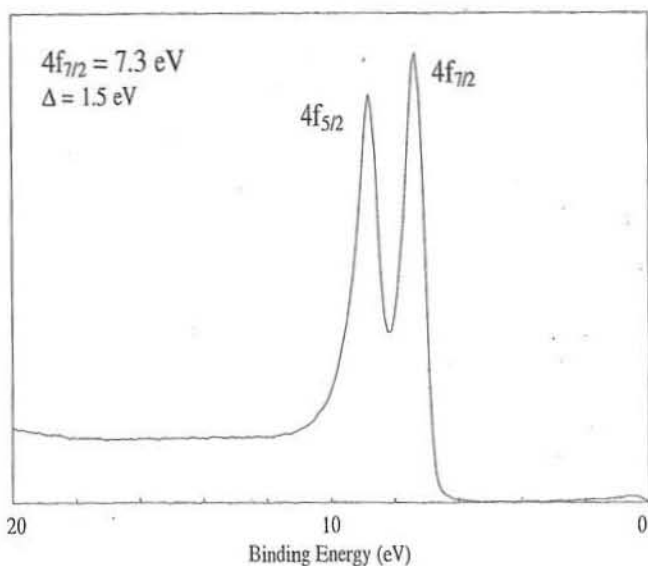
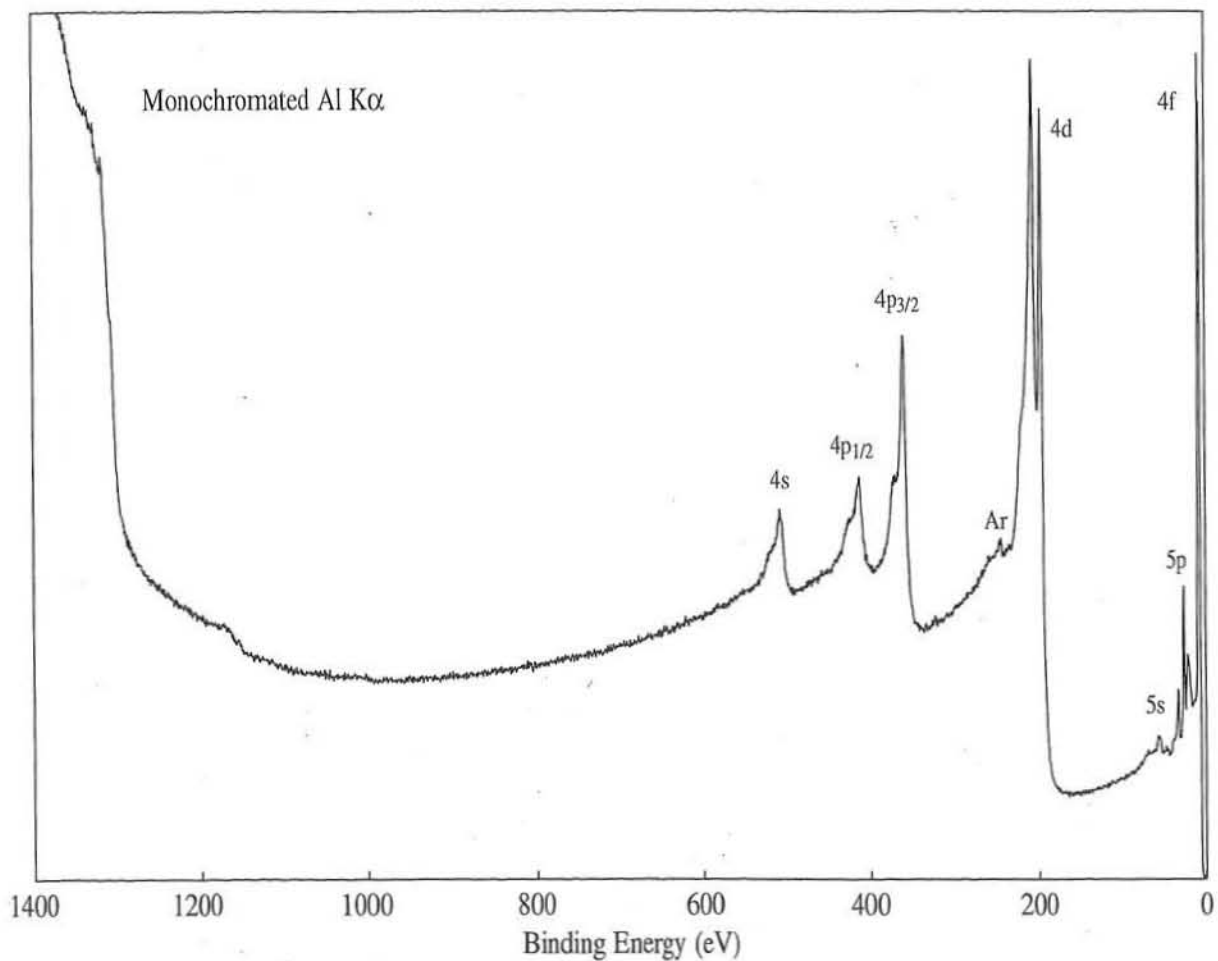
Line Positions (eV)

Photoelectron Lines							
4s	4p <sub>1/2</sub>	4p <sub>3/2</sub>	4d	5s	5p <sub>1/2</sub>	5p <sub>3/2</sub>	4f
482	389	341	182	51	30	24	3



4d Binding Energy (eV)						
Compound Type	181	182	183	184	185	186
Yb		■				
Yb <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>					■	



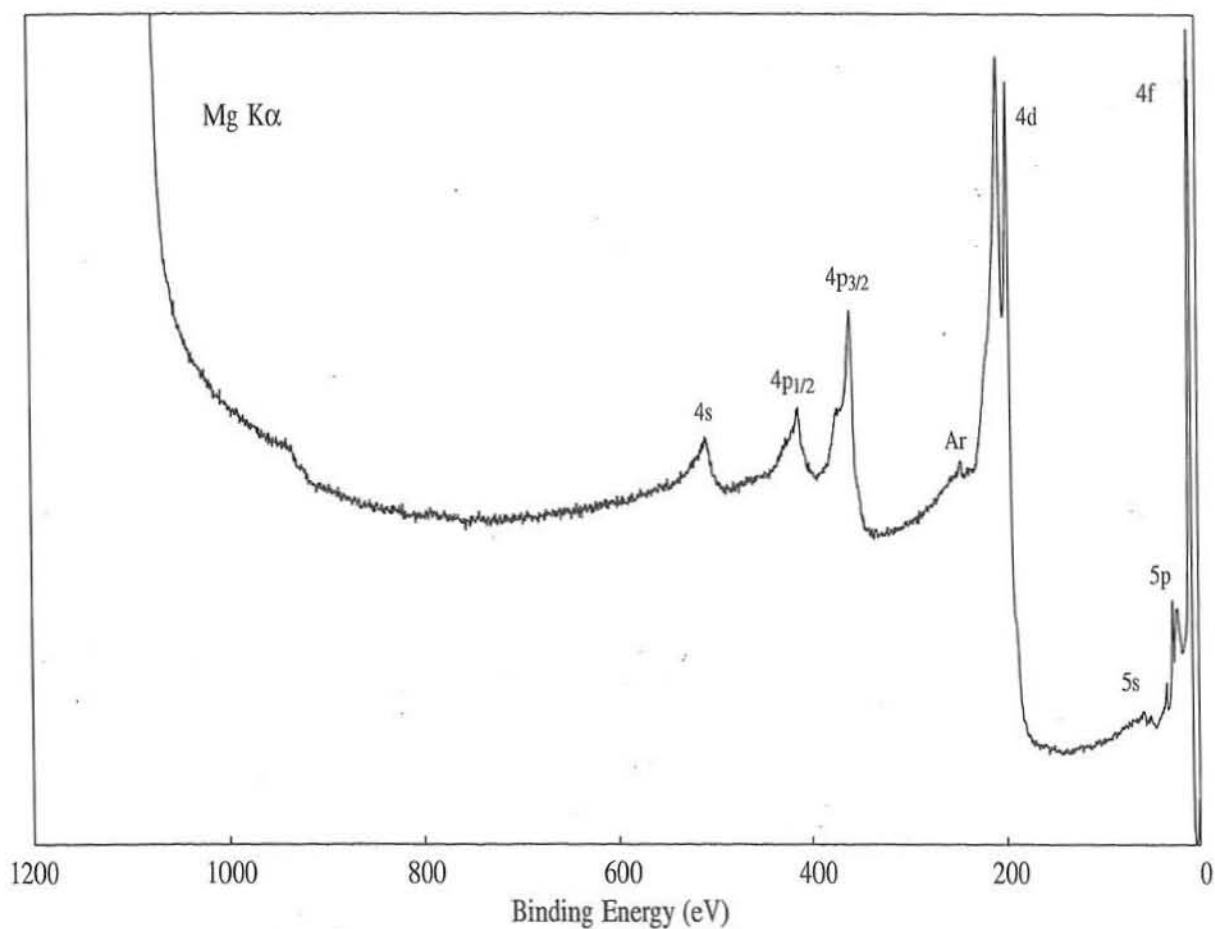


Line Positions (eV)

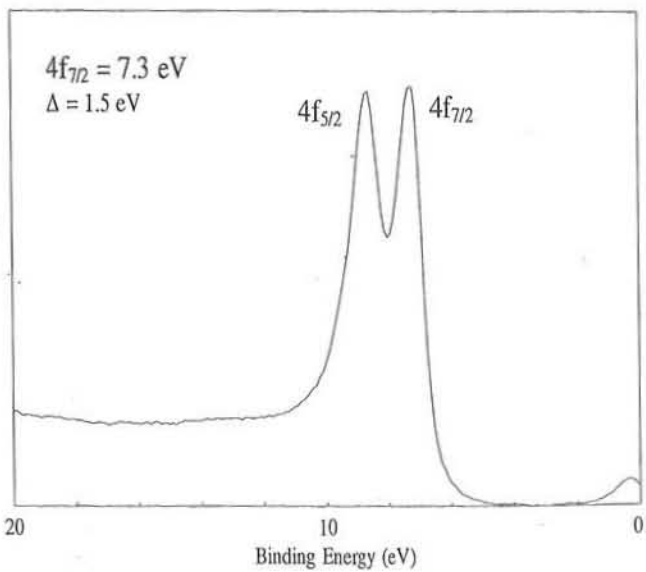
---

Photoelectron Lines

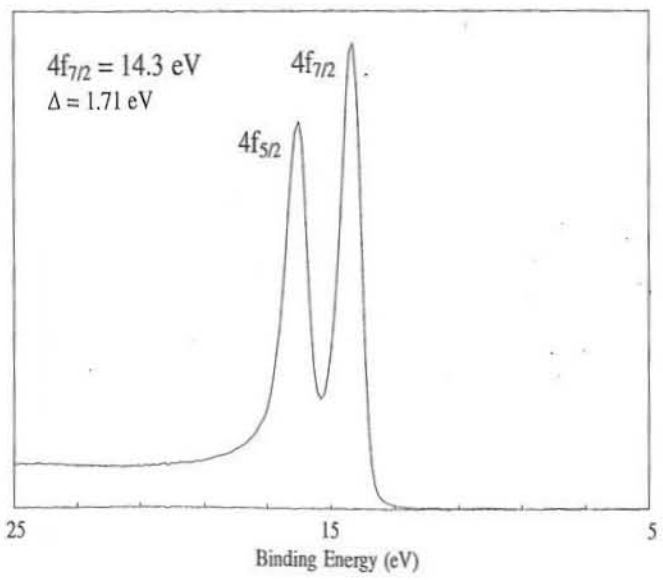
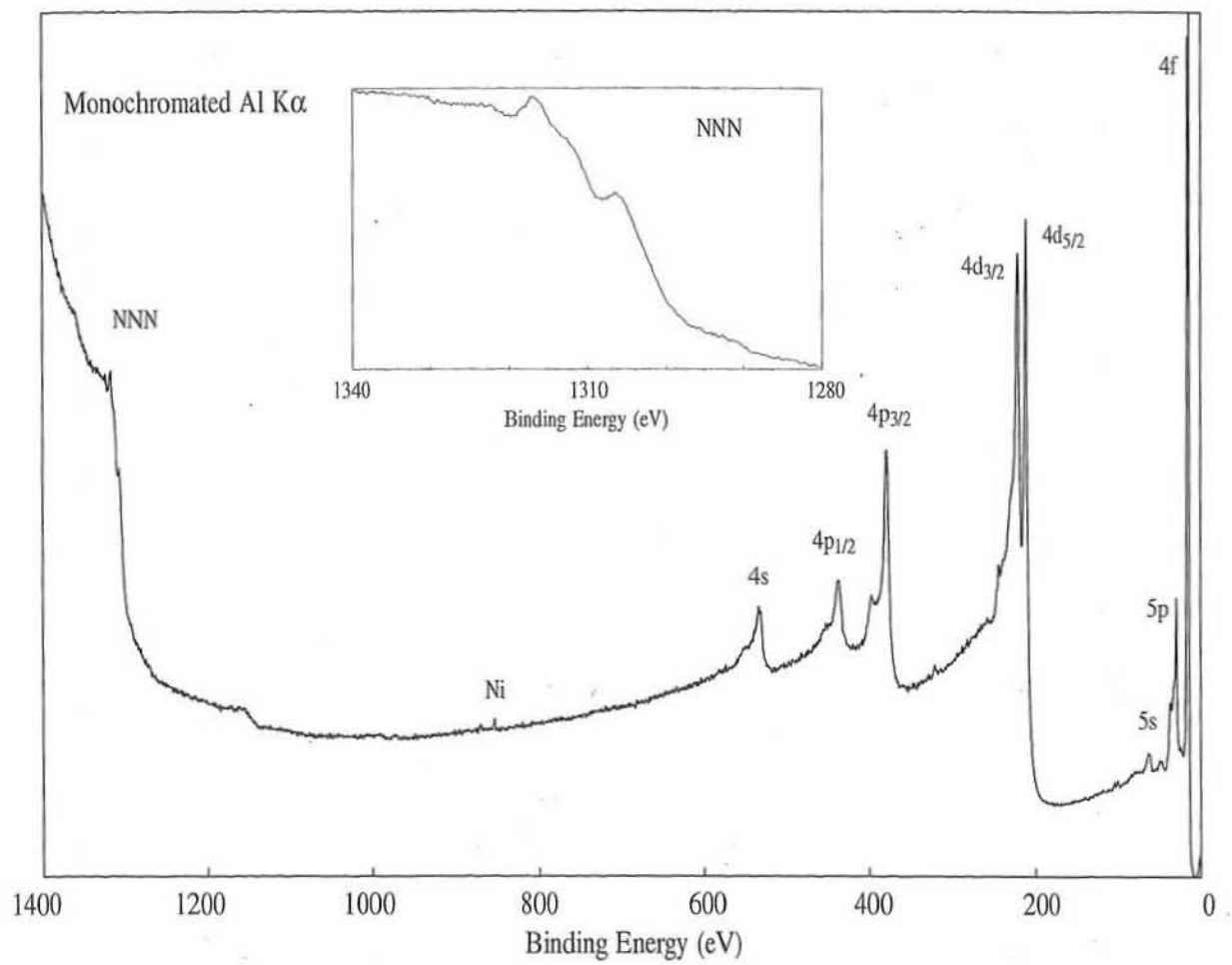
4s	4p <sub>1/2</sub>	4p <sub>3/2</sub>	4d <sub>3/2</sub>	4d <sub>5/2</sub>
509	413	360	206	196
5s	5p <sub>1/2</sub>	5p <sub>3/2</sub>	4f <sub>5/2</sub>	4f <sub>7/2</sub>
57	34	27	9	7



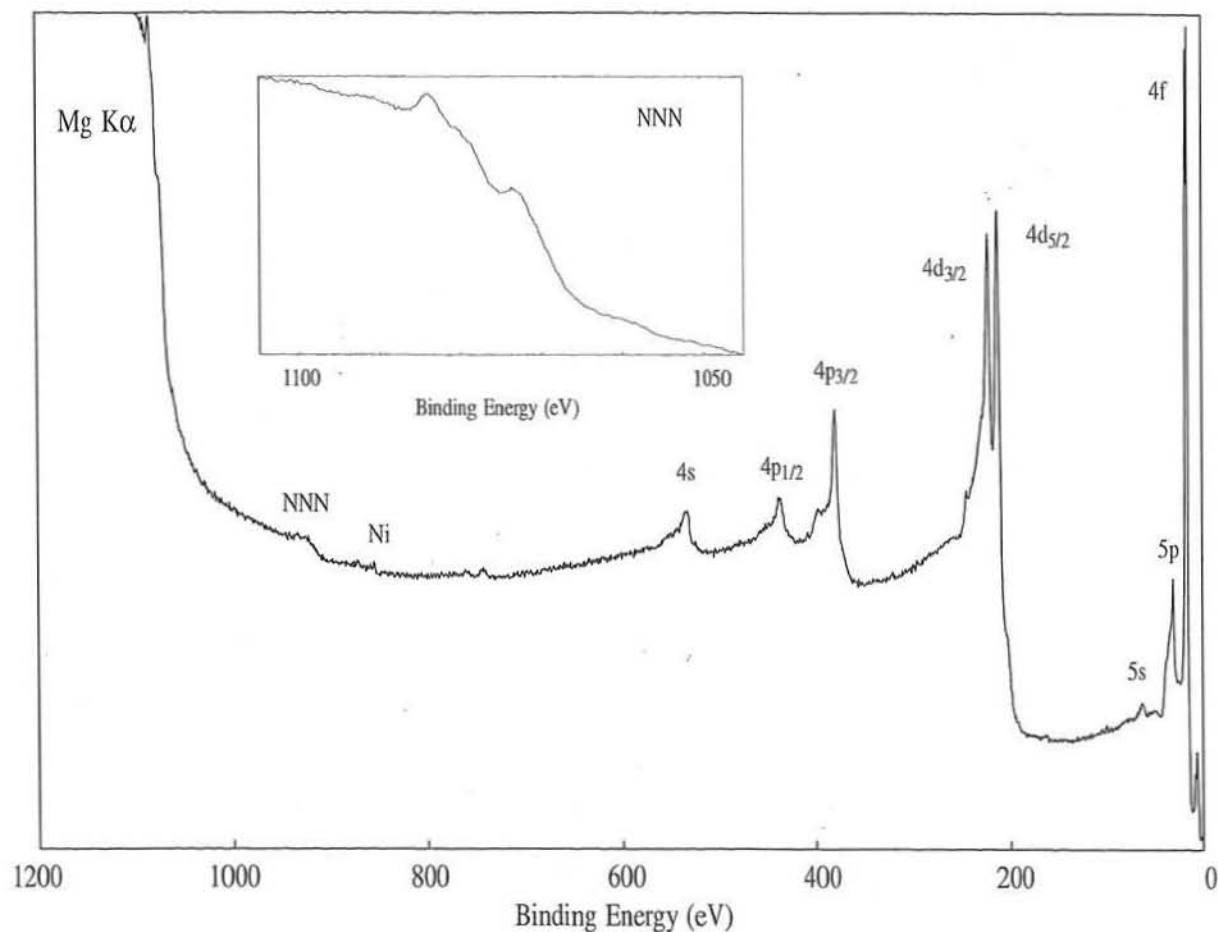
4f <sub>7/2</sub> Binding Energy (eV)					
Compound Type	5	6	7	8	9
Lu					







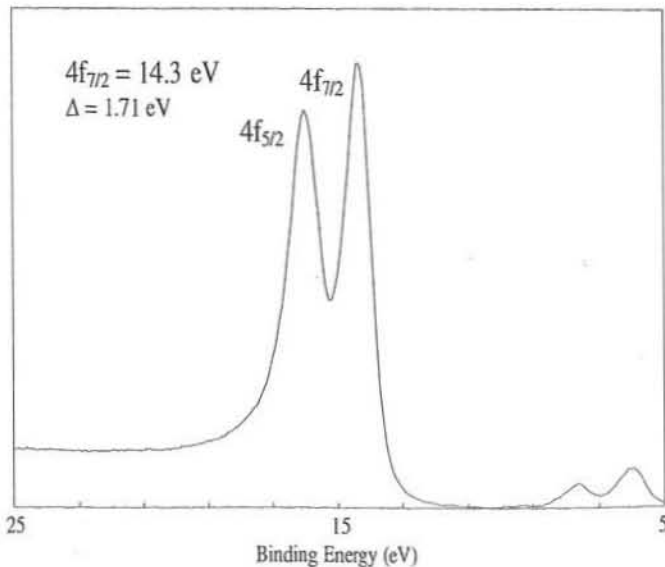
Line Positions (eV)				
<u>Photoelectron Lines</u>				
4s	4p <sub>1/2</sub>	4p <sub>3/2</sub>	4d <sub>3/2</sub>	4d <sub>5/2</sub>
534	437	380	222	211
5s	5p <sub>1/2</sub>	5p <sub>3/2</sub>	4f <sub>5/2</sub>	4f <sub>7/2</sub>
63	38	30	16	14
<u>Auger Lines</u>				
N <sub>5</sub> N <sub>67</sub> N <sub>7</sub>		N <sub>4</sub> N <sub>67</sub> N <sub>7</sub>		
1317		1306	(Al)	
1084		1073	(Mg)	

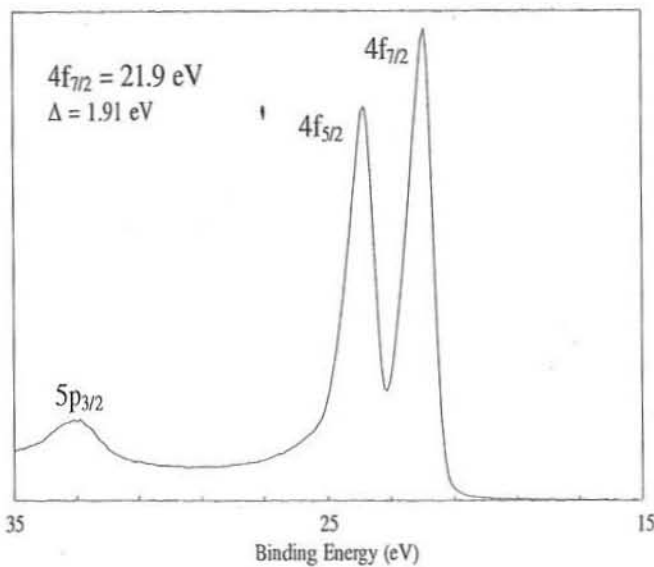
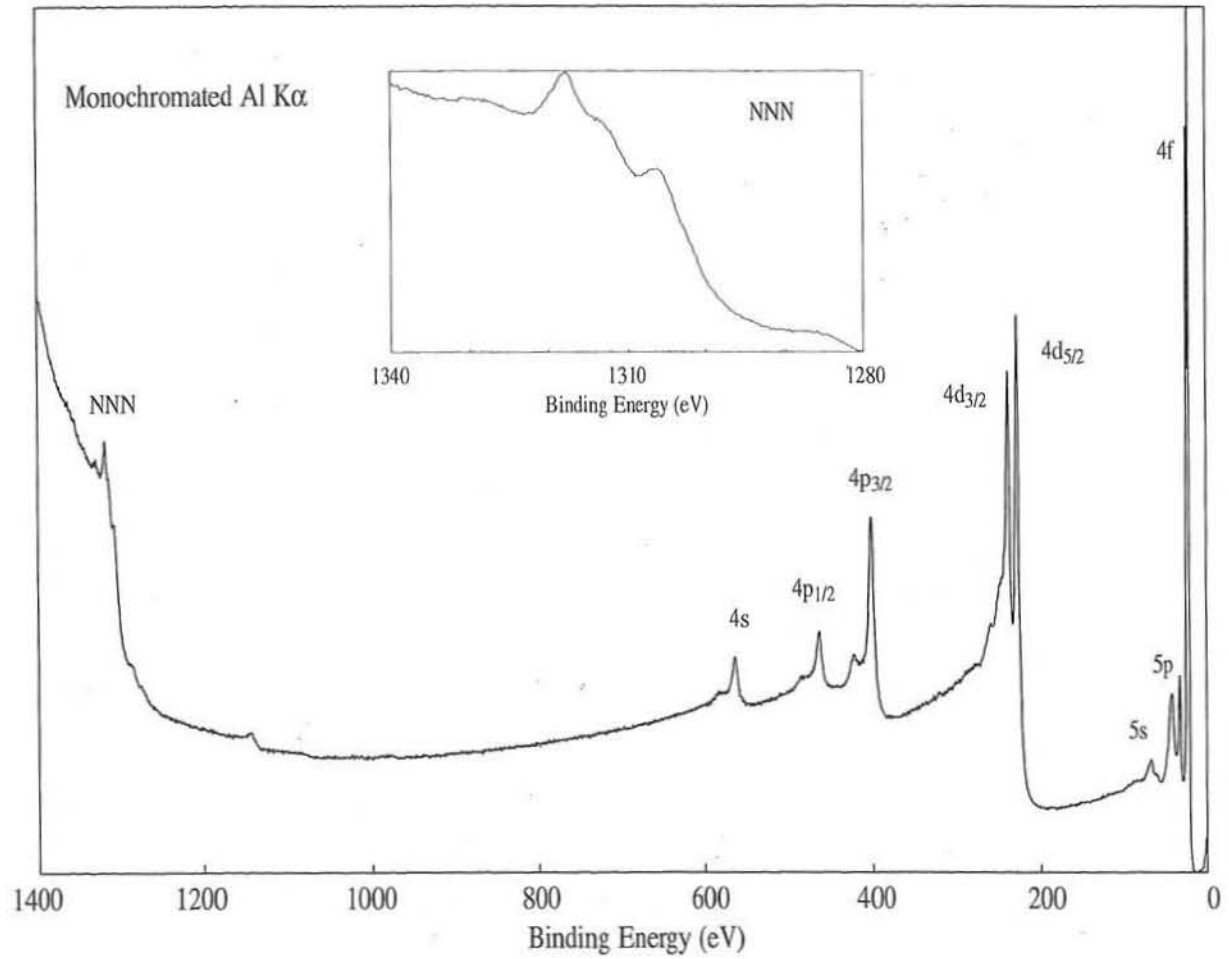


4f <sub>7/2</sub> Binding Energy (eV)			
Compound Type	14	15	16
Hf	██████		
HfO <sub>2</sub>			██████

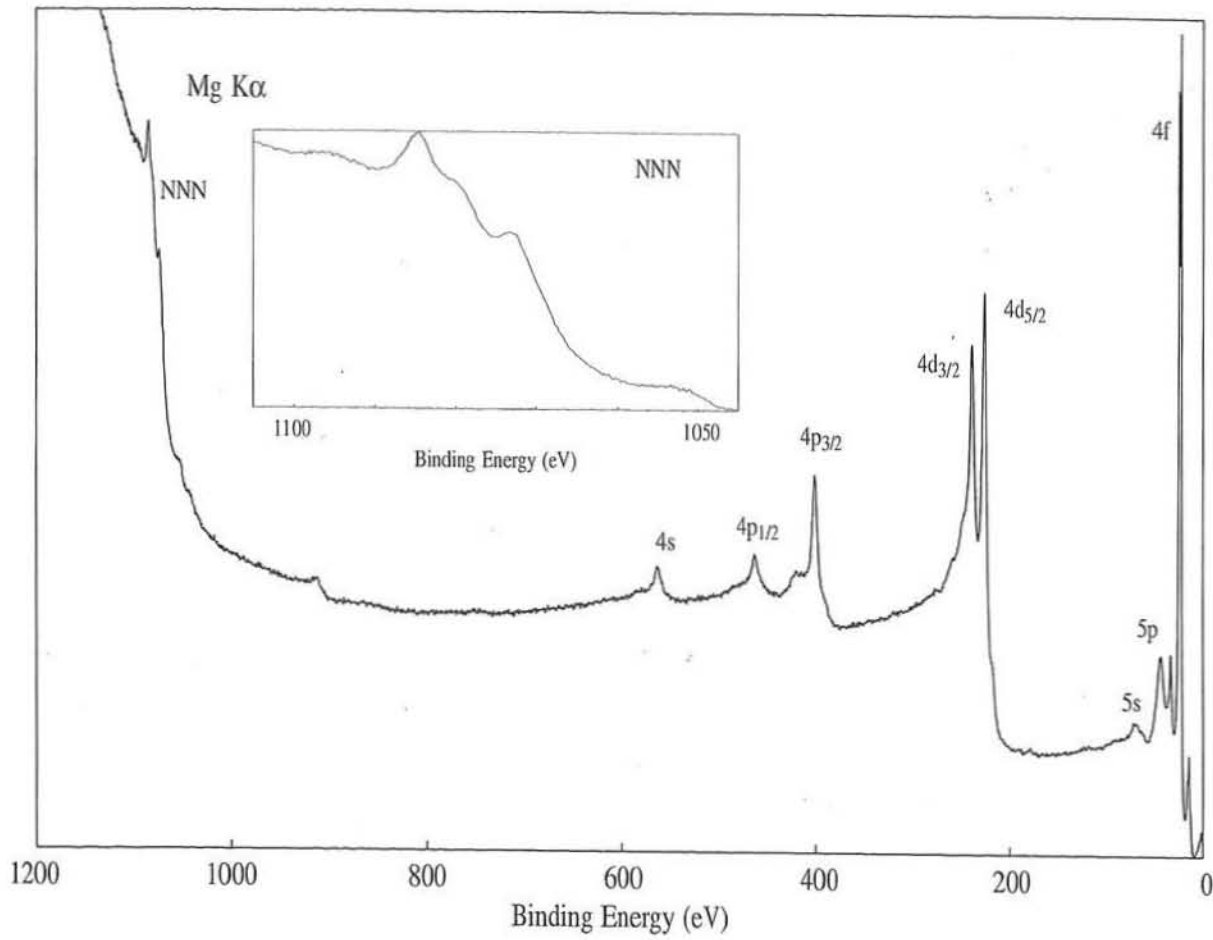
  

4d <sub>5/2</sub> Binding Energy (eV)			
Compound Type	212	213	214
Hf		██████	
HfO <sub>2</sub>	██████		

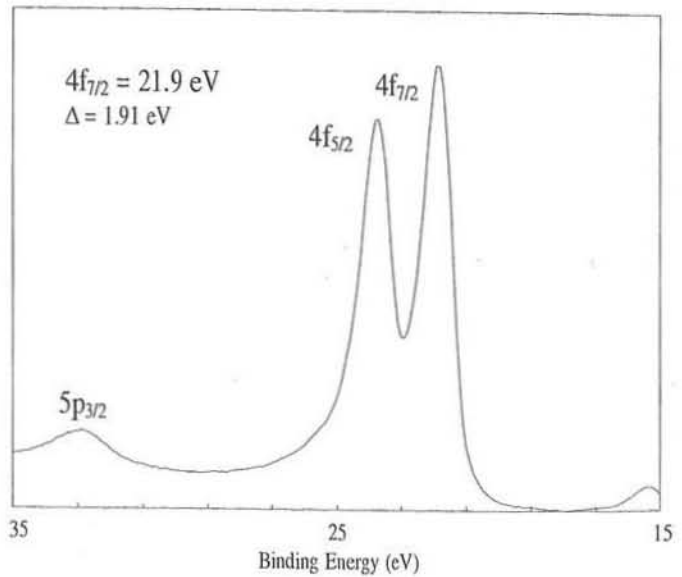


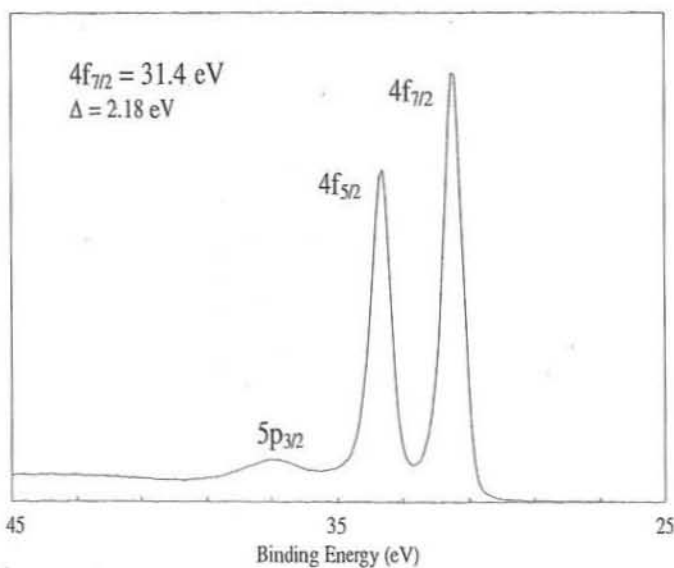
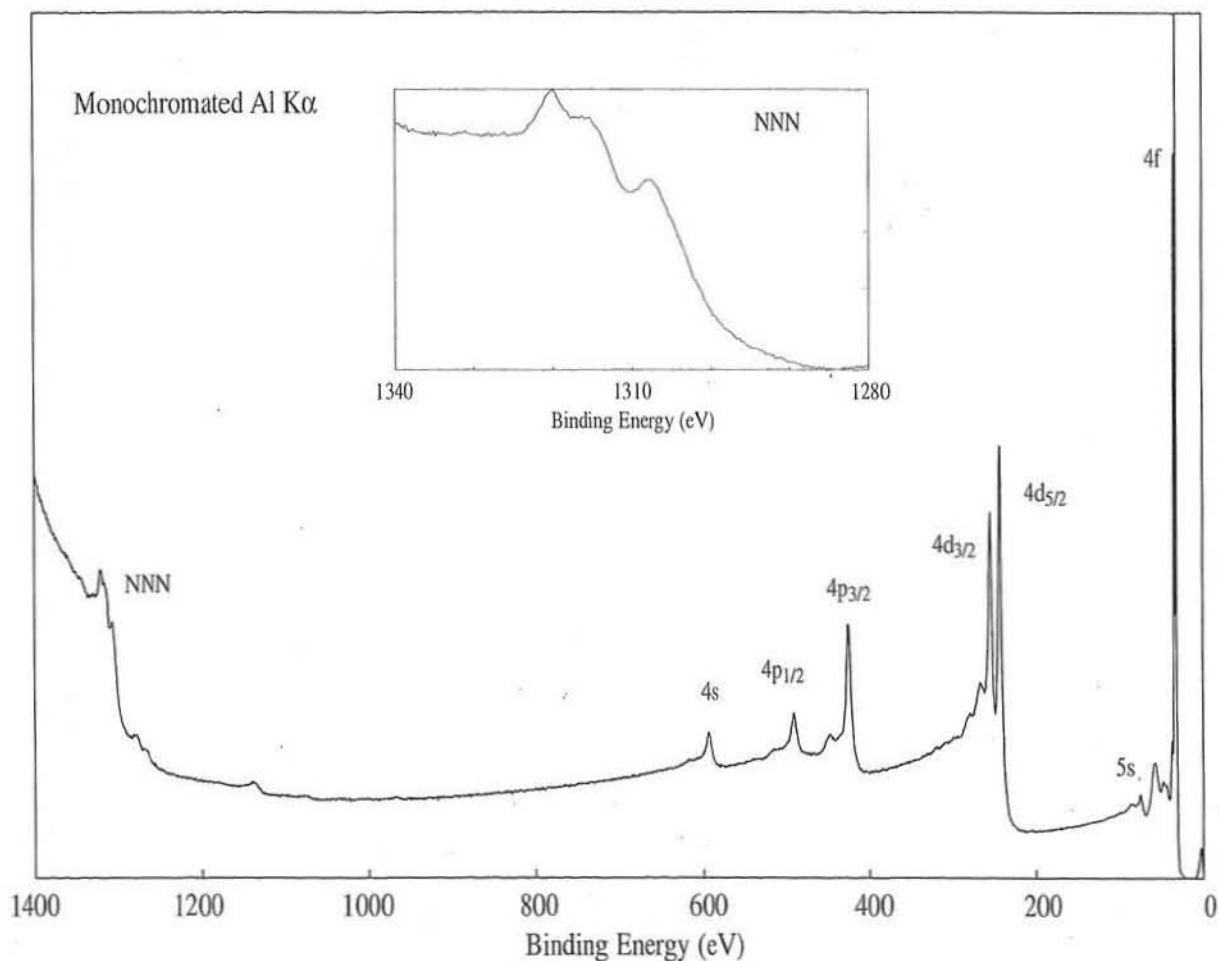


Line Positions (eV)				
<u>Photoelectron Lines</u>				
4s	4p <sub>1/2</sub>	4p <sub>3/2</sub>	4d <sub>3/2</sub>	4d <sub>5/2</sub>
563	463	401	238	226
5s	5p <sub>1/2</sub>	5p <sub>3/2</sub>	4f <sub>5/2</sub>	4f <sub>7/2</sub>
69	43	33	24	22
<u>Auger Lines</u>				
N <sub>5</sub> N <sub>67</sub> N <sub>7</sub>		N <sub>4</sub> N <sub>67</sub> N <sub>7</sub>		
1318		1306 (Al)		
1085		1073 (Mg)		

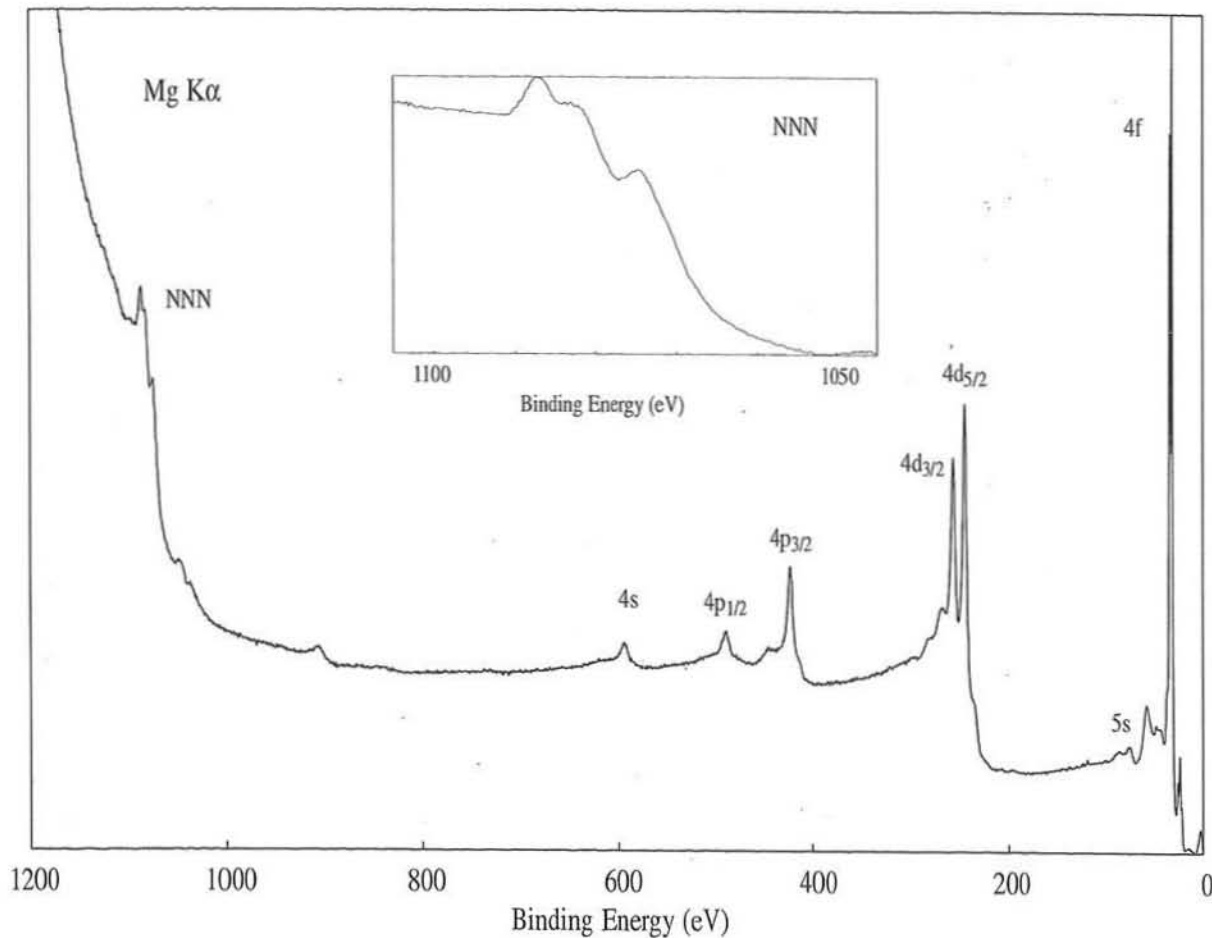


Compound Type	4f <sub>7/2</sub> Binding Energy (eV)							
	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
Ta		■						
TaS							■	
TaS <sub>2</sub>							■	
Halides							■	■
Ta <sub>2</sub> O <sub>5</sub>							■	■
Br <sub>6</sub> (Ta <sub>6</sub> Cl <sub>12</sub> )(Bu <sub>4</sub> N) <sub>2</sub>							■	■
Cl <sub>6</sub> (Ta <sub>6</sub> Cl <sub>12</sub> )(Et <sub>4</sub> N) <sub>2</sub>							■	■

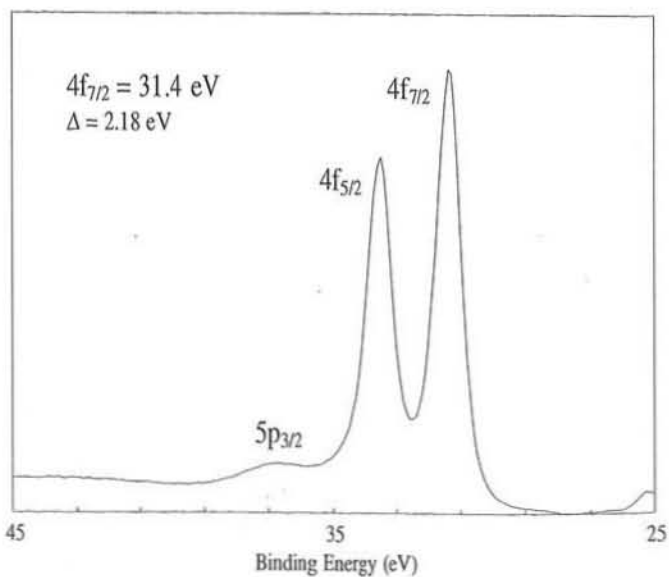


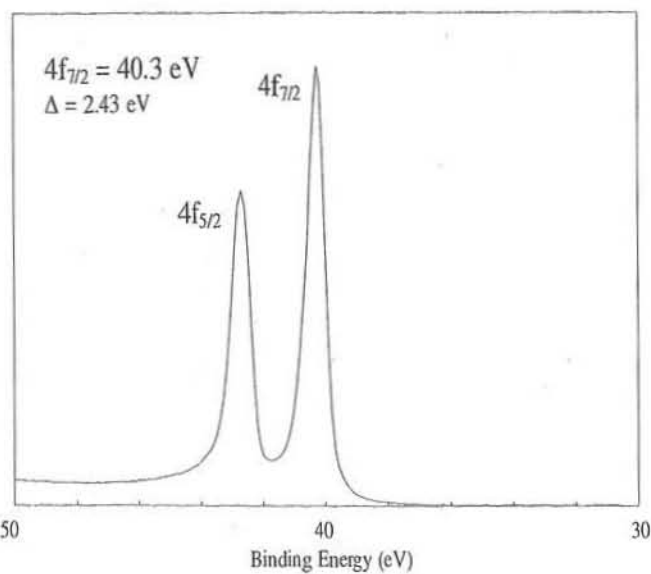
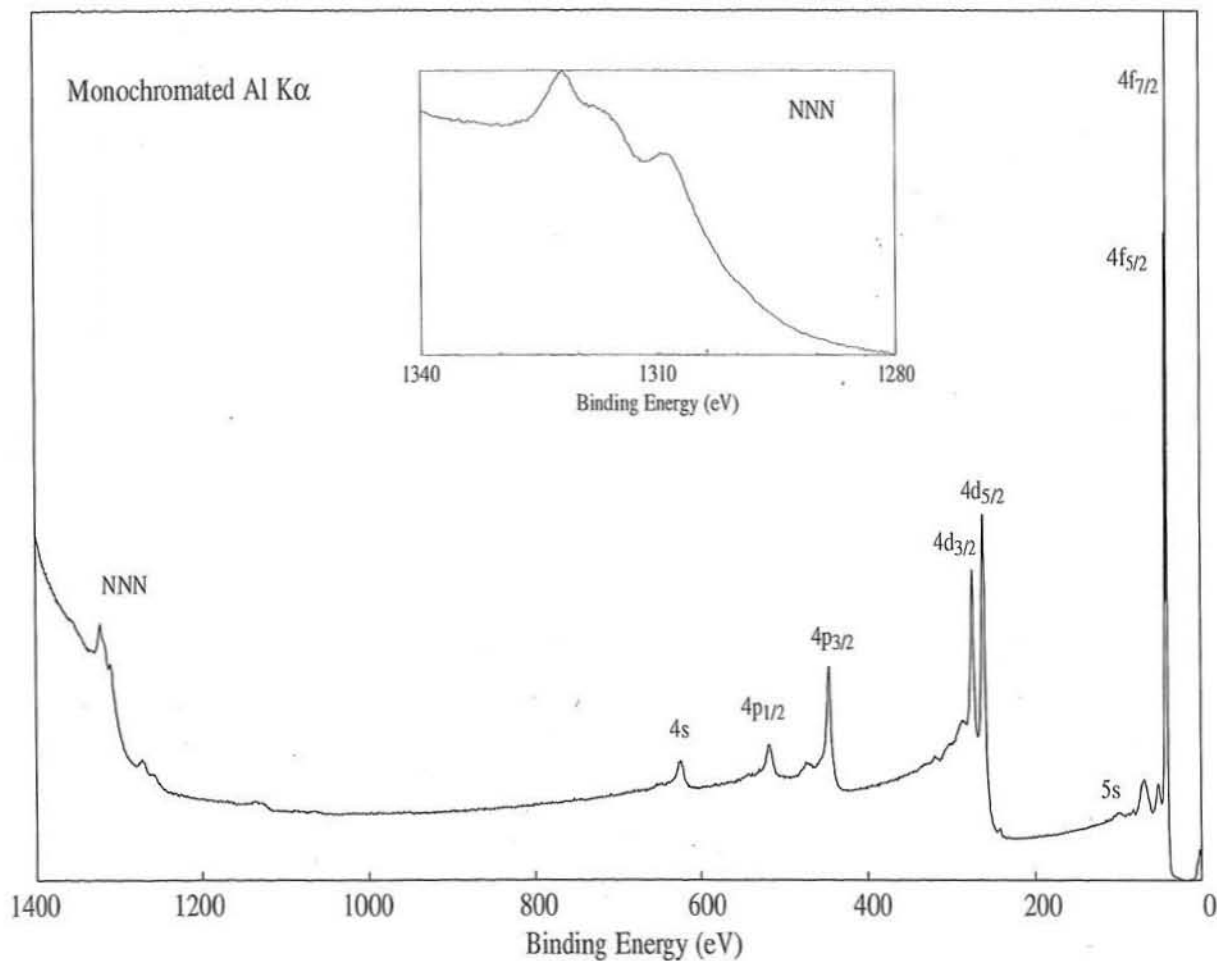


Line Positions (eV)				
<u>Photoelectron Lines</u>				
4s	4p <sub>1/2</sub>	4p <sub>3/2</sub>	4d <sub>3/2</sub>	4d <sub>5/2</sub>
594	491	424	256	243
5s	5p <sub>1/2</sub>	5p <sub>3/2</sub>	4f <sub>5/2</sub>	4f <sub>7/2</sub>
75	47	37	33	31
<u>Auger Lines</u>				
N <sub>5</sub> N <sub>67</sub> N <sub>7</sub>		N <sub>4</sub> N <sub>67</sub> N <sub>7</sub>		
1320		1307 (Al)		
1087		1074 (Mg)		

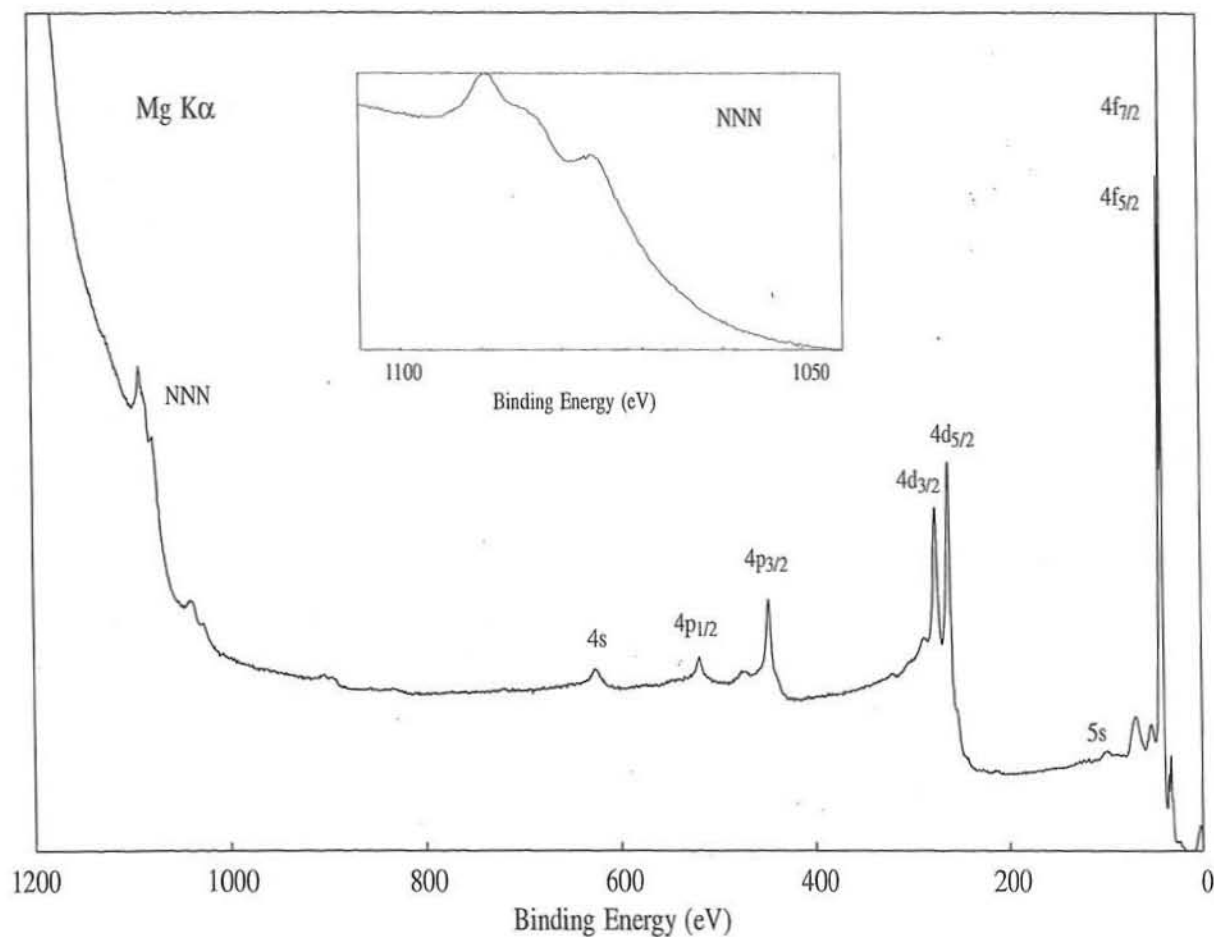


Compound Type	4f <sub>7/2</sub> Binding Energy (eV)							
	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38
W	■							
WC	■	■						
WS <sub>2</sub>			■					
Halides						■	■	
WOCl <sub>4</sub>							■	■
Oxides			■	■	■	■		
Tungstate					■	■	■	
Rh <sub>2</sub> WO <sub>6</sub>						■		
Cl <sub>4</sub> W(Et <sub>3</sub> P) <sub>2</sub>				■				
Cl <sub>3</sub> SnW(CO) <sub>3</sub> (C <sub>5</sub> H <sub>5</sub> )		■						
Ph <sub>3</sub> PW(CO) <sub>5</sub>	■							

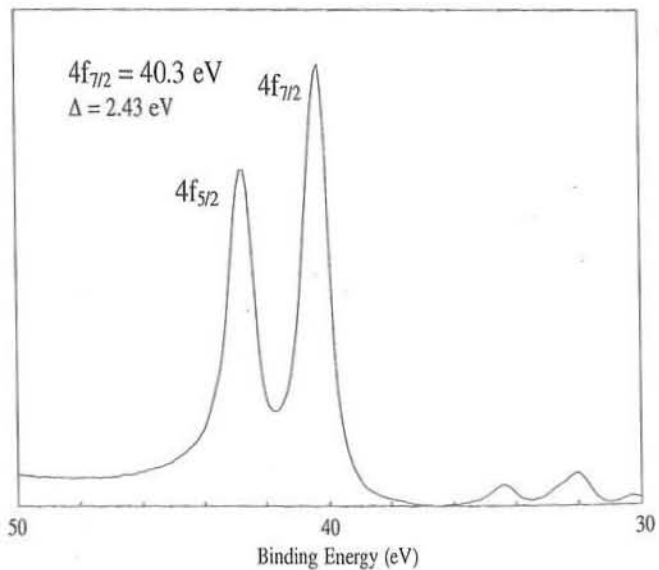




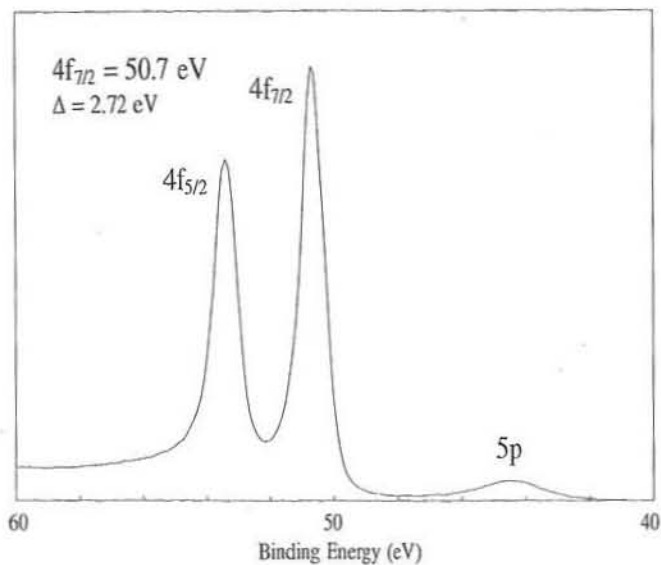
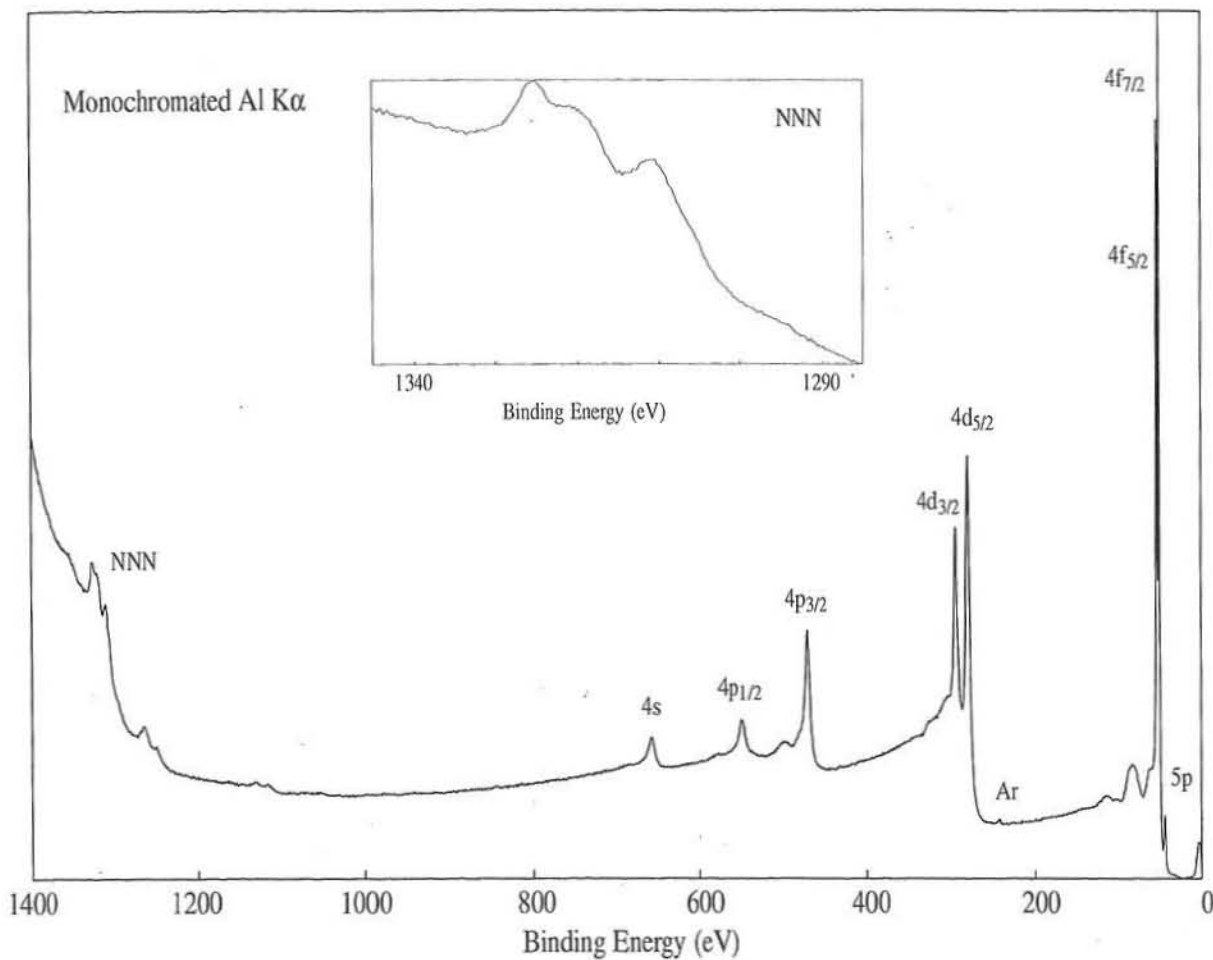
Line Positions (eV)							
<u>Photoelectron Lines</u>							
4s	4p <sub>1/2</sub>	4p <sub>3/2</sub>	4d <sub>3/2</sub>	4d <sub>5/2</sub>	5s	4f <sub>5/2</sub>	4f <sub>7/2</sub>
625	518	446	274	260	99	42	40
<u>Auger Lines</u>							
N <sub>5</sub> N <sub>67</sub> N <sub>7</sub>		N <sub>4</sub> N <sub>67</sub> N <sub>7</sub>					
1322		1309 (Al)					
1089		1076 (Mg)					



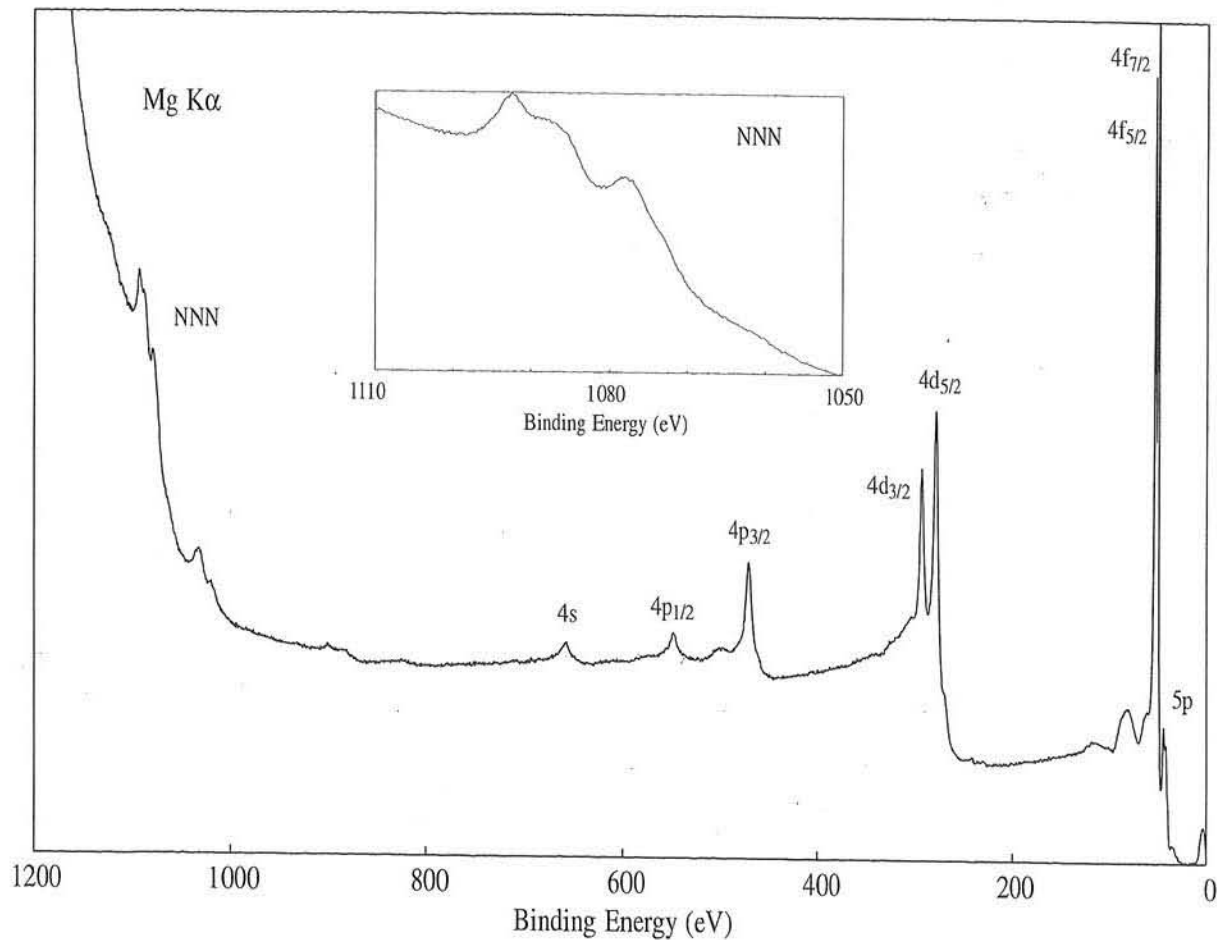
Chemical State Database								
Compound Type	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47
Re	■							
ReO <sub>2</sub>					■			
ReO <sub>3</sub>								■
K <sub>2</sub> ReCl <sub>6</sub>						■		
Cl <sub>3</sub> ReO(Ph <sub>3</sub> P) <sub>2</sub>					■			
Cl <sub>2</sub> ReN(Ph <sub>3</sub> P) <sub>2</sub>				■				
Cl <sub>4</sub> Re(Et <sub>3</sub> P) <sub>2</sub>				■				
Cl <sub>4</sub> Re(PMe <sub>2</sub> Ph) <sub>2</sub>					■			
Cl <sub>3</sub> Re(PMe <sub>2</sub> Ph) <sub>3</sub> mer			■					
Cl <sub>2</sub> Re(PMe <sub>2</sub> Ph) <sub>4</sub> trans		■						
ClReN <sub>2</sub> (PMe <sub>2</sub> Ph) <sub>4</sub> trans		■						



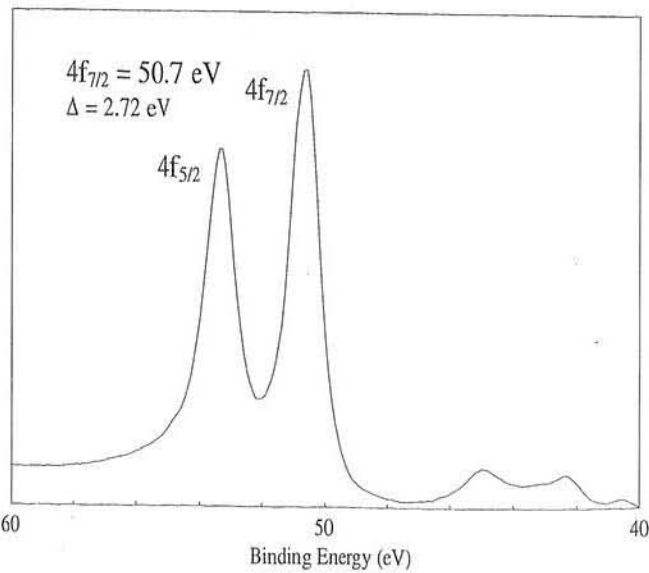


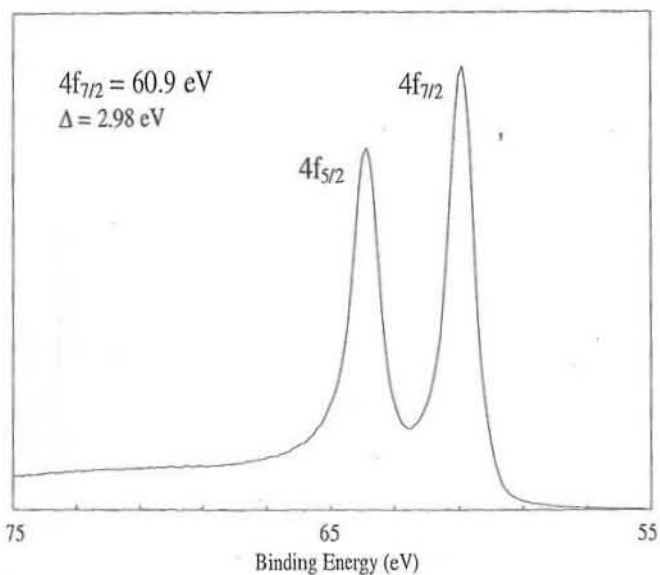
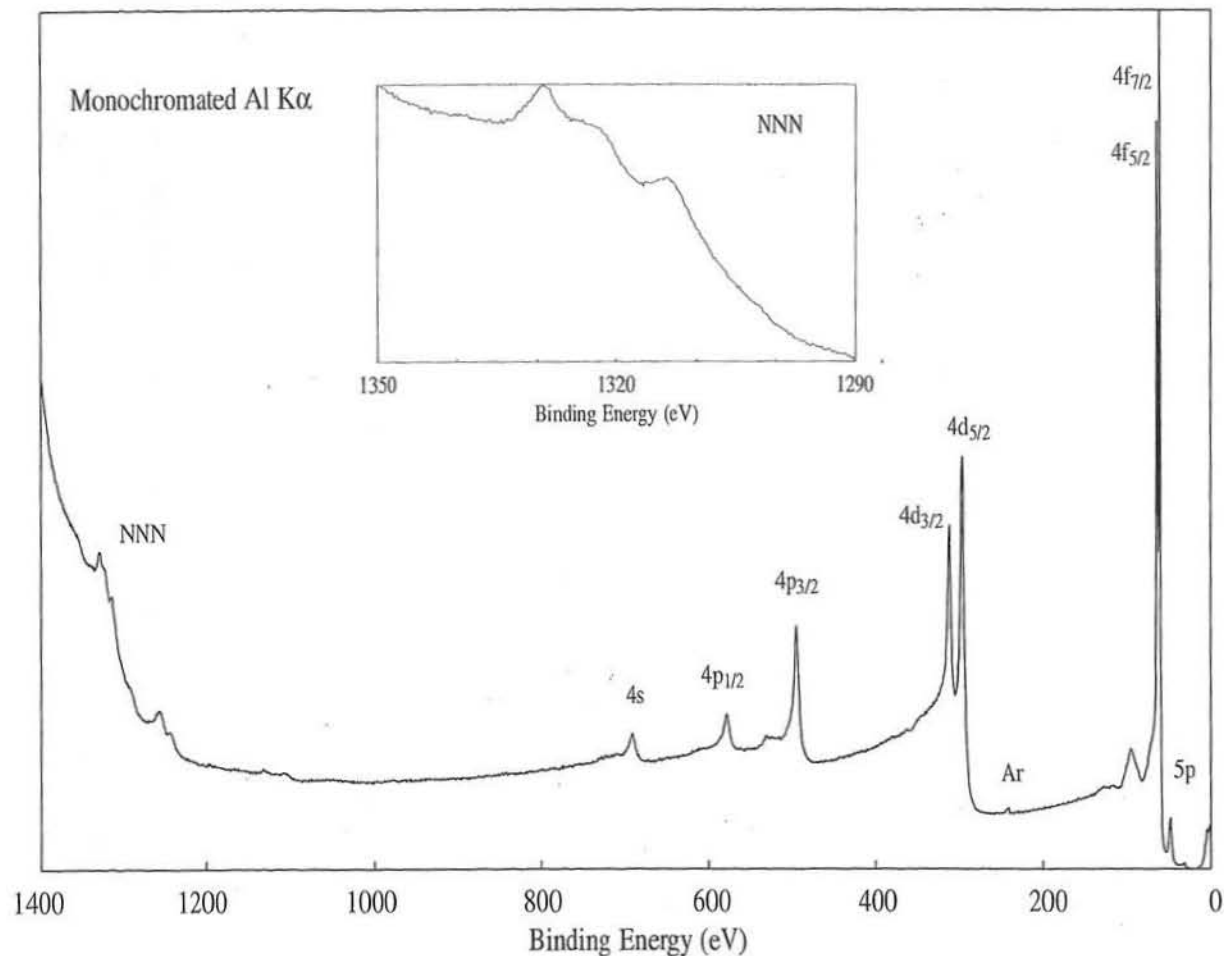


Line Positions (eV)				
<u>Photoelectron Lines</u>				
4s	4p <sub>1/2</sub>	4p <sub>3/2</sub>	4d <sub>3/2</sub>	4d <sub>5/2</sub>
658	548	471	293	279
5s*	4f <sub>5/2</sub>	4f <sub>7/2</sub>	5p	
89	54	51	44	
<u>Auger Lines</u>				
N <sub>5</sub> N <sub>67</sub> N <sub>7</sub>		N <sub>4</sub> N <sub>67</sub> N <sub>7</sub>		
1326		1311 (Al)		
1093		1078 (Mg)		
*Estimate				

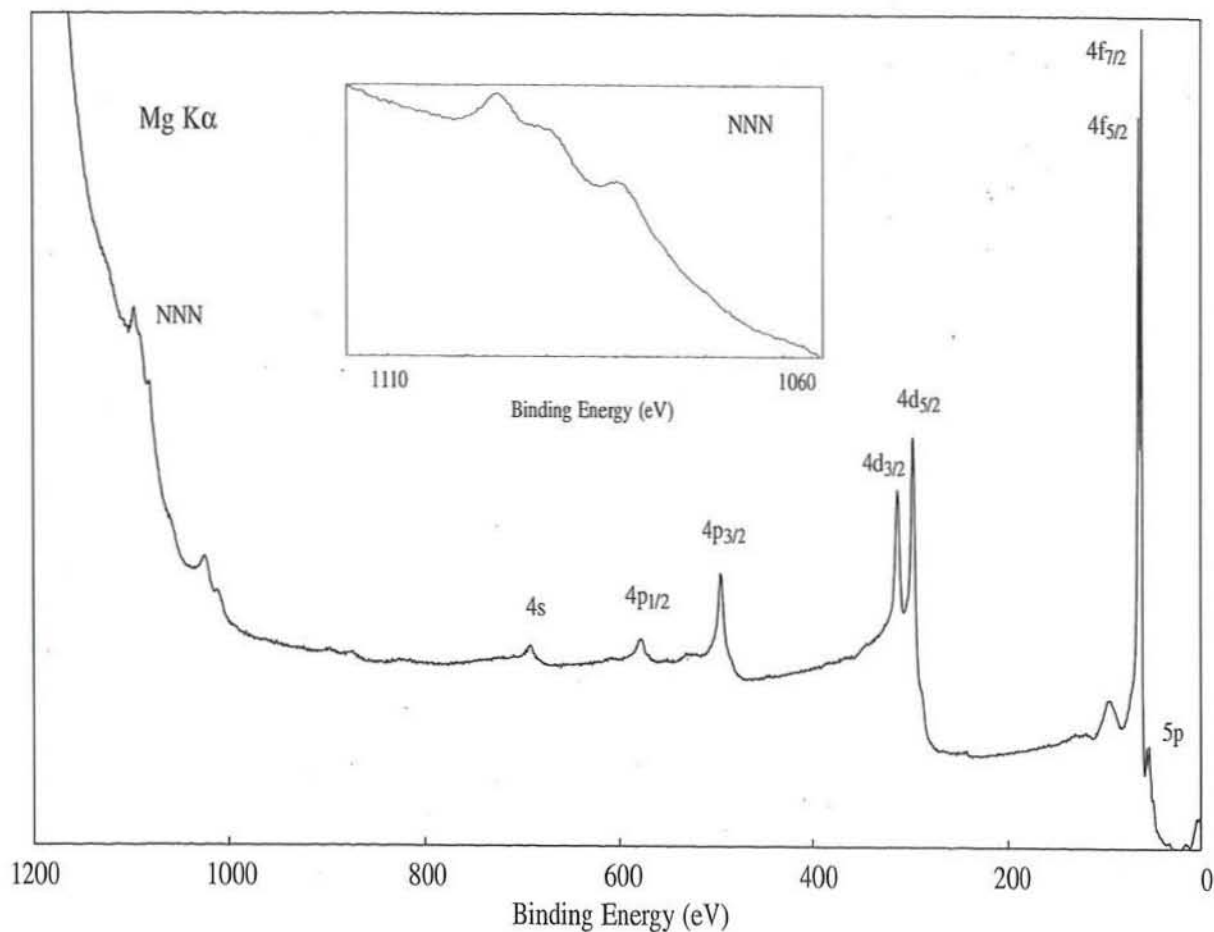


Compound Type	4f <sub>7/2</sub> Binding Energy (eV)				
	50	51	52	53	54
Os	■				
OsO <sub>2</sub>		■			
K <sub>2</sub> OsI <sub>6</sub>			■		
K <sub>2</sub> OsBr <sub>6</sub>				■	
K <sub>2</sub> OsCl <sub>6</sub>					■
OsCl <sub>4</sub> (Et <sub>3</sub> P) <sub>2</sub>			■		
OsCl <sub>4</sub> (PhPMe <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> trans				■	
OsCl <sub>3</sub> (PhPMe <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> mer			■		
OsCl <sub>2</sub> (PhPMe <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>4</sub> trans	■				

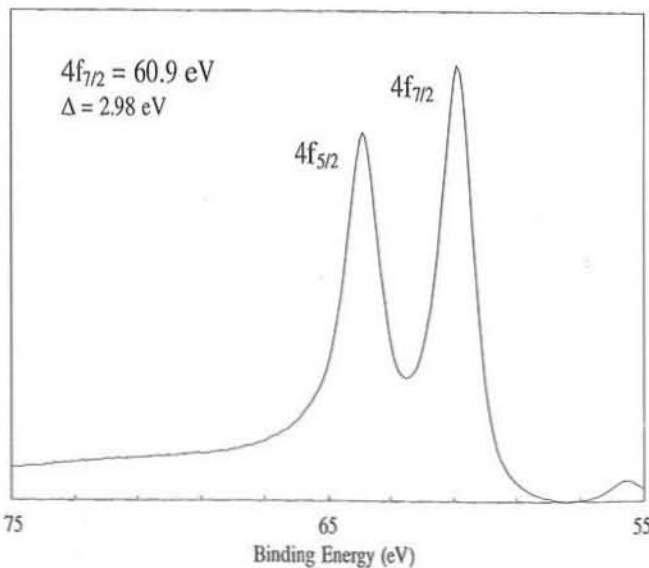


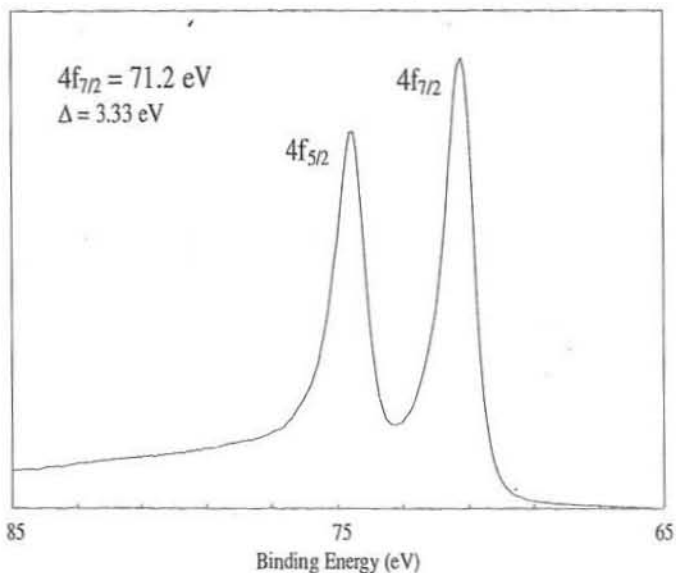
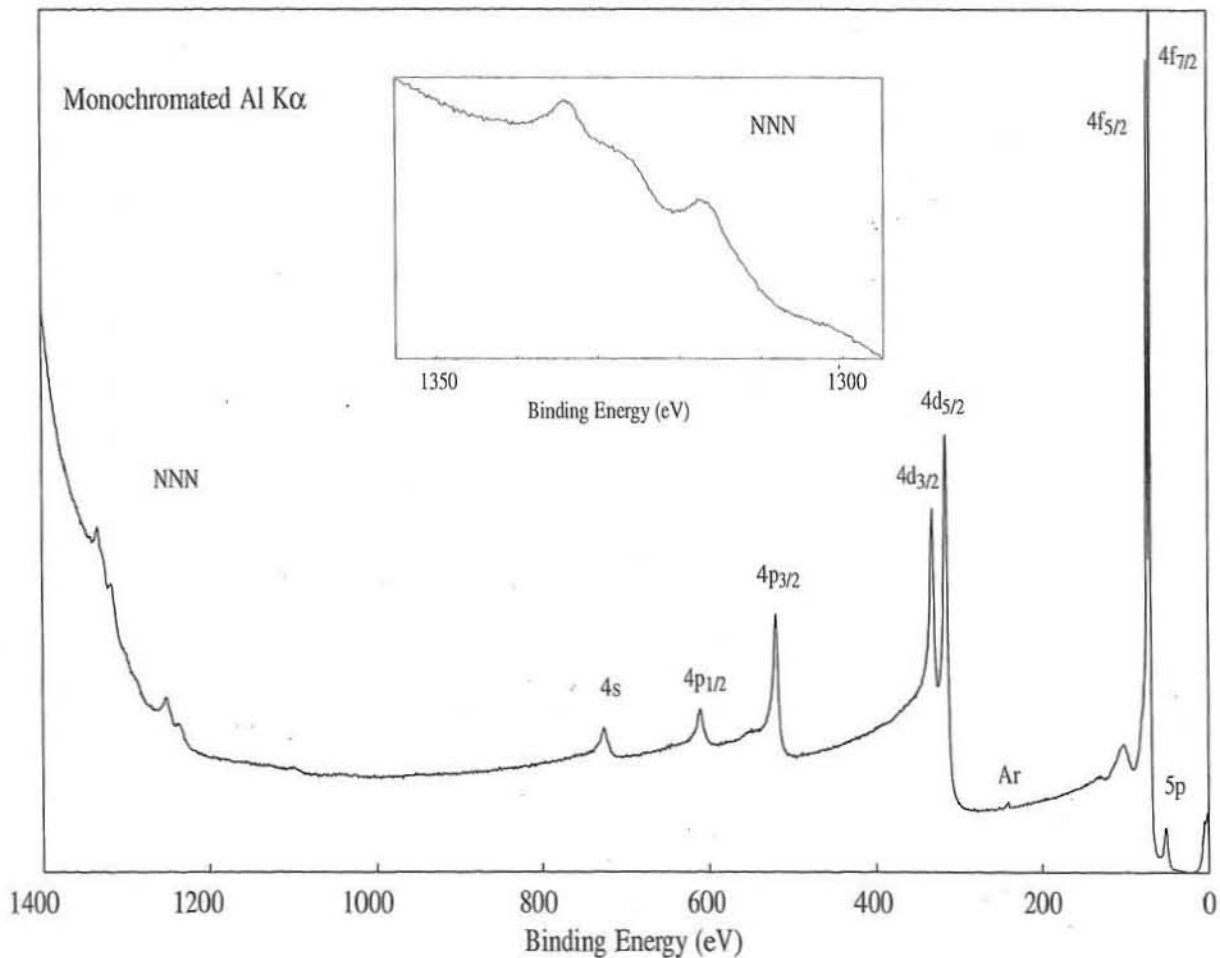


Line Positions (eV)				
<u>Photoelectron Lines</u>				
4s	4p <sub>1/2</sub>	4p <sub>3/2</sub>	4d <sub>3/2</sub>	4d <sub>5/2</sub>
692	578	495	312	297
5s*	4f <sub>5/2</sub>	4f <sub>7/2</sub>	5p	
96	64	61	48	
<u>Auger Lines</u>				
N <sub>5</sub> N <sub>67</sub> N <sub>7</sub>		N <sub>4</sub> N <sub>67</sub> N <sub>7</sub>		
1329		1314	(Al)	
1096		1081	(Mg)	
*Estimate				

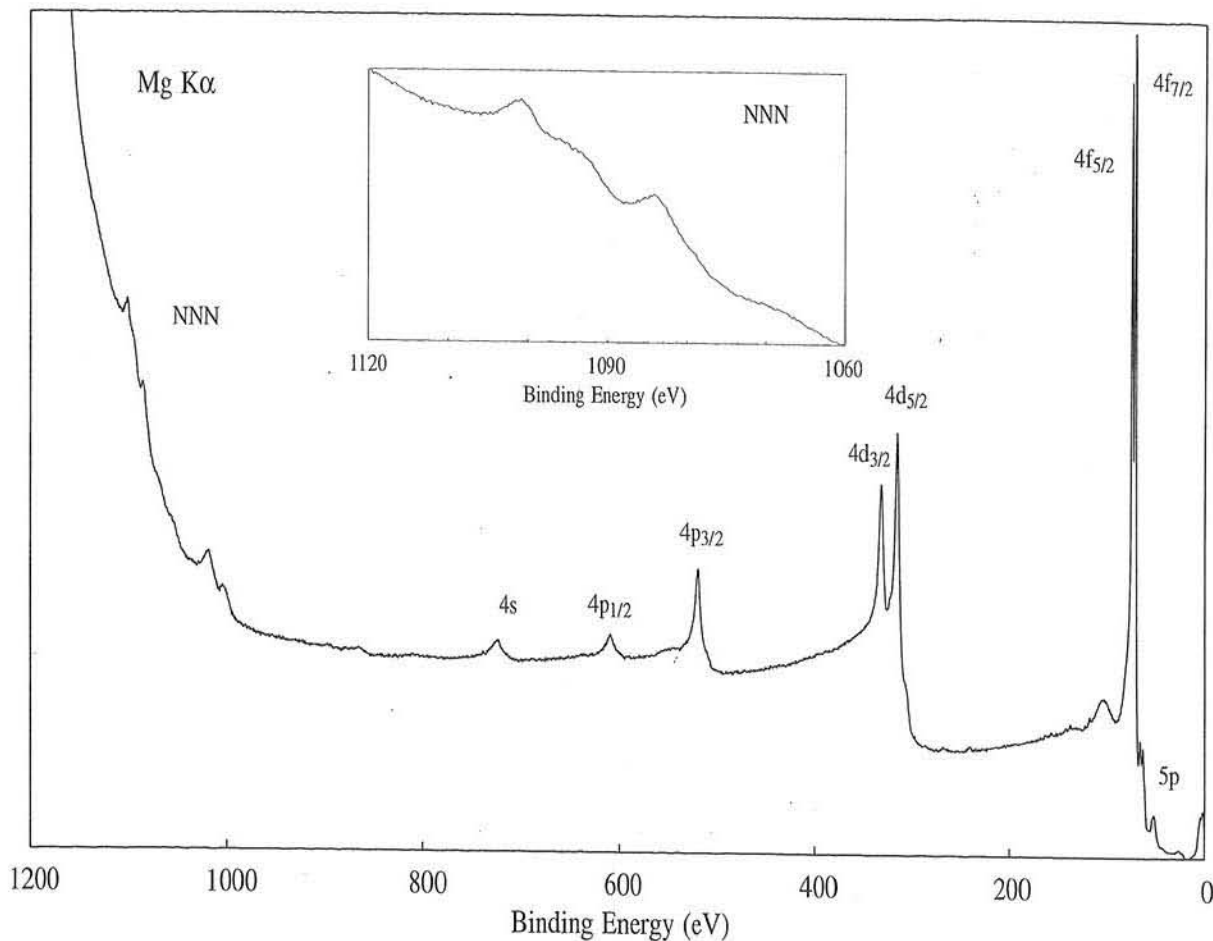


Compound Type	4f <sub>7/2</sub> Binding Energy (eV)					
	60	61	62	63	64	65
Ir		■				
IrCl <sub>3</sub>				■		
K <sub>2</sub> IrBr <sub>6</sub>				■		
K <sub>3</sub> IrBr <sub>6</sub>		■				
K <sub>2</sub> IrCl <sub>6</sub>				■	■	
K <sub>3</sub> IrCl <sub>6</sub>			■			
(NH <sub>4</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> IrCl <sub>6</sub>				■	■	
(NH <sub>4</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> IrCl <sub>6</sub>				■		
KIrCl <sub>5</sub> NO						■
KIr <sub>2</sub> (CO) <sub>4</sub> Cl <sub>4</sub>			■	■		
K <sub>2</sub> Ir <sub>2</sub> (CO) <sub>4</sub> Cl <sub>5</sub>				■		

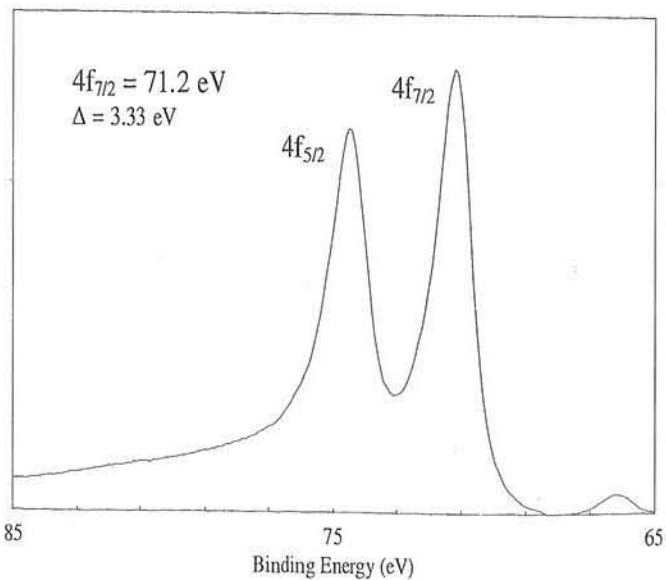


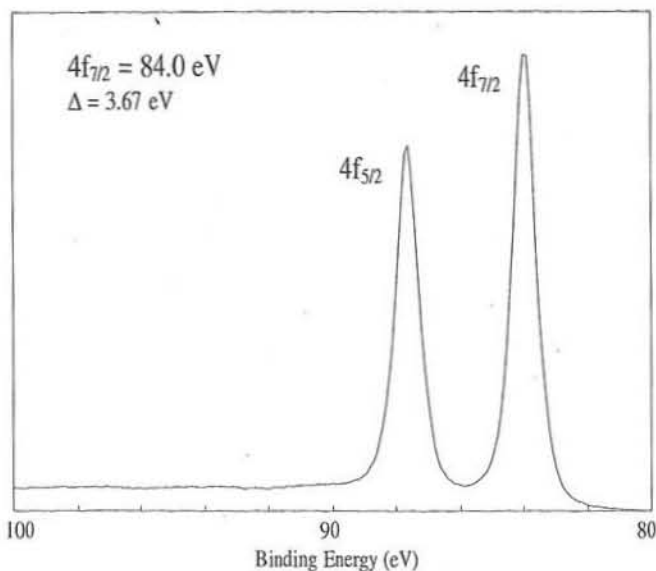
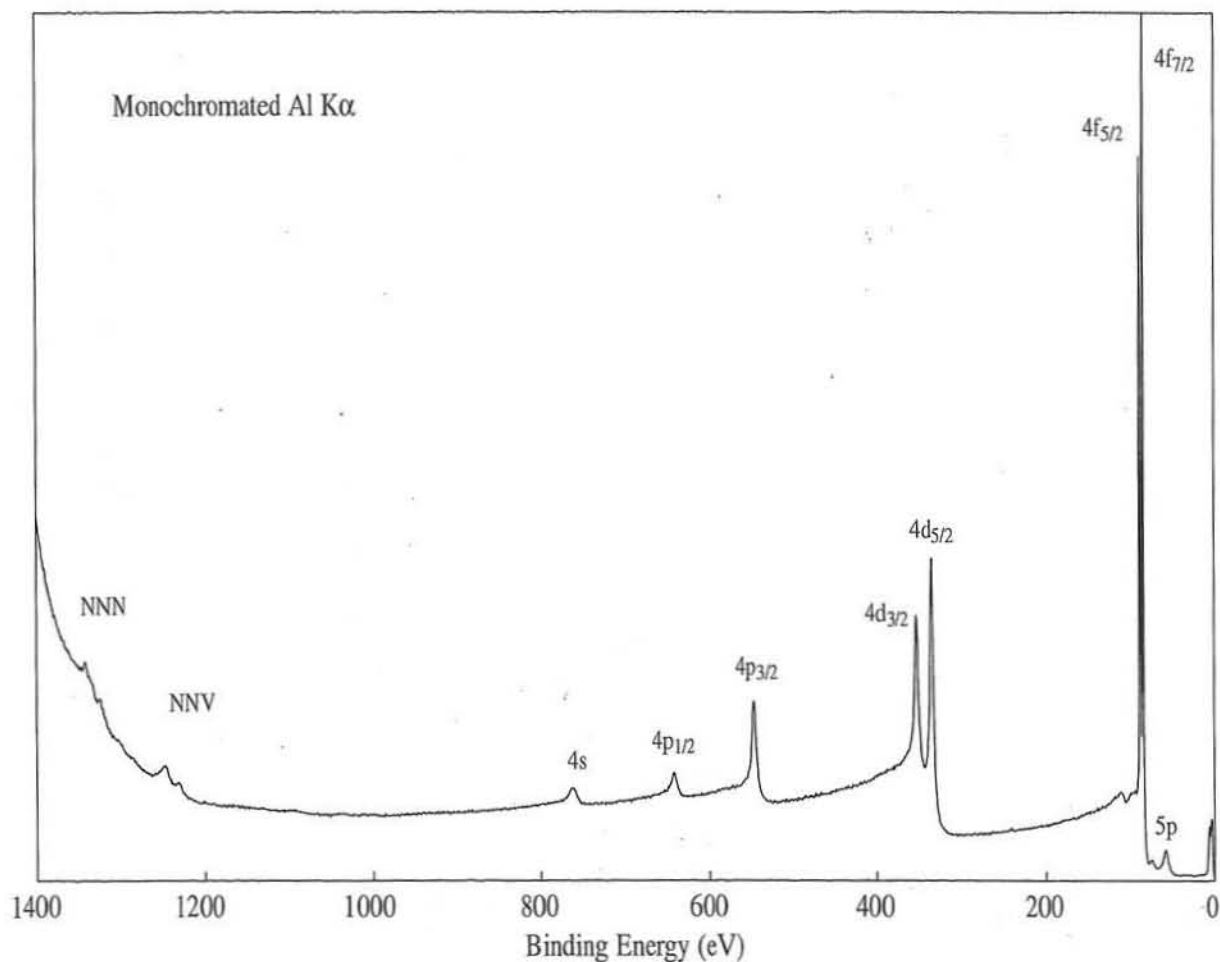


Line Positions (eV)				
<u>Photoelectron Lines</u>				
4s	4p <sub>1/2</sub>	4p <sub>3/2</sub>	4d <sub>3/2</sub>	4d <sub>5/2</sub>
725	609	520	332	315
5s*	4f <sub>5/2</sub>	4f <sub>7/2</sub>	5p	
103	74	71	52	
<u>Auger Lines</u>				
N <sub>5</sub> N <sub>67</sub> N <sub>7</sub>		N <sub>4</sub> N <sub>67</sub> N <sub>7</sub>		
1334		1317	(Al)	
1101		1084	(Mg)	
*Estimate				

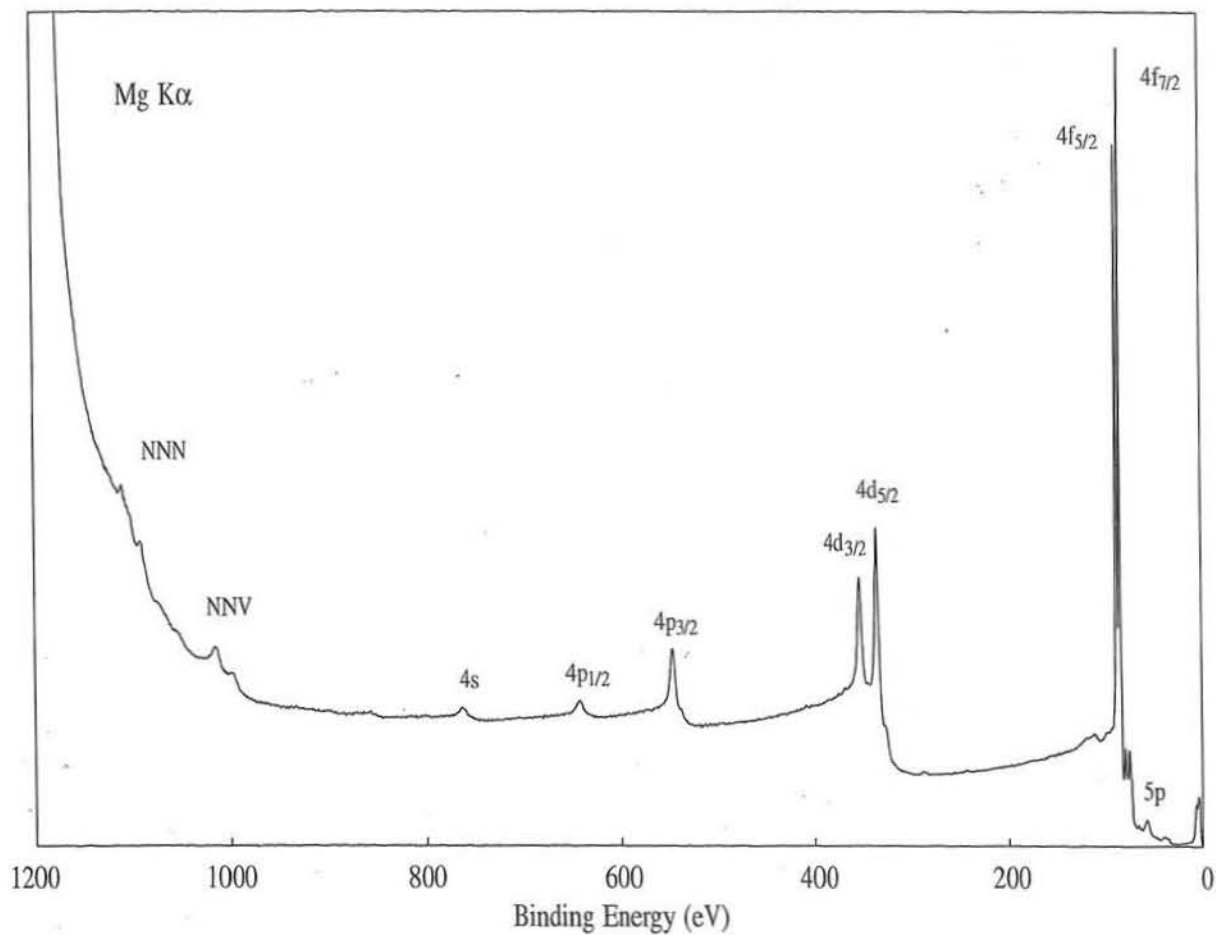


Compound Type	4f <sub>7/2</sub> Binding Energy (eV)							
	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78
Pt	■							
PtSi			■					
Pt <sub>2</sub> Si		■	■					
PtCl <sub>2</sub>				■				
PtCl <sub>4</sub>						■		
Oxides				■				
Pt(OH) <sub>2</sub>		■						
(IV) Halides				■				
Cl <sub>2</sub> Pt(Ph <sub>3</sub> P) <sub>2</sub> cis		■	■					
I <sub>2</sub> Pt(Me <sub>3</sub> P) <sub>2</sub> cis		■	■					
I <sub>2</sub> Pt(Me <sub>3</sub> P) <sub>2</sub> trans		■	■					

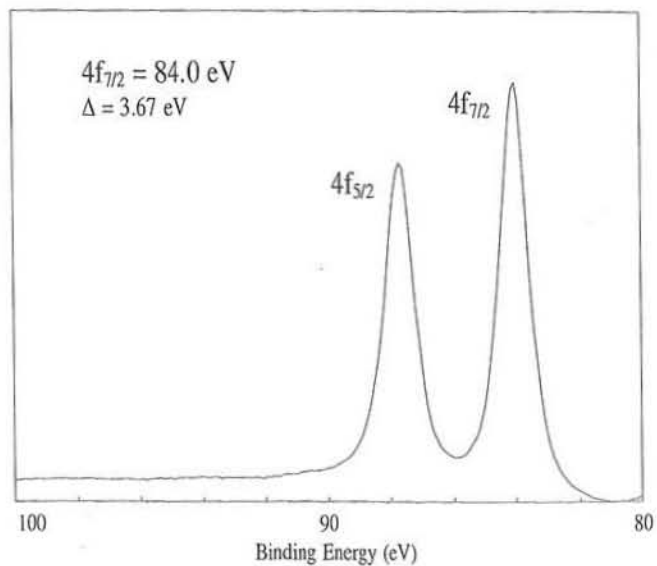




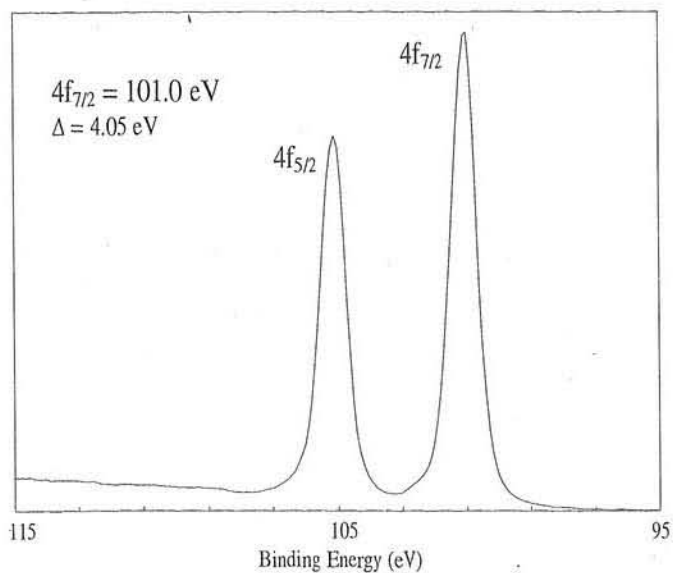
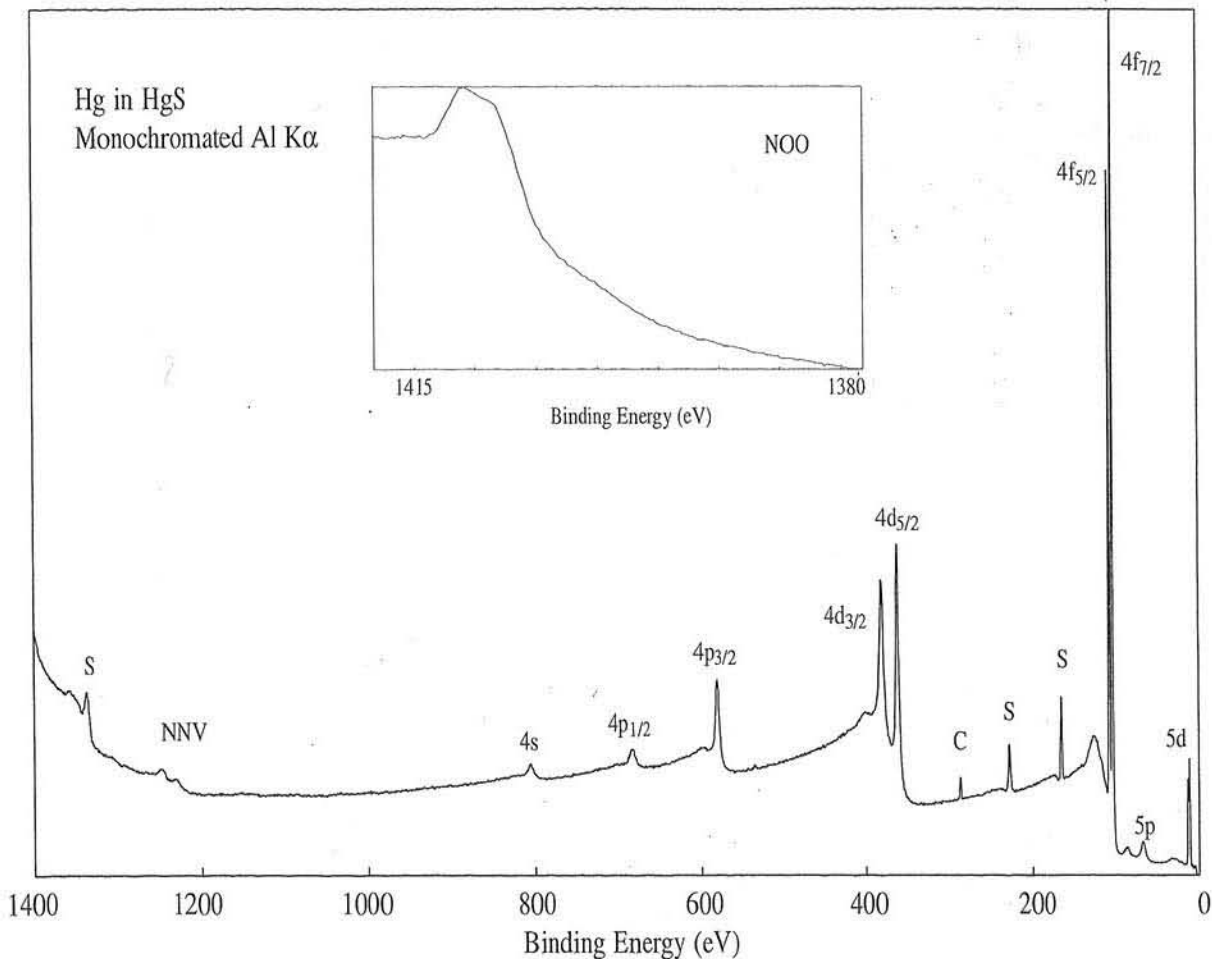
Line Positions (eV)				
<b>Photoelectron Lines</b>				
4s	4p <sub>1/2</sub>	4p <sub>3/2</sub>	4d <sub>3/2</sub>	4d <sub>5/2</sub>
763	643	547	353	335
5s*	4f <sub>5/2</sub>	4f <sub>7/2</sub>	5p <sub>1/2</sub>	5p <sub>3/2</sub>
110	88	84	74	57
<b>Auger Lines</b>				
N <sub>67</sub> O <sub>45</sub> O <sub>45</sub>	N <sub>5</sub> N <sub>6</sub> N <sub>67</sub>	N <sub>4</sub> N <sub>6</sub> N <sub>67</sub>	N <sub>5</sub> N <sub>67</sub> V	(Al)
1416	1342	1324	1247	
1183	1109	1091	1014	(Mg)
*Estimate				



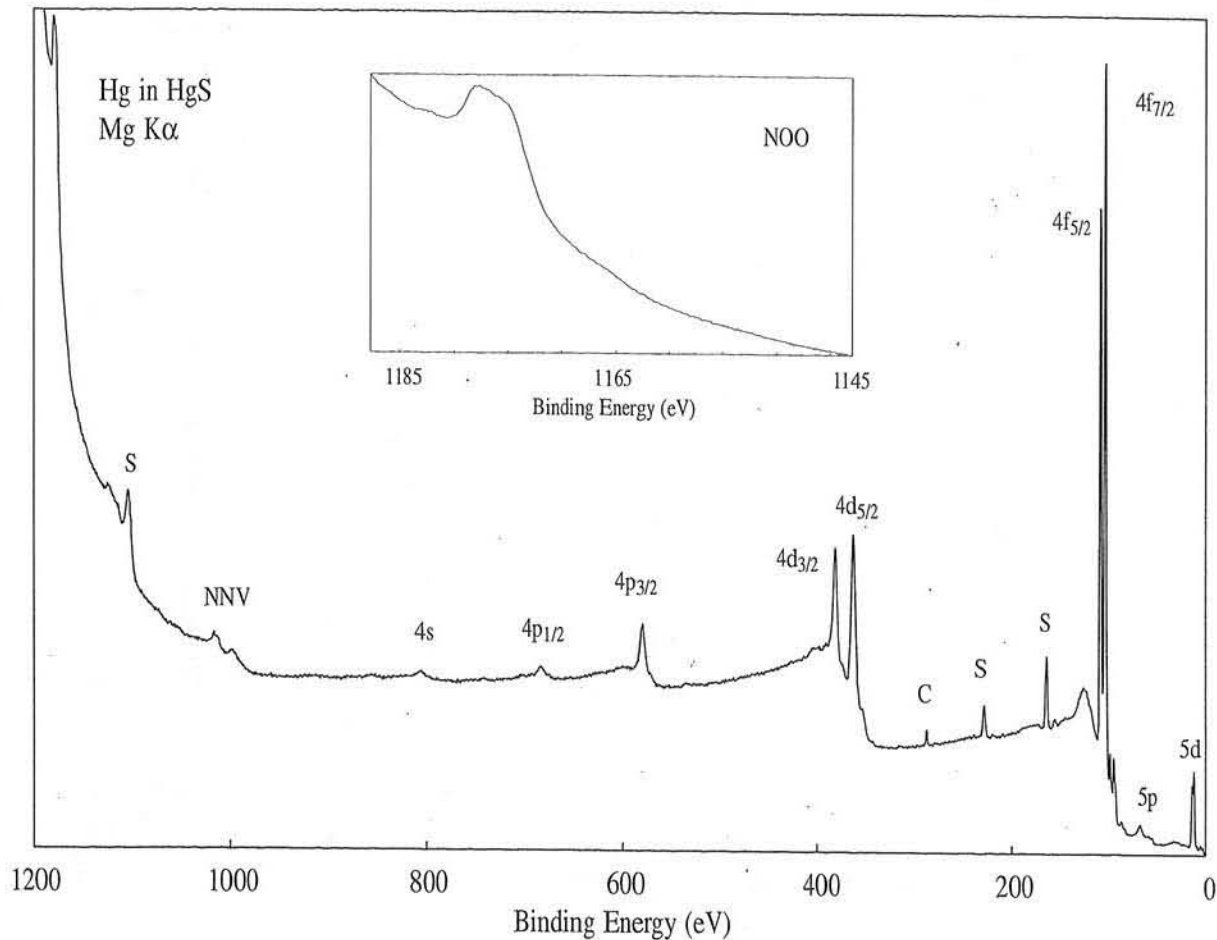
Compound Type	4f <sub>7/2</sub> Binding Energy (eV)					
	83	84	85	86	87	88
Au		■				
AuSn			■			
AuSn <sub>4</sub>			■			
YbAu <sub>2</sub>			■			
ClAuPh <sub>3</sub> P				■		
ClAu(Ph <sub>3</sub> P) <sub>2</sub>				■		
Cl <sub>3</sub> AuPh <sub>3</sub> P					■	
(Ph <sub>3</sub> P)AuNO <sub>3</sub>					■	
ClAu(Ph <sub>3</sub> As)				■		
(-AuSPEt <sub>2</sub> S-) <sub>2</sub>			■			
(-AuCH <sub>2</sub> PEt <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> -) <sub>2</sub>		■				



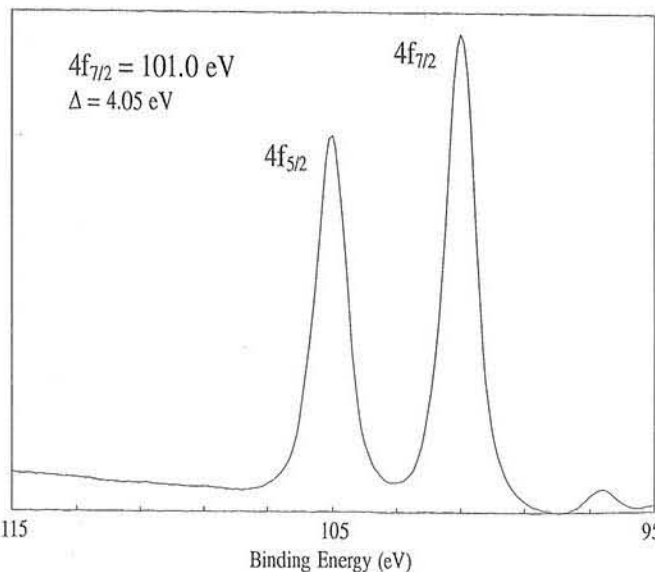


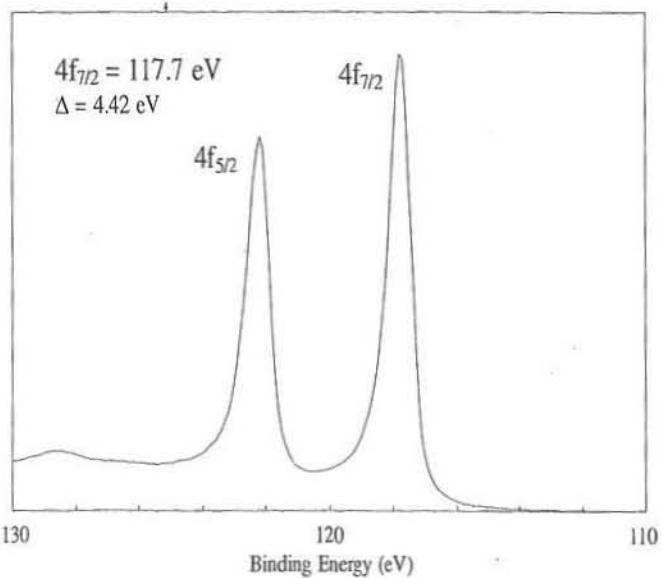
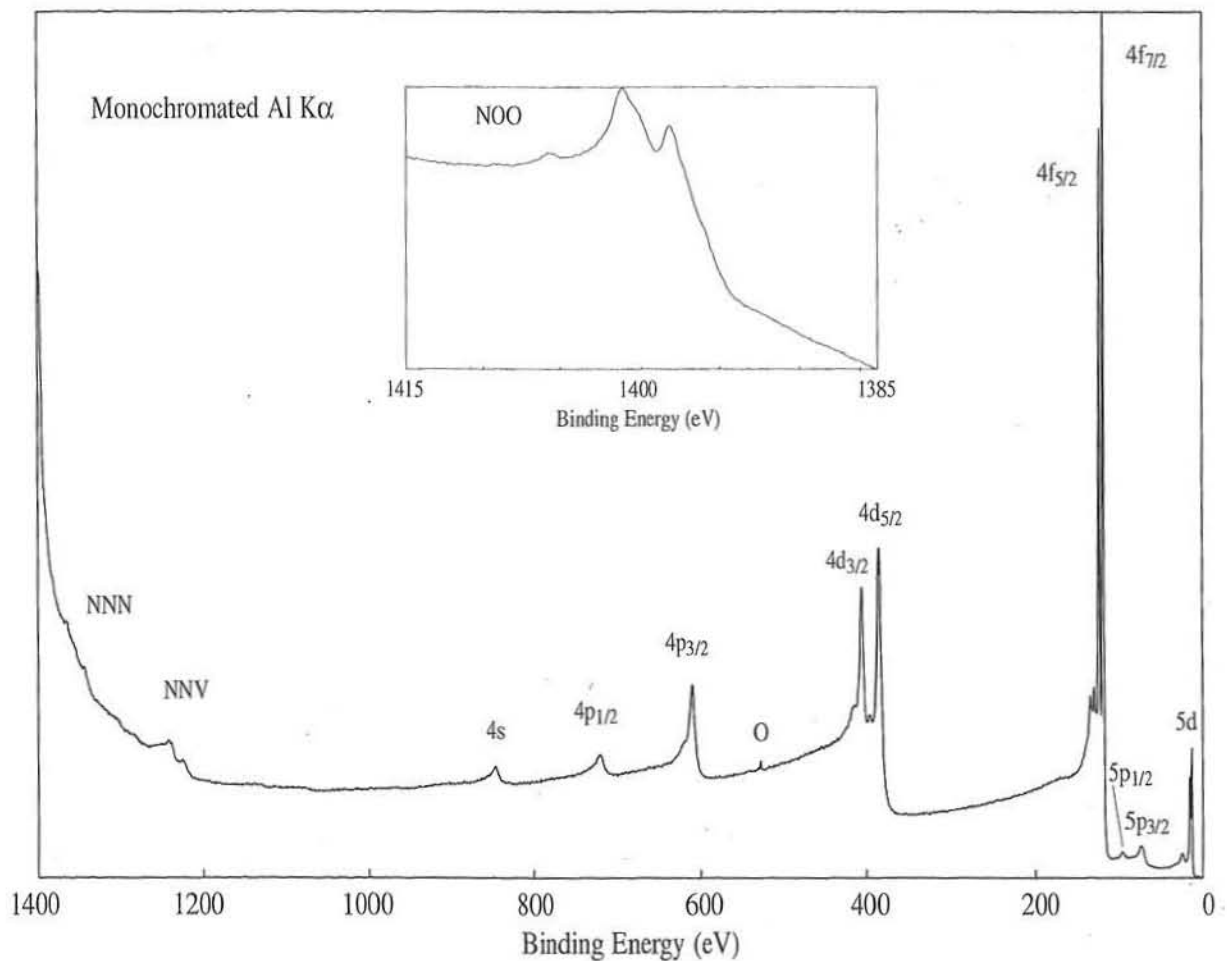


Line Positions (eV)					
<u>Photoelectron Lines</u>					
4s	4p <sub>1/2</sub>	4p <sub>3/2</sub>	4d <sub>3/2</sub>	4d <sub>5/2</sub>	5s*
805	682	579	381	361	125
4f <sub>5/2</sub>	4f <sub>7/2</sub>	5p <sub>1/2</sub>	5p <sub>3/2</sub>	5d <sub>3/2</sub>	5d <sub>5/2</sub>
105	101	85	67	12	10
<u>Auger Lines</u>					
N <sub>7</sub> O <sub>45</sub> O <sub>45</sub>		N <sub>5</sub> N <sub>7</sub> O		N <sub>4</sub> N <sub>6</sub> O	
1412		1246		1230 (Al)	
1179		1013		997 (Mg)	
*Estimate					

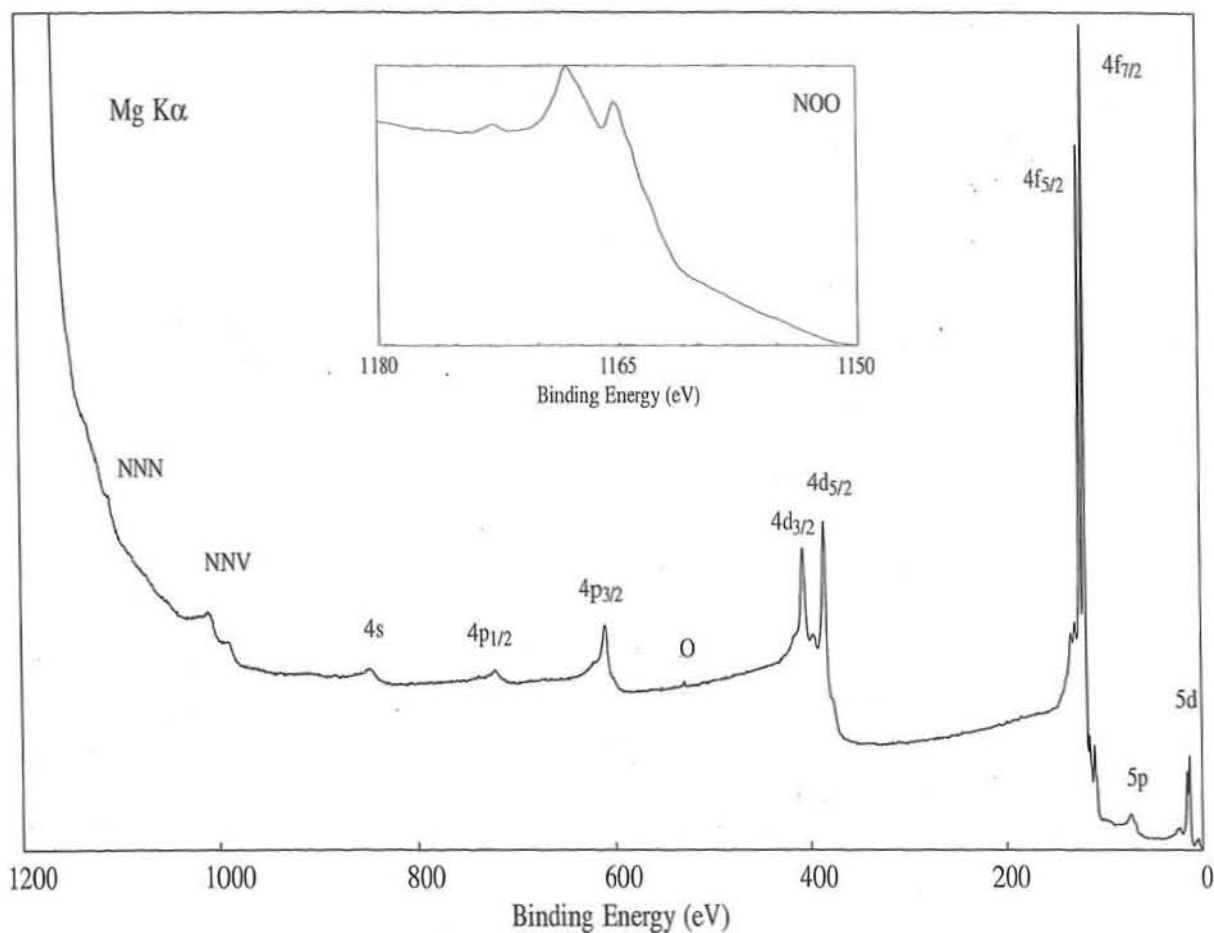


Compound Type	4f <sub>7/2</sub> Binding Energy (eV)			
	99	100	101	102
Hg		■		
Hg <sub>0.8</sub> Cd <sub>0.2</sub> Te		■		
HgS		■	■	
HgI <sub>2</sub>			■	
HgBr <sub>2</sub>			■	
HgCl <sub>2</sub>				■
HgF <sub>2</sub>				■
HgO		■	■	
Et <sub>2</sub> NC <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> HgOAc			■	■
Hg(thiodibenzoylme) <sub>2</sub>			■	■
(Ph <sub>4</sub> P) <sub>2</sub> Hg(SCN) <sub>4</sub>				■

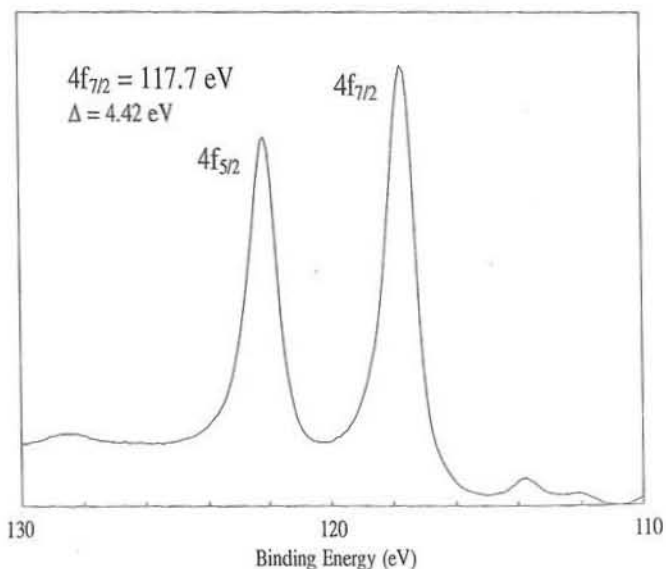


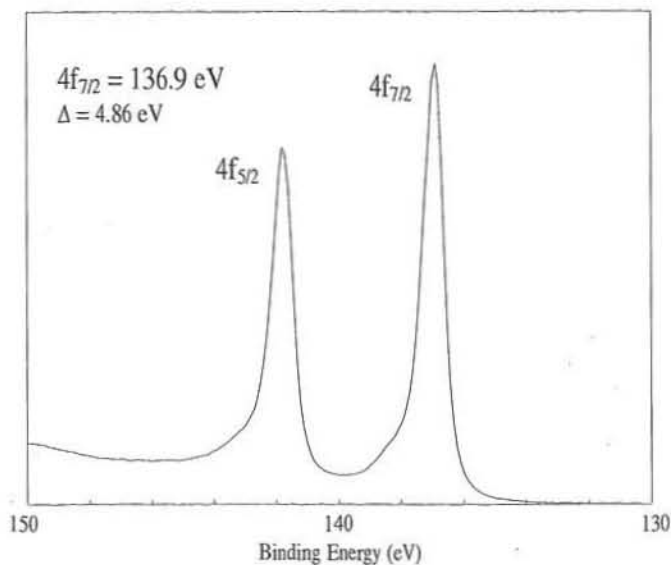
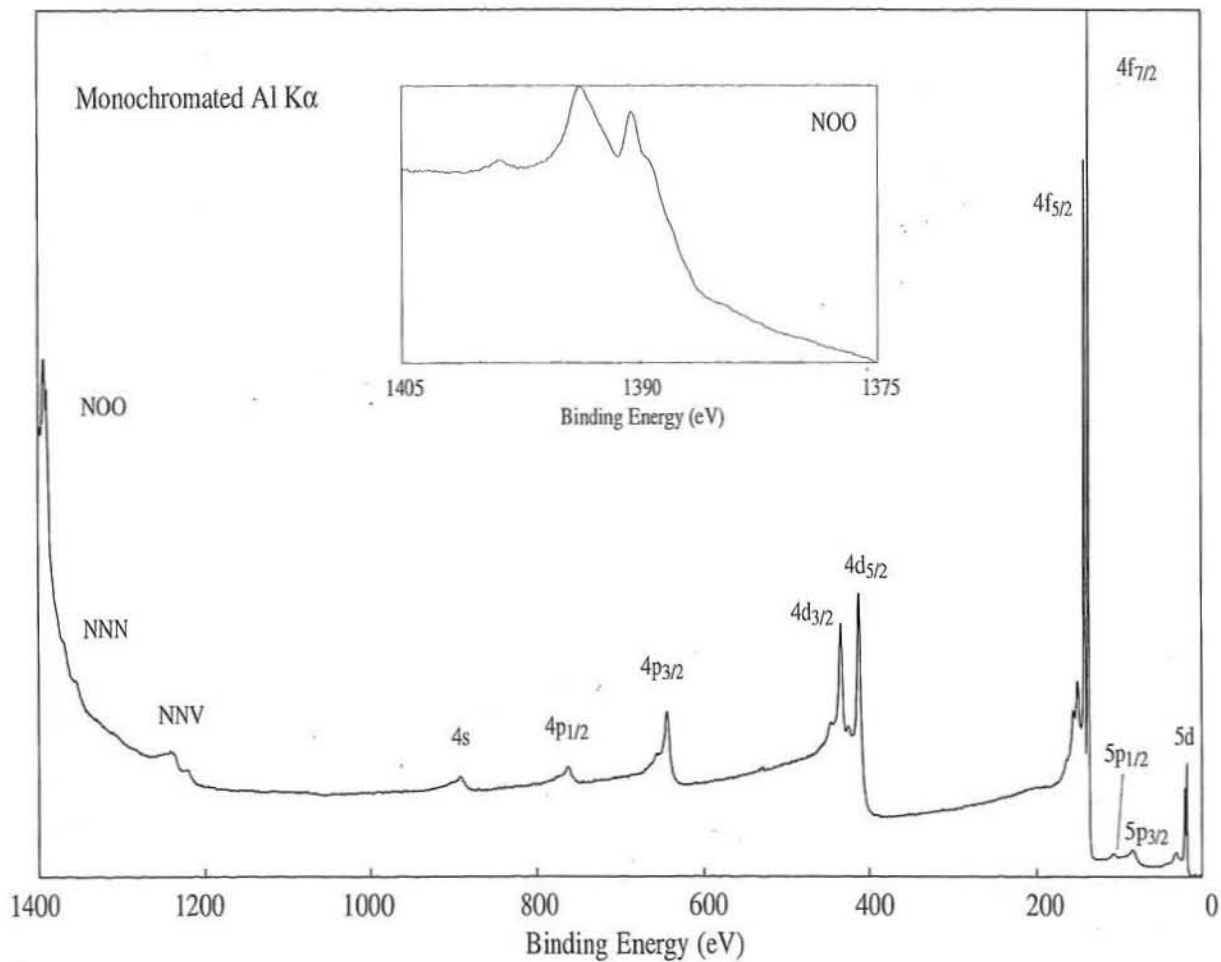


Line Positions (eV)					
<u>Photoelectron Lines</u>					
4s	4p <sub>1/2</sub>	4p <sub>3/2</sub>	4d <sub>3/2</sub>	4d <sub>5/2</sub>	5s*
847	720	610	406	385	133
4f <sub>5/2</sub>	4f <sub>7/2</sub>	5p <sub>1/2</sub>	5p <sub>3/2</sub>	5d <sub>3/2</sub>	5d <sub>5/2</sub>
122	118	95	74	15	13
<u>Auger Lines</u>					
N <sub>7</sub> O <sub>45</sub> O <sub>45</sub>	N <sub>6</sub> O <sub>45</sub> O <sub>45</sub>	N <sub>5</sub> N <sub>7</sub> O <sub>5</sub>	N <sub>4</sub> N <sub>67</sub> O <sub>5</sub>		
1401	1399	1241	1222 (Al)		
1168	1166	1008	989 (Mg)		
*Estimate					

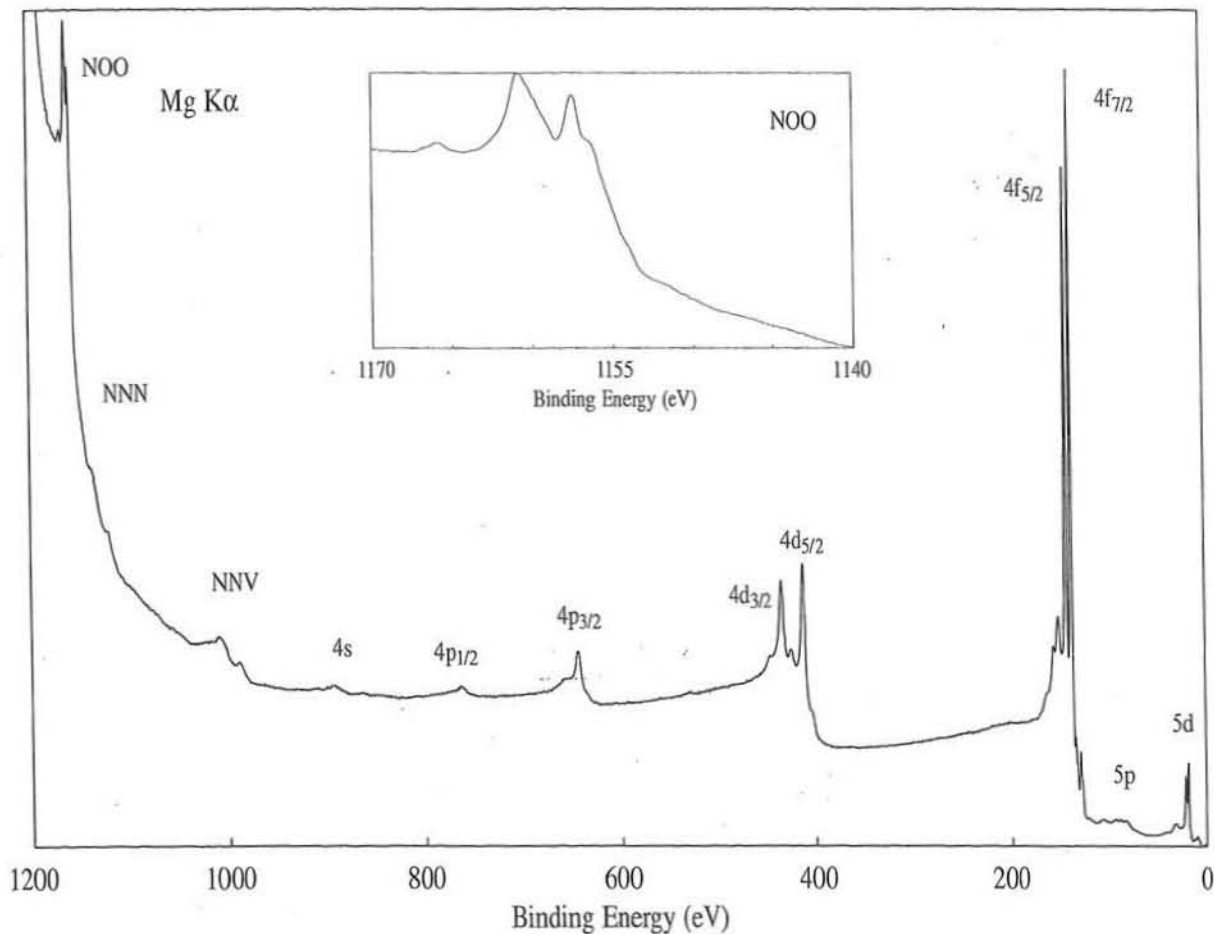


Compound Type	4f <sub>7/2</sub> Binding Energy (eV)			
	117	118	119	120
Tl		█		
TlI			█	
TlBr				█
TlCl				█
TlF				█
Tl <sub>2</sub> S			█	
Tl <sub>2</sub> S <sub>3</sub>			█	
Tl <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	█			
Cl <sub>3</sub> Tl(pyridine) <sub>2</sub>			█	
Cl <sub>6</sub> Tl <sub>2</sub> (PhPEt <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>5</sub>		█		

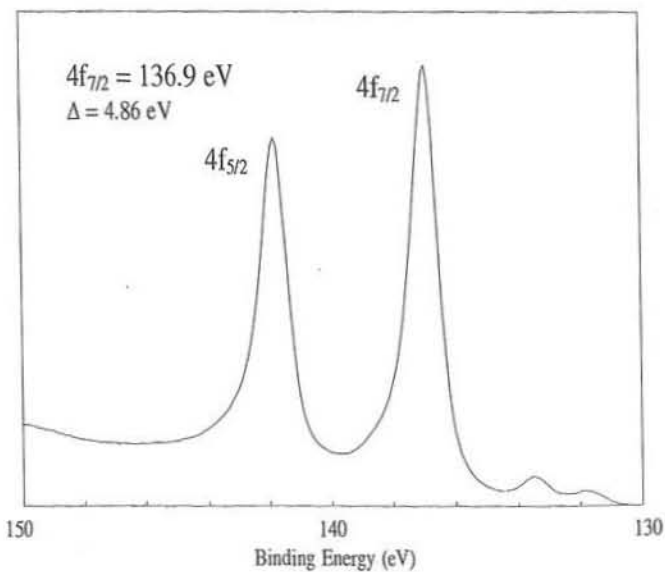


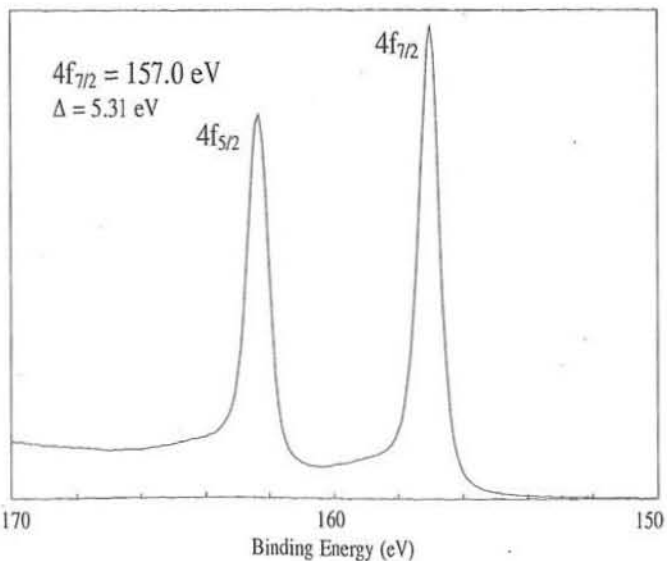
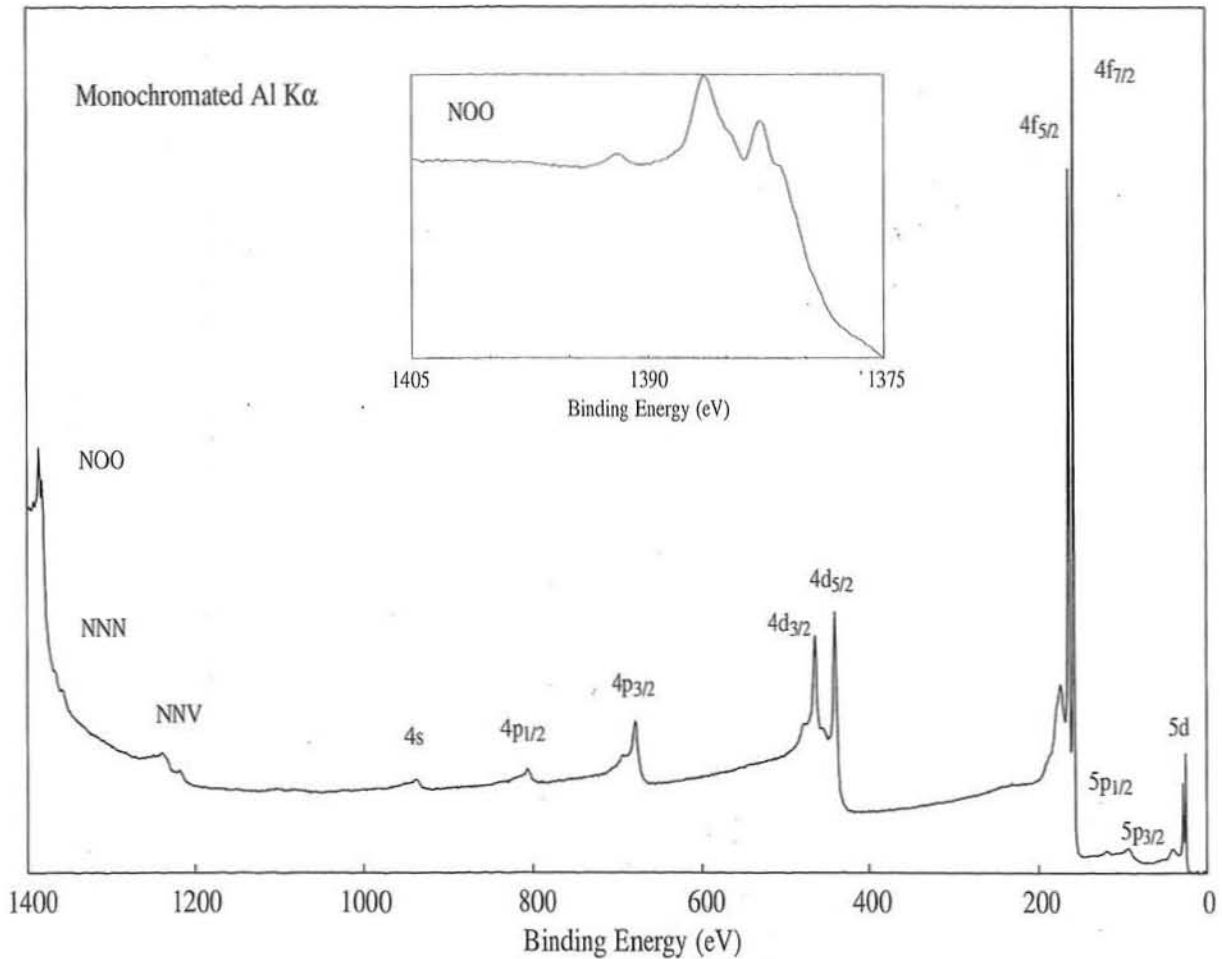


Line Positions (eV)					
<b>Photoelectron Lines</b>					
4s	4p <sub>1/2</sub>	4p <sub>3/2</sub>	4d <sub>3/2</sub>	4d <sub>5/2</sub>	5s*
893	762	644	434	412	150
4f <sub>5/2</sub>	4f <sub>7/2</sub>	5p <sub>1/2</sub>	5p <sub>3/2</sub>	5d <sub>3/2</sub>	5d <sub>5/2</sub>
142	137	107	84	21	18
<b>Auger Lines</b>					
N <sub>7</sub> O <sub>45</sub> O <sub>45</sub>		N <sub>6</sub> O <sub>45</sub> O <sub>45</sub>			
1394		1391 (Al)			
1161		1158 (Mg)			
*Estimate					

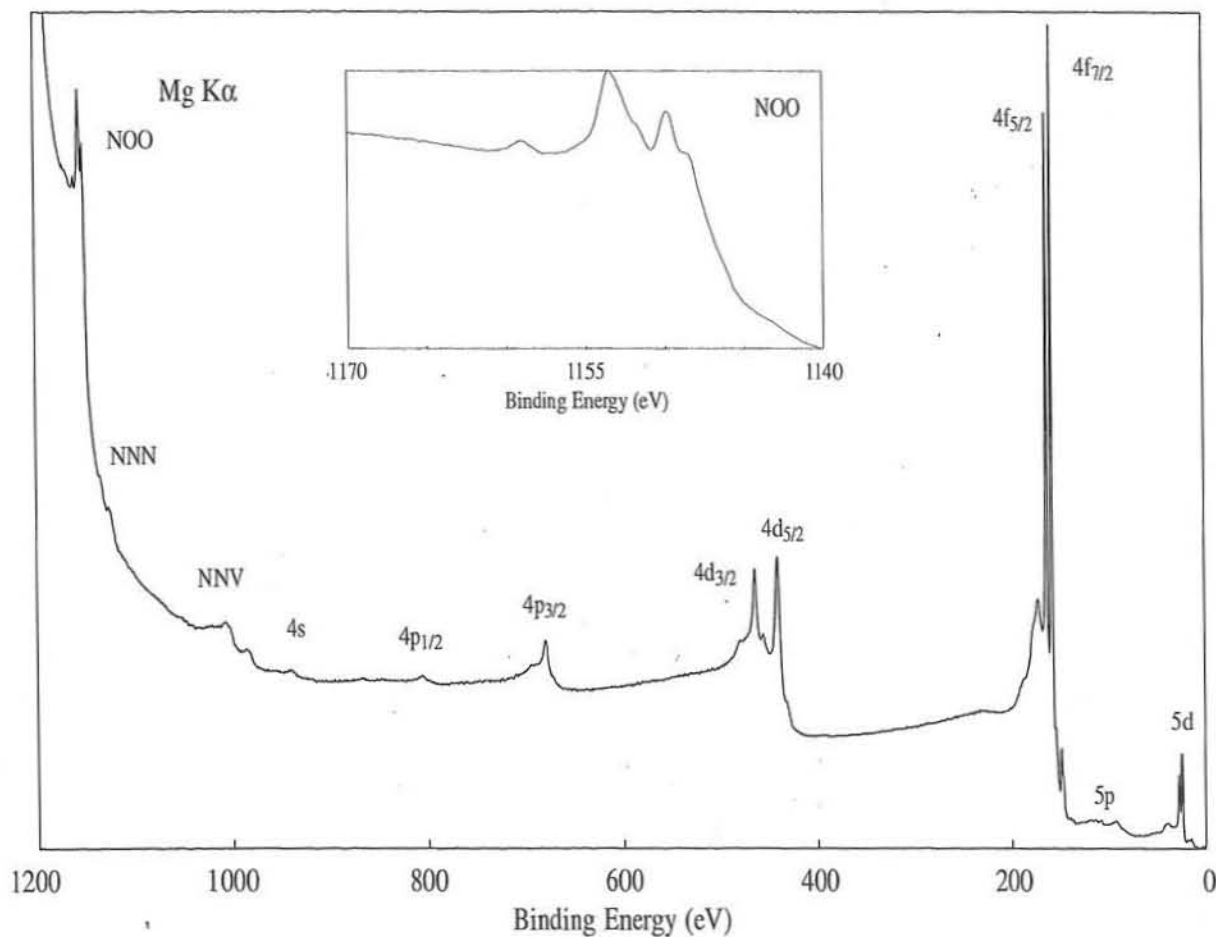


Compound Type	4f <sub>7/2</sub> Binding Energy (eV)				
	136	137	138	139	140
Pb		■			
PbTe			■		
PbSe			■		
Halides				■	
PbO				■	
Pb <sub>3</sub> O <sub>4</sub>			■		
PbO <sub>2</sub>		■			
Pb(OH) <sub>2</sub>			■		
Pb(NO <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>				■	
PbSO <sub>3</sub>			■		
PbSO <sub>4</sub>				■	

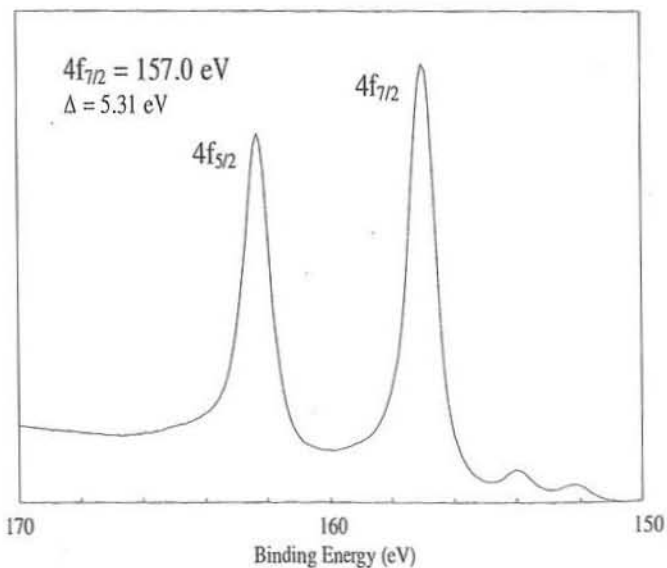




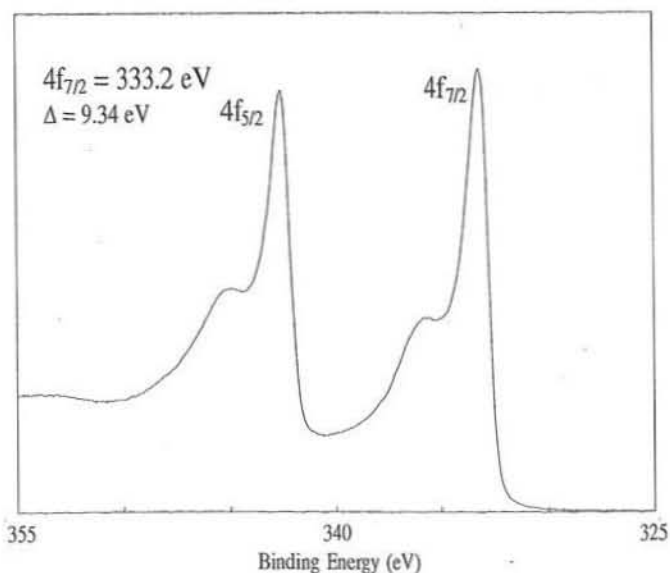
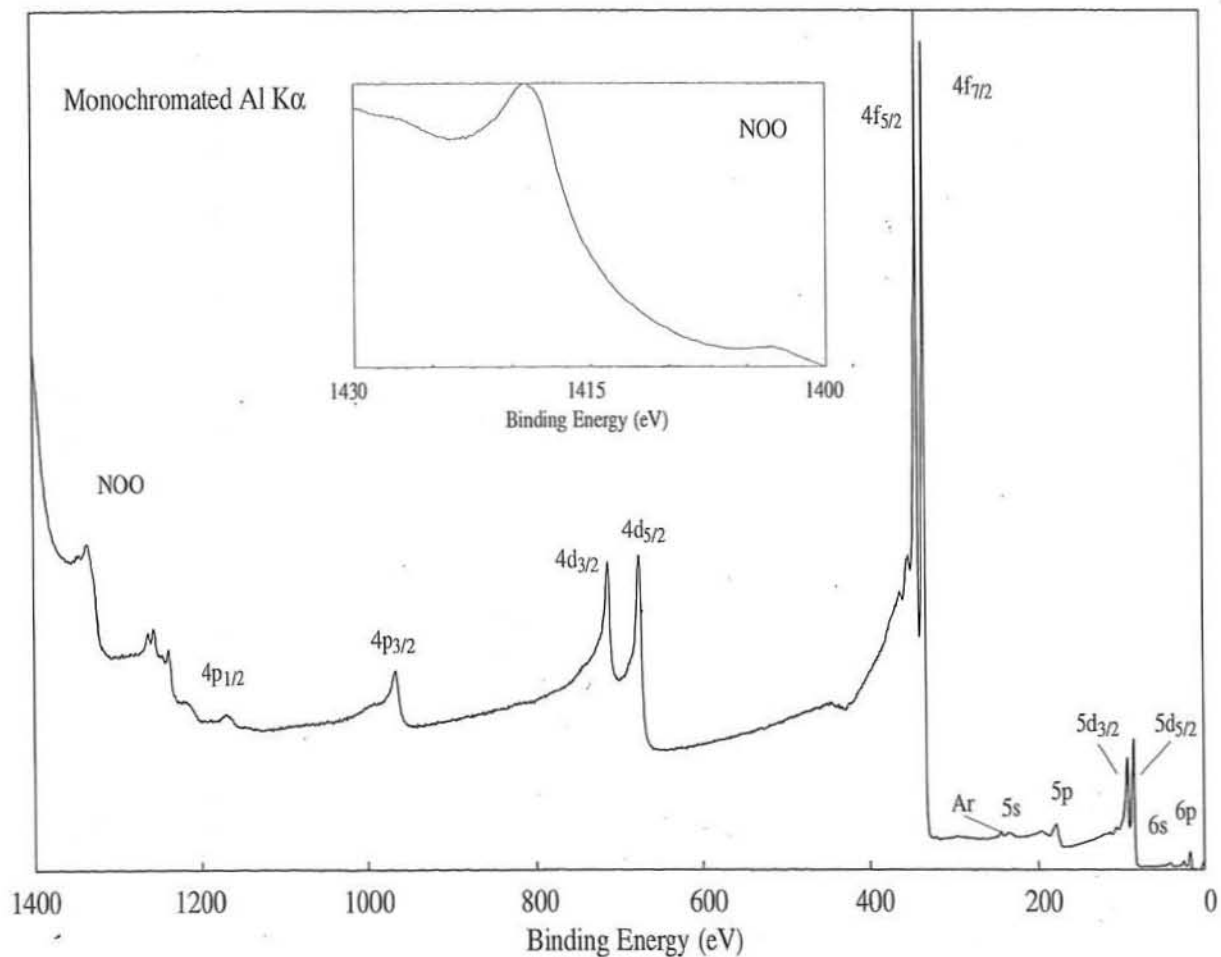
Line Positions (eV)					
<b>Photoelectron Lines</b>					
4s	4p <sub>1/2</sub>	4p <sub>3/2</sub>	4d <sub>3/2</sub>	4d <sub>5/2</sub>	5s*
940	806	679	464	440	161
4f <sub>5/2</sub>	4f <sub>7/2</sub>	5p <sub>1/2</sub>	5p <sub>3/2</sub>	5d <sub>3/2</sub>	5d <sub>5/2</sub>
162	157	119	93	27	24
<b>Auger Lines</b>					
N <sub>7</sub> O <sub>45</sub> O <sub>45</sub>		N <sub>6</sub> O <sub>45</sub> O <sub>45</sub>		(Al)	
1387		1383			
1154		1150		(Mg)	
*Estimate					



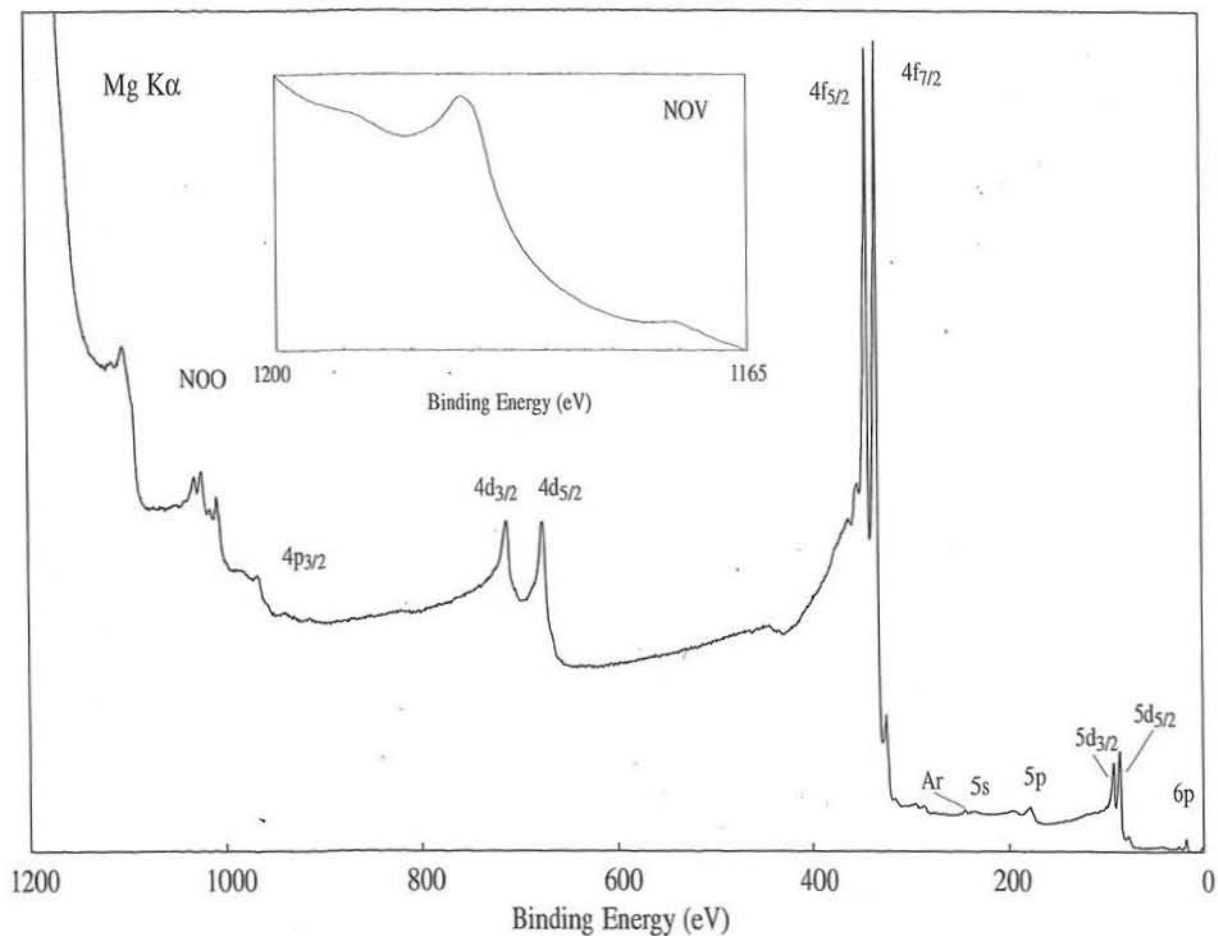
Compound Type	4f <sub>7/2</sub> Binding Energy (eV)						
	156	157	158	159	160	161	162
Bi		█					
Bi <sub>2</sub> S <sub>3</sub>				█			
BiI <sub>3</sub>				█			
BiF <sub>3</sub>				█			
Bi <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>				█			
BiOCl				█			
NaBiO <sub>3</sub>				█			
Bi <sub>2</sub> MoO <sub>6</sub>			█				
Bi <sub>2</sub> Ti <sub>2</sub> O <sub>7</sub>				█			
(BiO) <sub>2</sub> Cr <sub>2</sub> O <sub>7</sub>				█			
Bi <sub>2</sub> (SO <sub>4</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> · H <sub>2</sub> O						█	







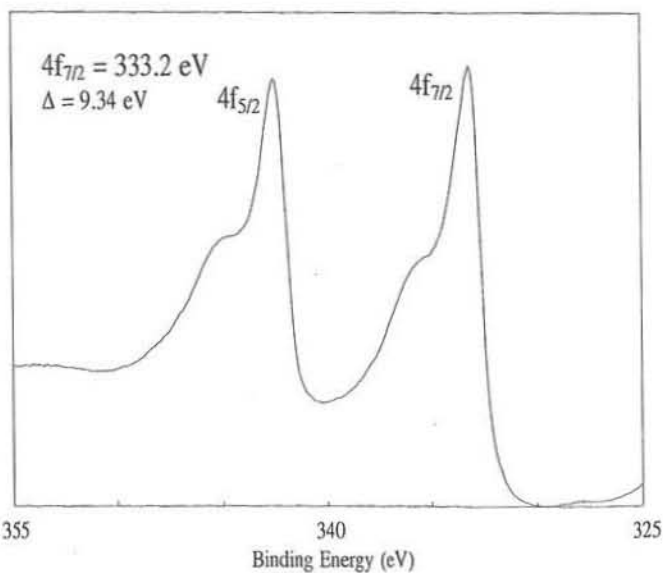
Line Positions (eV)							
<u>Photoelectron Lines</u>							
4s*	4p <sub>1/2</sub>	4p <sub>3/2</sub>	4d <sub>3/2</sub>	4d <sub>5/2</sub>	4f <sub>5/2</sub>	4f <sub>7/2</sub>	
1330	1170	965	713	676	342	333	
5s	5p <sub>1/2</sub>	5p <sub>3/2</sub>	5d <sub>3/2</sub>	5d <sub>5/2</sub>	6s	6p <sub>1/2</sub>	6p <sub>3/2</sub>
294	234	177	93	85	42	25	17
<u>Auger Lines</u>							
N <sub>6</sub> O <sub>23</sub> V	N <sub>67</sub> O <sub>45</sub> O <sub>45</sub>	N <sub>7</sub> O <sub>4</sub> O <sub>5</sub>	N <sub>67</sub> O <sub>45</sub> V				
1419	1404	1335	1239	(Al)			
1186	1171	1102	1006	(Mg)			
*Estimate							

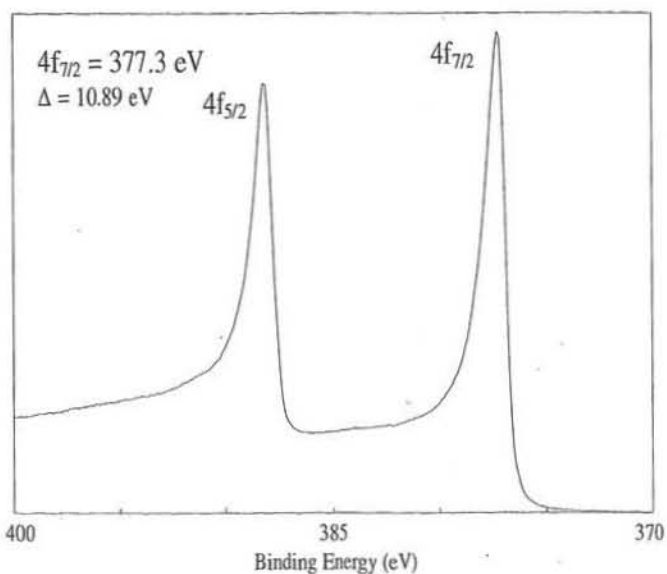
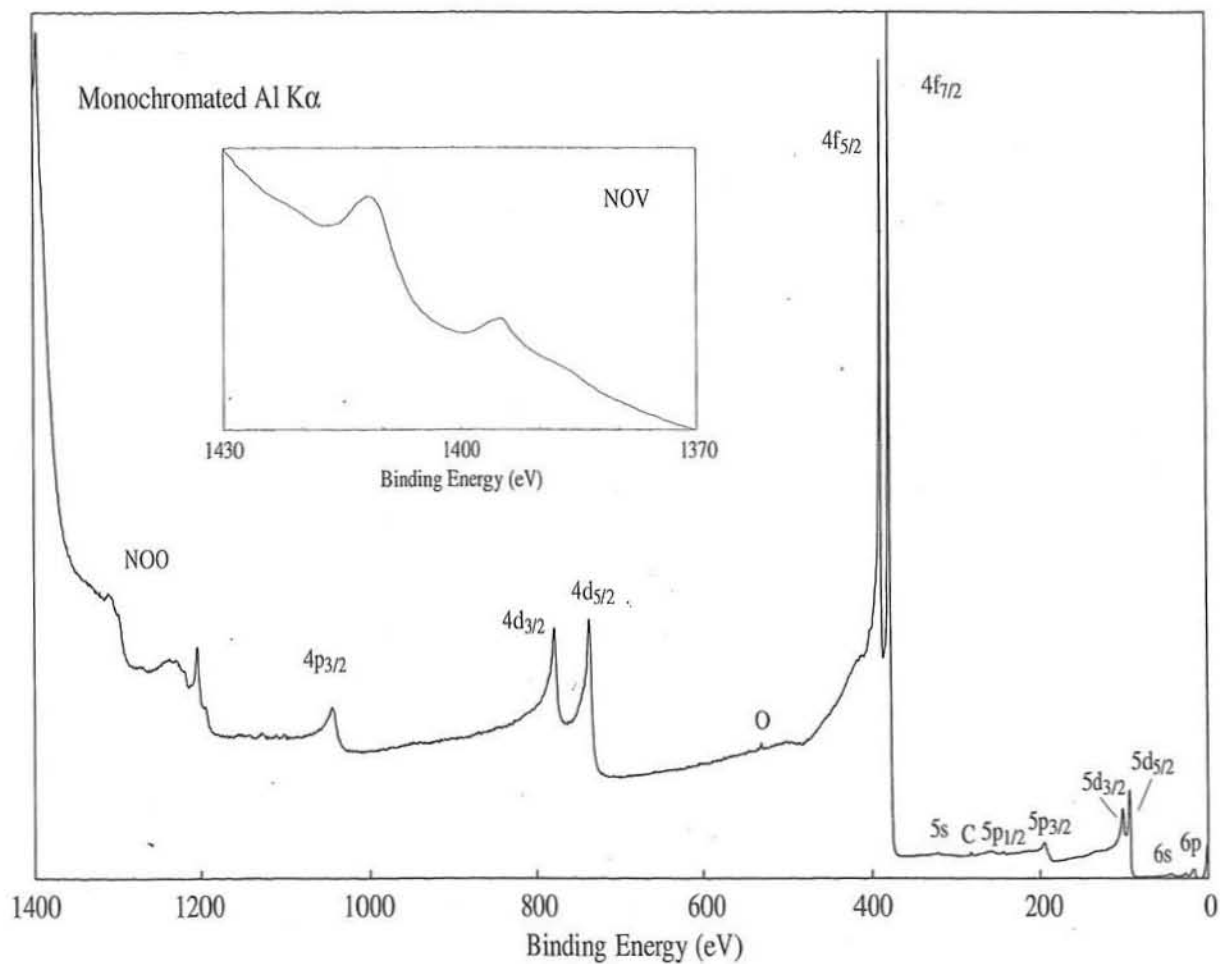


4f <sub>7/2</sub> Binding Energy (eV)					
Compound Type	333	334	335	336	337
Th	■				
ThO <sub>2</sub>		■			
ThF <sub>4</sub>				■	

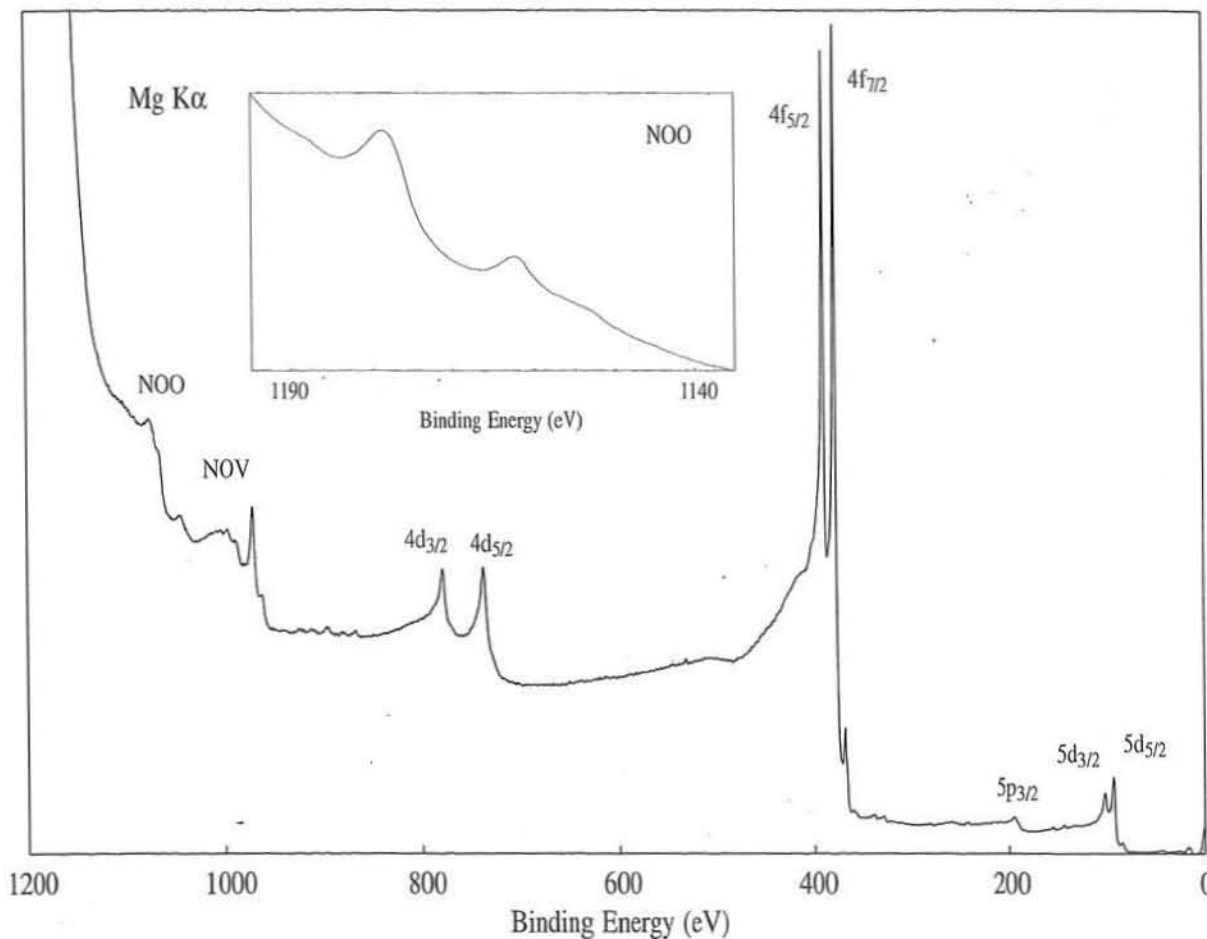
  

4d <sub>5/2</sub> Binding Energy (eV)			
Compound Type	674	675	676
Th		■	
ThO <sub>2</sub>		■	

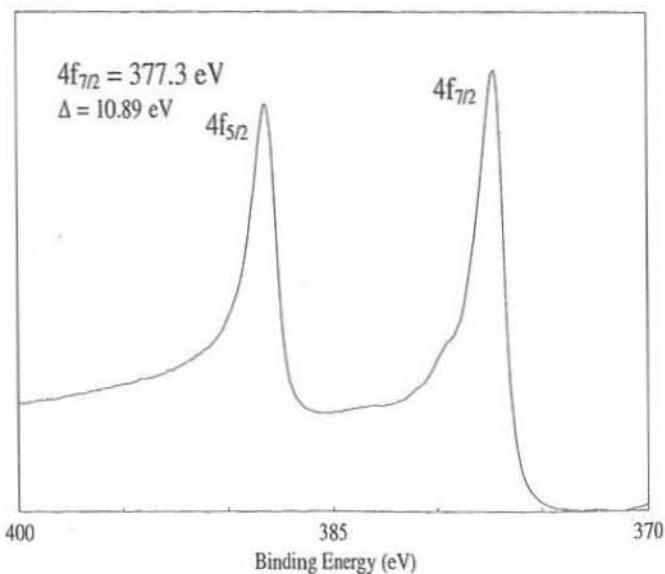




Line Positions (eV)							
<u>Photoelectron Lines</u>							
4p <sub>1/2</sub>	4p <sub>3/2</sub>	4d <sub>3/2</sub>	4d <sub>5/2</sub>	4f <sub>5/2</sub>	4f <sub>7/2</sub>		
1272	1043	779	736	388	377		
5s	5p <sub>1/2</sub>	5p <sub>3/2</sub>	5d <sub>3/2</sub>	5d <sub>5/2</sub>	6s	6p <sub>1/2</sub>	6p <sub>3/2</sub>
322	260	195	103	94	44	26	17
<u>Auger Lines</u>							
N <sub>6</sub> O <sub>23</sub> V	N <sub>7</sub> O <sub>23</sub> O <sub>5</sub>	N <sub>6</sub> O <sub>45</sub> O <sub>45</sub>	N <sub>67</sub> O <sub>45</sub> V				
1412	1396	1386	1204			(Al)	
1179	1163	1153	971			(Mg)	



Compound Type	4f <sub>7/2</sub> Binding Energy (eV)						
	377	378	379	380	381	382	383
U	■						
Tellurides					■	■	
Selenides			■	■			
Sulfides			■	■			
Halides		■	■	■	■	■	■
Oxides		■	■	■	■	■	
Oxy Halides		■	■	■	■	■	■
U(SO <sub>4</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>						■	
U(acac) <sub>4</sub>			■				
CaUO <sub>4</sub>					■		
K <sub>2</sub> UF <sub>6</sub>							■



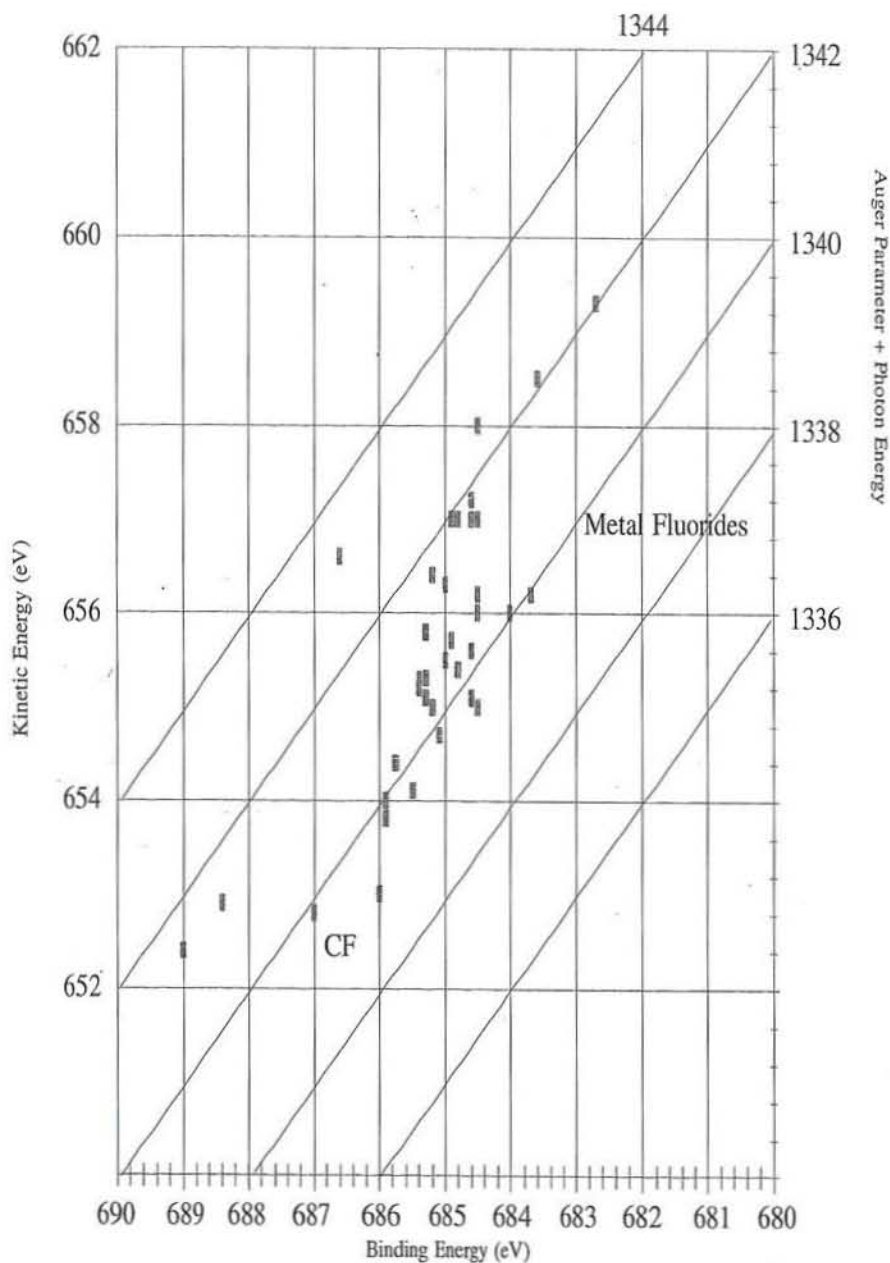


### III. Appendix

## Appendix A. Auger Parameters

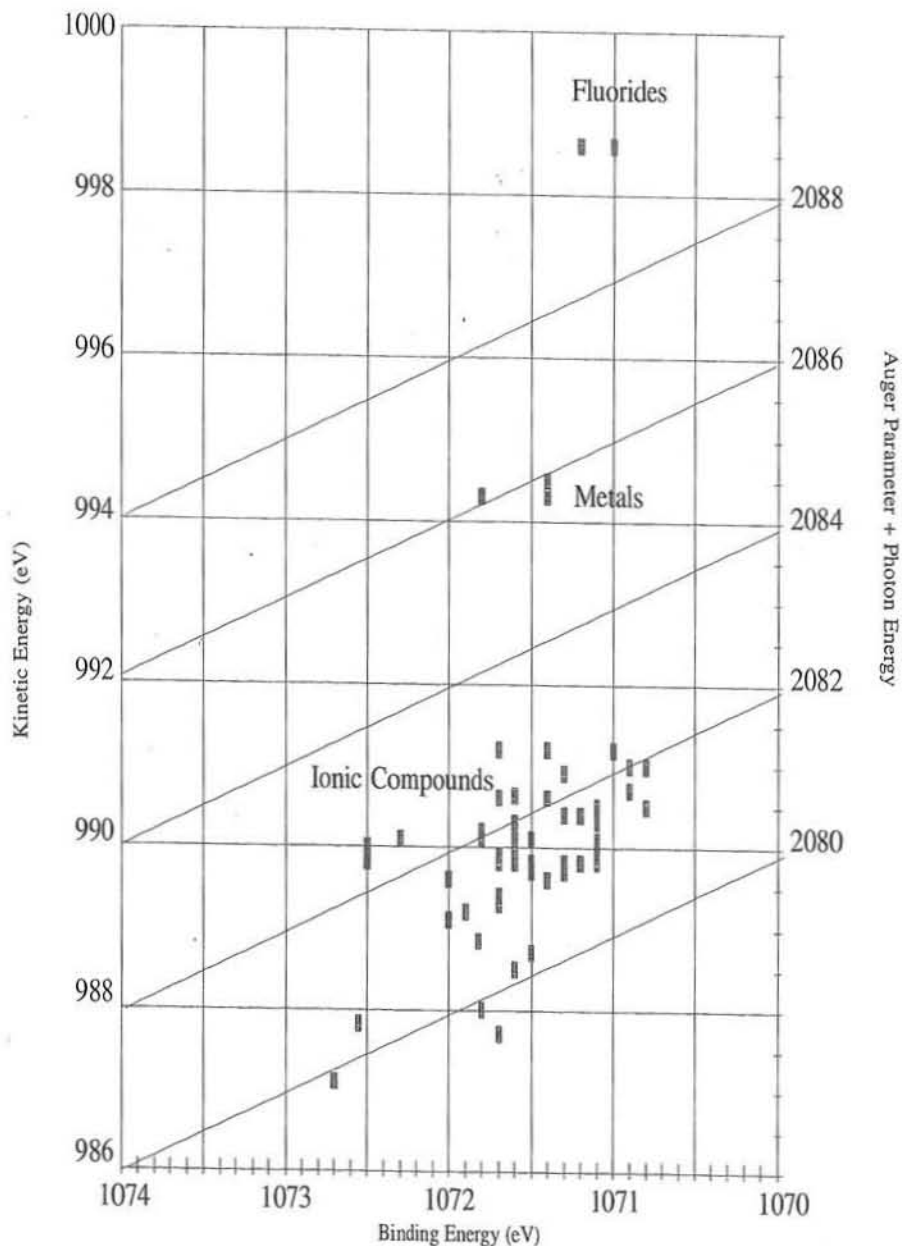
The following tables plot the binding energy of the most intense photoelectron line versus the kinetic energy of the most intense Auger transition. The Auger parameter plots are useful for further separation of the chemical states.

Fluorine		
Compound	F 1s Binding Energy (eV)	F KLL Kinetic Energy (eV)
AgF	682.7	659.3
PbF <sub>2</sub>	683.6	658.5
BaF <sub>2</sub>	683.7	656.2
K <sub>3</sub> FeF <sub>6</sub>	684.0	656.0
NaF	684.5	655.0
CdF <sub>2</sub>	684.5	656.0
CuF <sub>2</sub>	684.5	657.0
CuF <sub>2</sub>	684.5	656.2
CuF <sub>2</sub>	684.5	656.2
LaF <sub>3</sub>	684.5	658.0
ZnF <sub>2</sub>	684.6	655.6
PrF <sub>3</sub>	684.6	657.2
SmF <sub>3</sub>	684.6	657.0
K <sub>2</sub> ZrF <sub>6</sub>	684.6	655.1
CaF <sub>2</sub>	684.8	655.4
NdF <sub>3</sub>	684.8	657.0
ThF <sub>4</sub>	684.9	657.0
K <sub>2</sub> TiF <sub>6</sub>	684.9	655.7
SrF <sub>2</sub>	685.0	656.3
NiF <sub>2</sub>	685.0	655.5
LiF	685.1	654.7
InF <sub>3</sub>	685.2	656.4
K <sub>2</sub> TaF <sub>7</sub>	685.2	655.0
YF <sub>3</sub>	685.3	655.8
Na <sub>2</sub> TiF <sub>6</sub>	685.3	655.1
NaSnF <sub>3</sub>	685.3	655.3
HfF <sub>4</sub>	685.4	655.3
K <sub>2</sub> NbF <sub>7</sub>	685.4	655.2
Na <sub>3</sub> AlF <sub>6</sub>	685.5	654.1
MgF <sub>2</sub>	685.8	654.4
CsF	685.9	653.8
Na <sub>2</sub> GeF <sub>6</sub>	685.9	654.0
Na <sub>2</sub> SiF <sub>6</sub>	686.0	653.0
KSbF <sub>6</sub>	686.6	656.6
NaBF <sub>4</sub>	687.0	652.8
NiOCCF <sub>3</sub>	688.4	652.9
p-(CF <sub>2</sub> =CF <sub>2</sub> )	689.0	652.4



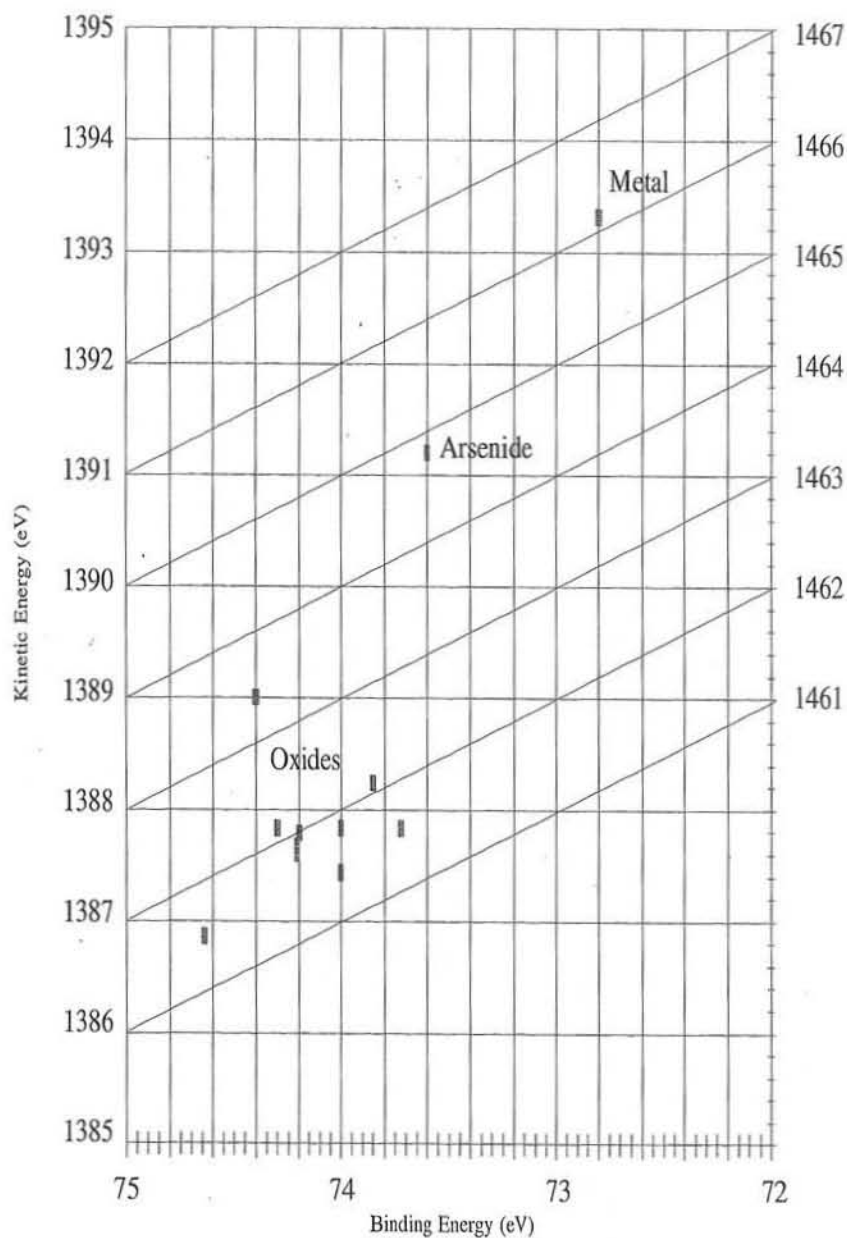
**Sodium**

Compound	Na 1s Binding Energy (eV)	Na KLL Kinetic Energy (eV)
Na <sub>2</sub> SeO <sub>3</sub>	1070.8	991.0
Na <sub>2</sub> C <sub>2</sub> O <sub>4</sub>	1070.8	990.5
Na <sub>2</sub> MoO <sub>4</sub>	1070.9	991.0
NaAsO <sub>2</sub>	1070.9	990.7
NaF	1071.0	998.6
Na <sub>2</sub> CrO <sub>4</sub>	1071.0	991.2
Na <sub>3</sub> PO <sub>4</sub>	1071.1	990.1
NaH <sub>2</sub> PO <sub>2</sub>	1071.1	989.8
Na <sub>2</sub> SnO <sub>3</sub> · 3H <sub>2</sub> O	1071.1	990.3
NaOAc	1071.1	989.9
NaF	1071.2	998.6
Na <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub>	1071.2	989.8
NaOOCCH <sub>2</sub> SH	1071.2	990.4
Na <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>3</sub>	1071.3	990.4
Na	1071.4	994.3
Na	1071.4	994.5
NaBr	1071.4	990.6
NaNO <sub>3</sub>	1071.4	989.6
Na <sub>2</sub> CrO <sub>4</sub>	1071.4	991.2
NaCl	1071.5	990.1
Na <sub>2</sub> CO <sub>3</sub>	1071.5	989.8
Na <sub>2</sub> HPO <sub>4</sub>	1071.5	989.7
Na <sub>2</sub> S <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	1071.6	990.1
NaNO <sub>2</sub>	1071.6	989.8
Na <sub>2</sub> Cr <sub>2</sub> O <sub>7</sub>	1071.6	990.6
NaI	1071.7	991.2
NaBr	1071.7	990.6
Na <sub>2</sub> CO <sub>3</sub>	1071.7	989.8
NaOAc	1071.7	989.9
Na	1071.8	994.3
NaCl	1071.8	990.1
NaCl	1072.5	990.0
Na <sub>2</sub> O	1072.5	989.8
Mol Sieve Y	1072.6	987.8
NaBF <sub>4</sub>	1072.7	987.1

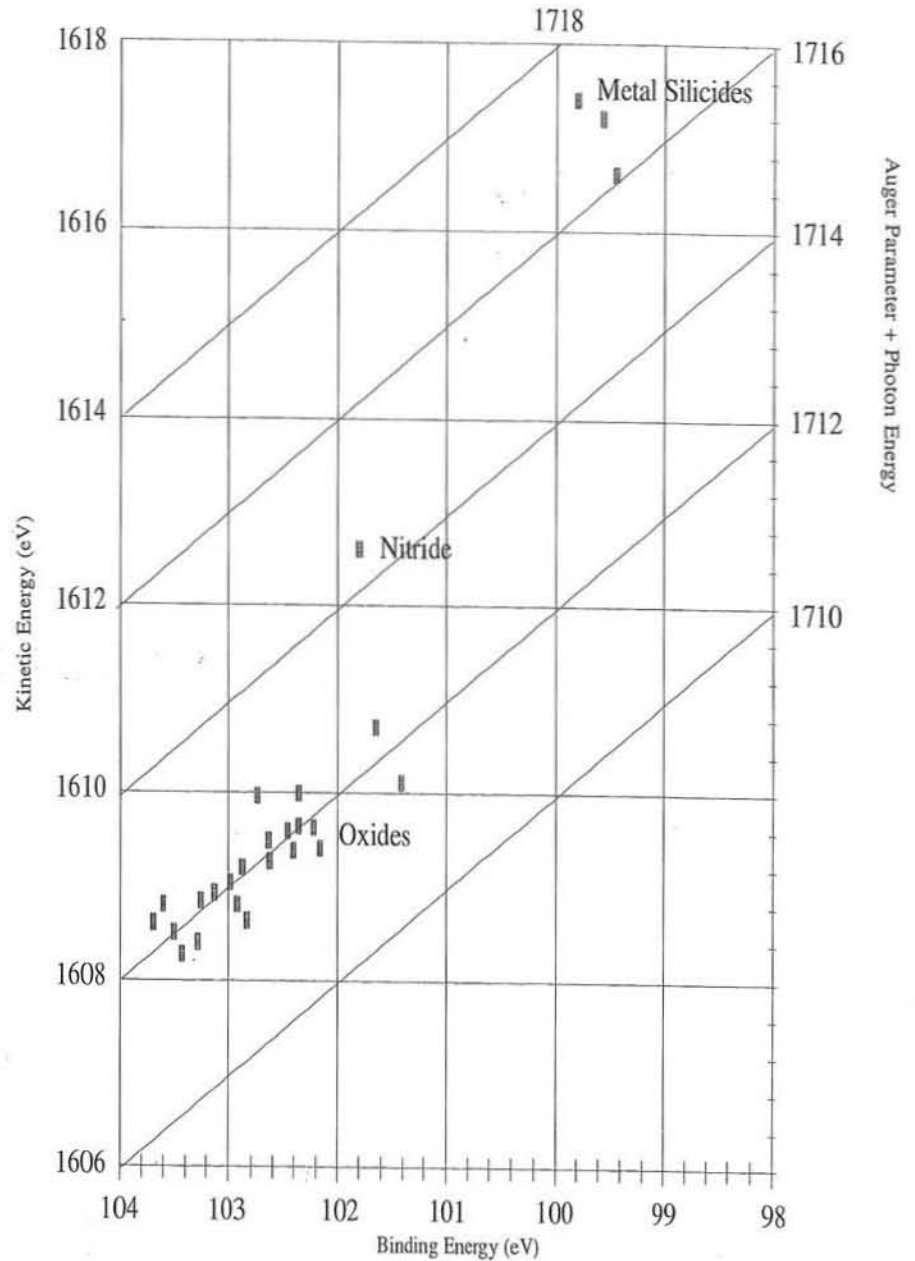




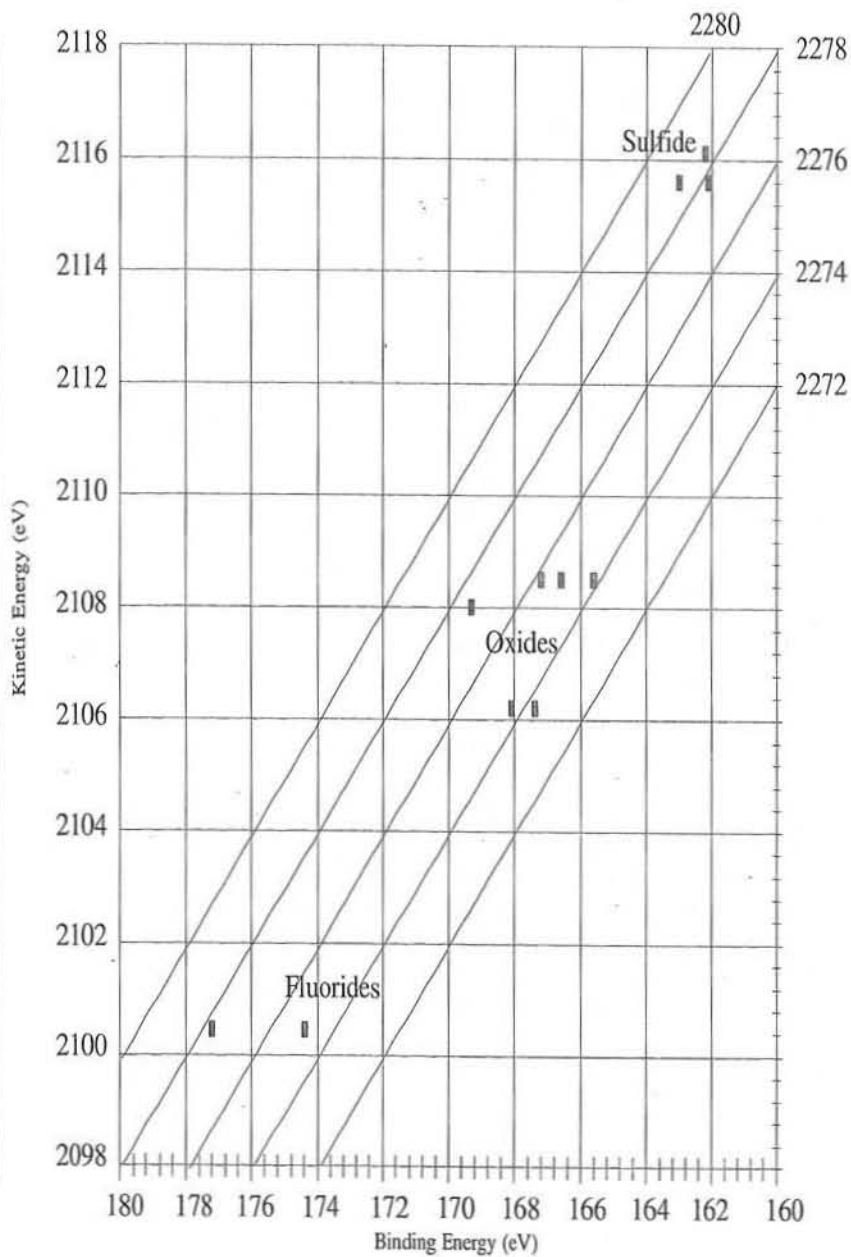
<b>Aluminum</b>		
Compound	Al 2p Binding Energy (eV)	Al KLL Kinetic Energy (eV)
Al	72.8	1393.3
AlAs	73.6	1391.2
Al <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> , gamma	73.7	1387.8
Al <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> , alpha	73.9	1388.2
Al <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> , gamma	74.0	1387.8
Al(OH) <sub>3</sub> , gibbsite	74.0	1387.4
Al <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> , sapphire	74.2	1387.8
AlOOH, boehmite	74.2	1387.6
Al(OH) <sub>3</sub> , bayerite	74.2	1387.7
Al <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> , gamma	74.3	1387.8
AlN	74.4	1389.0
Al <sub>2</sub> SiO <sub>5</sub> , sillimanite	74.6	1386.9



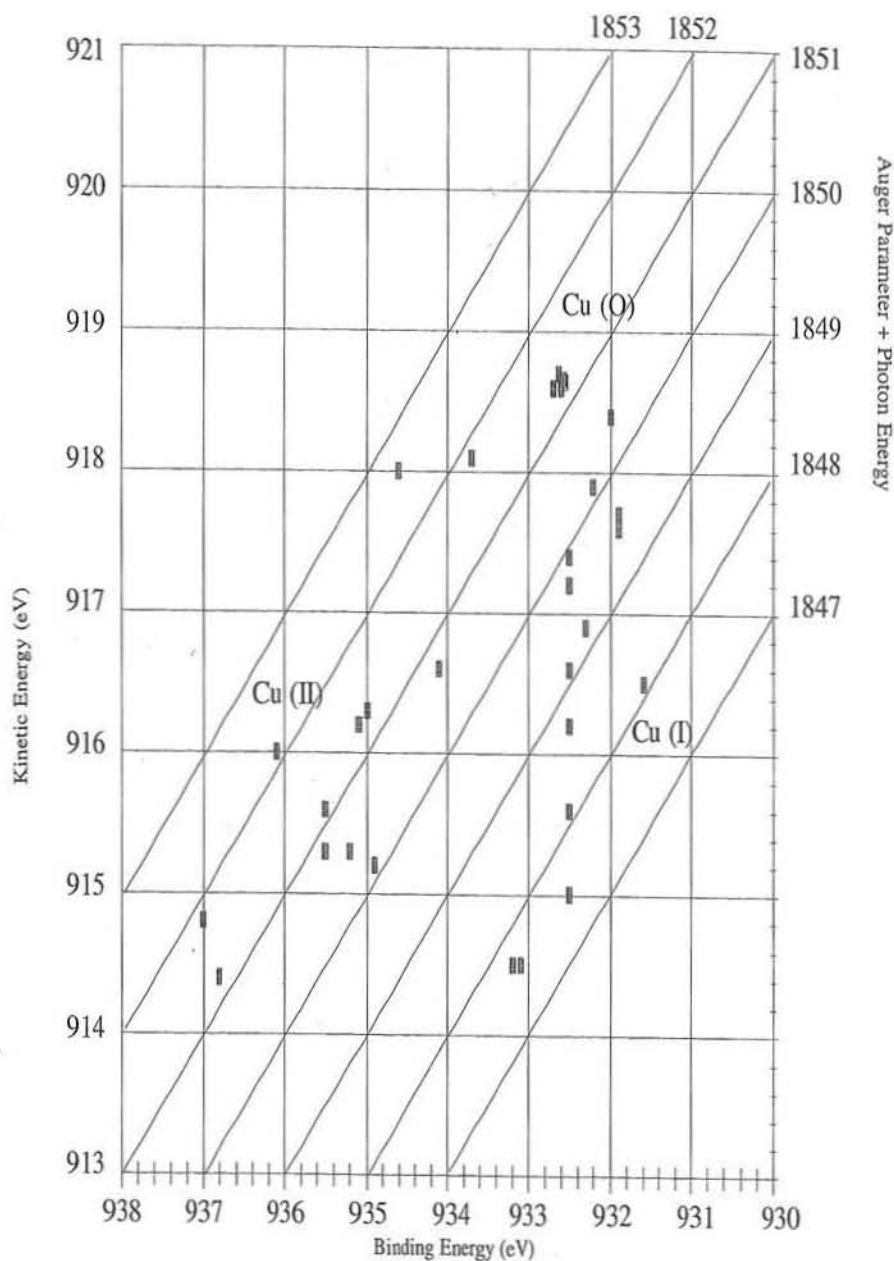
Silicon		
Compound	Si 2p Binding Energy (eV)	Si (KLL) Kinetic Energy (eV)
Si	99.5	1616.6
MoSi <sub>2</sub>	99.6	1617.2
PdSi	99.8	1617.4
Mol Sieve A	101.4	1610.1
Hydroxysodalite	101.7	1610.7
Si <sub>3</sub> N <sub>4</sub>	101.8	1612.6
Mol Sieve X	102.2	1609.4
Natrolite	102.2	1609.6
Mica, muscovite	102.4	1609.6
Wollastonii, Ca <sub>3</sub> Si <sub>3</sub> O <sub>9</sub>	102.4	1610.0
p-Methylsil. (linear)	102.4	1609.4
LiAlSi <sub>2</sub> O <sub>6</sub> , spodumene	102.5	1609.6
NaAlSi <sub>3</sub> O <sub>8</sub> , albite	102.6	1609.2
AlSiO <sub>5</sub> , sillimanite	102.6	1609.5
p-Phenylsil. (resin)	102.7	1610.0
Mol Sieve Y	102.8	1608.7
Pyrophyllite	102.9	1609.2
p-Methylsil. (resin)	102.9	1608.8
Kaolinite	103.0	1609.0
Talc, Mg <sub>3</sub> Si <sub>4</sub> O <sub>10</sub> (OH) <sub>2</sub>	103.1	1608.9
SiO <sub>2</sub> , alpha cristobal	103.3	1608.8
H Zeolon	103.3	1608.4
SiO <sub>2</sub> , gel	103.4	1608.3
SiO <sub>2</sub> , Vycor	103.5	1608.5
SiO <sub>2</sub>	103.6	1608.8
SiO <sub>2</sub> , quartz	103.7	1608.6



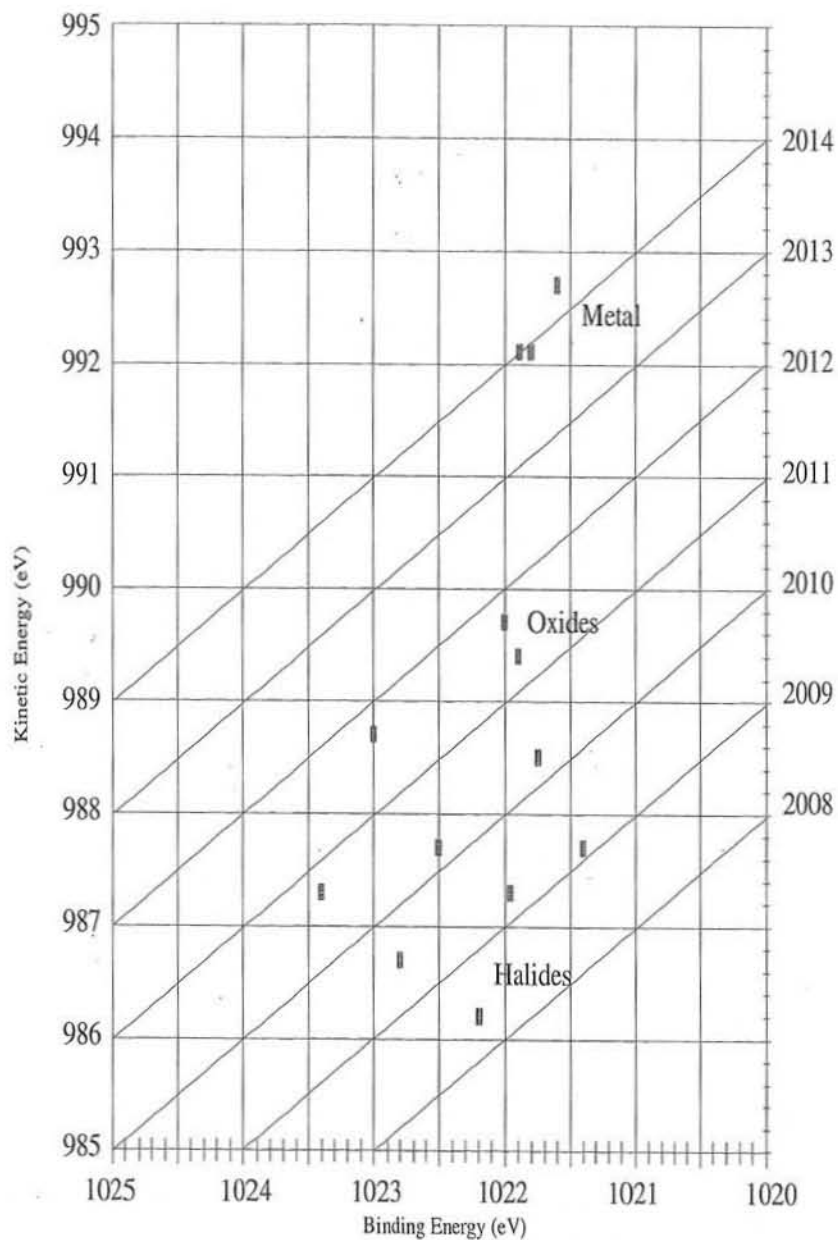
Sulfur		
Compound	S 2p Binding Energy (eV)	S KLL Kinetic Energy (eV)
WS <sub>2</sub>	162.1	2115.6
NiS	162.2	2116.1
WS <sub>2</sub>	163.0	2115.6
Na <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>3</sub>	165.6	2108.5
Na <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>3</sub>	166.6	2108.5
Na <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>3</sub>	167.2	2108.5
SO <sub>2</sub>	167.4	2106.2
SO <sub>2</sub>	168.1	2106.2
CuSO <sub>4</sub>	169.3	2108.0
SF <sub>6</sub>	174.4	2100.5
SF <sub>6</sub>	177.2	2100.5



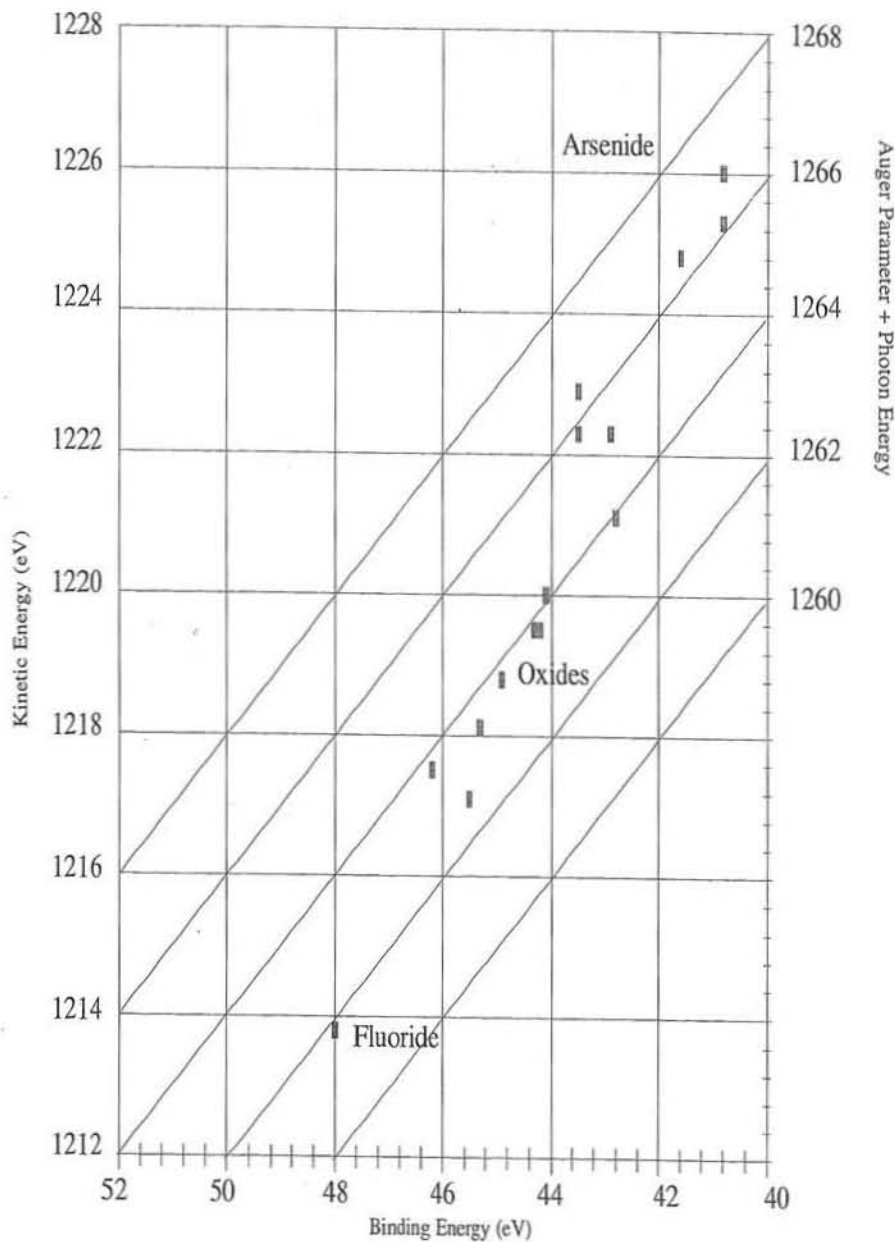
Copper		
Compound	Cu 2p Binding Energy (eV)	Cu LMM Kinetic Energy (eV)
Cu <sub>2</sub> Mo <sub>3</sub> O <sub>10</sub>	931.6	916.5
Cu <sub>2</sub> Se	931.9	917.6
CuAgSe	931.9	917.7
CuSe	932.0	918.4
CuS	932.2	917.9
CuBr <sub>2</sub>	932.3	916.9
Cu <sub>2</sub> S	932.5	917.4
CuCl	932.5	915.0
CuCl	932.5	915.6
Cu <sub>2</sub> O	932.5	916.2
Cu <sub>2</sub> O	932.5	916.2
Cu <sub>2</sub> O	932.5	916.6
Cu <sub>2</sub> O	932.5	917.2
Cu	932.6	918.6
Cu	932.6	918.7
Cu <sub>64</sub> Zn <sub>36</sub>	932.6	918.6
Cu	932.6	918.6
Cu	932.6	918.7
Cu	932.7	918.6
CuCN	933.1	914.5
CuC(CN) <sub>3</sub>	933.2	914.5
CuO	933.7	918.1
Cu <sub>3</sub> Mo <sub>2</sub> O <sub>9</sub>	934.1	916.6
CuMoO <sub>4</sub>	934.1	916.6
CuCr <sub>2</sub> O <sub>4</sub>	934.6	918.0
CuSiO <sub>3</sub>	934.9	915.2
CuCO <sub>3</sub>	935.0	916.3
Cu(OH) <sub>2</sub>	935.1	916.2
CuCl <sub>2</sub>	935.2	915.3
Cu(NO <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>	935.5	915.3
CuSO <sub>4</sub>	935.5	915.6
CuF <sub>2</sub>	936.1	916.0
CuF <sub>2</sub>	936.8	914.4
CuF <sub>2</sub>	937.0	914.8



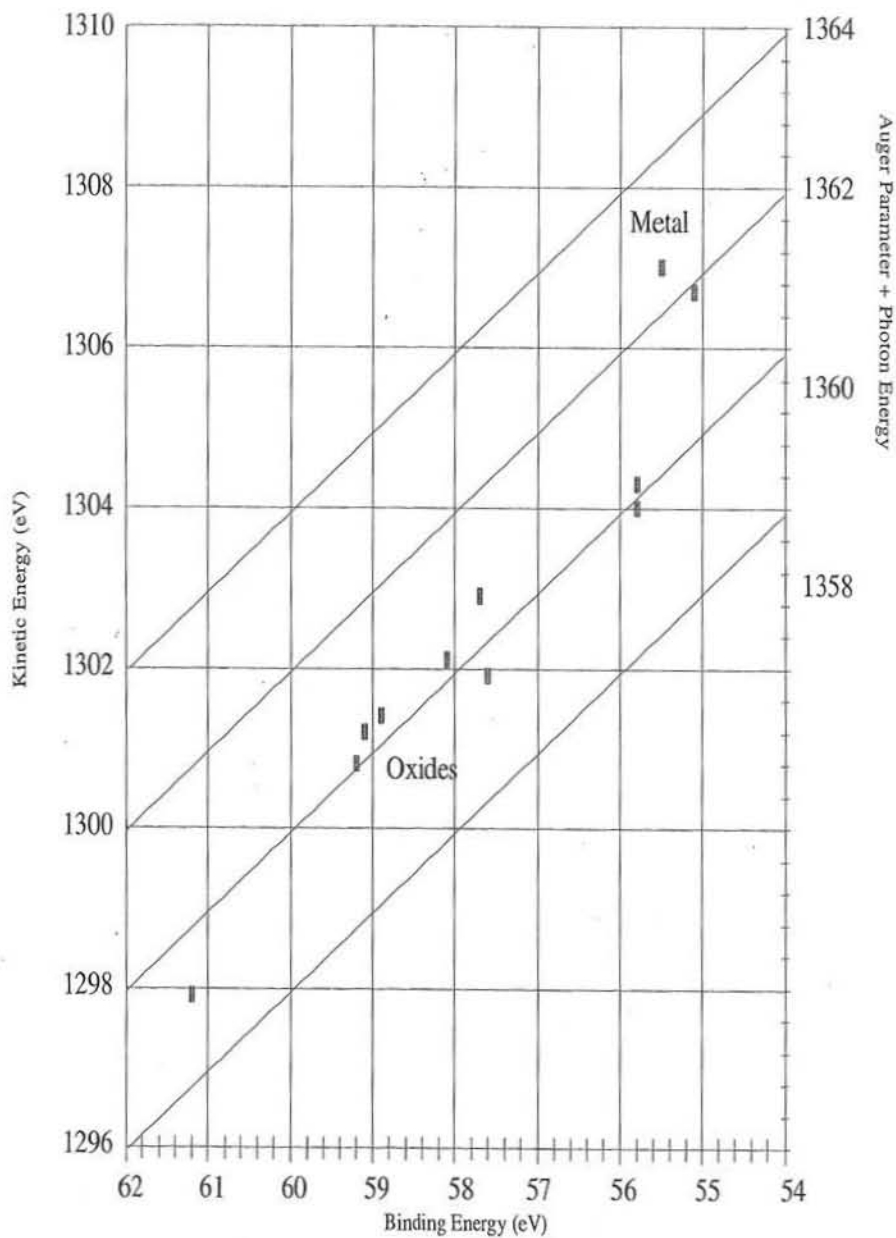
<b>Zinc</b>		
Compound	Zn 2p <sub>3/2</sub> Binding Energy (eV)	Zn LMM Kinetic Energy (eV)
Zn(acac) <sub>2</sub>	1021.4	987.7
Cu <sub>64</sub> Zn <sub>36</sub>	1021.6	992.7
ZnO	1021.75	988.5
Zn	1021.8	992.1
Zn	1021.89	992.1
ZnCl <sub>2</sub>	1021.9	989.4
Zn <sub>4</sub> Si <sub>2</sub> O <sub>7</sub> (OH) <sub>2</sub> · 2H <sub>2</sub> O	1021.96	987.3
ZnS	1022	989.7
ZnF <sub>2</sub>	1022.2	986.2
ZnO	1022.5	987.7
ZnF <sub>2</sub>	1022.8	986.7
ZnI <sub>2</sub>	1023	988.7
ZnBr <sub>2</sub>	1023.4	987.3



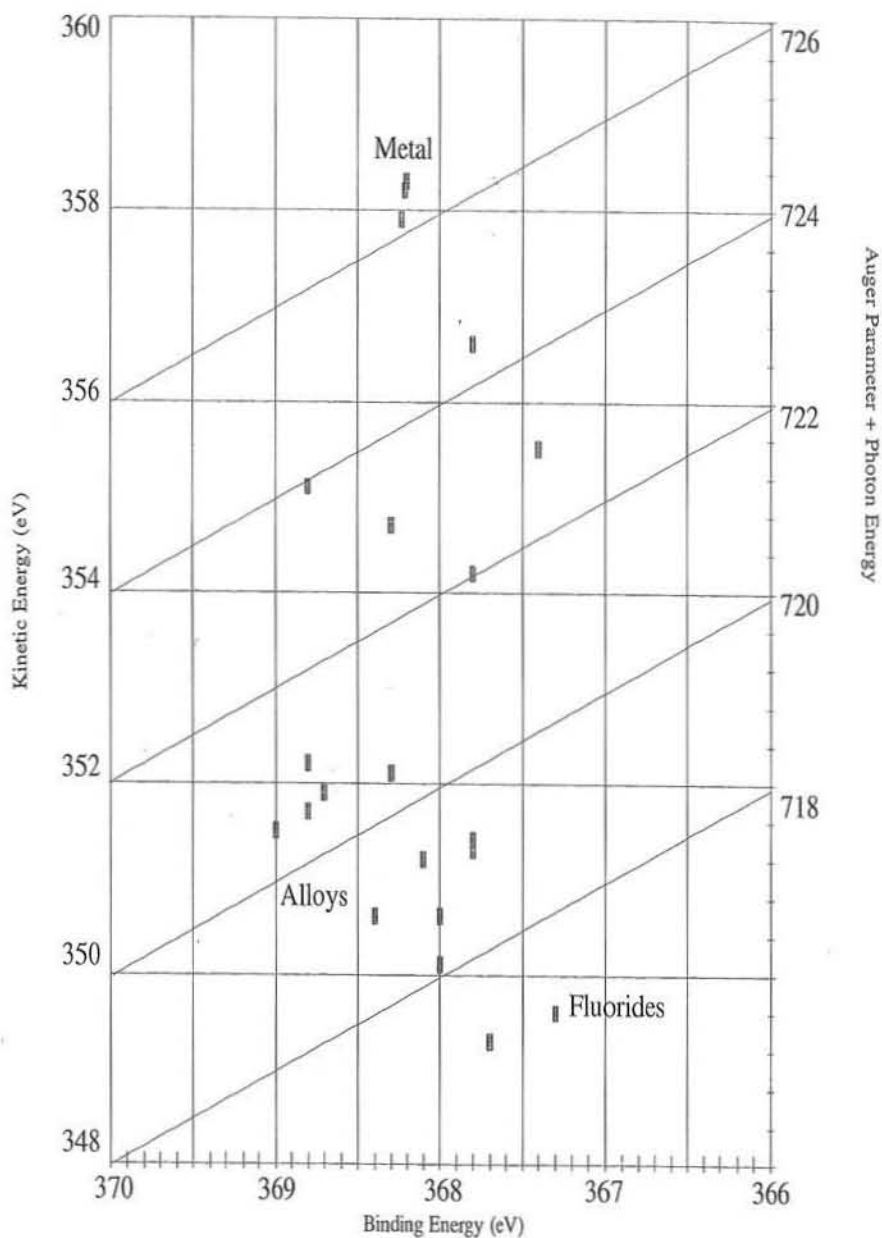
Arsenic		
Compound	As 3d Binding Energy (eV)	As LMM Kinetic Energy (eV)
NbAs	40.8	1226.0
GaAs	40.8	1225.3
As	41.6	1224.8
Ph <sub>3</sub> As	42.8	1221.1
As <sub>2</sub> Se <sub>3</sub>	42.9	1222.3
AsI <sub>3</sub>	43.5	1222.9
MeAsI <sub>2</sub>	43.5	1222.3
Ph <sub>3</sub> AsS	44.1	1220.0
NaAsO <sub>2</sub>	44.2	1219.5
Ph <sub>3</sub> AsO	44.3	1219.5
As <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	44.9	1218.8
AsBr <sub>3</sub>	45.3	1218.1
NaH <sub>2</sub> AsO <sub>4</sub>	45.5	1217.1
As <sub>2</sub> O <sub>5</sub>	46.2	1217.5
KAsF <sub>6</sub>	48.0	1213.8



Selenium		
Compound	Se 3d Binding Energy (eV)	Se LMM Kinetic Energy (eV)
Se	55.1	1306.7
Se	55.5	1307.0
Ph <sub>2</sub> Se	55.8	1304.0
Ph <sub>2</sub> Se <sub>2</sub>	55.8	1304.3
Ph <sub>2</sub> SeO	57.6	1301.9
Cl <sub>2</sub> SePh <sub>2</sub>	57.7	1302.9
I <sub>2</sub> SePh <sub>2</sub>	58.1	1302.1
SeO <sub>2</sub>	58.9	1301.4
Na <sub>2</sub> SeO <sub>3</sub>	59.1	1301.2
H <sub>2</sub> SeO <sub>3</sub>	59.2	1300.8
H <sub>2</sub> SeO <sub>4</sub>	61.2	1297.9

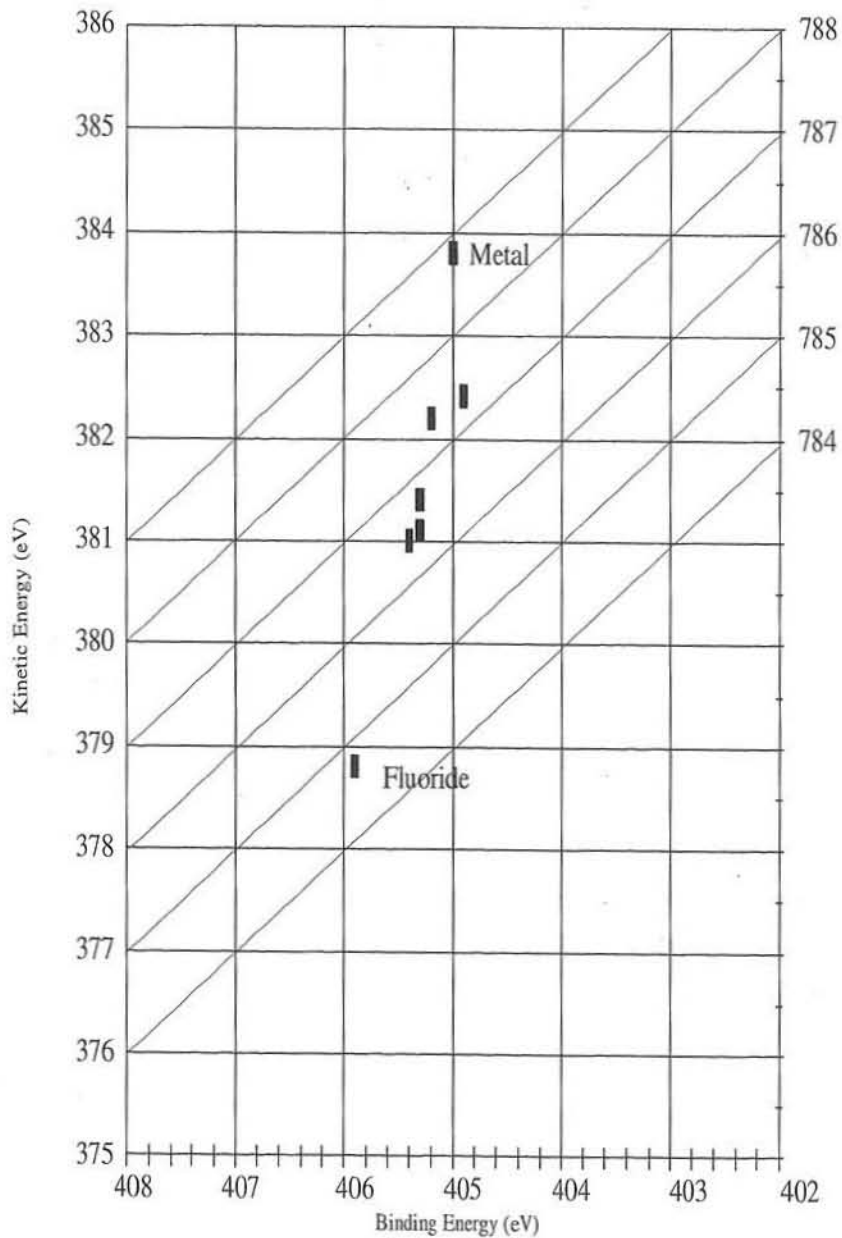


Silver		
Compound	Ag 3d Binding Energy (eV)	Ag MNN Kinetic Energy (eV)
AgF <sub>2</sub>	367.3	349.6
AgO	367.4	355.5
AgF	367.7	349.3
CuAgSe	367.8	351.3
Ag <sub>2</sub> Se	367.8	351.4
Ag <sub>2</sub> O	367.8	356.6
Ag <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub>	367.8	354.2
AgI	368.0	350.1
AgO	368.0	350.6
Ag <sub>2</sub> S	368.1	351.2
Ag	368.2	358.2
Ag	368.2	357.9
Mg <sub>21</sub> Ag <sub>79</sub>	368.3	352.1
Ag <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub>	368.3	354.7
Ag <sub>2</sub> O	368.4	350.6
Mg <sub>30</sub> Ag <sub>50</sub>	368.7	351.9
Al <sub>40</sub> Ag <sub>60</sub>	368.8	351.7
Mg <sub>97</sub> Ag <sub>3</sub>	368.8	352.2
AgOCCF <sub>3</sub>	368.8	355.1
Al <sub>95</sub> Ag <sub>5</sub>	369.0	351.5



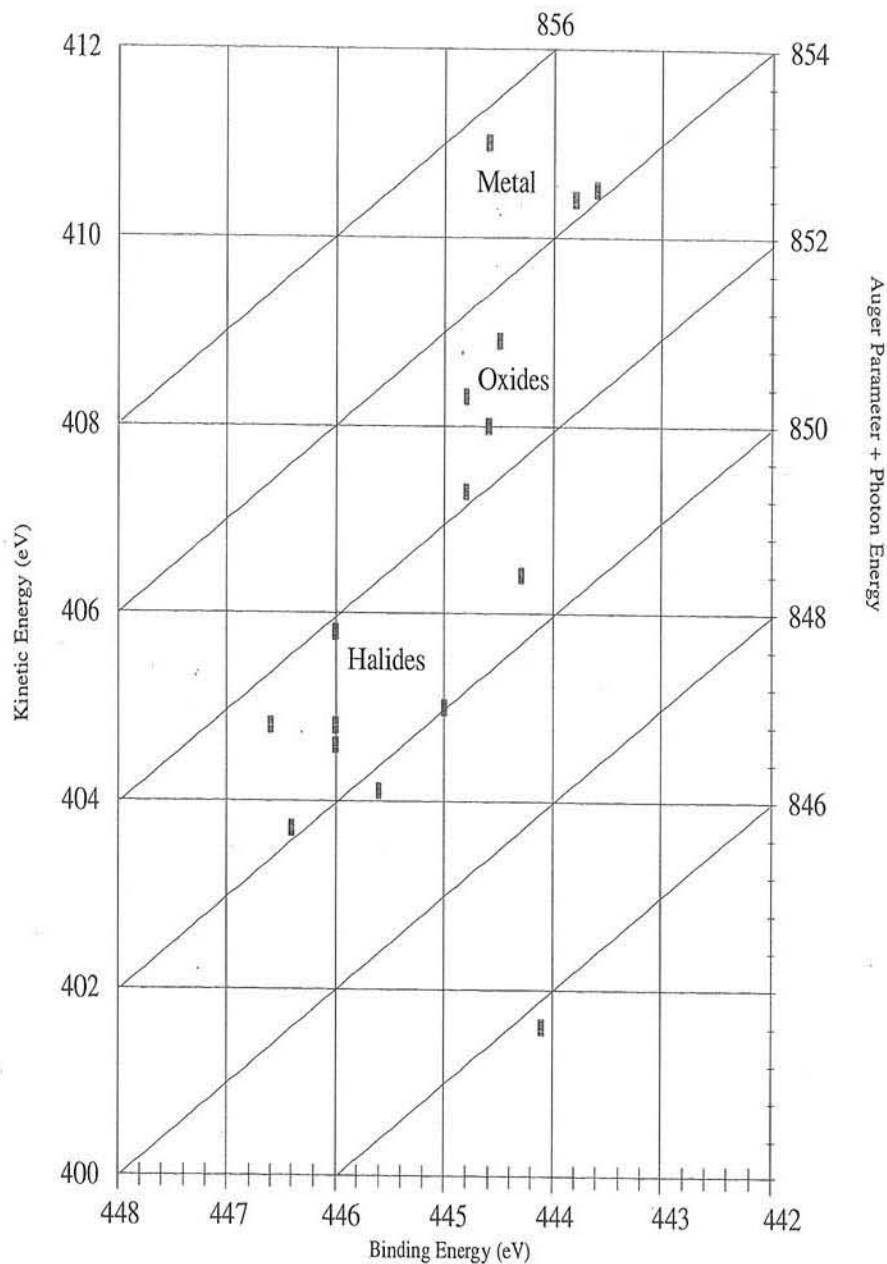


<b>Cadmium</b>		
Compound	Cd 3d <sub>5/2</sub> Binding Energy (eV)	Cd MNN Kinetic Energy (eV)
CdTe	404.9	382.4
Cd	405.0	383.8
CdO	405.2	382.2
CdSe	405.3	381.4
CdS	405.3	381.1
CdI <sub>2</sub>	405.4	381.0
CdF <sub>2</sub>	405.9	378.8

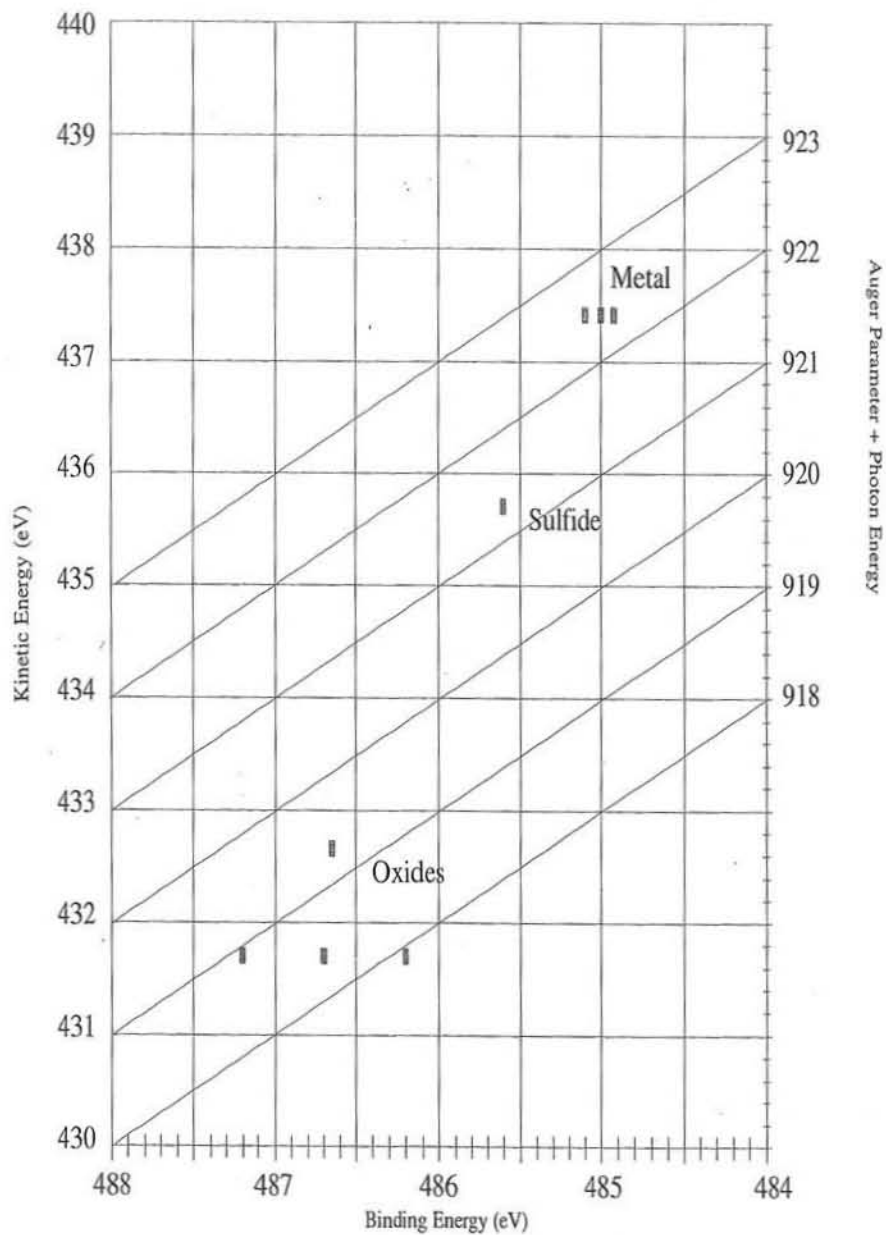


**Indium**

Compound	In 3d <sub>5/2</sub> Binding Energy (eV)	In MNN Kinetic Energy (eV)
In <sub>95</sub> Sn <sub>5</sub>	443.6	410.5
In	443.8	410.4
InSb	444.1	401.6
In <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	444.3	406.4
In <sub>2</sub> Te <sub>3</sub>	444.5	408.9
InP	444.6	408.0
InP	444.6	411.0
In <sub>2</sub> Se <sub>3</sub>	444.8	408.3
In <sub>2</sub> S <sub>3</sub>	444.8	407.3
In(OH) <sub>3</sub>	445.0	405.0
(NH <sub>4</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> InF <sub>6</sub>	445.6	404.1
InI <sub>3</sub>	446.0	405.8
InBr <sub>3</sub>	446.0	404.8
InCl <sub>3</sub>	446.0	404.6
InF <sub>3</sub>	446.4	403.7
InBr <sub>3</sub>	446.6	404.8

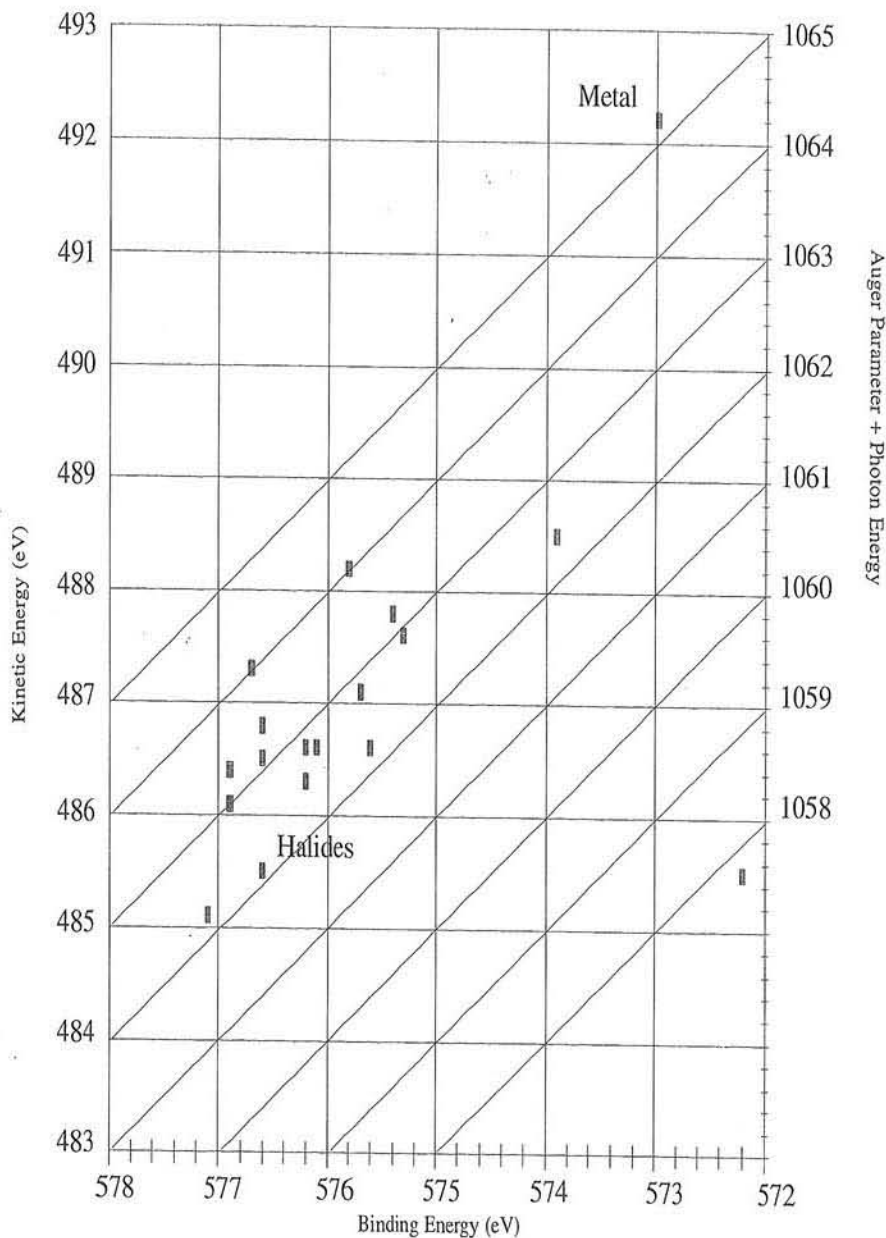


<b>Tin</b>		
Compound	Sn 3d <sub>5/2</sub> Binding Energy (eV)	Sn MNN Kinetic Energy (eV)
Sn	484.9	437.4
Sn	485.0	437.4
Sn	485.1	437.4
SnS	485.6	435.7
Na <sub>2</sub> SnO <sub>3</sub>	486.2	431.7
SnO <sub>2</sub>	486.7	432.7
Na <sub>2</sub> SnO <sub>3</sub>	486.7	431.7
Na <sub>2</sub> SnO <sub>3</sub>	487.2	431.7
NaSnF <sub>3</sub>	487.4	430.8



**Tellurium**

Compound	Te 3d <sub>5/2</sub> Binding Energy (eV)	Te MNN Kinetic Energy (eV)
Na <sub>2</sub> Te	572.2	485.5
Te	573.0	492.2
Ph <sub>2</sub> Te <sub>2</sub>	573.9	488.5
I <sub>2</sub> TeEt <sub>2</sub>	575.3	487.6
I <sub>2</sub> TePh <sub>2</sub>	575.4	487.8
I <sub>2</sub> TeMe <sub>2</sub>	575.6	486.6
TeO <sub>2</sub>	575.7	487.1
I <sub>3</sub> TePh	575.8	488.2
p-tolylTeOOH	576.1	486.6
Cl <sub>2</sub> TePh <sub>2</sub>	576.2	486.3
Br <sub>2</sub> TePh <sub>2</sub>	576.2	486.6
TeO <sub>3</sub>	576.6	485.5
Br <sub>3</sub> TePh	576.6	486.8
Br <sub>3</sub> TeBu	576.6	486.5
TeBr <sub>2</sub>	576.7	487.3
TeCl <sub>4</sub>	576.9	486.1
(NH <sub>4</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> TeCl <sub>6</sub>	576.9	486.4
Te(OH) <sub>6</sub>	577.1	485.1



## Appendix B. Chemical States Tables

This compilation of all the elements, listed alphabetically, provides specific binding energies of various compounds and pure elements, and a reference in abbreviated notation. When Auger lines are listed, they are in kinetic energy. For compounds with more than one chemical state, an asterisk denotes the atom whose binding energy is listed. The references are expanded in Appendix C. Any listing with a  $\Phi$  refers to the work contained in this handbook.

This appendix, most of which was compiled by Dr. Charles Wagner for Perkin-Elmer, is part of the chemical state identification algorithm of the PHI software and is also the basis for the XPS database SRD-20 of the National Institute for Standards and Technology (NIST). Further references may also be found in the journal Surface Science Spectra published by the American Vacuum Society.

<b>Ag 3d</b>			Ag <sub>2</sub> Se	351.4	RRD78
Ag	368.3	$\Phi$	Ag <sub>2</sub> S	351.2	RRD78
Ag	368.2	Asam76	AgI	350.1	GaWi77
Ag	368.2	BiSw80	AgF	349.3	GaWi77
Ag	368.1	BiSw80	AgF <sub>2</sub>	349.6	GaWi77
Ag	368.2	BiSw80	Ag <sub>2</sub> O	356.6	Scho73
Ag	368.2	JHBK73	Ag <sub>2</sub> O	350.6	RRD78, GaWi77
Ag	368.2	NyMa80	AgO	355.5	WRDM79
Ag	368.2	HGW75, Scho73, WRDM79, GaWi77, SFS77, Wagn75	AgO	350.6	GaWi77
Ag	368.2	RRD78, Scho72	Ag <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub>	354.2	Wagn75
Ag <sub>95</sub> Sn <sub>5</sub>	368.0	HSBS81	Ag <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub>	354.7	TMR80
Al <sub>40</sub> Ag <sub>60</sub>	368.8	WeAn80	AgOCCF <sub>3</sub>	355.1	Wagn75
Al <sub>95</sub> Ag <sub>5</sub>	369.0	WeAn80	<b>Al 2p</b>		
Mg <sub>21</sub> Ag <sub>79</sub>	368.3	WeAn80	Al	72.9	$\Phi$
Mg <sub>30</sub> Ag <sub>50</sub>	368.7	WeAn80	Al <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> , sapphire	74.4	$\Phi$
Mg <sub>97</sub> Ag <sub>3</sub>	368.8	WeAn80	Al	72.8	LMKJ75, Tayl82, WPHK82, WRDM79, WaTa80
Ag <sub>2</sub> Yb	368.8	WWC78	AlB <sub>2</sub>	71.9	MECC73
CuAgSe	367.8	RRD78	AlAs	73.6	Tayl82
Ag <sub>2</sub> Se	367.8	RRD78	AlGaAs	73.6	Tayl82
Ag <sub>2</sub> S	368.1	RRD78	Fe <sub>3</sub> Al	73.4	ShTr75
AgI	368.0	GaWi77	LiAlH <sub>4</sub>	75.6	MSC73
AgF	367.7	GaWi77	AlN	74.4	MSC73
AgF <sub>2</sub>	367.3	GaWi77	Al <sub>2</sub> S <sub>3</sub>	74.6	MSC73
Ag <sub>2</sub> O	367.8	HGW75, GaWi77, Scho73	AlI <sub>3</sub>	74.6	MSC73
Ag <sub>2</sub> O	368.4	RRD78	AlBr <sub>3</sub>	75.2	MSC73
AgO	367.4	HGW75, GaWi77, Scho73	AlCl <sub>3</sub>	74.7	MSC73
AgO	368.0	WRDM79	AlF <sub>3</sub>	76.3	MSC73
Ag <sub>2</sub> CO <sub>3</sub>	367.5	HGW75	Al <sub>2</sub> (MoO <sub>4</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	74.2	PCLH76
Ag <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub>	367.8	TMR80	Al <sub>2</sub> (WO <sub>4</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	74.3	NgHe76
Ag <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub>	368.3	Wagn75	CoAl <sub>2</sub> O <sub>4</sub>	73.6	PCLH76
AgOCCF <sub>3</sub>	368.8	Wagn75	MgAl <sub>2</sub> O <sub>4</sub>	74.7	HNUW78
Ag(OAc)	368.4	HHDD81	NiAl <sub>2</sub> O <sub>4</sub>	74.2	LFWS79, NgHe76
Ag(3-Cl-pyridin) <sub>2</sub> NO <sub>3</sub>	368.6	SmWa77	Al <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	74.3	Nefe82, MSC73, NSLS77
<b>Ag MNN</b>			Al <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	74.7	KIHe83, NGDS75
Ag	357.9	WRDM79	Al <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> , sapphire	74.2	Tayl82, WPHK82
Ag	358.2	Wagn75	Al <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> , alpha	73.9	WPHK82
Ag	351.9	RRD 78, PWA 79	Al <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> , gamma	73.7	WPHK82
Ag	351.6	GaWi77	Al <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> , gamma	74.0	Barr83
Ag	358.3	Scho73, FKWF77	Al <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> , gamma	74.3	NgHe76
Al <sub>4</sub> OAg <sub>60</sub>	351.7	WeAn80	AlO <sub>2</sub> H, boehmite	74.2	Tayl82, WPHK82
Al <sub>95</sub> Ag <sub>5</sub>	351.5	WeAn80	Al(OH) <sub>3</sub> , bayerite	74.2	Tayl82, WPHK82
Mg <sub>21</sub> Ag <sub>79</sub>	352.1	WeAn80	Al(OH) <sub>3</sub> , gibbsite	74.0	WPHK82
Mg <sub>30</sub> Ag <sub>50</sub>	351.9	WeAn80	Al <sub>2</sub> SiO <sub>5</sub> , kyanite	74.7	AnSw74
Mg <sub>97</sub> Ag <sub>3</sub>	352.2	WeAn80	Al <sub>2</sub> SiO <sub>5</sub> , mullite	74.8	AnSw74
CuAgSe	351.3	RRD78	Al <sub>2</sub> SiO <sub>5</sub> , sillimanite	74.6	AnSw74, WPHK82
			Albite, NaAlSi <sub>3</sub> O <sub>8</sub>	74.3	WPHK82

Bentonite	75.0	Barr83	As <sub>4</sub> S <sub>4</sub>	43.1	BWWI76
Kaolinite	74.6	Barr83, WPHK82	As <sub>2</sub> S <sub>3</sub>	43.4	BWWI76
Mica, muscovite	74.3	WPHK82	As <sub>2</sub> S <sub>5</sub>	44.4	SMAV72
Natrolite	74.3	WPHK82	AsI <sub>3</sub>	43.5	BWWI76
Pyrophyllite	74.7	WPHK82	AsBr <sub>3</sub>	45.3	BWWI76
Spodumene	74.3	WPHK82	As <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	44.9	LPGC77, MINN78, Tayl82, WRDM79
H Zeolon	74.8	WPHK82			Bert81, BWWI76, MINN78, SMAV72
Hydroxysodalite	75.0	WPHK82	As <sub>2</sub> O <sub>5</sub>	46.2	SMAV72
Mol Sieve A	73.6	WPHK82, Barr83			WRDM79
Al(acac) <sub>3</sub>	72.9	MSC73	KH <sub>2</sub> AsO <sub>4</sub>	46.7	Tayl82, WRDM79
<b>Al KLL</b>			NaH <sub>2</sub> AsO <sub>4</sub>	45.5	SMAV72
Al	1393.3	WPHK82, WaTa80	NaAsO <sub>2</sub>	44.2	WRDM79
AlAs	1391.2	Tayl82	K <sub>3</sub> AsO <sub>4</sub>	44.4	Tayl82, WRDM79
AlN	1389.0	TaRa81	Na <sub>3</sub> AsO <sub>4</sub>	44.9	SMAV72
Al <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> , sapphire	1387.8	Tayl82, WPHK82	Na <sub>4</sub> As <sub>2</sub> O <sub>7</sub>	45.4	SMAV72
Al <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> , alpha	1388.2	WPHK82	KAsF <sub>6</sub>	48.0	SMAV72, WRDM79
Al <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> , gamma	1387.8	WPHK82	LiAsF <sub>6</sub>	49.4	SMAV72
AlOOH	1387.6	WPHK82, Tayl82	Ph <sub>3</sub> As	42.8	HVV79, SMAV72
Al(OH) <sub>3</sub> , bayerite	1387.7	WPHK82, Tayl82	Ph <sub>3</sub> AsS	44.1	BWWI76, HVV79
Al(OH) <sub>3</sub> , gibbsite	1387.4	WPHK82	Ph <sub>3</sub> AsO	44.3	BWWI76, SMAV72, HVV79
Al <sub>2</sub> SiO <sub>5</sub> , sillimanite	1386.9	WPHK82	Ph <sub>3</sub> As(OH) <sub>2</sub>	44.5	SMAV72
Albite, NaAlSi <sub>3</sub> O <sub>8</sub>	1386.5	WPHK82	MeAsI <sub>2</sub>	43.5	BWWI76
Kaolinite	1386.7	WPHK82	Ph <sub>4</sub> AsI	44.6	HVV79
Mica, muscovite	1387.1	WPHK82	Ph <sub>4</sub> AsBr	44.6	HVV79, SMAV72
Natrolite	1386.5	WPHK82	<b>As LMM</b>		
Pyrophyllite	1386.8	WPHK82	As	1224.8	Wagn75, BWWI76
Spodumene	1387.1	WPHK82	NbAs	1226.0	BWWI76
H Zeolon	1385.5	WPHK82	GaAs	1225.3	Tayl82, WRDM79
Hydroxysodalite	1386.4	WPHK82	As <sub>2</sub> Te <sub>3</sub>	1225.0	BWWI76
Mol Sieve	1386.9	WPHK82	As <sub>2</sub> Se <sub>3</sub>	1223.3	BWWI76
<b>Ar 2p</b>			As <sub>2</sub> S <sub>3</sub>	1222.1	BWWI76
Ar in Si	241.9	Φ	AsI <sub>3</sub>	1222.9	BWWI76
Ar in Ag	241.2	CiHa74	AsBr <sub>3</sub>	1218.1	BWWI76
Ar in Ag	241.9	KiWi75	As <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	1218.8	Tayl82, WRDM79, BWWI76
Ar in Au	240.3	CiHa74	As <sub>2</sub> O <sub>5</sub>	1217.5	BWWI76
Ar in Au	240.7	KiWi75	NaH <sub>2</sub> AsO <sub>4</sub>	1217.1	WRDM79
Ar in Cu	241.1	CiHa74	NaAsO <sub>2</sub>	1219.5	Tayl82, WRDM79
Ar in Pt	240.4	KiWi75	K <sub>2</sub> AsF <sub>6</sub>	1213.8	WRDM79
Ar in graphite	241.8	KiWi75	Ph <sub>3</sub> As	1221.1	BWWI76
Ar in graphite	241.5	WRDM79	Ph <sub>3</sub> AsS	1220.0	BWWI76
<b>As 3d</b>			Ph <sub>3</sub> AsO	1219.5	BWWI76
As	41.6	Φ	MeAsI <sub>2</sub>	1222.3	BWWI76
As	41.6	Bert81, BWWI76, MINN78, SMAV72, UeOd81	<b>Au 4f</b>		
NbAs	40.8	BWWI76	Au	84.0	Φ
AlAs	41.0	Tayl82	Au	84.1	Asam76
AlGaAs	41.0	Tayl82	Au	84.0	BiSw80
GaAs	40.8	LPMK74	Au	84.0	BiSw80
GaAs	40.9	GGVL79, WRDM79, Tayl82, MINN78, IMNN79	Au	83.9	BiSw80
InAs	40.6	LPMK74	Au	84.1	PEJ 82
As <sub>2</sub> Se <sub>3</sub>	42.9	BWWI76, UeOd82	Au	84.2	ALMP82
			AuSn	84.5	FHPW73
			AuSn <sub>4</sub>	85.1	FHPW73
			YbAu <sub>2</sub>	84.6	WWC 78
			ClAuPh <sub>3</sub> P	85.4	BMCK77, VVSW77

ClAu(Ph <sub>3</sub> P) <sub>2</sub>	85.4	BMCK77
Cl <sub>3</sub> AuPh <sub>3</sub> P	87.3	BMCK77
(Ph <sub>3</sub> P)AuNO <sub>3</sub>	85.4	BMCK77
ClAu(Ph <sub>3</sub> As)	85.2	VVSW77
(-AuSPEt <sub>2</sub> S-) <sub>2</sub>	84.8	VVSW77
(-AuCH <sub>2</sub> PEt <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> -) <sub>2</sub>	84.0	VVSW77

## Au MNN

Au	2015.8	PEJ82
Au	2101.6	WaTa80
Au	2015.7	WaTa80

## B 1s

B	189.4	Φ
B	187.3	HHJ70
B <sub>4</sub> C	186.5	HHJ70
AlB <sub>2</sub>	188.5	MECC73
Co <sub>2</sub> B	189.1	MECC73
CoB	188.1	MECC73
Fe <sub>2</sub> B	188.4	MECC73
FeB	187.9	MECC73
HfB <sub>2</sub>	188.3	MECC73
MnB <sub>2</sub>	187.2	MECC73
Mo <sub>2</sub> B <sub>5</sub>	187.7	BrWh78
MoB <sub>2</sub>	188.4	MECC73
TiB <sub>2</sub>	187.5	MECC73
VB <sub>2</sub>	188.3	MECC73
W <sub>2</sub> B <sub>5</sub>	187.9	MECC73
CrB <sub>2</sub>	188.0	MECC73
BN	190.5	HJGN70, KOK83, WRDM79
Na <sub>3</sub> BO <sub>6</sub>	192.0	HHJ70
B <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	192.0	BrWh78
B <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	193.3	NGDS75
NaBF <sub>4</sub>	194.9	HHJ70, RNS73
NF <sub>4</sub> BF <sub>4</sub>	195.2	RNS73
NaBH <sub>4</sub>	187.2	HHJ70
H <sub>3</sub> BO <sub>3</sub>	193.0	HHJ70
Na <sub>2</sub> B <sub>4</sub> O <sub>7</sub> · 10H <sub>2</sub> O	192.6	HHJ70
B <sub>10</sub> H <sub>14</sub>	187.8	HHJ70
Me <sub>4</sub> NB <sub>3</sub> H <sub>8</sub>	187.2	HHJ70
NaBPh <sub>4</sub>	187.5	HHJ70
NH <sub>3</sub> BF <sub>3</sub>	194.9	BCGH73
C <sub>5</sub> H <sub>5</sub> NBF <sub>3</sub>	194.3	BCGH73
EtNH <sub>2</sub> BF <sub>3</sub>	194.6	BCGH73
Me <sub>3</sub> NBF <sub>3</sub>	193.6	HHJ70
NaBH(OMe) <sub>3</sub>	192.1	HHJ70
Ph <sub>3</sub> PBF <sub>3</sub>	193.3	HHJ70
Ph <sub>3</sub> POBF <sub>3</sub>	193.8	HHJ70
Ph <sub>3</sub> POBCl <sub>3</sub>	192.6	HHJ70
Ph <sub>3</sub> PBCl <sub>3</sub>	192.7	HHJ70
CH <sub>3</sub> CNBF <sub>3</sub>	195.5	BCGH73
ClC <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> B(OH) <sub>2</sub>	191.7	HHJ70
FC <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> B(OH) <sub>2</sub>	191.7	HHJ70
(Et <sub>3</sub> P) <sub>2</sub> PtB <sub>10</sub> H <sub>12</sub>	188.9	Rigg72
(Ph <sub>3</sub> P) <sub>2</sub> PtB <sub>10</sub> H <sub>12</sub>	188.5	Rigg72

Ba 3d<sub>5/2</sub>

Ba	780.6	Φ
Ba	779.3	VaVe80
BaS	779.8	SiWo80
BaO	779.9	WRDM79
BaO	779.6	SiWo80
BaO	779.1	VaVe80
Ba(NO <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>	780.7	CLSW83
BaCO <sub>3</sub>	779.9	CLSW83
BaSO <sub>4</sub>	780.8	Wagn77
BaSO <sub>4</sub>	780.4	CLSW83
BaSO <sub>4</sub>	779.9	SiWo80
BaCrO <sub>4</sub>	778.9	ACHT73
BaMoO <sub>4</sub>	779.1	NFS82
BaRh <sub>2</sub> O <sub>4</sub>	779.6	NFS82

## Ba MNN

Ba	602.0	VaVe80
BaO	597.5	WRDM79
BaO	598.4	VaVe80
BaSO <sub>4</sub>	596.1	Wagn77

## Be 1s

Be	111.8	Φ
Be	111.7	HJGN70, SMK77, WRDM79
BeO	113.8	HJGN70, KOK83, NFS82
BeMoO <sub>4</sub>	113.7	NFS82
BeRh <sub>2</sub> O <sub>4</sub>	113.8	NFS82
BeF <sub>2</sub>	115.3	NKBP73
BeF <sub>2</sub>	116.1	HJGN70
NaBeF <sub>3</sub>	115.3	NKBP73
Na <sub>2</sub> BeF <sub>4</sub>	114.7	NKBP73

## Bi 4f

Bi	157.0	Φ
Bi	156.9	SFS77
Bi	157.0	LKMP73
Bi	157.0	WRDM79, MSV73
Bi <sub>2</sub> S <sub>3</sub>	158.9	MSV73
BiI <sub>3</sub>	159.3	MSV73
BiF <sub>3</sub>	160.8	MSV73
Bi <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	158.8	NGDS75
Bi <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	159.3	MSV73
Bi <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	159.8	DSBG82
BiOCl	159.9	MSV73
NaBiO <sub>3</sub>	159.1	MSV73
Bi <sub>2</sub> MoO <sub>6</sub>	158.3	MaWo75
Bi <sub>2</sub> Ti <sub>2</sub> O <sub>7</sub>	159.7	MSV73
(BiO) <sub>2</sub> Cr <sub>2</sub> O <sub>7</sub>	159.6	MSV73
Bi <sub>2</sub> (SO <sub>4</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> · H <sub>2</sub> O	161.2	MSV73

## Br 3d

KBr	68.8	Φ
CsBr	68.1	MVS73
CsBr	69.6	Shiq78



RbBr	68.4	MVS73	Cr(CO) <sub>6</sub>	287.9	BCGH72, BCHM72, KTWY76, PFD73
KBr	68.8	MVS73, WaTa80	Co(CO) <sub>2</sub> NO	288.2	BCGH72
NaBr	68.8	MVS73, ShIq78	Fe(CO) <sub>5</sub>	288.0	BCGH72
LiBr	69.2	MVS73	Fe(CO) <sub>2</sub> (NO) <sub>2</sub>	288.2	BCGH72
CdBr <sub>2</sub>	69.2	SATD73	Mn <sub>2</sub> (CO) <sub>10</sub>	287.5	VWVB77
CuBr <sub>2</sub>	68.9	VWHS81	Ni(CO) <sub>4</sub>	288.2	BCGH72
HgBr <sub>2</sub>	69.0	SATD73	(Mn(CO) <sub>4</sub> Br) <sub>2</sub>	287.6	VWVB77
PbBr <sub>2</sub>	68.7	Nefe82	BrMn(CO) <sub>5</sub>	288.0	VWVB77
ZnBr <sub>2</sub>	70.0	SATD73	Ag <sub>2</sub> CO <sub>3</sub>	288.4	HGW 75
Co(NH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>6</sub> SbBr <sub>6</sub>	68.9	Tric74	BaCO <sub>3</sub>	289.4	CLSW83
Ni(NH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>6</sub> Br <sub>2</sub>	68.7	NZB 78	CaCO <sub>3</sub>	289.6	CLSW83
Pt(NH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>4</sub> Br <sub>2</sub>	68.4	SNMK78	CdCO <sub>3</sub>	289.3	HGW 75
K <sub>2</sub> PtBr <sub>4</sub>	69.3	SNMK78	Li <sub>2</sub> CO <sub>3</sub>	289.8	CSFG79
K <sub>2</sub> PtBr <sub>6</sub>	69.2	SNMK78	Na <sub>2</sub> CO <sub>3</sub>	289.4	GHHL70, HHDD81
C <sub>5</sub> Sb <sub>2</sub> Br <sub>9</sub>	70.8	Tric74	NaHCO <sub>3</sub>	290.0	GHHL70
Rb <sub>3</sub> Sb <sub>2</sub> Br <sub>9</sub>	70.1	Tric74	SrCO <sub>3</sub>	289.5	CLSW83
Bromanil	70.1	OYK74	CS <sub>2</sub>	287.0	GHHL70
Ph <sub>4</sub> AsBr	66.7	HVV79	CO <sub>2</sub>	291.9	GHHL70
Ph <sub>2</sub> SbBr	68.0	HVV79	CCl <sub>4</sub>	292.4	GHHL70
(Me <sub>4</sub> N) <sub>2</sub> ZnBr <sub>4</sub>	67.8	EMGK74	COF <sub>2</sub>	293.9	GHHL70
(Et <sub>4</sub> N) <sub>2</sub> MnBr <sub>4</sub>	67.9	EMGK74	CF <sub>4</sub>	296.7	GHHL70
(Et <sub>4</sub> N) <sub>2</sub> NiBr <sub>4</sub>	68.9	EMGK74	Cyclohexane	285.2	GHHL70
H <sub>3</sub> POBBBr <sub>3</sub>	69.3	HVV79	Benzene	284.7	GHHL70, LaFo76, CKAM72
H <sub>3</sub> PBBBr <sub>3</sub>	69.6	HVV79	C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> C*H <sub>3</sub>	284.7	CKM71
Br <sub>2</sub> Pt(CH <sub>3</sub> CONH) <sub>4</sub>	68.7	NeSa78	C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> CH <sub>3</sub> (C*CH <sub>3</sub> )	285.1	CKM71
			C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> CH <sub>3</sub> (C*-H)	285.0	CKM71
<b>Br LMM</b>			Fe(C <sub>5</sub> H <sub>5</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>	284.5	BCDH73
LiBr	1389.2	Wagn78	Cr(C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>6</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>	284.4	KTWY76
NaBr	1388.3	Wagn78	CH <sub>3</sub> C*H <sub>2</sub> OH	286.3	GHHL70
KBr	1388.0	WaTa80	CH <sub>3</sub> COOC*H <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>3</sub>	286.9	GHHL70
KBrO <sub>3</sub>	1384.4	Wagn78	C <sub>6</sub> F <sub>6</sub>	289.5	CKAM72
Cl <sub>6</sub> H <sub>33</sub> Me <sub>3</sub> NBr	1390.1	Wagn78	Inositol	286.7	GHHL70
			Hydroquinone	286.4	OYK74
<b>C 1s</b>			(C*HCOH) <sub>3</sub>	284.8	GHHL70
Graphite	284.5	Φ	(CHC*OH) <sub>3</sub>	286.6	GHHL70
Graphite	284.3	JHBK73	(CH <sub>3</sub> C*H <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> O	286.5	GHHL70, CITH78
Cr <sub>3</sub> C <sub>2</sub>	282.8	RHJF69	HCHO	287.7	GHHL70
Fe <sub>3</sub> C	283.9	ShTi75	(CH <sub>3</sub> C*HO) <sub>3</sub>	287.6	GHHL70
HfC	280.8	RHJF69	CH <sub>3</sub> C*OCH <sub>3</sub>	287.9	GHHL70
Mo <sub>2</sub> C	282.7	RHJF69	CF <sub>3</sub> C*OCH <sub>3</sub>	288.5	GHHL70
NbC	281.9	RHJF69	C*F <sub>3</sub> COCH <sub>3</sub>	292.6	GHHL70
Ni <sub>3</sub> C	283.9	SiLe78	(CO) <sub>6</sub>	288.3	GHHL70
TaC	281.9	RHJF69	CH <sub>3</sub> C*OOH	289.3	GHHL70
TiC	281.6	RHJF69, IKIM73	CH <sub>3</sub> C*OONa	288.2	HHDD81
VC	282.2	RHJF69	CH <sub>3</sub> C*OONa	288.8	GHHL70
WC	282.8	RHJF69, CoRa76	CH <sub>3</sub> C*OOAg	288.3	HHDD81
ZrC	281.1	RHJF69	HOCCOOH	289.9	GHHL70
KCN	286.1	Vann76	(COONa) <sub>2</sub>	289.0	GHHL70
NaCN	286.2	Vann76	CF <sub>3</sub> C*OOEt	290.4	GHHL70
K <sub>3</sub> Co(CN) <sub>6</sub>	285.9	Vann76	C*F <sub>3</sub> COEt	292.9	GHHL70
K <sub>3</sub> Cr(CN) <sub>6</sub>	283.9	Vann76, ZeHa71	Cl <sub>3</sub> C*COONa	289.5	GHHL70
K <sub>3</sub> Fe(CN) <sub>6</sub>	283.9	Vann76, ZeHa71	Cl <sub>3</sub> CC*OONa	288.3	GHHL70
K <sub>4</sub> Fe(CN) <sub>6</sub>	283.5	Vann76	F <sub>3</sub> C*COONa	292.1	GHHL70
K <sub>3</sub> Mn(CN) <sub>6</sub>	284.0	Vann76	F <sub>3</sub> CC*OONa	288.9	GHHL70
Na <sub>4</sub> Mn(CN) <sub>6</sub>	284.0	Vann76	p-Benzoquinone	287.4	OYK74
K <sub>4</sub> V(CN) <sub>6</sub>	285.5	Vann76			



Cr(acac) <sub>3</sub>	286.0	ZeHa71	PVA (-CH <sub>2</sub> C*HOH-)n	286.1	PRCV77
CH <sub>3</sub> C*H <sub>2</sub> OCOCI	287.1	GHHL70	Cellulose	286.2	CDW81
EtOC*OCl	290.8	GHHL70	PEO (-CH <sub>2</sub> C*H <sub>2</sub> O-)n	286.1	CDW81
(PhO) <sub>2</sub> CO	290.7	CITh78	poly (-CH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> C=O-)n	287.4	CDW81
HC*(OCH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	289.7	GHHL70	C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> (C*OOH) <sub>2</sub>	288.9	CDW81
HCOONH <sub>4</sub>	288.4	GHHL70	HOOC*(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>4</sub> C*OOH	288.9	CDW81
OC*(OCH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>	291.2	GHHL70	Sodium Stearate	288.3	CDW81
O(C*H <sub>2</sub> COOH) <sub>2</sub>	286.7	GHHL70	Mylar Polyester C*-H	284.85	JFM
O(CH <sub>2</sub> C*OOH) <sub>2</sub>	289.5	GHHL70	Mylar Polyester C*-O	286.3	CDW81
CH <sub>3</sub> C*H <sub>2</sub> Cl	286.1	GHHL70	Mylar Polyester C*O <sub>2</sub>	288.7	CDW81
CH <sub>2</sub> Br <sub>2</sub>	287.1	GHHL70	Polycarbonate-OC*O <sub>2</sub> -	290.4	CDW81
CH <sub>2</sub> Cl <sub>2</sub>	287.8	GHHL70	Teflon (-CF <sub>2</sub> CF <sub>2</sub> -)n	292.2	CFK73
HCF <sub>3</sub>	294.7	GHHL70	(-C*FHCF <sub>2</sub> -)n	289.3	CFK73
HCCl <sub>3</sub>	289.6	GHHL70	(-CFHC*F <sub>2</sub> -)n	291.6	CFK73
C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> Cl (C*Cl)	287.1	CKM71	(-CFHC*F <sub>2</sub> -)n	288.4	CFK73
C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> Cl(C*H)	285.7	CKM71	(-C*H <sub>2</sub> CF <sub>2</sub> -)n	286.3	CFK73
C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> Br	285.1	LaFo76	(-CH <sub>2</sub> C*F <sub>2</sub> -)n	290.8	CFK73
C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> F(C*F)	287.8	CKM71	(-C*H <sub>2</sub> CFH-)n	285.9	CFK73
C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> F(C*H)	285.6	CKM71	(-CH <sub>2</sub> C*FH-)n	288.0	CFK73
C <sub>6</sub> HCl <sub>5</sub>	286.1	CKAM75	PVC (-C*H <sub>2</sub> CHCl-)n	284.9	PRCV77
C <sub>6</sub> HF <sub>5</sub> (C*H)	286.9	CKAM72	PVC (-CH <sub>2</sub> C*HCl-)n	286.5	PRCV77
C <sub>6</sub> HF <sub>5</sub> (C*F)	289.2	CKAM72			
C <sub>6</sub> F <sub>6</sub>	288.7	GHHL70			
Cl <sub>2</sub> FCCFC <sub>2</sub>	291.7	GHHL70			
ClF <sub>2</sub> C*FC <sub>2</sub>	292.9	GHHL70			
C*H <sub>3</sub> CN	286.3	BCGH73			
CH <sub>3</sub> C*N	287.2	BCGH73			
CH <sub>3</sub> CONH <sub>2</sub>	288.4	SNMK78			
EtNH <sub>2</sub>	285.6	BCGH73, GHHL70			
EtNH <sub>2</sub> BF <sub>3</sub>	286.8	BCGH73			
PhNH <sub>2</sub>	284.6	LaFo76			
C(NH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> Cl	289.4	LeRa77			
(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>6</sub> N <sub>4</sub>	286.9	GHHL70			
C <sub>5</sub> H <sub>5</sub> N	285.5	BCGH73			
PhCN	285.4	LaFo76			
C*H <sub>3</sub> CNBF <sub>3</sub>	287.3	BCGH73			
CH <sub>3</sub> C*NBF <sub>3</sub>	289.1	BCGH73			
Triazole	286.3	GHHL70			
NC*N=C(NH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>	286.4	LeRa77			
NCN=C*(NH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>	288.2	LeRa77			
H <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> C*OONa	287.9	GHHL70			
H <sub>2</sub> NCONH <sub>2</sub>	288.7	GHHL70, LeRa77			
H <sub>2</sub> NCSNH <sub>2</sub>	288.0	LeRa77, SrWa77			
H <sub>2</sub> NCONHCONH <sub>2</sub>	289.3	YYS78			
PhNO <sub>2</sub>	285.3	LaFo76			
Ph <sub>3</sub> P	284.9	LMF80			
Ph <sub>3</sub> PO	284.6	LMF80			
Ph <sub>4</sub> PBr	285.4	LMF80, LaFo76			
Ph <sub>4</sub> Sn	284.6	BALS76			
p(CH <sub>2</sub> =CHCl)	286.3	PRCV77			
p(CH <sub>2</sub> =CHOH)	286.3	PRCV77			
p(HOCOCH=CH <sub>2</sub> )	289.0	HHDD81			
p(NaOCOCMe=CH <sub>2</sub> )	288.1	HHDD81			
p(C*H <sub>3</sub> OCOCMe=CH <sub>2</sub> )	286.4	CITh78			
p(CH <sub>3</sub> OC*OCH=CH <sub>2</sub> )	288.6	CITh78			
p(MeOCOCMe=CH <sub>2</sub> )	289.0	HHDD81			
			<b>Ca 2p</b>		
			Ca	346.3	Φ
			CaCO <sub>3</sub>	346.6	Φ
			Ca	345.9	VaVe80
			Ca	346.8	SMKM77
			CaH <sub>2</sub>	346.7	FMUK77
			CaSe	345.9	FMUK77
			CaS	346.5	FMUK77
			CaCl <sub>2</sub>	348.3	Wagn77
			CaF <sub>2</sub>	347.8	Wagn77, NSLS77
			CaO	346.1	InYa81
			CaO	346.7	FMUK77
			CaO	347.3	VaVe80
			CaCO <sub>3</sub>	346.9	Wagn77, CLSW83, WRDM79
			Ca(NO <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>	348.7	CLSW83
			CaCrO <sub>4</sub>	346.3	ACHT73
			CaMoO <sub>4</sub>	347.2	NFS82
			CaRh <sub>2</sub> O <sub>4</sub>	345.7	NFS82
			CaSO <sub>4</sub>	348.0	CLSW83
			CaWO <sub>4</sub>	346.5	Nefe82
			Ca <sub>3</sub> Si <sub>3</sub> O <sub>9</sub>	347.0	WPHK82
			<b>Ca LMM</b>		
			Ca	298.2	VaVe80
			CaO	292.5	VaVe80
			CaCO <sub>3</sub>	291.9	WRDM79, Wagn77
			CaCl <sub>2</sub>	291.9	Wagn77
			CaF <sub>2</sub>	289.1	Wagn77
			<b>Cd 3d<sub>5/2</sub></b>		
			Cd	405.1	Φ
			Cd	405.0	GaWi77, HSBS81, WRDM79, Wagn75
			Cd <sub>996</sub> Sn <sub>4</sub>	404.9	HSBS81



Hg <sub>0.8</sub> Cd <sub>0.2</sub> Te	404.6	SBB80	K <sub>2</sub> ReCl <sub>6</sub>	198.4	CoHe72
CdTe	404.9	SBB80, GaWi77	K <sub>2</sub> ReCl <sub>6</sub>	199.3	LeBr72
CdSe	405.3	GaWi77	K <sub>2</sub> SnCl <sub>6</sub>	198.4	CoHe72
CdS	405.3	GaWi77	K <sub>2</sub> WCl <sub>6</sub>	199.0	LeBr72
CdI <sub>2</sub>	405.4	GaWi77	K <sub>3</sub> IrCl <sub>6</sub>	198.7	NSBN77
CdBr <sub>2</sub>	406.0	SATD73	K <sub>3</sub> RhCl <sub>6</sub>	198.4	SNMK78
CdCl <sub>2</sub>	406.1	SATD73	K <sub>4</sub> Mo <sub>2</sub> Cl <sub>8</sub>	198.8	HUGH79
CdF <sub>2</sub>	405.9	GaWi77, SATD73, Wagn77	Na <sub>2</sub> PdCl <sub>4</sub>	199.3	SeTs76
CdO	405.2	GaWi77, NGDS75, NFS82, SBB80	Co(NH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>6</sub> SbCl <sub>6</sub>	198.9	Tric74
CdO <sub>2</sub>	403.6	HGW75	Pt(NH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> Cl <sub>2</sub>	198.8	CMHL77, Nefe78
Cd(OH) <sub>2</sub>	405.0	WRDM79, HGW75	Pt(NH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>4</sub> Cl <sub>2</sub>	197.8	SNMK78
CdCO <sub>3</sub>	405.1	HGW75	Pt(NH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>6</sub> Cl <sub>4</sub>	197.8	SNMK78
CdRh <sub>2</sub> O <sub>4</sub>	404.7	NFS82	Rh(NH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>6</sub> Cl <sub>3</sub>	198.1	Nefe78
			Cs <sub>3</sub> Sb <sub>2</sub> Cl <sub>9</sub>	198.0	BCH75, Tric74
<b>Cd MNN</b>			CsSbCl <sub>6</sub>	199.2	Tric74
Cd	383.8	WRDM79, Wagn75,	KIrCl <sub>5</sub> NO	198.9	NSBN77
		GaWi77	ICl	200.1	Sher76
CdTe	382.4	GaWi77	CsClO <sub>4</sub>	208.2	MVS73
CdSe	381.4	GaWi77	KClO <sub>3</sub>	206.5	MVS73
CdS	381.1	GaWi77	KClO <sub>4</sub>	208.8	MVS73
CdI <sub>2</sub>	381.0	GaWi77	LiClO <sub>4</sub>	209.0	MVS73
CdF <sub>2</sub>	378.8	GaWi77	NaClO <sub>4</sub>	208.5	MVS73
CdO	382.2	GaWi77	Ni(NH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>6</sub> (ClO <sub>4</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>	208.2	NZB78
			NiClO <sub>4</sub> · 6H <sub>2</sub> O	208.6	NZB78
<b>Ce 3d</b>			RbClO <sub>4</sub>	208.4	MVS73
Ce	883.8	φ	Me <sub>4</sub> NCl	196.2	EMGK74
Ce	883.9	ScOs82	Et <sub>4</sub> NCl	196.4	EMGK74
CeAl <sub>2</sub>	883.5	LFBC80	Ph <sub>4</sub> NCl	196.1	HVV79
CePd <sub>3</sub>	884.3	LFBC80	NH <sub>4</sub> Cl	197.9	EMGK74
CeSe	884.3	LFBC80	Chlorobenzene	200.1	CKAM75
CeCu <sub>2</sub> Si <sub>2</sub>	883.6	LFBC80	Pentachlorobenzene	200.0	CKAM75
CeO <sub>2</sub>	881.8	WRDM79	ClRh(Ph <sub>3</sub> P) <sub>3</sub>	198.0	Nefe78, OIIT79, MMRC72
CeO <sub>2</sub>	882.4	NGDS75, SaRa80	(Et <sub>3</sub> P) <sub>2</sub> PtHCl	198.0	Rigg72
CeH <sub>3</sub>	886.0	ScOs82	(Ph <sub>3</sub> P) <sub>2</sub> PtHCl, trans	197.1	CBA73
			(Et <sub>3</sub> P) <sub>2</sub> PtCl <sub>4</sub>	199.2	LeBr72, Nefe78, Rigg72
<b>Cl 2p</b>			(Et <sub>3</sub> P) <sub>2</sub> PtCl <sub>2</sub>	198.1	Rigg72
KCl	198.5	φ	(Ph <sub>3</sub> P) <sub>2</sub> NiCl <sub>2</sub>	199.0	BNSA70, STHU76
CsCl	196.3	MVS73	(Ph <sub>3</sub> P) <sub>2</sub> NiCl <sub>2</sub>	198.3	NZB78
KCl	198.2	MVS73, NSLS77, YYS78	Ph <sub>3</sub> PBCl <sub>3</sub>	199.4	HVV79
NaCl	198.4	MVS73, NSLS77, SGS070	Ph <sub>3</sub> POBCl <sub>3</sub>	198.9	HVV79
LiCl	198.5	MVS73, CSFG79	(Nb <sub>6</sub> Cl <sup>*</sup> <sub>12</sub> )Cl <sub>6</sub> (Et <sub>4</sub> N) <sub>3</sub>	199.4	BeWa79
RbCl	197.9	MVS73	(Nb <sub>6</sub> Cl <sub>12</sub> )Cl <sup>*</sup> <sub>6</sub> (Et <sub>4</sub> N) <sub>3</sub>	197.5	BeWa79
CuCl <sub>2</sub>	200.0	VWHS81	CdCl <sub>2</sub>	199.0	SATD73
NiCl <sub>2</sub>	199.4	KIHe83, TRLK73, YYS 78	CuCl <sub>2</sub>	199.2	YYS78
PdCl <sub>2</sub>	198.9	NKBP73	HgCl <sub>2</sub>	198.7	SATD73
RhCl <sub>3</sub>	199.3	OIIT79	InCl	198.4	FHT77
RhCl <sub>3</sub> · 12H <sub>2</sub> O	199.2	CMHL77	InCl <sub>3</sub>	199.0	FHT77
SbCl <sub>5</sub>	199.7	BCH 75	TiCl <sub>4</sub>	198.2	MRV83
ZnCl <sub>2</sub>	198.5	KIHe83	UCl <sub>3</sub>	198.1	TBVL82
K <sub>2</sub> IrCl <sub>6</sub>	198.6	NSBN77, LeBr72, CoHe72	UCl <sub>4</sub>	197.7	TBVL82
K <sub>2</sub> MoCl <sub>6</sub>	198.4	CoHe72	UCl <sub>5</sub>	197.7	TBVL82
K <sub>2</sub> OsCl <sub>6</sub>	198.6	CoHe72, LeBr72	UOCl	198.5	TBVL82
K <sub>2</sub> PdCl <sub>4</sub>	198.8	NKBP73	UOCl <sub>2</sub>	198.3	TBVL82
K <sub>2</sub> PtCl <sub>4</sub>	198.8	CMHL77, SNMK78	ZnCl <sub>2</sub>	199.7	SATD73
K <sub>2</sub> PtCl <sub>6</sub>	198.8	CoHe72, LeBr72, SNMK78	(NH <sub>4</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> PtCl <sub>4</sub>	198.2	KaEl79
			OPCl <sub>3</sub>	201.7	FIWe75

KClO <sub>3</sub>	206.5	NZK77	Br <sub>4</sub> Co(Et <sub>4</sub> N) <sub>2</sub>	780.1	EMGK74
KClO <sub>4</sub>	208.7	NZK77	Cl <sub>4</sub> Co(Et <sub>4</sub> N) <sub>2</sub>	780.6	EMGK74
HClPt(Ph <sub>3</sub> P) <sub>2</sub>	197.9	AL77	Cl <sub>2</sub> Co(thiourea) <sub>2</sub>	780.9	NBMO73
HClPt(Et <sub>3</sub> P) <sub>2</sub>	198.0	AL77			
Cl <sub>2</sub> Pt(Ph <sub>3</sub> P) <sub>2</sub>	198.0	AL77			
Ph <sub>4</sub> PCuCl <sub>2</sub>	198.9	FSJL83	<b>Cr 2p</b>		
Ph <sub>4</sub> PCuCl <sub>3</sub>	199.0	FSJL83	Cr	574.4	Φ
C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> Cl	201.0	CKM71	Cr <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	576.9	Φ
C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> CCl <sub>3</sub>	201.0	CKM71	Cr	574.3	LANM81
C(NH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> Cl	198.0	LeRa77	Cr	574.3	WRDM79
p(CH <sub>2</sub> =CHCl)	200.0	PRCV77, WRDM79	Cr <sub>2</sub> N	576.1	RoRo76
			CrN	575.8	STAB76
			CrB <sub>2</sub>	574.3	MECC73
			Cr <sub>2</sub> S <sub>3</sub>	574.8	CSC72
			CrI <sub>3</sub>	576.7	CSC72
			CrBr <sub>3</sub>	576.2	CSC72
			CrCl <sub>3</sub>	577.4	CSC72
			Cr <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	576.8	BDFP81, CDFM82, CSC72, WRDM79, NGDS75
			CrO <sub>2</sub>	576.3	IKK76
			CrO <sub>3</sub>	578.3	ACHT73
			CrF <sub>3</sub>	580.3	CSC72
			CrO <sub>3</sub>	579.8	CDFM82
			Cr(OH) <sub>3</sub>	577.3	CDFM82
			CrOOH	577.0	IKK76
			Cr(CO) <sub>6</sub>	576.3	BCGH72, BCHM72
			Cr(CO) <sub>6</sub>	577.0	PFD73
			Cs <sub>2</sub> CrO <sub>4</sub>	579.8	AT76
			Cs <sub>2</sub> Cr <sub>2</sub> O <sub>7</sub>	579.5	AT76
			CuCrO <sub>2</sub>	576.4	ACHT73
			CuCr <sub>2</sub> O <sub>4</sub>	577.1	CDFM82
			K <sub>2</sub> Cr <sub>2</sub> O <sub>7</sub>	579.9	NSSP80
			LaCrO <sub>3</sub>	575.8	HoTh80
			Li <sub>2</sub> CrO <sub>4</sub>	579.8	ACHT73
			LiCrO <sub>2</sub>	577.0	ACHT73
			Na <sub>2</sub> CrO <sub>4</sub>	579.8	ACHT73
			Na <sub>2</sub> CrO <sub>4</sub>	580.5	LaKe76
			Na <sub>2</sub> Cr <sub>2</sub> O <sub>7</sub>	579.4	ACHT73
			Na <sub>3</sub> CrO <sub>4</sub>	578.5	LaKe76
			Na <sub>4</sub> CrO <sub>4</sub>	577.9	LaKe76
			NaCrO <sub>2</sub>	577.1	LaKe76, ACHT73
			ZnCr <sub>2</sub> O <sub>4</sub>	577.2	BDFP81
			BaCrO <sub>4</sub>	579.1	AITu76
			CaCrO <sub>4</sub>	578.9	ACHT73
			(NH <sub>4</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> CrF <sub>6</sub>	579.5	AITu76
			Cr(NH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>6</sub> Cl <sub>3</sub>	578.5	AITu76
			K <sub>3</sub> Cr(CN) <sub>6</sub>	576.3	Vann76, ZeHa71
			K <sub>3</sub> CrF <sub>6</sub>	583.0	AITu76
			Cr(acac) <sub>3</sub>	577.7	AITu76
			Cr(acac) <sub>3</sub>	576.1	ZeHa71
			Cl <sub>3</sub> Cr(urea) <sub>6</sub>	579.9	AITu76
			Cr(C <sub>5</sub> H <sub>5</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>	574.8	BCDH73, CDH 74, GSMJ74
			Cr(C <sub>5</sub> H <sub>5</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>	576.3	ClAd71
			Cr(C <sub>5</sub> H <sub>5</sub> )(C <sub>7</sub> H <sub>7</sub> )	574.4	CDH74, GSMJ74
			Cr(C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>6</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>	574.1	CDH74
			Cr(C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>6</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>	575.4	PFD73
			Cr(CO) <sub>3</sub> PH <sub>3</sub>	575.3	BCGH72
<b>Co 2p</b>					
Co	778.3	Φ			
CoO	780.4	Φ			
Co	778.3	LANM81			
Co	778.1	WRDM79			
Co <sub>2</sub> OSn <sub>80</sub>	777.9	ThSh78			
Co <sub>2</sub> B	778.4	MECC73			
CoB	778.0	MECC73			
CoS	781.9	Limo81			
CoF <sub>2</sub>	783.0	CSC72			
CoF <sub>2</sub> · 4H <sub>2</sub> O	782.6	NBMO73			
CoF <sub>3</sub>	782.4	CSC72			
CoO	780.2	WRDM79			
CoO	780.4	Kim75, NGDS75, NFS82, CBR76			
Co <sub>3</sub> O <sub>4</sub>	780.2	NGDS75, OkHi76			
Co <sub>3</sub> O <sub>4</sub>	779.5	GPDG79			
Co <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	779.9	McCo75			
CoOOH	780.0	McCo75			
Co(OH) <sub>2</sub>	781.0	McCo75			
CoAl <sub>2</sub> O <sub>4</sub>	780.8	OkHi76			
CoAl <sub>2</sub> O <sub>4</sub>	781.9	PCLH76			
CoCr <sub>2</sub> O <sub>4</sub>	780.2	OkHi76			
CoFe <sub>2</sub> O <sub>4</sub>	779.7	OkHi76			
CoMn <sub>2</sub> O <sub>4</sub>	780.0	OkHi76			
CoMoO <sub>4</sub>	780.9	GPDG79			
CoMoO <sub>4</sub>	782.8	PCLH76			
CoRh <sub>2</sub> O <sub>4</sub>	781.2	NFS82			
CoSO <sub>4</sub>	784.0	Limo81			
ZnCo <sub>2</sub> O <sub>4</sub>	780.4	OkHi76			
Cs <sub>2</sub> CoI <sub>4</sub>	780.5	NBMO73			
Cs <sub>2</sub> CoBr <sub>4</sub>	780.8	NBMO73			
Cs <sub>2</sub> CoCl <sub>4</sub>	781.0	NBMO73			
K <sub>3</sub> Co(C <sub>2</sub> O <sub>4</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	780.9	CSC72			
K <sub>3</sub> Co(NO <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>6</sub>	781.8	NBMO73			
Co(CO) <sub>3</sub> NO	780.7	BCGH72			
K <sub>3</sub> Co(CN) <sub>6</sub>	781.2	OkHi76			
K <sub>3</sub> Co(CN) <sub>6</sub>	782.1	Vann76			
Co(NH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> Cl <sub>3</sub>	781.4	NBMO73			
Co(NH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> Cl <sub>3</sub>	781.9	YNAB77			
Co(NH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>6</sub> Cl <sub>3</sub>	781.1	CSC72			
Co(NH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>6</sub> Cl <sub>3</sub>	781.8	NBMO73			
Co(C <sub>5</sub> H <sub>5</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>	779.1	BCDH73			
Co(C <sub>5</sub> H <sub>5</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>	781.3	ClAd71			

Cr(CO) <sub>5</sub> NH <sub>3</sub>	575.5	BCGH72, BCHM72	CuBr <sub>2</sub>	932.3	VWHS81
Cr(CO) <sub>5</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>6</sub>	575.7	CDH74	CuCl	932.5	GaWi77, Wagn75
Cr(CO) <sub>3</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>6</sub>	576.3	PFD73	CuCl <sub>2</sub>	934.4	GaWi77
Cr(CO) <sub>3</sub> (Me <sub>3</sub> P)	575.2	BCGH72, BCHM72	CuCl <sub>2</sub>	935.2	WRDM79
Cl <sub>3</sub> Cr(C <sub>5</sub> H <sub>5</sub> )	576.1	GSMJ74	CuCl <sub>2</sub>	934.8	VWHS81
ICr(C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>6</sub> )	576.4	CDH74	CuCl <sub>2</sub>	935.6	YYS78
			CuF <sub>2</sub>	936.1	GaWi77
<b>Cr LMM</b>			CuF <sub>2</sub>	937.0	WRDM79
Cr	527.2	WRDM79	CuF <sub>2</sub>	936.8	VWHS81
			Cu <sub>2</sub> O	932.5	CDFM82, GaWi77, Wagn75, HMUZ78, MSSS81, Scho73b
<b>Cs 3ds<sub>1/2</sub></b>			CuO	933.7	HMUZ78, GaWi77, WRDM79, MSSS81
Cs	726.4	φ	Cu(OH) <sub>2</sub>	935.1	MSSS81
Cs	726.0	KDR77	Cu(NO <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>	935.5	NZK77
CsI	723.9	MVS73	CuCN	933.1	Wagn75
CsBr	724.0	MVS73	CuC(CN) <sub>3</sub>	933.2	NZK77
CsCl	723.7	MVS73	CuCO <sub>3</sub>	935.0	WRDM79
CsF	724.0	MVS73	CuSO <sub>4</sub>	934.9	Limo81
CsN <sub>3</sub>	723.6	SGRS72	CuSO <sub>4</sub>	935.5	NZK77
Cs <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub>	723.9	Wagn77	CuSiO <sub>3</sub>	934.9	WRDM79
Cs <sub>3</sub> PO <sub>4</sub>	723.9	MVS73	Cu <sub>2</sub> Mo <sub>3</sub> O <sub>10</sub>	931.6	HMUZ78
Cs <sub>4</sub> P <sub>2</sub> O <sub>7</sub>	723.8	MVS73	Cu <sub>3</sub> Mo <sub>2</sub> O <sub>9</sub>	934.1	HMUZ78
CsClO <sub>4</sub>	724.2	MVS73	CuCr <sub>2</sub> O <sub>4</sub>	934.6	CDFM82
Cs <sub>2</sub> CrO <sub>4</sub>	724.5	ACHT73	CuCrO <sub>2</sub>	932.3	ACHT73
Cs <sub>2</sub> Cr <sub>2</sub> O <sub>7</sub>	723.9	ACHT73	CuFe <sub>2</sub> O <sub>4</sub>	933.8	LDD80
CsOH	724.5	WRDM79	CuFeO <sub>2</sub>	932.6	LDD80
			CuMoO <sub>4</sub>	934.1	HMUZ78
<b>Cs MNN</b>			CuRh <sub>2</sub> O <sub>4</sub>	934.4	NFS82
Cs <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub>	568.4	Wagn77	Cu(OAc) <sub>2</sub>	931.8	BrFr74
CsOH	586.7	WRDM79	Cu(OAc) <sub>2</sub>	935.0	YYS79
			Cu(acac) <sub>2</sub>	934.5	BrFr74
<b>Cu 2p</b>			Cu(8-Hydroxyquinol.)	935.0	BrFr74
Cu	932.7	φ	Cu Salicylaldoxime	934.0	BuBu74
CuO	933.6	φ	Cu <sub>4</sub> Cu(El <sub>4</sub> N) <sub>2</sub>	932.5	EMGK74
Cu	932.6	ALMP82	Cu <sub>2</sub> Cu(H <sub>2</sub> NCONHCONH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>20</sub>	935.8	YYS78
Cu	932.6	LANM81			
Cu	932.6	BiSw80	<b>Cu LMM</b>		
Cu	932.6	BiSw80	Cu	918.6	BiSw80
Cu	932.7	BiSw80	Cu	918.7	BiSw80
Cu	932.7	BiSw80	Cu	918.6	BiSw80
Cu	932.7	PEJ82	Cu	918.7	PEJ82
Cu	932.6	Asam76, GaWi77, KPML73, WRDM79, Wagn75	Cu	918.6	KPML73, WRDM79, Wagn75, Asam76, GaWi77
Cu <sub>64</sub> Zn <sub>36</sub>	932.6	VanO77	Cu <sub>64</sub> Zn <sub>36</sub>	918.6	VanO77
Cu <sub>95</sub> Sn <sub>5</sub>	932.5	Hegd82	Cu <sub>2</sub> Se	917.6	RRD78
Cu <sub>3</sub> P	932.2	NSDU75	CuSe	918.4	RRD78
Cu <sub>3</sub> P	932.2	NSDU75	CuAgSe	917.7	RRD78
Cu <sub>2</sub> Se	931.9	RRD78	Cu <sub>2</sub> S	917.4	Wagn75
CuSe	932.0	RRD78	CuS	917.9	RRD78
CuAgSe	931.9	RRD78	CuBr <sub>2</sub>	916.9	VWHS81
CuInSe <sub>2</sub>	931.9	KJID81	CuCl	915.0	Wagn75
Cu <sub>2</sub> S	932.5	Wagn75	CuCl	915.6	GaWi77
CuS	932.2	RRD78	CuCl <sub>2</sub>	915.3	WRDM79, VWHS81, GaWi77
CuS	933.2	Limo81	CuF <sub>2</sub>	916.0	GaWi77
CuS	931.9	BSRR81	CuF <sub>2</sub>	914.8	WRDM79
CuS	935.0	NSSP80			
CuBr	932.1	BrFr74			

CuF <sub>2</sub>	914.4	VWHS81	MgF <sub>2</sub>	685.8	Wagn80
Cu <sub>2</sub> O	916.2	CDFM82, HMUZ78	MgF <sub>2</sub>	685.7	NBK74
Cu <sub>2</sub> O	916.2	CDFM82, GaWi77, Wagn75, HMUZ78, MSSS81, Scho73b	SrF <sub>2</sub>	685.0	WRDM79
Cu <sub>2</sub> O	916.6	MSSS81, Wagn75	SrF <sub>2</sub>	684.5	NBK74
Cu <sub>2</sub> O	917.2	GaWi77	AgF	682.7	GaWi77
CuO	918.1	GaWi77, MSSS81, Scho73b	BeF <sub>2</sub>	685.8	NBK74, NKBP73
Cu(OH) <sub>2</sub>	916.2	MSSS81	CdF <sub>2</sub>	684.5	GaWi77, WRDM79
Cu(NO <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>	915.3	NZK77	CdF <sub>2</sub>	684.8	NBK74, SATD73
CuCN	914.5	Wagn75	CdF <sub>2</sub>	684.2	NLS77
CuC(CN) <sub>3</sub>	914.5	NZK77	CuF <sub>2</sub>	684.5	GaWi77, WRDM79
CuCO <sub>3</sub>	916.3	WRDM79	CuF <sub>2</sub>	685.9	VWHS81
CuSO <sub>4</sub>	915.6	NZK77	HgF <sub>2</sub>	686.0	SATD73
CuSiO <sub>3</sub>	915.2	WRDM79	MnF <sub>2</sub>	684.8	WRDM79
Cu <sub>2</sub> Mo <sub>3</sub> O <sub>10</sub>	916.5	HMUZ78	NiF <sub>2</sub>	685.0	GaWi77, WRDM79
Cu <sub>3</sub> Mo <sub>2</sub> O <sub>9</sub>	916.6	HMUZ78	NiF <sub>2</sub> · 4H <sub>2</sub> O	684.7	NLS77
CuCr <sub>2</sub> O <sub>4</sub>	918.0	CDFM82	PbF <sub>2</sub>	683.6	WRDM79
CuMoO <sub>4</sub>	916.6	HMUZ78	ZnF <sub>2</sub>	684.6	GaWi77, Wagn77
			ZnF <sub>2</sub>	685.1	NBK74
<b>Dy 4d</b>			AlF <sub>3</sub> · 3H <sub>2</sub> O	686.3	NBK74, NKBP73
Dy	152.4	Φ	GaF <sub>3</sub> · 3H <sub>2</sub> O	685.2	NBK74, NKBP73
Dy <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	167.7	SaRa80	GdF <sub>3</sub>	684.8	McTh76
<b>Dy 3d<sub>5/2</sub></b>			InF <sub>3</sub>	685.2	WRDM79
Dy	1295.5	Φ	InF <sub>3</sub> · 3H <sub>2</sub> O	685.3	NBK74, NKBP73
Dy <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	1298.9	SaRa80	LaF <sub>3</sub>	684.5	WRDM79
<b>Er 4d</b>			NdF <sub>3</sub>	684.8	WRDM79
Er	167.3	Φ	PrF <sub>3</sub>	684.6	WRDM79
Er	169.4	WRDM79	SmF <sub>3</sub>	684.6	WRDM79
Er <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	168.7	WRDM79	YF <sub>3</sub>	685.3	WRDM79
<b>Eu 3d<sub>5/2</sub></b>			UF <sub>3</sub>	685.3	TBVL82
Eu	1125.6	Φ	UF <sub>4</sub>	684.8	TBVL82, PMDS77
<b>Eu 4d</b>			UF <sub>5</sub>	684.8	TBVL82
Eu	128.2	NNBF68	ThF <sub>4</sub>	684.9	WRDM79
Eu <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	135.9	NNBF68	HfF <sub>4</sub>	685.4	WRDM79
<b>F 1s</b>			ZrF <sub>4</sub>	685.1	NKBP73
LiF	684.9	Φ	NaBeF <sub>3</sub>	685.7	NKBP73
CsF	685.9	WRDM79	Na <sub>2</sub> BeF <sub>4</sub>	685.2	NKBP73
KF	683.9	NBK74, MVS73	NaBF <sub>4</sub>	687.0	WRDM79
KF	684.4	PMDS77	NF <sub>4</sub> BF <sub>4</sub>	694.2	RNS73
LiF	685.1	WRDM79	Na <sub>3</sub> AlF <sub>6</sub>	685.5	WRDM79
LiF	685.0	MVS73, NBK74	Na <sub>2</sub> SiF <sub>6</sub>	686.0	Wagn77
NaF	684.5	WRDM79	Na <sub>2</sub> SiF <sub>6</sub>	686.4	NLS77
NaF	684.5	NBK74, NLS77	K <sub>2</sub> SiF <sub>6</sub>	686.6	NBK74
NaF	683.7	MVS73	K <sub>2</sub> TiF <sub>6</sub>	685.0	WRDM79
RbF	683.6	MVS73	K <sub>2</sub> TiF <sub>6</sub>	684.9	NBK74
RbF	682.9	NBK74	Na <sub>2</sub> TiF <sub>6</sub>	685.3	Wagn77
BaF <sub>2</sub>	683.7	WRDM79	K <sub>3</sub> FeF <sub>6</sub>	684.0	WRDM79
BaF <sub>2</sub>	684.3	NBK74	K <sub>2</sub> NiF <sub>6</sub>	687.6	TRLK73
CaF <sub>2</sub>	684.8	WRDM79	K <sub>2</sub> GeF <sub>6</sub>	685.2	NBK74
CaF <sub>2</sub>	684.8	NBK74, NLS77	Na <sub>2</sub> GeF <sub>6</sub>	685.9	WRDM79
			K <sub>2</sub> ZrF <sub>6</sub>	684.6	NBK74, NKBP73
			Na <sub>2</sub> ZrF <sub>6</sub>	685.0	WRDM79
			KZrF <sub>5</sub> · H <sub>2</sub> O	684.8	NKBP73
			K <sub>2</sub> ZrF <sub>7</sub>	684.3	NKBP73
			NaSnF <sub>3</sub>	685.3	WRDM79
			K <sub>2</sub> SnF <sub>6</sub> · H <sub>2</sub> O	685.1	NBK74
			CsSbF <sub>4</sub>	683.6	BCH75



Na <sub>3</sub> Fe(CN) <sub>5</sub> N <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub>	707.7	YNNA77
Fe(CO) <sub>5</sub>	709.6	BCGH72
Fe(CO) <sub>2</sub> (NO) <sub>2</sub>	709.5	BCGH72
KFe <sub>4</sub> (NO) <sub>7</sub> S <sub>3</sub> · 2H <sub>2</sub> O	708.9	Nefe78
Fe(SMe)(CO) <sub>3</sub>	708.6	BBFR77
Fe(C <sub>5</sub> H <sub>5</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>	707.7	FWUM79, BCDH73, CDH74, Nefe78
I <sub>3</sub> Fe(C <sub>5</sub> H <sub>5</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>	709.9	CDH74
Fe(C <sub>5</sub> H <sub>4</sub> COOH) <sub>2</sub>	708.4	FWUM79
Fe(phthalocyanine)	709.1	MSV79
<b>Fe LMM</b>		
Fe	702.4	WRDM79
<b>Ga 2p<sub>3/2</sub></b>		
Ga	1116.7	Φ
Ga	1116.5	Scho73a
GaP	1116.8	NSDU75
Ga <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	1116.9	BDFP81
Ga <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	1117.8	Scho73a
<b>Ga LMM</b>		
Ga	1068.2	WRDM79, MINN78, Scho73a
GaAs	1066.3	MINN78
GaAs	1067.1	MINN78
GaP	1065.6	MINN78, MIN81
GaP	1066.8	MIN81
GaN	1064.5	HeMa80
Ga <sub>2</sub> Se <sub>3</sub>	1065.2	ITI82
Ga <sub>2</sub> Se <sub>3</sub>	1065.6	ITI82
Ga <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	1061.6	MINN78
Ga <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	1062.4	ITI82
Ga <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	1062.9	Scho72a
<b>Ga 3d</b>		
Ga	18.6	MINN78, LBHK73, Scho73a, WRDM79
GaSb	20.2	LBHK73
GaAs	18.8	LPMK74
GaAs	19.2	IMNN79, MINN78, Tayl82,
GaP	18.8	MIN81
GaP	19.3	NIMN78, IMNN79
GaP	19.9	LBHK73, MIN81
GaP	18.7	LPMK74
GaN	19.5	HeMa80
AlGaAs	19.0	Tayl82
Ga <sub>2</sub> Se <sub>3</sub>	19.7	ITI82
Ga <sub>2</sub> Se <sub>3</sub>	19.9	ITI82
Ga <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	19.6	GGVL79
Ga <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	20.2	LBHK73, Scho73a
Ga <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	20.5	ITI82
Ga <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	21.0	MINN78
<b>Gd 4d</b>		
Gd	140.4	Φ

Gd <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	143.8	SaRa80
<b>Gd 3d</b>		
Gd	1187.0	Φ
Gd <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	1189.0	SaRa80
<b>Ge 2p<sub>3/2</sub></b>		
Ge	1217.2	McWe76
Ge	1217.4	TLR78, MoVa73, Wagn75
GeS <sub>2</sub>	1219.8	MoVa73
GeS <sub>2</sub>	1219.8	MoVa73
GeN <sub>4</sub>	1218.8	TLR78
GeI <sub>2</sub>	1218.2	MoVa73
GeF <sub>2</sub>	1220.7	MoVa73
GeO <sub>2</sub>	1220.4	MoVa73, Wagn75
Na <sub>2</sub> GeO <sub>3</sub>	1218.9	MoVa73
Na <sub>2</sub> GeF <sub>6</sub>	1221.3	Wagn75
K <sub>2</sub> GeF <sub>6</sub>	1220.7	MoVa73
Ph <sub>4</sub> Ge	1218.9	MoVa73
<b>Ge LMM</b>		
Ge	1146.2	McWe76
Ge	1145.4	SFS77
Ge	1145.1	Wagn75, WRDM79
GeTe	1144.8	SFS77
GeSe	1143.8	SFS77
GeS	1143.7	SFS77
GeO <sub>2</sub>	1137.7	Wagn75
Na <sub>2</sub> GeF <sub>6</sub>	1135.7	Wagn75
<b>Ge 3d</b>		
Ge	29.4	Φ
Ge	29.3	McWe76
Ge	29.0	SFS77
Ge	29.1	HKMP74, UeOd82, WRDM79
GeAs <sub>2</sub>	29.7	HKMP74
GeTe <sub>3</sub> As <sub>2</sub>	29.9	HKMP74
GeS <sub>2</sub> TeAs <sub>2</sub>	30.2	HKMP74
GeS <sub>3</sub> As	30.4	HKMP74
GeTe <sub>2</sub>	30.1	HKMP74
GeTe	30.0	SFS77
GeTe	29.7	HKMP74
GeSe <sub>2</sub>	31.0	UeOd82
GeSe	30.9	SFS77
GeS <sub>2</sub>	30.4	HKMP74
GeS	30.5	SFS77
GeS	29.5	HKMP74
GeO <sub>2</sub>	32.5	HKMP74
Ph <sub>4</sub> Ge	31.2	HWVV74
Ph <sub>3</sub> GeI	31.8	HWVV74
Ph <sub>3</sub> GeBr	31.8	HWVV74
Ph <sub>3</sub> GeCl	31.8	HWVV74
<b>Hf 4f</b>		
Hf	14.3	Φ

Hf	14.4	WRDM79	I <sub>2</sub> Ni(Ph <sub>3</sub> P) <sub>2</sub>	619.3	NZB78
HfO <sub>2</sub>	16.7	SaRa80	I <sub>2</sub> Pt(Et <sub>3</sub> P) <sub>2</sub>	619.2	Rigg72
<b>Hf 4d</b>			I <sub>4</sub> In(Pr <sub>4</sub> N)	619.6	FHT77
HfO <sub>2</sub>	213.2	SaRa80, NGDS75	I <sub>2</sub> Pt(Me <sub>3</sub> P) <sub>2</sub> cis	621.1	CAB71
<b>Hg 4f</b>			I <sub>2</sub> Pt(Me <sub>3</sub> P) <sub>2</sub> tran	621.9	CAB71
HgS (cinnabar)	101.0	Φ	I <sub>4</sub> (Mo <sub>6</sub> I <sup>8</sup> <sub>g</sub> )	620.6	BeWa79
Hg	99.8	BrMc72, SATD73, SMBM76, WRDM79	I <sup>8</sup> <sub>4</sub> (Mo <sub>6</sub> I <sub>8</sub> )	619.3	BeWa79
Hg <sub>0.8</sub> Cd <sub>0.2</sub> Te	100.2	SBB80	<b>I MNN</b>		
HgS	100.8	NSSP80	LiI	517.0	WRDM79
HgI <sub>2</sub>	100.7	SATD73	AgI	506.8	GaWi77
HgBr <sub>2</sub>	101.0	SATD73	CdI	507.0	GaWi77
HgCl <sub>2</sub>	101.4	SATD73	CuI	507.1	GaWi77
HgF <sub>2</sub>	101.2	SATD73	NiI <sub>2</sub>	507.3	GaWi77
HgO	100.8	NSSP80	ZnI <sub>2</sub>	506.0	GaWi77
Et <sub>2</sub> NC <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> HgOAc	101.3	NSSP80	<b>In 3d<sub>5/2</sub></b>		
Cl <sub>2</sub> Hg(H <sub>2</sub> NCONHCONH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>	101.3	YYS78	In	443.9	Φ
Hg(thiodibenzoylme) <sub>2</sub>	101.3	TBHH77	In	443.8	Bert81, Hegd82, WRDM79, PVVA79, LAK77
(Ph <sub>4</sub> P) <sub>2</sub> Hg(SCN) <sub>4</sub>	101.4	FoLa82	In <sub>95</sub> Sn <sub>5</sub>	443.6	Hegd82
<b>Ho 4d</b>			InSb	444.1	IMNN79
Ho	159.6	Φ	InP	444.6	Bert81, CFRS80
<b>I 3d<sub>5/2</sub></b>			In <sub>2</sub> Te <sub>3</sub>	444.5	WRDM79
KI	619.3	Φ	In <sub>2</sub> Se <sub>3</sub>	444.8	WRDM79
I <sub>2</sub>	619.9	Sher76	In <sub>2</sub> S <sub>3</sub>	444.8	Wagn77, MSC73
CsI	618.2	MVS73	InI <sub>3</sub>	446.0	Wagn77, MSC73
RbI	618.2	MVS73	InI	443.9	FHT77
KI	618.8	MVS73	InBr <sub>3</sub>	446.0	Wagn77
NaI	618.6	MVS73, Sher76	InBr <sub>3</sub>	446.6	MSC73
LiI	619.7	WRDM79	InBr	445.1	FHT77
LiI	618.9	MVS73	InCl <sub>3</sub>	446.0	Wagn77
AgI	619.4	GaWi77	InCl <sub>3</sub>	446.9	MSC73
CdI	619.2	GaWi77	InCl	444.9	MSC73
CdI	619.4	SATD73	InF <sub>3</sub>	446.4	Wagn75, MSC73
CuI	619.0	GaWi77	In <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	444.3	Wagn77, NGDS75, Bert81
HgI <sub>2</sub>	619.4	SATD73	In <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	444.6	CFRS80
InI	619.0	FHT77	In <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	444.9	LAK77, MSC73
InI <sub>3</sub>	619.1	FHT77	In(OH) <sub>3</sub>	445.0	WRDM79
NiI <sub>2</sub>	619.0	GaWi77	(NH <sub>4</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> InF <sub>6</sub>	445.6	Wagn77
NiI <sub>2</sub> · 6H <sub>2</sub> O	619.7	NZB78	CuInSe <sub>2</sub>	444.7	KJID81
ZnI <sub>2</sub>	619.8	GaWi77	In(acac) <sub>3</sub>	445.4	MSC73
ZnI <sub>2</sub>	619.7	SATD73	Br <sub>2</sub> InEt <sub>4</sub> N	445.7	FHT77
NaIO <sub>3</sub>	623.5	Sher76	Cl <sub>2</sub> InEt <sub>4</sub> N	445.2	FHT77
NaIO <sub>4</sub>	624.0	Sher76	Br <sub>4</sub> InPr <sub>4</sub> N	445.9	FHT77
HIO <sub>3</sub>	623.1	Sher76	I <sub>4</sub> InPr <sub>4</sub> N	445.4	FHT77
H <sub>3</sub> IO <sub>6</sub>	623.0	Sher76	Cl <sub>4</sub> InPr <sub>4</sub> N	445.8	FHT77
I <sub>2</sub> O <sub>5</sub>	623.3	Sher76	<b>In MNN</b>		
ICl	621.5	Sher76	In	410.4	WRDM79
ICl <sub>3</sub>	622.5	Sher76	In <sub>95</sub> Sn <sub>5</sub>	410.5	PVVA79, KISC80, LAK77
Cs <sub>3</sub> Sb <sub>2</sub> I <sub>9</sub>	618.5	BCH75	InSb	401.6	IMNN79
Rb <sub>3</sub> Sb <sub>2</sub> I <sub>9</sub>	620.8	Tric74	InP	408.0	Bert81
Na(NiIO <sub>6</sub> ) · H <sub>2</sub> O	624.4	NZB78	InP	411.0	KISC80
			In <sub>2</sub> Te <sub>3</sub>	408.9	WRDM79



In <sub>2</sub> Se <sub>3</sub>	408.3	WRDM79	K <sub>2</sub> PtCl <sub>6</sub>	292.8	CoHe72, LeBr72
In <sub>2</sub> S <sub>3</sub>	407.3	Wagn77	K <sub>2</sub> ReCl <sub>6</sub>	292.8	CoHe72
InI <sub>3</sub>	405.8	Wagn77	K <sub>2</sub> ReCl <sub>6</sub>	293.7	LeBr72
InBr <sub>3</sub>	404.8	Wagn77	K <sub>2</sub> SnCl <sub>6</sub>	292.8	CoHe72
InCl <sub>3</sub>	404.6	Wagn77	K <sub>2</sub> WCl <sub>6</sub>	293.3	LeBr72
InF <sub>3</sub>	403.7	Wagn75	K <sub>3</sub> IrCl <sub>6</sub>	293.0	NSBN77
In <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	406.4	Wagn77	K <sub>4</sub> Mo <sub>2</sub> Cl <sub>8</sub>	293.2	HUGH79
In(OH) <sub>3</sub>	405.0	WRDM79	KSbFF <sub>6</sub>	293.7	Wagn77
(NH <sub>4</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> InF <sub>6</sub>	404.1	Wagn77	KZrFF <sub>5</sub> · H <sub>2</sub> O	292.7	NKBP73
			K <sub>2</sub> NiF <sub>6</sub>	294.2	TRLK73
<b>Ir 4f</b>			K <sub>2</sub> UF <sub>6</sub>	293.1	PMDS77
Ir	60.9	Φ	K <sub>2</sub> ZrF <sub>6</sub>	292.6	NKBP73
Ir	60.8	WRDM79, BHHK70, EPC75	K <sub>3</sub> ZrF <sub>7</sub>	292.8	NKBP73
IrCl <sub>3</sub>	62.7	Folk73	K <sub>3</sub> Co(CN) <sub>6</sub>	293.7	Vann76
K <sub>2</sub> IrBr <sub>6</sub>	62.6	Nefe78K <sub>3</sub> IrBr <sub>6</sub> 61.8Nefe78	K <sub>3</sub> Cr(CN) <sub>6</sub>	292.2	ZeHa71
K <sub>2</sub> IrCl <sub>6</sub>	63.0	CoHe72, LeBr72	K <sub>3</sub> Fe(CN) <sub>6</sub>	291.9	Vann76
K <sub>2</sub> IrCl <sub>6</sub>	63.6	KSPB76, NSBN77	K <sub>3</sub> Mn(CN) <sub>6</sub>	291.9	Vann76
K <sub>3</sub> IrCl <sub>6</sub>	62.5	NSBN77	K <sub>4</sub> Fe(CN) <sub>6</sub>	291.9	Vann76
(NH <sub>4</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> IrCl <sub>6</sub>	63.7	EPC75	K <sub>4</sub> V(CN) <sub>6</sub>	293.7	Vann76
(NH <sub>4</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> IrCl <sub>6</sub>	63.0	EPC75	KIrCl <sub>5</sub> NO	293.1	NSBN77
Ir(CO) <sub>3</sub> Cl	63.4	KSPB76	K <sub>2</sub> Pt(CN) <sub>4</sub> · 3H <sub>2</sub> O	293.3	CaLe73
KIrCl <sub>5</sub> NO	65.0	NSBN77	K <sub>2</sub> Pt(CN) <sub>4</sub> Cl <sub>2</sub> · 3H <sub>2</sub> O	292.9	CaLe73
KIr <sub>2</sub> (CO) <sub>4</sub> Cl <sub>4</sub>	62.7	KSPB76	K <sub>3</sub> Co(SCH <sub>2</sub> CHNH <sub>2</sub> COO) <sub>3</sub>	292.8	SSEW79
K <sub>2</sub> Ir <sub>2</sub> (CO) <sub>4</sub> Cl <sub>5</sub>	63.0	KSPB76			
IrCl <sub>4</sub> (EteP) <sub>2</sub>	63.6	LeBr72	<b>K LMM</b>		
IrClN <sub>2</sub> (Ph <sub>3</sub> P) <sub>2</sub>	60.7	Folk73	KBr	250.7	WRDM79
IrI <sub>3</sub> (H <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> NH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	63.1	NeBa72	KF	250.1	Wagn77
IrCl <sub>3</sub> (H <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> NH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	63.2	NeBa72	KSbF <sub>6</sub>	249.3	Wagn77
IrCl <sub>6</sub> (H <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> NH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	63.2	Nefe78			
<b>K 2p</b>			<b>Kr 3d</b>		
K	294.4	Φ	Kr in graphite	87.0	Φ
KCl	292.9	Φ			
K	294.6	SMKM77, PeKa77	<b>La 3d</b>		
KI	292.8	MVS73	La	835.8	Φ
KBr	293.0	MVS73, WRDM79	La	835.9	ScSc82
KCl	292.8	MVS73, NSLS77	LaH <sub>2</sub>	838.8	ScSc82
KF	292.5	Wagn75	La <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	835.1	WRDM79
KF	292.8	PMDS77	La <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	833.7	SaRa80
KF	293.1	MVS73			
KCN	294.7	Vann76	<b>La 4d</b>		
KN <sub>3</sub>	292.5	SGRS72	La	103.9	NIS72, KEML74
KNO <sub>3</sub>	292.9	NSLS77	La <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	101.3	SaRa80, NGDS75, HoTh80
KClO <sub>3</sub>	293.2	MVS73	LaCrO <sub>3</sub>	101.7	HoTh80
KClO <sub>4</sub>	293.4	MVS73			
K <sub>3</sub> PO <sub>4</sub>	293.5	MVS73	<b>Li 1s</b>		
K <sub>4</sub> P <sub>2</sub> O <sub>7</sub>	292.2	MVS73	LiF	55.6	Φ
K <sub>2</sub> CrO <sub>4</sub>	292.6	ACHT73	Li	54.7	KLMP73, CSFG79
K <sub>2</sub> Cr <sub>2</sub> O <sub>7</sub>	292.1	ACHT73	LiN <sub>3</sub>	55.2	SGRS72
K <sub>2</sub> Cr <sub>2</sub> O <sub>7</sub>	292.8	NSSP80	LiBr	56.8	MVS73
K <sub>2</sub> MoO <sub>4</sub>	292.6	NFS82	LiCl	56.0	CSFG79, MVS73
KRhO <sub>2</sub>	292.5	NFS82	LiF	55.7	MVS73, WRDM79
KAl <sub>2</sub> (AlSi <sub>3</sub> O <sub>10</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> (OH) <sub>2</sub>	293.0	WPHK82	Li <sub>2</sub> O	55.6	CSFG79
K <sub>2</sub> IrCl <sub>6</sub>	292.8	NSBN77, LeBr72, CoHe72	LiOH	54.9	CSFG79
K <sub>2</sub> MoCl <sub>6</sub>	292.7	CoHe72	Li <sub>2</sub> CO <sub>3</sub>	55.2	CSFG79
K <sub>2</sub> OsCl <sub>6</sub>	293.0	CoHe72, LeBr72	Li <sub>3</sub> PO <sub>4</sub>	55.4	MVS73

Li <sub>4</sub> P <sub>2</sub> O <sub>7</sub>	55.6	MVS73	MnF <sub>3</sub>	642.6	CSC72
LiClO <sub>4</sub>	57.2	MVS73	MnO	640.7	OHI75
Li <sub>2</sub> CrO <sub>4</sub>	57.1	ACHT73	MnO	640.5	OkHi76
LiCrO <sub>2</sub>	55.6	ACHT73	MnO	641.4	Aoki76, CSC72
LiNbO <sub>3</sub>	54.8	StHo79	Mn <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> , alpha	641.2	OHI75
<b>Lu 4f</b>			Mn <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	641.6	CSC72
Lu	7.3	Φ	Mn <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> , alpha	641.7	OkHi76
<b>Lu 4d</b>			Mn <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> , gamma	641.5	OkHi76
Lu	196.2	KEML74, LPWF75	Mn <sub>3</sub> O <sub>4</sub>	641.4	OHI75
Lu <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	196.0	SaRa80, NGDS75	MnO <sub>2</sub>	642.4	WRDM79
<b>Mg 2p</b>			MnO <sub>2</sub> , beta	641.1	OHI75
Mg	49.8	Φ	MnO <sub>2</sub>	642.3	Aoki76, CSC72, NGDS75
Mg	49.6	HAS75, LMKJ75, HFV 77, Fugg77, WRDM79	MnOOH	641.7	OHI75
Mg <sub>2</sub> Cu	49.8	FWFA75	CoMn <sub>2</sub> O <sub>4</sub>	641.5	OkHi76
Mg <sub>3</sub> Bi <sub>2</sub>	50.6	FWFA75	CuMn <sub>2</sub> O <sub>4</sub>	641.0	OkHi76
MgF <sub>2</sub>	51.0	Wagn80	MnCr <sub>2</sub> O <sub>4</sub>	640.6	OkHi76
MgO	50.8	InYa81	MnSO <sub>4</sub>	644.9	Limo81
Mg(OH) <sub>2</sub>	49.5	HNUW78a	KMnO <sub>4</sub>	647.0	UmRe78
MgAl <sub>2</sub> O <sub>4</sub>	50.4	HNUW78b	Mn <sub>2</sub> (CO) <sub>10</sub>	641.6	VWVB77
Talc, Mg <sub>3</sub> Si <sub>4</sub> O <sub>7</sub> (OH) <sub>2</sub>	50.5	WPHK82	BrMn(CO) <sub>5</sub>	641.9	VWVB77
<b>Mg 1s</b>			(BrMn(CO) <sub>4</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>	641.7	VWVB77
Mg	1303.1	HAS75, LMKJ75, Fugg77	BrMn(CO) <sub>4</sub> (Ph <sub>3</sub> P)	641.5	VWVB77
Mg <sub>2</sub> Cu	1303.0	FWFA75	BrMn(CO) <sub>3</sub> (P(OMe) <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>	641.0	VWVB77
Mg <sub>3</sub> Bi <sub>2</sub>	1304.0	FWFA75	Mn <sub>2</sub> (CO) <sub>8</sub> (Ph <sub>3</sub> P) <sub>2</sub>	640.7	VWVB77
MgF <sub>2</sub>	1305.0	Wagn80	K <sub>3</sub> Mn(CN) <sub>6</sub>	639.7	Vann76
Mg(OH) <sub>2</sub>	1302.7	HNUW78a	Na <sub>4</sub> Mn(CN) <sub>6</sub>	638.3	Vann76
MgAl <sub>2</sub> O <sub>4</sub>	1304.0	HNUW78b	Mn(C <sub>5</sub> H <sub>5</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>	638.5	BCDH73, CDH74
<b>Mg KLL</b>			Mn(CO) <sub>3</sub> (C <sub>5</sub> H <sub>5</sub> )	640.6	CDH74
Mg	1185.5	LMKJ75, SRHH78, WRDM79, Fugg77, HFV 77	Mn(CO) <sub>3</sub> (C <sub>5</sub> H <sub>5</sub> )	641.8	CIAd71
Mg <sub>2</sub> Cu	1185.7	FWFA75	<b>Mn LMM</b>		
Mg <sub>3</sub> Bi <sub>2</sub>	1184.6	FWFA75	Mn	617.6	Vayr81
MgF <sub>2</sub>	1178.2	Wagn80	<b>Mo 3d</b>		
Talc, Mg <sub>3</sub> Si <sub>4</sub> O <sub>7</sub> (OH) <sub>2</sub>	1180.3	WPHK82	Mo	228.0	Φ
<b>Mn 2p</b>			Mo	227.9	NyMa80
Mn	639.0	Φ	Mo	228.0	CiDe75, WRDM79, CGR 78, GrMa75, KBAW74, WaTa80
MnO <sub>2</sub>	642.1	Φ	MoB <sub>2</sub>	227.9	MECC73
Mn	638.8	LANM81	Mo <sub>2</sub> B <sub>5</sub>	227.3	BrWh78
Mn	639.0	WRDM79	Mo <sub>2</sub> C	227.8	BrWh78
MnN	641.3	CSC72	MoSi <sub>2</sub>	227.7	WPHK82
MnS	640.3	CSC72	MoSe <sub>2</sub>	228.3	GrMa75
MnS, beta	640.8	Aoki76	MoS <sub>2</sub>	229.0	PCLH76, GrMa75
MnS, alpha	641.9	Aoki76	MoS <sub>2</sub>	229.6	SSOT81, StEd75
MnS	642.1	Limo81	MoCl <sub>3</sub>	230.0	GrMa75
MnI <sub>2</sub>	641.9	Aoki76, CSC72	MoCl <sub>4</sub>	230.6	GrMa75
MnBr <sub>2</sub>	642.0	Aoki76, CSC72	MoCl <sub>5</sub>	231.0	GrMa75, SwHe71
MnCl <sub>2</sub>	642.0	Aoki76, CSC72	MoO <sub>2</sub>	229.3	GrMa75, SwHe71
MnF <sub>2</sub>	642.6	Aoki76, CSC72	MoO <sub>3</sub>	232.6	SaRa80, CGR78, CiDe75, KBAW74
			MoO <sub>3</sub>	232.6	GPDG79, KBAW74, SaRa80, CiDe75, CGR78, GrMa75
			(NH) <sub>42</sub> MoO <sub>4</sub>	232.1	WRDM79
			Al <sub>2</sub> (MoO <sub>4</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	232.5	SwHe71
			Al <sub>2</sub> (MoO <sub>4</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	233.3	PCLH76
					NFS82





NaClO <sub>4</sub>	1071.8	MVS73	NaCl	990.1	KOK83
NaH <sub>2</sub> PO <sub>2</sub>	1071.1	Swif82	NaF	998.6	Wagn75
NaH <sub>2</sub> PO <sub>4</sub>	1072.0	Swif82	Na <sub>2</sub> CO <sub>3</sub>	989.8	WRDM79
NaHCO <sub>3</sub>	1071.3	WRDM79	Na <sub>2</sub> HPO <sub>4</sub>	989.9	WRDM79
NaN <sub>3</sub>	1070.8	SGRS72	Na <sub>2</sub> HPO <sub>4</sub>	989.7	Swif82
NaNO <sub>2</sub>	1071.6	Wagn75	Na <sub>2</sub> S <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	990.1	Wagn75
NaNO <sub>3</sub>	1071.4	Wagn75	Na <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>3</sub>	990.4	Wagn75
NaPO <sub>3</sub>	1071.7	Wagn75	Na <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub>	989.8	Wagn75
NaPO <sub>3</sub>	1071.7	Swif82, GMD 79	Na <sub>2</sub> SeO <sub>3</sub>	991.0	Wagn75
Na <sub>2</sub> Cr <sub>2</sub> O <sub>7</sub>	1071.6	WRDM79	Na <sub>2</sub> TeO <sub>4</sub>	990.5	Wagn75
Na <sub>2</sub> CrO <sub>4</sub>	1071.4	Wagn75	Na <sub>3</sub> PO <sub>4</sub>	990.1	Swif82
Na <sub>2</sub> CrO <sub>4</sub>	1071.0	ACHT73	NaH <sub>2</sub> PO <sub>2</sub>	989.8	Swif82
Na <sub>2</sub> IrCl <sub>6</sub>	1071.9	Wagn75	NaH <sub>2</sub> PO <sub>4</sub>	989.1	Swif82
Na <sub>2</sub> MoO <sub>4</sub>	1070.9	Wagn75	NaHCO <sub>3</sub>	989.8	WRDM79
Na <sub>2</sub> MoO <sub>4</sub>	1071.8	NSLS77	NaNO <sub>2</sub>	989.8	Wagn75
Na <sub>2</sub> PdCl <sub>4</sub>	1071.8	Wagn75	NaNO <sub>3</sub>	989.6	Wagn75
Na <sub>2</sub> SnO <sub>3</sub> · 3H <sub>2</sub> O	1071.1	WRDM79	NaPO <sub>3</sub>	989.3	Wagn75
Na <sub>2</sub> WO <sub>4</sub>	1072.0	Wagn75	NaPO <sub>3</sub>	989.4	Swif82
NaAsO <sub>2</sub>	1070.9	Wagn75	Na <sub>2</sub> Cr <sub>2</sub> O <sub>7</sub>	990.6	WRDM79
NaBiO <sub>3</sub>	1071.3	WRDM79	Na <sub>2</sub> CrO <sub>4</sub>	991.2	Wagn75
NaCrO <sub>2</sub>	1072.4	ACHT73	Na <sub>2</sub> IrCl <sub>6</sub>	989.2	Wagn75
Na <sub>2</sub> BeF <sub>4</sub>	1071.8	NKBP73	Na <sub>2</sub> MoO <sub>4</sub>	991.0	Wagn75
Na <sub>2</sub> GeF <sub>6</sub>	1071.7	Wagn75	Na <sub>2</sub> PdCl <sub>4</sub>	990.2	Wagn75
Na <sub>2</sub> SiF <sub>6</sub>	1071.7	Wagn75	Na <sub>2</sub> SnO <sub>3</sub> · 3H <sub>2</sub> O	990.3	WRDM79
Na <sub>2</sub> SiF <sub>6</sub>	1072.1	NSLS77	Na <sub>2</sub> WO <sub>4</sub>	989.6	Wagn75
Na <sub>2</sub> TaF <sub>7</sub>	1071.9	NKBP73	NaAsO <sub>2</sub>	990.7	Wagn75
Na <sub>2</sub> TiF <sub>6</sub>	1071.6	Wagn75	NaBiO <sub>3</sub>	990.9	WRDM79
Na <sub>2</sub> ZrF <sub>6</sub>	1071.5	Wagn75	Na <sub>2</sub> GeF <sub>6</sub>	998.1	Wagn75
Na <sub>3</sub> AlF <sub>6</sub>	1071.8	Wagn75	Na <sub>2</sub> SiF <sub>6</sub>	987.7	Wagn75
Na <sub>3</sub> TaF <sub>8</sub>	1071.8	NKBP73	Na <sub>2</sub> TiF <sub>6</sub>	988.5	Wagn75
NaBF <sub>4</sub>	1072.7	Wagn75	Na <sub>2</sub> ZrF <sub>6</sub>	988.7	Wagn75
NaBeF <sub>3</sub>	1071.9	NKBP73	Na <sub>3</sub> AlF <sub>6</sub>	988.0	Wagn75
NaTaF <sub>6</sub>	1071.7	NKBP73	NaBF <sub>4</sub>	987.1	Wagn75
Na <sub>2</sub> O	1072.5	BaSt75	Na <sub>2</sub> O	989.8	BaSt75
NaOOCH	1071.1	WRDM79	NaOOCH	989.8	WRDM79
Na <sub>2</sub> C <sub>2</sub> O <sub>4</sub>	1070.8	WRDM79	Na <sub>2</sub> C <sub>2</sub> O <sub>4</sub>	990.5	WRDM79
NaAlSi <sub>3</sub> O <sub>8</sub> , albite	1072.2	WPHK82	Mol Sieve A	988.8	WPHK82
Hydroxysodalite	1070.5	WPHK82	Mol Sieve X	988.4	WPHK82
Natrolite	1072.4	WPHK82	Mol Sieve Y	987.8	WPHK82
Mol Sieve A	1071.8	WPHK82	NaOAc	989.9	Wagn75
Mol Sieve X	1072.3	WPHK82	NaOOCCH <sub>2</sub> SH	990.4	WRDM79
Mol Sieve Y	1072.6	WPHK82	NaO <sub>3</sub> SPh	989.7	WRDM79
NaOAc	1071.1	Wagn75			
NaOAc	1071.7	HHDD81			
NaOOCCH <sub>2</sub> SH	1071.2	WRDM79	<b>Nb 3d</b>		
NaO <sub>3</sub> SPh	1071.3	WRDM79	Nb	202.4	Φ
p-(NaOCOCMe=CH <sub>2</sub> )	1072.2	HHDD81	Nb	202.3	NyMa80
			Nb	202.2	MSC73, NSCP74, WRDM79
			Nb	201.8	Bahl75
<b>Na KLL</b>			Nb <sub>3</sub> Te <sub>4</sub>	202.8	Bahl75
Na	994.3	BaSt75	NbTe <sub>4</sub>	203.8	Bahl75
Na	994.3	KLMP73	Nb <sub>3</sub> Se <sub>4</sub>	203.0	Bahl75
Na	994.5	SRHH78	NbSe <sub>2</sub>	203.4	Bahl75
NaI	991.2	WRDM79	NbS <sub>2</sub>	207.7	MSC73
NaBr	990.6	Wagn75	NbN	203.8	Bahl75
NaCl	990.3	Wagn75	NbBr <sub>3</sub>	207.1	MSC73
NaCl	990.0	SGSO70	NbCl <sub>5</sub>	208.0	MSC73

NbO	202.8	SPB76	Ni <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	855.8	KiWi74
NbO	203.7	Bahl75	Ni(OH) <sub>2</sub>	855.6	DPS77, LFWS79, McCo75
NbO	204.7	FCFG77	Ni(NO <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>	857.1	TRLK73
Nb <sub>2</sub> O <sub>5</sub>	207.5	SPB76, MSC73, FCFG77, NFS82, NGDS75	Ni(NO <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> · 6H <sub>2</sub> O	856.9	NZB78
LiNbO <sub>3</sub>	207.1	StHo79	NiAl <sub>2</sub> O <sub>4</sub>	855.8	SDR 80, LFWS79
KNbO <sub>3</sub>	206.5	MSC73	NiAl <sub>2</sub> O <sub>4</sub>	857.4	NgHe76
CaNb <sub>2</sub> O <sub>6</sub>	206.8	Bahl75	Ni <sub>2</sub> SiO <sub>4</sub>	856.1	LFWS79
CdNb <sub>2</sub> O <sub>6</sub>	207.0	Bahl75	NiClO <sub>4</sub> · 6H <sub>2</sub> O	857.2	NZB78
Ca <sub>2</sub> Nb <sub>2</sub> O <sub>7</sub>	206.7	Bahl75	NiFe <sub>2</sub> O <sub>4</sub>	855.4	McCo75
RhNbO <sub>4</sub>	206.5	NFS82	NiRh <sub>2</sub> O <sub>4</sub>	855.9	NFS82
Cl <sub>2</sub> Nb <sub>6</sub> Cl <sub>12</sub> (H <sub>2</sub> O) <sub>4</sub> · 4H <sub>2</sub> O	204.7	BeWa79	NiSO <sub>4</sub>	856.8	ShRe79
Cl <sub>6</sub> (Nb <sub>6</sub> Cl <sub>12</sub> )(Et <sub>4</sub> N) <sub>3</sub>	204.7	BeWa79	NiSiO <sub>3</sub>	856.5	SRD79
Br <sub>6</sub> (Nb <sub>6</sub> Cl <sub>12</sub> )(Bu <sub>4</sub> N) <sub>2</sub>	204.7	BeWa79	NiWO <sub>4</sub>	857.7	NgHe76
Cl <sub>2</sub> (Nb <sub>6</sub> Cl <sub>12</sub> )(Pr <sub>3</sub> P) <sub>4</sub>	204.6	BeWa79	NaNiO <sub>6</sub> · H <sub>2</sub> O	856.4	NZB78
Cl <sub>2</sub> (Nb <sub>6</sub> Cl <sub>12</sub> )(Me <sub>2</sub> SO) <sub>4</sub>	204.6	BeWa79	K <sub>2</sub> NiF <sub>6</sub>	861.0	TRLK73
			Ni(CO) <sub>4</sub>	854.8	BCGH72
<b>Nd 3d</b>			Br <sub>2</sub> Ni(NH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>6</sub>	855.9	NZB78
Nd	980.8	φ	Ni(NH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>6</sub> (ClO <sub>4</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>	856.5	NZB78
Nd <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	982.0	SaRa80	Ni(acac) <sub>2</sub>	855.9	NZB78, TRLK73
			Ni(OAc) <sub>2</sub> · 4H <sub>2</sub> O	856.5	NZB78
<b>Nd 4d</b>			Ni(C <sub>5</sub> H <sub>5</sub> )	854.2	BCDH73
Nd <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	120.8	SaRa80	Ni(C <sub>5</sub> H <sub>5</sub> )	856.8	ClAd71, TRLK73
			Cl <sub>2</sub> Ni(Ph <sub>3</sub> P) <sub>2</sub>	855.0	BNSA70
<b>Ne 1s</b>			Cl <sub>2</sub> Ni(Ph <sub>3</sub> P) <sub>2</sub>	854.4	NZB78
Ne in graphite	863.1	φ	Cl <sub>2</sub> Ni(Ph <sub>3</sub> P) <sub>2</sub>	857.0	STHU76
Ne in Ag	862.4	CiHa74	Ni(dimethylglyoxim) <sub>2</sub>	855.0	NZB78, YoYa81
Ne in Au	861.6	CiHa74	Cl <sub>2</sub> Ni(bipyridyl)	855.7	NSWU77, NZB78
Ne in Cu	862.2	CiHa74	Ni(SPh) <sub>2</sub>	854.6	BBFR77
Ne in Fe	863.4	Wagn75	Cl <sub>2</sub> Ni(NH <sub>2</sub> CONHCONH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>	856.7	YYS78
			Ni(2-aminobenzoate) <sub>2</sub>	855.9	YoYa81
<b>Ne KLL</b>			Ni(P(OEt) <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>4</sub>	853.8	TRLK73
Ne in Fe	818.0	Wagn75	Cl <sub>2</sub> Ni(Et <sub>3</sub> P) <sub>2</sub>	854.7	FaBa79
			Br <sub>4</sub> Ni(Et <sub>4</sub> N) <sub>2</sub>	855.2	EMGK74
<b>Ni 2p</b>			<b>Ni LMM</b>		
Ni	852.7	φ	Ni	846.1	PEJ82
NiO	853.8	φ	Ni	846.2	WRDM79
Ni	852.7	LANM81	Ni	846.1	KiWi74, KGW76
Ni	852.7	ALMP82	<b>O 1s</b>		
Ni	852.8	PEJ82	Al <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> , sapphire	531.0	φ
Ni	852.7	WRDM79, ShRe79	Ag <sub>2</sub> O	529.2	Scho73
Ni <sub>3</sub> Yb	852.7	WWC78	AgO	528.6	Scho73, SRD80
Ni <sub>3</sub> Si	853.0	GGM82	Al <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	531.3	Nefe82, SDR80, BGD75, ZSOS79
NiSi	853.5	GGM82	Al <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> , sapphire	531.0	Tayl82, WPHK82
NiS	852.8	ShRe79	Al <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> , alpha	531.8	WPHK82
NiS	853.2	DPS77	Al <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> , gamma	530.9	Barr83, WPHK82
NiS	855.1	NgHe76	As <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	531.7	Tayl82, MINN78
Ni <sub>2</sub> · 6H <sub>2</sub> O	855.3	NZB78	As <sub>2</sub> O <sub>5</sub>	531.6	WZR80
NiCl <sub>2</sub>	856.7	TRLK73, KiHe83, YYS78	B <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	533.0	NGDS75
NiF <sub>2</sub> · 4H <sub>2</sub> O	857.5	NLSL77	BaO	528.3	InYa81
NiO	853.5	WRDM79	BeO	531.7	NGDS75, NFS75, HJGN70
NiO	854.3	DPS77, KiHe83, LFWS79, NFS82, NZB78, SRD79	Bi <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	530.0	NGDS75, DSBG82
			CaO	529.4	InYa81
NiO	854.3	KiWi74, McCo75			
Ni <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	857.3	NgHe76			

CaO	531.3	WZR80	Nb <sub>2</sub> O <sub>5</sub>	530.6	NGDS75, NFS82
CdO	529.2	NFS75, NGDS75, SBB80	Nb <sub>2</sub> O <sub>5</sub>	531.3	SaRa80
CdO <sub>2</sub>	530.3	HGW75	NbO <sub>2</sub>	530.7	SaRa80
Ce <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	530.3	PKHL80	Nd <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	530.6	SaRa80
CeO <sub>2</sub>	529.2	NGDS75	Ni <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	531.8	KiWi74, NgHe76
Co <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	529.9	McCo75	NiO	529.6	DPS77, LFWS79, NFS82, NGDS75, SRD79, WZR80
Co <sub>3</sub> O <sub>4</sub>	530.2	NGDS75, WZR80	P <sub>2</sub> O <sub>5</sub> (bridging O)	532.2	NGDS75
Co <sub>3</sub> O <sub>4</sub>	529.6	BGD75	P <sub>2</sub> O <sub>5</sub> (bridging O)	532.6	GMD79
Co <sub>3</sub> O <sub>4</sub>	529.7	CBR76, GPDG79, HSU76	P <sub>2</sub> O <sub>5</sub> (nonbridging O)	533.6	NGDS75
CoO	530.1	BGD75, NFS82, NGDS75	P <sub>2</sub> O <sub>5</sub> (nonbridging O)	534.3	GMD79
Cr <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	531.0	HoTh80, DPS76, WZR80, BDFP81	PbO	528.9	NFS82
Cr <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	531.5	NGDS75	PbO	531.6	WZR80
CrO <sub>2</sub>	529.3	IIKK76	PbO, rhombic	529.4	KOW73
CrO <sub>3</sub>	530.2	DPS76	PbO, rhombic	530.9	ZiHe78
CsO <sub>2</sub>	527.5	YaBa80	PbO, tetragonal	527.5	KOW73
Cs <sub>2</sub> O <sub>4</sub>	530.5	YaBa80	PbO, tetragonal	528.9	ZiHe78
Cu <sub>2</sub> O	530.3	HMUZ78, MSSS81, RBO72, Scho73b	PbO <sub>2</sub>	527.4	KOW73
CuO	529.6	MSSS81, McCo75, HMUZ78, RBO72, Scho73b	PbO <sub>2</sub>	529.0	TLR78
Fe <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	530.2	NGDS75, WZR80, Kilk73, Limo81	PdO	529.3	KGW74
Fe <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	529.6	HSU76, NSLS77	Pr <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	529.3	SaRa80
Fe <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> , alpha	529.6	McZc77	PrO <sub>2</sub>	528.6	SaRa80
Fe <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> , gamma	529.8	McZc77	PtO <sub>2</sub>	531.4	CMHL77
Fe <sub>3</sub> O <sub>4</sub>	530.0	McZc77	ReO <sub>2</sub>	530.1	BHU81
FeO	529.8	McZc77	ReO <sub>3</sub>	531.9	BHU81
Ga <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	530.8	NGDS75, Scho73a, WZR80, ZSOS79	Rh <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	530.4	CMHL77, NFS82
GeO <sub>2</sub>	520.0	NGDS75, WZR80	RuO <sub>2</sub>	529.4	MWLF78
H <sub>2</sub> O	533.2	NGDS75, WZR80	RuO <sub>2</sub>	529.4	KiWi74, McGi82, SaRa80
HfO <sub>2</sub>	530.4	NGDS75	RuO <sub>3</sub>	530.7	KiWi74
I <sub>2</sub> O <sub>5</sub>	529.9	Sher76	Sb <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	530.0	WZR80
In <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	529.8	NGDS75	Sc <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	530.0	NGDS75, WZR80
In <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	530.3	CFRS80	SiO <sub>2</sub>	533.0	Barr83, KMH78, NGDS75
In <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	530.5	LAK77	SiO <sub>2</sub>	534.3	Kilk73
La <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	528.6	NGDS75	SiO <sub>2</sub>	532.5	NSLS77, SRD79
Li <sub>2</sub> O	531.3	CSFG79	SiO <sub>2</sub> , gel	532.8	WPHK82
Lu <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	529.5	NGDS75	SiO <sub>2</sub> , Vycor	532.9	WPHK82
MgO	530.0	NFS82, NGDS75	SiO <sub>2</sub> , alpha cristobal	532.5	WPHK82
MgO	531.2	InYa81	SiO <sub>2</sub> , alpha quartz	532.7	WPHK82
MgO	532.1	WZR80	SiO <sub>2</sub> , alpha quartz	533.2	TLR78
MnO	529.7	OHI75	SnO	530.1	ADPS77
Mn <sub>3</sub> O <sub>4</sub>	529.6	OHI75	SnO <sub>2</sub>	530.6	ADPS77, LAK77, MWLF78, NGDS75, TLR78
Mn <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	529.6	OHI75	SrO	530.5	VaVe80
MnO <sub>2</sub>	530.0	NGDS75, WZR80	Tb <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	528.8	SaRa80
MnO <sub>2</sub> , beta	529.6	OHI75	TbO <sub>2</sub>	528.8	SaRa80
MoO <sub>2</sub>	531.1	PCLH76	TeO <sub>2</sub>	530.2	GBP81, SBB80
MoO <sub>2</sub>	530.7	CGR78, KBAW74	ThO <sub>2</sub>	530.0	NGDS75
MoO <sub>2</sub>	529.9	SaRa80	TiO <sub>2</sub>	529.9	MWLF78, WZR80, NGDS75
MoO <sub>3</sub>	530.9	NGDS75, NFS82	UO <sub>2</sub>	530.4	MSSS81
MoO <sub>3</sub>	531.6	PCLH76	UO <sub>3</sub>	529.9	MSSS81
MoO <sub>3</sub>	530.4	SaRa80, KBAW74, HMUZ78, CGR78	V <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	530.5	CGR78
Na <sub>2</sub> O	529.7	BaSi75	V <sub>2</sub> O <sub>4</sub>	530.0	KKL83
Nb <sub>2</sub> O <sub>5</sub>	529.6	GBP81	V <sub>2</sub> O <sub>5</sub>	529.9	BCM78, KKL83
			V <sub>2</sub> O <sub>5</sub>	530.5	NSLS77, NGDS75, NFS82
			WO <sub>2</sub>	530.4	CoRa76

WO <sub>3</sub>	530.6	CoRa76, KMH78, NFS82, NGDS75, NSLS77	Na <sub>2</sub> CO <sub>3</sub>	531.6	HHDD81, WZR80
ZnO	530.4	NFS82, NGDS75, NSLS77, Scho73, WZR80, ZSOS79	PbCO <sub>3</sub>	531.2	WZR80
ZrO <sub>2</sub>	530.2	NGDS75	CsClO <sub>4</sub>	532.7	MVS73
ZrO <sub>2</sub>	530.9	WZR80	KClO <sub>4</sub>	532.2	MVS73
Al(OH) <sub>3</sub> , bayerite	531.4	WPHK82	KClO <sub>3</sub>	532.3	MVS73
Al(OH) <sub>3</sub> , gibbsite	531.5	WPHK80	LiClO <sub>4</sub>	533.4	MVS73
AlOOH, boehmite	531.5	Tayl82	NaClO <sub>4</sub>	533.0	MVS73
Co(OH) <sub>2</sub>	531.2	HSU76	RbClO <sub>4</sub>	532.8	MVS73
Cr(OH) <sub>3</sub>	531.2	DPS76	Al <sub>2</sub> SiO <sub>5</sub> , kyanite	531.3	AnSw74
Cu(OH) <sub>2</sub>	531.2	MSSS81	Al <sub>2</sub> SiO <sub>5</sub> , mullite	531.6	AnSw74
Fe(OH) <sub>2</sub>	531.3	HSU76	Al <sub>2</sub> SiO <sub>5</sub> , sillimanite	531.3	AnSw74
FeO*OH	530.1	McZe77	Al <sub>2</sub> SiO <sub>5</sub> , sillimanite	531.9	WPHK82
FeOO*H	531.2	McZe77	Ca <sub>3</sub> (HSiO <sub>4</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>	531.2	CIRi76
In(OH) <sub>3</sub>	531.8	WZR80	Co <sub>2</sub> SiO <sub>4</sub>	531.6	WZR80
KOH	531.8	Kilk73	Na <sub>2</sub> SiO <sub>3</sub> · 5H <sub>2</sub> O	530.6	CIRi76
LiOH	531.2	CSFG79, WZR80	Na <sub>2</sub> SiO <sub>3</sub> · 5H <sub>2</sub> O*	532.5	CIRi76
Mg(OH) <sub>2</sub>	530.9	HNUW78	Ni <sub>2</sub> SiO <sub>4</sub>	531.9	LFWS79
NaOH	532.8	BaSt75	NiSiO <sub>3</sub>	532.3	SRD79
Ni(OH) <sub>2</sub>	531.3	LFWS79	MgSiO <sub>3</sub> · 2H <sub>2</sub> O	532.0	CIRi76
AlPO <sub>4</sub>	532.8	CFRS80	MgSiO <sub>3</sub> · 2H <sub>2</sub> O*	532.8	CIRi76
Cs <sub>3</sub> PO <sub>4</sub>	530.1	MVS73	Al <sub>2</sub> (MoO <sub>4</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	531.0	PCLH76
Cs <sub>4</sub> P <sub>2</sub> O <sub>7</sub>	530.2	MVS73	Al <sub>2</sub> (WO <sub>4</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	532.0	NgHe76
K <sub>3</sub> PO <sub>4</sub>	530.4	MVS73	CaCrO <sub>4</sub>	529.5	ACHT73
K <sub>4</sub> P <sub>2</sub> O <sub>7</sub>	530.1	MVS73	CaMoO <sub>4</sub>	530.6	NFS82
Li <sub>3</sub> PO <sub>4</sub>	531.5	MVS73	CaWO <sub>4</sub>	529.9	NFS82
Li <sub>4</sub> P <sub>2</sub> O <sub>7</sub>	531.7	MVS73	p-Benzoquinone	532.2	OYK74
Na <sub>3</sub> PO <sub>4</sub>	530.4	MVS73, GMD79	Hydroquinone	533.5	OYK74
Na <sub>4</sub> P <sub>2</sub> O <sub>7</sub> (bridging O)	531.1	GMD79	PhCOONa	531.4	LBNN78
Na <sub>4</sub> P <sub>2</sub> O <sub>7</sub> (nonbridging O)	532.9	GMD79	p(Me <sub>2</sub> Si(O))	532.5	WPHK82
NaPO <sub>3</sub> (bridging O)	531.5	GMD79	Methylsilicone Resin	532.7	WPHK82
NaPO <sub>3</sub> (nonbridging O)	533.4	GMD79	Phenylsilicone Resin	532.6	WPHK82
Ba(NO <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>	533.0	CLSW83	PhCONH <sub>2</sub>	532.2	LBNN78
Ca(NO <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>	533.6	CLSW83			
KNO <sub>3</sub>	532.7	NSLS77	<b>Os 4f</b>		
Pb(NO <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>	532.7	TLR78	Os	50.7	φ
BaSO <sub>4</sub>	531.8	CLSW83	Os	50.6	Folk73, BNMN79
BaSO <sub>4</sub>	532.5	WZR80	Os	50.2	BHHK70
CaSO <sub>4</sub>	532.0	CLSW83, WZR80	OsCl <sub>3</sub>	53.1	Nefe78
Cr <sub>2</sub> (SO <sub>4</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	532.1	DPS76	OsO <sub>2</sub>	52.0	SaRa80
FeSO <sub>4</sub>	532.4	Limo81	OsO <sub>2</sub>	52.7	Folk73
K <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub>	531.2	WZR80	Os(HSO <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>	52.2	Nefe78
NiSO <sub>4</sub>	532.1	NSLS77, Nefe82	K <sub>2</sub> OsI <sub>6</sub>	51.9	Nefe78
PbSO <sub>4</sub>	531.5	ZiHe78	K <sub>2</sub> OsBr <sub>6</sub>	52.9	Nefe78
ZnSO <sub>4</sub>	532.5	Nefe82	K <sub>2</sub> OsCl <sub>6</sub>	53.0	Folk73
Na <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>3</sub>	531.2	WZR80	K <sub>2</sub> OsCl <sub>6</sub>	53.2	CoHe72
Na <sub>2</sub> S <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	531.8	WZR80	K <sub>2</sub> OsCl <sub>6</sub>	53.5	LeBr72
PbSO <sub>3</sub>	530.8	ZiHe78	K <sub>2</sub> OsCl <sub>6</sub>	53.9	Nefe78
PbS <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	531.1	ZiHe78	K <sub>2</sub> OsO <sub>2</sub> (OH) <sub>4</sub>	55.2	Nefe78
Ag <sub>2</sub> CO <sub>3</sub>	530.6	HGW75	Os(NH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>5</sub> N <sub>2</sub> I <sub>2</sub>	50.9	Folk73
BaCO <sub>3</sub>	531.3	CLSW83	Os(NH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>5</sub> N <sub>2</sub> Br <sub>2</sub>	52.0	Folk73
CaCO <sub>3</sub>	531.4	CLSW83, WZR80	Os(NH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>4</sub> (N <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> Br <sub>2</sub>	51.6	Folk73
CdCO <sub>3</sub>	531.4	HGW75	Os(NH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>5</sub> N <sub>2</sub> Cl <sub>2</sub>	52.2	Folk73
CuCO <sub>3</sub>	531.5	WZR80	K <sub>2</sub> Os(NO)Br <sub>5</sub>	53.3	Nefe78
Li <sub>2</sub> CO <sub>3</sub>	531.5	CSFG79	K <sub>2</sub> Os(NO)Cl <sub>5</sub>	53.4	Nefe78
			HOs(Ph <sub>3</sub> P)Cl(CO)	51.1	Nefe78
			OsCl <sub>4</sub> (Et <sub>3</sub> P) <sub>2</sub>	52.6	LeBr72



OsCl <sub>4</sub> (PhPMe <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> trans	53.0	LeBr72	(PhO) <sub>3</sub> PS	134.7	MSAV71
OsCl <sub>3</sub> (PhPMe <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> mer	51.7	LeBr72	(PhO) <sub>3</sub> PSe	134.3	MSAV71
OsCl <sub>2</sub> (PhPMe <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>4</sub> trans	50.5	LeBr72	(PhO) <sub>3</sub> PO	133.6	CFRS80
			(PhO) <sub>3</sub> PO	134.8	FIWe75
<b>P 2p</b>			Ph <sub>3</sub> POBBr <sub>3</sub>	133.7	HVV79
P	129.9	Φ	Ph <sub>3</sub> POBCl <sub>3</sub>	133.4	HVV79
P	130.0	NSDU75	Ph <sub>3</sub> POBF <sub>3</sub>	133.3	HVV79
P (red)	130.0	ScBr81	Ph <sub>2</sub> PO(OH)	133.3	MSAV71
Cu <sub>3</sub> P	129.6	NSDU75	OPCl(OEt) <sub>2</sub>	134.8	FIWe75
CuP <sub>2</sub>	129.7	NSDU75	OPF <sub>2</sub> NPh <sub>2</sub>	135.8	FIWe75
GaP	128.8	WaTa80, IMNN79, NIMN78	OPCl <sub>2</sub> OEt	135.2	FIWe75
GaP, anodically oxid.	128.5	MIN81	OP(NMe <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	133.4	FIWe75
GaP, thermally oxid.	129.7	MIN81	Ph <sub>4</sub> PI	133.0	HVV79
InP	128.3	CFRS80	Ph <sub>4</sub> PBr	133.5	LMF80, SRH72
InP	129.4	Bert81	Ph <sub>4</sub> PCI	132.8	HVV79
Zn <sub>3</sub> P <sub>2</sub>	128.3	NSDU75	MePPh <sub>3</sub> Br	133.0	SRH 2
ZnP <sub>2</sub>	129.8	NSDU75	(Ph <sub>3</sub> P) <sub>3</sub> P <sup>+</sup> F <sub>6</sub> <sup>-</sup>	136.7	LMF80
AlPO <sub>4</sub>	132.9	CFRS80	(Ph <sub>3</sub> P <sup>+</sup> ) <sub>3</sub> PF <sub>6</sub> <sup>-</sup>	133.5	LMF80
Cs <sub>3</sub> PO <sub>4</sub>	132.1	MVS73	Pt(Ph <sub>3</sub> P) <sub>4</sub>	131.2	Rigg72
K <sub>2</sub> HPO <sub>4</sub>	132.8	Bert81	Ph <sub>3</sub> P=CHCOPh	132.2	Dale76, STA74
K <sub>3</sub> PO <sub>4</sub>	133.2	MVS73	Ph <sub>3</sub> P=CHCOOMe	132.5	STA74
Li <sub>3</sub> PO <sub>4</sub>	133.6	MVS73	Cl <sub>2</sub> Ni(Ph <sub>3</sub> P) <sub>2</sub>	132.4	BNSA70
Na <sub>2</sub> HPO <sub>4</sub>	133.1	Swif82, WRDM79, WaTa80	Ni(CO) <sub>2</sub> (Ph <sub>3</sub> P) <sub>2</sub>	131.4	TRLK73
Na <sub>3</sub> PO <sub>4</sub>	132.4	MVS73, GMD79, Swif82			
NaH <sub>2</sub> PO <sub>4</sub>	134.2	Swif82			
NaPO <sub>3</sub>	134.2	Swif82, GMD79	<b>Pb 4f</b>		
Rb <sub>3</sub> PO <sub>4</sub>	132.5	MVS73	Pb	136.9	Φ
NaH <sub>2</sub> PO <sub>2</sub>	132.6	Swif82	Pb	136.4	LKMP73
Cs <sub>4</sub> P <sub>2</sub> O <sub>7</sub>	132.6	MVS73	Pb	136.8	SFS77
K <sub>4</sub> P <sub>2</sub> O <sub>7</sub>	132.6	MVS73	Pb	136.8	BeF180, KOW73, KiWi73, TLR78, WRDM79, WaTa80
Li <sub>4</sub> P <sub>2</sub> O <sub>7</sub>	134.3	MVS73	Pb	136.8	HSBS81, OCH79
Na <sub>4</sub> P <sub>2</sub> O <sub>7</sub>	133.2	MVS73, GMD79, Bert81	Pb <sub>98</sub> Sn <sub>2</sub>	136.8	HSBS81
Rb <sub>4</sub> P <sub>2</sub> O <sub>7</sub>	133.1	MVS73	PbTe	137.4	SFS77
P <sub>4</sub> O <sub>10</sub>	135.3	NIMN78, NGDS75, CFRS80, Bert81, GMD79	PbSe	137.4	SFS77
OPCl <sub>3</sub>	135.7	FIWe75	PbS	137.6	MoVa73, SFS77, ZiHe78
SPCl <sub>3</sub>	135.3	FIWe75	PbI <sub>2</sub>	138.7	MoVa73
SP(NH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	133.4	FIWe75	PbBr <sub>2</sub>	138.8	NeFe82
Ph <sub>3</sub> P	130.9	Dale76, NSMS79, TRLK73, GBMP79	PbF <sub>2</sub>	139.0	MoVa73
Ph <sub>3</sub> P	130.9	HVV79, LMF80, SRH72	PbO	138.9	KOW73, ZiHe78, WRDM79, NFS82, NSSP80, MoVa73
Ph <sub>3</sub> P	130.9	MSAV71, GZF73	PbO	138.9	MoVa73, BeF180
Ph <sub>3</sub> PS	132.5	HVV79, STA74, FIWe75, MSAV71	Pb <sub>3</sub> O <sub>4</sub>	138.0	MoVa73
Ph <sub>3</sub> PSe	132.6	HVV79, MSAV71	PbO <sub>2</sub>	137.4	BeF180, KOW73, TLR78, MoVa73
Ph <sub>3</sub> PO	132.5	GZF73, STA74, FIWe75, MSAV71, HVV79, BNSA70	Pb(OH) <sub>2</sub>	138.4	NSSP80
Ph <sub>3</sub> PBI <sub>3</sub>	132.2	HVV79	Pb(NO <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>	139.3	BeF180, TLR78, NSSP80
Ph <sub>3</sub> PBBBr <sub>3</sub>	132.1	HVV79	PbSO <sub>3</sub>	138.6	ZiHe78
Ph <sub>3</sub> PBCl <sub>3</sub>	132.2	HVV79	PbSO <sub>4</sub>	139.4	NSSP80, ZiHe78
Ph <sub>3</sub> PBF <sub>3</sub>	132.0	HVV79	PbS <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	138.4	ZiHe78
Ph <sub>2</sub> PSH	132.3	NSWM80	PbRh <sub>2</sub> O <sub>4</sub>	137.3	NFS82
Ph <sub>2</sub> PSeH	132.3	NSWM80	Ph <sub>4</sub> Pb	138.2	MoVa73
(PhS) <sub>3</sub> P	134.3	MSAV71	Ph <sub>3</sub> PbCl	138.9	MoVa73
(PhS) <sub>3</sub> PS	133.1	MSAV71	Ph <sub>2</sub> PbCl <sub>2</sub>	139.4	MoVa73
(PhO) <sub>3</sub> P	134.7	MSAV71	Pb(OAc) <sub>2</sub>	138.5	BeF180
			Pb(OAc) <sub>4</sub>	137.2	BeF180



$\text{Cl}_2\text{Pt}(\text{H}_2\text{NCH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{NH}_2)_2$	73.0	YMK78	$\text{Rh}_2\text{WO}_6$	309.4	NFS82
$\text{Cl}_2\text{Pt}(\text{cyclooctadien})$	73.9	CMHL77	$\text{RhNbO}_4$	309.2	NFS82
$\text{K}_2\text{PtCl}_6$	318.1	EPCC75	$\text{RhTaO}_4$	309.5	NFS82
<b>Pt MNN</b>			$\text{RhVO}_4$	309.2	NFS82
Pt	1960.7	Wagn78	$\text{K}_3\text{RhCl}_6$	309.8	SNMK78
Pt	2041.1	Wagn78	$\text{K}_3\text{RhF}_6$	312.2	Nefe78
<b>Rb 3d</b>			$\text{K}_3\text{Rh}(\text{NO}_2)_6$	310.5	SNMK78
Rb	111.5	$\phi$	$\text{K}_3\text{Rh}(\text{NO}_3)_6$	311.1	SNMK78
$\text{RbCl}$	109.9	$\phi$	$\text{Rh}(\text{NH}_3)_6\text{Cl}_3$	310.5	Nefe78
$\text{RbN}_3$	109.8	SGRS72	$\text{Rh}(\text{NO})_6\text{Cl}_3$	309.8	Nefe78
RbI	110.4	MVS 73	$\text{ClRh}(\text{Ph}_3\text{P})_3$	307.4	CWH82, Nefe78, OIIT79
$\text{RbBr}$	110.0	MVS 73	$\text{Cl}_2\text{Rh}(\text{Ph}_3\text{P})_3$	309.7	Nefe78
$\text{RbCl}$	109.9	MVS 73	$\text{Cl}_6\text{Rh}(\text{Ph}_3\text{P})_3$	309.7	Nefe78
$\text{RbF}$	109.8	MVS 73	$\text{Br}_6\text{Rh}(\text{Ph}_3\text{P})_3$	307.9	Nefe78
$\text{Rb}_3\text{PO}_4$	110.0	MVS 73	$\text{NORh}(\text{Ph}_3\text{P})_3$	308.2	Nefe78
$\text{Rb}_4\text{P}_2\text{O}_7$	110.0	MVS 73	$\text{Cl}_3\text{Rh}(\text{Ph}_3\text{P})_2\text{MeCN}$	309.6	GIWa79
$\text{RbClO}_4$	110.4	MVS73	$\text{H}(\text{CO})\text{Rh}(\text{Ph}_3\text{P})_2$	308.5	OIIT79
<b>Re 4f</b>			$\text{Cl}(\text{CO})_2\text{Rh}(\text{Ph}_3\text{P})$	308.7	Nefe78
Re	40.3	$\phi$	$\text{Cl}(\text{CO})\text{Rh}(\text{Ph}_3\text{P})_2$	308.6	CWH82, OIIT79
Re	40.5	FHR80	$\text{Cl}_2\text{Rh}_2(\text{cyclooctadi})_2$	308.7	CMHL77, CWH82
Re	40.5	SSHU83, WRDM79	$\text{Rh}_2(\text{OAc})_4 \cdot 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$	309.0	Nefe78
Re	41.0	BHU81	$\text{Rh}(\text{NH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{COO})_3 \cdot \text{H}_2\text{O}$	310.3	NPBS74
$\text{ReO}_2$	43.6	BHU81	<b>Ru 3d</b>		
$\text{ReO}_3$	46.8	BHU81	Ru	280.1	$\phi$
$\text{K}_2\text{ReCl}_6$	44.2	CoHe72, LeBr72	Ru	280.0	NyMa80
$\text{Cl}_3\text{ReO}(\text{Ph}_3\text{P})_2$	43.9	Folk73, Nefe78	Ru	280.1	Folk73, BHHK70, KiWi74, FEMY77, WRDM79
$\text{Cl}_2\text{ReN}(\text{Ph}_3\text{P})_2$	42.7	Nefe78	$\text{RuCl}_3$	281.8	Folk73
$\text{Cl}_4\text{Re}(\text{Et}_3\text{P})_2$	43.3	LeBr72	$\text{RuO}_2$	280.7	SaRa80, KiWi74, McGi82
$\text{Cl}_4\text{Re}(\text{PMe}_2\text{Ph})_2$	43.6	LeBr72	$\text{RuO}_3$	282.5	KiWi74
$\text{Cl}_3\text{Re}(\text{PMe}_2\text{Ph})_3$ , mer	41.8	LeBr72	$\text{RuO}_4$	283.3	KiWi74
$\text{Cl}_2\text{Re}(\text{PMe}_2\text{Ph})_4$ , trans	40.5	LeBr72	$\text{Ru}(\text{NH}_3)_5\text{N}_2\text{I}_2$	282.2	Folk73
$\text{ClReN}_2(\text{PMe}_2\text{Ph})_4$ , trans	40.3	LeBr72, Folk73	$\text{Ru}(\text{NH}_3)_5\text{N}_2\text{Br}_2$	280.5	Folk73
			$\text{Ru}(\text{NH}_3)_5\text{N}_2\text{Cl}_2$	282.5	Folk73
			$\text{Cl}_3\text{Ru}(\text{PhPMe}_2)_3$ mer	276.6	LeBr72
<b>Rh 3d</b>			<b>S 2p</b>		
Rh	307.2	$\phi$	S	164.0	$\phi$
Rh	307.2	NyMa80	S	164.1	SNRS76, WRDM79, RiVe83, LHJG70
Rh	307.2	OIIT79, WRDM79, FHPW73	BaS	160.1	SiWo80
$\text{RhI}_3$	308.6	Nefe78	CdS	161.7	BSRR81
$\text{RhCl}_3$	310.1	OIIT79	CoS	162.0	Limo81
$\text{RhCl}_3 \cdot 3\text{H}_2\text{O}$	310.0	CWH82	$\text{Cu}_2\text{S}$	161.3	BSRR81
$\text{RhCl}_3 \cdot 12\text{H}_2\text{O}$	310.1	CMHL77	$\text{Cu}_2\text{S}$	162.4	NSSP80
$\text{Rh}_2\text{O}_3$	308.8	NFS82, CMHL77	CuS	162.0	Limo81, NSSP80
$\text{Rh}_2\text{O}_3$	308.2	OIIT79	CuS	161.3	BSRR81
$\text{BaRh}_2\text{O}_4$	308.4	NFS82	FeS	161.6	Bind73, Limo81
$\text{BeRh}_2\text{O}_4$	308.9	NFS82	$\text{FeS}_2$	162.9	Bind73, Limo81
$\text{CaRh}_2\text{O}_4$	308.8	NFS82	$\text{Ga}_2\text{S}_3$	162.2	TIWB72
$\text{CoRh}_2\text{O}_4$	308.8	NFS82	GeS	161.8	SFS77
$\text{PbRh}_2\text{O}_4$	308.6	NFS82	$\text{GeS}_2$	161.7	HKMP74
$\text{KRhO}_2$	308.5	NFS82	HgS	162.0	NSSP80
$\text{LiRhO}_2$	308.9	NFS82	MnS	162.5	Limo81
$\text{ZnRh}_2\text{O}_4$	308.7	NFS82			
$\text{Rh}_2\text{MoO}_6$	309.2	NFS82			

MoS <sub>2</sub>	162.5	SSOT81, StEd75, PCLH76	Thiophene	164.3	LHJG70
Na <sub>2</sub> S	160.6	SWH71	Ph <sub>3</sub> PS	162.4	FIWe75, MSAV71
Na <sub>2</sub> S	161.8	LHJG70	Ph <sub>3</sub> PS	161.8	HVV79
NiS	162.2	ShRe79, NgHe76, DPS77	Ph <sub>3</sub> AsS	161.7	HVV79
PbS	160.8	SFS77	PhSSPh	164.4	RiVe83, LHJG70
Sb <sub>2</sub> S <sub>3</sub>	161.8	BCH75	PhCH <sub>2</sub> SSCH <sub>2</sub> Ph	164.2	RiVe83
SnS	161.1	SFS77	(PhS) <sub>3</sub> P	163.6	MSAV71
US	161.5	SNRS76	(PhS) <sub>2</sub> PS	163.5	MSAV71
US <sub>3</sub>	162.6	SNRS76	BuSSBu	164.1	RiVe83
WS <sub>2</sub>	162.1	NgHe76	MeSSMe	164.3	RiVe83
WS <sub>2</sub>	163.0	Wagn75	NH <sub>2</sub> CSNH <sub>2</sub>	162.1	LeRa77, NBMO73, SrWa77
ZnS	164.0	Limo81	2-Mercaptobenzimidaz	162.2	YYS79
GeS <sub>2</sub> TeAs <sub>2</sub>	161.5	HKMP74	2-Mercaptobenzimidaz	162.8	ChHa79
GeS <sub>3</sub> As <sub>2</sub>	161.6	HKMP74	BuNH <sub>3</sub> HSO <sub>4</sub>	167.3	EvRe81
KFeS <sub>2</sub>	161.6	Bind73	Bu <sub>4</sub> NHSO <sub>4</sub>	168.0	EvRe81
Na <sub>2</sub> (S*SO <sub>3</sub> )	162.5	Wagn75	Ei <sub>3</sub> NHHSO <sub>4</sub>	168.5	EvRe81
Na <sub>2</sub> (S*SO <sub>3</sub> )	161.7	LHJG70	PhSCMe <sub>3</sub>	162.4	PiLu72
Na <sub>2</sub> (SS*O <sub>3</sub> )	167.7	LHJG70	Tetrathionaphthalene	164.4	RiVe83
K <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>3</sub>	167.5	TMR80	Cysteine	163.2	LIMa79, LHJG70
Na <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>3</sub>	165.6	SWH71	Cysteine HCl hydrate	163.1	SSEW79
Na <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>3</sub>	166.6	WaTa82, LHJG70	Cysteine HCl hydrate	163.6	LHJG70
Na <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>3</sub>	167.2	TMR80	Methionine	162.8	BBFR77
Ag <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub>	168.6	TMR80	NH <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> SO <sub>3</sub> H	167.8	HaSh73
Al <sub>2</sub> (SO <sub>4</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	168.8	LHJG70	(MeOS) <sub>2</sub>	164.5	LHJG70
BaSO <sub>4</sub>	168.8	SiWo80, CLSW83	Me <sub>2</sub> SO	166.5	LHJG70
CaSO <sub>4</sub>	169.0	CLSW83	(PhCH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> SO	165.9	LHJG70
CoSO <sub>4</sub>	169.7	Limo81	Ph <sub>2</sub> SO	166.0	LHJG70
CuSO <sub>4</sub>	169.3	WaTa80, NSSP80, Limo81	Me <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>2</sub>	169.0	LHJG70
FeSO <sub>4</sub>	168.8	Limo81, LHJG70	CH <sub>3</sub> OS(O)OCH <sub>3</sub>	168.4	LHJG70
Fe <sub>2</sub> (SO <sub>4</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	169.1	LHJG70	MeSO <sub>2</sub> Cl	169.3	LHJG70
K <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub>	169.1	TMR80	ClC <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>2</sub> Cl	168.5	LHJG70
MnSO <sub>4</sub>	171.0	Limo81	PhSO <sub>2</sub> Na	166.3	LHJG70
Na <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub>	168.8	TMR80	p-NH <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> SO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> NH <sub>2</sub>	167.9	LHJG70
NiSO <sub>4</sub>	169.2	Limo81, NSLS77, Nefe82, ShRe79	p-NH <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> SO <sub>2</sub> NH <sub>2</sub>	168.4	LHJG70
PbSO <sub>4</sub>	168.6	NSSP80	p-CH <sub>3</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> SO <sub>2</sub> Cl	168.4	LHJG70
SrSO <sub>4</sub>	169.1	CLSW83	p-NH <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> SO <sub>3</sub> Na	168.1	LHJG70
U(SO <sub>4</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>	169.1	Chad73	p-O <sub>2</sub> NC <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> SNa	161.0	LHJG70
ZnSO <sub>4</sub>	169.5	Nefe82	CO <sub>2</sub> NC <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> SH	163.5	LHJG70
NO <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>3</sub>	166.8	BCM78	o-O <sub>2</sub> NC <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> SH	163.9	LHJG70
S <sub>2</sub> N <sub>2</sub>	164.6	SDIO77	p-O <sub>2</sub> NC <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> SMe	163.5	LHJG70
SF <sub>6</sub>	174.4	WaTa82	o-O <sub>2</sub> NC <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> SNH <sub>2</sub>	164.1	LHJG70
SF <sub>6</sub>	177.2	LHJG70	o-O <sub>2</sub> NC <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> SCl	163.9	LHJG70
SO <sub>2</sub>	167.4	WaTa82	p-O <sub>2</sub> NC <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> SO <sub>2</sub> F	169.6	LHJG70
SO <sub>2</sub>	168.1	LHJG70	o-O <sub>2</sub> NC <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> SO <sub>2</sub> F	170.0	LHJG70
SOCl <sub>2</sub>	168.1	LHJG70	PhCH <sub>2</sub> SSCH <sub>2</sub> Ph	163.6	LHJG70
SOF <sub>2</sub>	170.0	LHJG70	PhCH <sub>2</sub> S*SOCH <sub>2</sub> Ph	163.7	LHJG70
SP(NH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	162.3	FIWe75	PhCH <sub>2</sub> SS*OCH <sub>2</sub> Ph	165.9	LHJG70
SPCl <sub>3</sub>	163.7	FIWe75	PhCH <sub>2</sub> S*SO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> Ph	163.9	LHJG70
S <sub>2</sub> Cl <sub>2</sub>	163.5	LHJG70	PhCH <sub>2</sub> SS*O <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> Ph	168.0	LHJG70
S <sub>2</sub> Cl <sub>10</sub>	174.4	LHJG70	(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> S+I-	165.8	LHJG70
CS <sub>2</sub>	163.7	LHJG70	(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> S+(O)I-	168.2	LHJG70
(CH <sub>2</sub> COOH) <sub>2</sub> S	163.7	LHJG70	(HOOCCH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> S+CH <sub>2</sub> COO-	166.2	LHJG70
(CH <sub>2</sub> Ph) <sub>2</sub> S	163.3	LHJG70			
PhSH	163.1	LHJG70			
Ph <sub>2</sub> S	163.2	LHJG70			
			<b>S KLL</b>		
			NiS	2116.1	WaTa80
			NiW <sub>2</sub> S	2115.9	Wagn78

WS <sub>2</sub>	2115.6	Wagn78	Sc 2p		
Na <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>3</sub>	2108.5	WaTa82	Sc	398.6	Φ
Na <sub>2</sub> (SS*O <sub>3</sub> )	2107.8	Wagn75	Sc <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	401.8	Φ
Na <sub>2</sub> (S*SO <sub>3</sub> )	2112.5	Wagn75	Sc	398.7	SMKM77
CuSO <sub>4</sub>	2108.0	WaTa80	ScN	400.7	STAB76
SO <sub>2</sub>	2106.2	WaTa82	Sc <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	401.9	NGDS75,WRDM79
SF <sub>6</sub>	2100.5	WaTa82	ClSc(C <sub>5</sub> H <sub>5</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>	401.4	WeMe78
			Sc(C <sub>5</sub> H <sub>5</sub> )(C <sub>8</sub> H <sub>8</sub> )	400.2	WeMe78
<b>Sb 3d<sub>5/2</sub></b>			<b>Se 3d</b>		
Sb	528.3	Φ	Se	55.6	Φ
Sb	528.2	HSBS81,MSV 73,PVVA79, SFS77,WRDM79,Wagn75	Se	55.5	SFS77, BWI80, UeOd82, WRDM79, WSP77, MTHB71
AlSb	528.6	MSV73	Se	55.1	BWI80
Sb <sub>95</sub> Sn <sub>5</sub>	528.0	HSBS81	As <sub>2</sub> Se <sub>3</sub>	55.1	UeOd82, WSP77
Sb <sub>2</sub> S <sub>3</sub>	529.5	MSV73,Wagn75	Ga <sub>2</sub> Se <sub>3</sub>	54.6	ITI82, TIWB72
Sb <sub>2</sub> S <sub>5</sub>	529.2	MSV73,Wagn75	GeSe	54.8	SFS77
SbI <sub>3</sub>	530.4	MSV73	GeSe <sub>2</sub>	54.5	UeOd82
SbCl <sub>5</sub>	530.9	BCH75	CuInSe <sub>2</sub>	54.0	KJID81
SbF <sub>3</sub>	531.7	MSV73	In <sub>2</sub> Se <sub>3</sub>	54.8	KJID81
Sb <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	530.0	MSV73,Wagn75	Nb <sub>3</sub> Se <sub>4</sub>	54.9	Bahl75
Sb <sub>2</sub> O <sub>5</sub>	530.8	MSV73	NbSe <sub>2</sub>	53.7	Bahl75
Rb <sub>3</sub> Sb <sub>2</sub> Br <sub>9</sub>	529.9	Tric74	PbSe	53.4	SFS77
Rb <sub>3</sub> Sb <sub>2</sub> I <sub>9</sub>	529.9	Tric74	PbSe	54.1	WSP7
C <sub>33</sub> Sb <sub>2</sub> I <sub>9</sub>	529.2	BCH75	SnSe	53.7	SFS77
C <sub>33</sub> Sb <sub>2</sub> Br <sub>9</sub>	530.0	BCH75,Tric74	SnSe	55.0	WSP77
C <sub>33</sub> Sb <sub>2</sub> Cl <sub>9</sub>	529.3	BCH75	MoSe <sub>2</sub>	54.6	BWI79
C <sub>33</sub> Sb <sub>2</sub> Cl <sub>9</sub>	530.5	Tric74	FeSe <sub>2</sub>	54.9	BWI79
C <sub>3</sub> SbCl <sub>6</sub>	530.9	Tric74	SeO <sub>2</sub>	58.9	BWI81, ITI82
Co(NH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>6</sub> SbBr <sub>6</sub>	530.1	Tric74	SeO <sub>2</sub>	59.8	MTHB71, WSP77
Co(NH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>6</sub> SbCl <sub>6</sub>	530.8	Tric74	H <sub>2</sub> SeO <sub>3</sub>	59.2	BWI81
KSbF <sub>6</sub>	532.3	MSV73	H <sub>2</sub> SeO <sub>3</sub>	59.9	MTHB71
KSbF <sub>6</sub>	532.9	Wagn75	H <sub>2</sub> SeO <sub>4</sub>	61.2	BWI81
NaSbF <sub>6</sub>	532.1	BCH75	Na <sub>2</sub> SeO <sub>3</sub>	59.1	WSP77
C <sub>5</sub> SbF <sub>4</sub>	530.6	BCH75	Na <sub>2</sub> SeO <sub>4</sub>	61.6	WSP77
KSb <sub>2</sub> F <sub>7</sub>	531.2	Tric74	Na <sub>2</sub> SeS <sub>4</sub> O <sub>6</sub>	56.9	WSP77
K <sub>2</sub> SbF <sub>5</sub>	531.0	Tric74	Ph <sub>2</sub> Se	55.8	BWI81
Na <sub>2</sub> SbF <sub>5</sub>	531.3	Tric74	(BrC <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> Se	56.4	MTHB71
BuNH <sub>3</sub> SbI <sub>4</sub>	529.6	BCH75	Ph <sub>2</sub> Se <sub>2</sub>	55.8	BWI81
BuNH <sub>3</sub> Sb <sub>2</sub> I <sub>9</sub>	529.9	BCH75	(BrC <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> Se <sub>2</sub>	56.0	BWI81
Et <sub>4</sub> NSbF <sub>6</sub>	532.4	BCH75	(C <sub>14</sub> H <sub>29</sub> Se) <sub>2</sub>	56.1	MTHB71
Ph <sub>3</sub> Sb	528.9	BCH75	I <sub>2</sub> SePh <sub>2</sub>	58.1	BWI81
Bu <sub>3</sub> Sb	528.1	BCH75	Br <sub>2</sub> SePh <sub>2</sub>	57.8	BWI81
Ph <sub>3</sub> SbBr <sub>2</sub>	529.8	BCH75	Cl <sub>2</sub> SePh <sub>2</sub>	57.7	BWI81
Me <sub>3</sub> SbBr <sub>2</sub>	530.3	BCH75	Cl <sub>2</sub> SePh <sub>2</sub>	58.8	MTHB71
Ph <sub>3</sub> SbS	528.7	BCH75	C <sub>16</sub> H <sub>33</sub> SeCN	57.7	MTHB71
(C <sub>12</sub> H <sub>25</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> SSb	529.8	MSV73	HSePh <sub>2</sub> P	54.5	NSWM80
Ph <sub>4</sub> PSbCl <sub>6</sub>	531.7	MSV73	SePh <sub>3</sub> P	54.3	HVV79
<b>Sb MNN</b>			Ph <sub>2</sub> SeO	57.6	BWI81
Sb	464.1	WRDM79, PVVA79, Wagn75	(PhCH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> SeO	58.2	MTHB71
Sb <sub>2</sub> S <sub>3</sub>	462.1	Wagn75	(BrC <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> SeO	58.4	MTHB71
Sb <sub>2</sub> S <sub>5</sub>	462.2	Wagn75	(C <sub>4</sub> H <sub>9</sub> COOH) <sub>2</sub> SeO	58.5	MTHB71
Sb <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	462.1	Wagn75	PhSeO(OH)	58.8	MTHB71
KSbF <sub>6</sub>	454.4	Wagn75	ClC <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> SeO(OH)	59.3	MTHB71

FC <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> SeO(OH)	59.3	MTHB71	Hydroxysodalite	101.7	WPHK82
ClC <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> SeO <sub>2</sub> (OH)	60.2	MTHB71	Kaolinite	102.7	Barr83
(MeOC <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> SeO <sub>2</sub>	60.0	MTHB71	Kaolinite	103.0	WPHK82
(HOC <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> S) <sub>2</sub> Se	56.2	WSP77	Mica, Muscovite	102.4	WPHK82
<b>Se LMM</b>			Natrolite	102.2	WPHK82
Se	1307.0	BW181	Pyrophyllite	102.9	WPHK82
Se	1306.7	Wagn75	AlSiO <sub>3</sub> , sillimanite	102.7	WPHK82
SeO <sub>2</sub>	1301.4	BW181	LiAlSi <sub>2</sub> O <sub>6</sub> , spodumene	102.5	WPHK82
H <sub>2</sub> SeO <sub>3</sub>	1300.8	BW181	Talc, Mg <sub>3</sub> Si <sub>4</sub> O <sub>10</sub> (OH) <sub>2</sub>	103.1	WPHK82
H <sub>2</sub> SeO <sub>4</sub>	1297.9	BW181	Wollastonii, Ca <sub>3</sub> Si <sub>3</sub> O <sub>9</sub>	102.4	WPHK82
Na <sub>2</sub> SeO <sub>3</sub>	1301.2	Wagn75	Mol Sieve A	101.4	WPHK82
Ph <sub>2</sub> Se	1304.0	BW181	Mol Sieve A	101.3	Barr83
Ph <sub>2</sub> Se <sub>2</sub>	1304.3	BW181	Mol Sieve A, Ca form	101.8	Barr83
I <sub>2</sub> SePh	1302.1	BW181	Mol Sieve X	102.2	WPHK82
Cl <sub>2</sub> SePh <sub>2</sub>	1302.9	BW181	Mol Sieve X	102.2	Barr83
Ph <sub>2</sub> SeO	1301.9	BW181	Mol Sieve X, Ca form	102.7	Barr83
<b>Si 2p</b>			Mol Sieve Y	102.8	WPHK82
Si	99.3	Φ	Mol Sieve Y	102.8	Barr83
SiO <sub>2</sub>	103.3	Φ	Mol Sieve Y, Ca form	102.8	Barr83
Si	99.5	AWL80, PADS78, WRDM79, WPHK82, Tayl81, KBHN74	K <sub>2</sub> SiF <sub>6</sub>	104.6	MoVa73
Si, p-type	99.0	HBBK72	Na <sub>2</sub> SiF <sub>6</sub>	104.3	NLS77
Si, n-type	100.0	HBBK72	p-Methylsil. (linear)	102.4	WPHK82
Si, (100)	99.7	TLR78	p-Methylsil. (resin)	102.9	WPHK82
Fe <sub>3</sub> Si	99.5	ShT75	p-Phenylsil. (resin)	102.7	WPHK82
MoSi <sub>2</sub>	99.6	WPHK82	Me <sub>4</sub> Si	100.5	GCH76
MoSi <sub>2</sub>	99.1	BrWh78	Ph <sub>4</sub> Si	100.7	MoVa73
Ni <sub>2</sub> Si	98.9	GGM82	Ph <sub>4</sub> Si	101.2	GCH76
NiSi	98.8	GGM82	Et <sub>3</sub> SiH	100.7	GCH76
NiSi	98.4	AWL80	Et <sub>3</sub> SiOH	101.1	GCH76
Pd <sub>2</sub> Si	99.7	GGM82	Et <sub>3</sub> SiBr	101.0	GCH76
Pd <sub>3</sub> Si	99.6	AWL80	Et <sub>3</sub> SiCl	101.4	GCH76
PdSi	99.8	WaTa80	Et <sub>3</sub> SiF	101.8	GCH76
Pt <sub>2</sub> Si	100.5	GGM82	Et <sub>2</sub> SiCl <sub>2</sub>	102.1	GCH76
PtSi	100.5	GGM82	EtSiCl <sub>3</sub>	102.9	GCH76
<b>Si<sub>3</sub>N<sub>4</sub></b>			(CH <sub>2</sub> =CH) <sub>4</sub> Si	100.7	GCH76
Si <sub>3</sub> N <sub>4</sub>	101.8	WHMC78, WaTa80, Tayl81, TLR78	Me <sub>3</sub> SiSiMe <sub>3</sub>	100.5	GCH76
Si <sub>2</sub>	103.4	MoVa73	Me <sub>3</sub> SiOSiMe <sub>3</sub>	100.9	GCH76
SiO <sub>2</sub>	103.6	KBHN74, NGDS75, MoVa73, Barr83	Ph <sub>3</sub> SiSiPh <sub>3</sub>	100.7	GCH76
SiO <sub>2</sub> , Vycor	103.5	WPHK82	Ph <sub>3</sub> SiOSiPh <sub>3</sub>	101.3	GCH76
SiO <sub>2</sub> , quartz	103.7	WPHK82, TLR 78	<b>Si (KLL)</b>		
SiO <sub>2</sub> , alpha cristobal	103.3	WPHK82	Si	1616.6	WPHK82, CDN 77
SiO <sub>2</sub> gel	103.4	WPHK82	MoSi <sub>2</sub>	1617.2	WPHK82
Ni <sub>2</sub> SiO <sub>4</sub>	102.9	LFWS79	PdSi	1617.4	WaTa80
NiSiO <sub>3</sub>	103.3	SRD79	Si <sub>3</sub> N <sub>4</sub>	1612.6	WaTa80
Al <sub>2</sub> SiO <sub>5</sub> , kyanite	102.8	AnSw74	SiO <sub>2</sub>	1608.8	KBHN74
Al <sub>2</sub> SiO <sub>5</sub> , mullite	103.0	AnSw74	SiO <sub>2</sub> , Vycor	1608.5	WPHK82
Al <sub>2</sub> SiO <sub>5</sub> , sillimanite	102.6	AnSw74	SiO <sub>2</sub> , quartz	1608.6	WPHK82
NaAlSi <sub>3</sub> O <sub>8</sub> , albite	102.6	WPHK82	SiO <sub>2</sub> , alpha cristobal	1608.8	WPHK82
Bentonite	102.9	Barr83	SiO <sub>2</sub> gel	1608.3	WPHK82
H Zeolon	103.3	WPHK82	NaAlSi <sub>3</sub> O <sub>8</sub> , albite	1609.3	WPHK82
Zn <sub>4</sub> Si <sub>2</sub> O <sub>7</sub> (OH) <sub>2</sub> · 2H <sub>2</sub> O	102.0	WPHK82	H Zeolon	1608.4	WPHK82
			Hemimorphite	1610.5	WPHK82
			Hydroxysodalite	1610.7	WPHK82
			Kaolinite	1609.0	WPHK82
			Mica, Muscovite	1609.6	WPHK82

Natrolite	1609.6	WPHK82	Ph <sub>4</sub> Sn	487.1	HWVV74
Pyrophyllite	1609.2	WPHK82	Ph <sub>3</sub> SnI	486.3	WVV79
AlSiO <sub>3</sub> , sillimanite	1609.5	WPHK82	Ph <sub>3</sub> SnI	487.5	HWVV74
LiAlSi <sub>2</sub> O <sub>6</sub> , spodumene	1609.6	WPHK82	Ph <sub>3</sub> SnBr	487.5	HWVV74
Talc, Mg <sub>3</sub> Si <sub>4</sub> O <sub>10</sub> (OH) <sub>2</sub>	1608.9	WPHK82	Ph <sub>3</sub> SnCl	486.3	WVV79
Wollastonite, Ca <sub>3</sub> Si <sub>3</sub> O <sub>9</sub>	1610.0	WPHK82	Ph <sub>3</sub> SnCl	487.0	MoVa73
Mol Sieve A	1610.1	WPHK82	Ph <sub>3</sub> SnCl	487.6	HWVV74
Mol Sieve X	1609.4	WPHK82	Ph <sub>3</sub> SnF	486.2	WVV79
Mol Sieve Y	1608.6	WPHK82	Ph <sub>3</sub> SnF	487.3	HWVV74
p-Methylsil. (linear)	1609.4	WPHK82	Ph <sub>3</sub> SnOH	485.6	WVV79
p-Methylsil. (resin)	1608.8	WPHK82	Cl <sub>4</sub> Sn(pyridine) <sub>2</sub>	487.3	WVV79
p-Phenylsil. (resin)	1610.0	WPHK82	Cl <sub>3</sub> SnEt(pyridine) <sub>2</sub>	487.2	WVV79
			Cl <sub>3</sub> SnPh(pyridine) <sub>2</sub>	487.2	WVV79
			Me <sub>3</sub> SnF	486.7	WVV79
			Me <sub>2</sub> SnF <sub>2</sub>	487.1	WVV79
			Me <sub>2</sub> SnSO <sub>4</sub>	487.0	WVV79
			Bu <sub>2</sub> SnO	485.6	WVV79
			Br <sub>6</sub> Sn(Et <sub>4</sub> N) <sub>2</sub>	487.0	WVV79
			Cl <sub>3</sub> Sn(Me <sub>4</sub> N)	486.1	GZF73
			Cl <sub>4</sub> Sn(Me <sub>2</sub> SO) <sub>2</sub>	487.0	GZF73, WVV79
<b>Sm 3d<sub>5/2</sub></b>			<b>Sn MNN</b>		
Sm	1081.1	Φ	Sn	437.4	PVVA79, Wagn75, WRDM79, LAK 77
Sm	1081.2	DKMB76	SnS	435.7	Wagn75
Sm <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	1083.4	WRDM79	SnO <sub>2</sub>	432.7	LAK77
			NaSnF <sub>3</sub>	430.8	Wagn75
			Na <sub>2</sub> SnO <sub>3</sub>	431.7	Wagn75
<b>Sn 3d<sub>5/2</sub></b>			<b>Sr 3d</b>		
Sn	485.0	Φ	Sr	134.3	Φ
Sn	484.9	NyMa80	Sr	134.4	VaVe80
Sn	485.1	SFS77	SrO	135.3	VaVe80
Sn	485.0	WRDM79, PVVA79, LAK 77, Wagn75, OCH 79	SrF <sub>2</sub>	133.8	WRDM79
Sn alpha	485.0	Hegd82	SrCO <sub>3</sub>	133.2	CLSW83
Sn beta	484.6	Hegd82, HSBS81	SrSO <sub>4</sub>	134.3	CLSW83
Ag <sub>95</sub> Sn <sub>5</sub>	485.6	HSBS81, Hegd82	Sr(NO <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>	134.7	CLSW83
AuSn	485.2	FHPW73	SrMoO <sub>4</sub>	133.5	NFS82
AuSn <sub>4</sub>	484.9	FHPW73	SrRh <sub>2</sub> O <sub>4</sub>	133.0	NFS82
Cd <sub>99</sub> · 5Sn · OO <sub>5</sub>	485.3	Hegd82	<b>Ta 4f</b>		
Cd <sub>95</sub> Sn <sub>5</sub>	485.6	Hegd82	Ta	21.9	Φ
In <sub>95</sub> Sn <sub>5</sub>	485.2	Hegd82	Ta	21.6	VHE82
Pb <sub>95</sub> Sn <sub>5</sub>	486.4	Hegd82	Ta	21.6	MSC73
Sb <sub>95</sub> Sn <sub>5</sub>	485.2	Hegd82	Ta	21.9	WRDM79, WaTa80
SnTe	485.6	SFS77	TaS	26.6	MSC73
SnSe	485.7	SFS77	TaS <sub>2</sub>	26.7	MSC73
SnS	485.6	SFS77	TaBr <sub>3</sub>	26.9	MSC73
SnBr <sub>2</sub>	486.9	GZF73	TaCl <sub>5</sub>	27.3	MSC73
SnCl <sub>2</sub>	486.7	WVV79	TaF <sub>5</sub>	27.8	MSC73
SnF <sub>2</sub>	487.0	MoVa73	Ta <sub>2</sub> O <sub>5</sub>	26.7	SaRa80, MSC 73, NFS82, NGDS75
SnF <sub>2</sub>	487.0	MoVa73	KTaO <sub>4</sub>	25.9	MSC73
SnO	486.0	ADPS77	RhTaO <sub>4</sub>	25.8	NFS82
SnO	486.9	WVV79, MoVa73	K <sub>2</sub> TaF <sub>7</sub>	29.4	MSC73
SnO <sub>2</sub>	486.7	LAK 77, MoVa73, WRDM79, NGDS75, WVV79			
(NH <sub>4</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> SnCl <sub>6</sub>	486.7	GZF73			
BaSnCl <sub>4</sub>	486.8	WVV79			
Ba(SnCl <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>	486.8	WVV79			
KSnF <sub>3</sub>	486.7	GZF73			
K <sub>2</sub> SnF <sub>6</sub>	487.6	MoVa73			
NaSnF <sub>3</sub>	487.4	Wagn75			
Na <sub>2</sub> SnO <sub>3</sub>	486.2	MoVa73			
Na <sub>2</sub> SnO <sub>3</sub>	486.7	Wagn75			
Na <sub>2</sub> SnO <sub>3</sub>	487.2	ADPS77			
Ph <sub>4</sub> Sn	485.1	WVV79			
Ph <sub>4</sub> Sn	486.3	MoVa73			



$\text{Cl}_2\text{Ta}_6\text{Cl}_{12}(\text{H}_2\text{O})_4 \cdot 4\text{H}_2\text{O}$	25.8	BeWa79			
$\text{Br}_6(\text{Ta}_6\text{Cl}_{12})(\text{Bu}_4\text{N})_2$	26.3	BeWa79			
$\text{Cl}_6(\text{Ta}_6\text{Cl}_{12})(\text{Et}_4\text{N})_2$	26.2	BeWa79			
<b>Ta MNN</b>					
Ta	1674.8	WaTa80			
<b>Tb 4d</b>					
Tb	146.0	$\phi$			
$\text{Tb}_2\text{O}_3$	148.7	SaRa80			
$\text{TbO}_2$	149.2	SaRa80			
<b>Tb 3d</b>					
Tb	1242.0	$\phi$			
$\text{Tb}_2\text{O}_3$	1241.5	SaRa80			
$\text{TbO}_2$	1241.4	SaRa80			
<b>Te 3d<sub>5/2</sub></b>					
Te	573.1	$\phi$			
Te	573.0	NyMa80			
Te	573.0	SFS77			
Te	573.0	PVVA79, WRDM79, BWI77, Bahl75			
Te	572.7	SNRS76, SWH71			
CdTe	572.3	SBB80			
GeTe	572.7	SFS77			
$\text{Hg}_{0.3}\text{Cd}_{0.7}\text{Te}$	572.3	SBB80			
$\text{Na}_2\text{Te}$	572.2	SWH71			
$\text{Nb}_3\text{Te}_4$	572.6	Bahl75			
$\text{NbTe}_4$	572.8	Bahl75			
PbTe	572.0	SFS77			
SnTe	572.3	SFS77			
$\text{U}_2\text{Te}_3$	572.9	SNRS76			
$\text{UTe}_3$	573.0	SNRS76			
ZnTe	572.9	SWH71			
$\text{TeI}_4$	575.8	BWI77			
$\text{TeBr}_2$	576.7	BWI77			
$\text{TeCl}_4$	576.9	BWI77			
$\text{TeO}_2$	575.7	GBP81, SBB80			
$\text{TeO}_3$	576.6	SWH71			
$\text{Te}(\text{OH})_6$	577.1	BWI77			
$(\text{NH}_4)_2\text{TeCl}_6$	576.9	BWI77			
$(\text{NH}_4)_2\text{TeO}_4$	576.5	SWH71			
$\text{K}_2\text{TeO}_3$	575.5	SWH71			
$\text{Na}_2\text{TeO}_4$	576.8	Wagn75			
$\text{Cl}_2\text{TePh}_2$	576.2	BWI77			
$\text{Br}_2\text{TePh}_2$	576.2	BWI77			
$\text{I}_2\text{TePh}_2$	575.4	BWI77			
$\text{I}_2\text{TeEt}_2$	575.3	BWI77			
$\text{Ph}_2\text{Te}_2$	573.9	BWI77			
$\text{Br}_3\text{TePh}$	576.6	BWI77			
$\text{I}_3\text{TePh}$	575.8	BWI77			
$\text{I}_2\text{TeMe}_2$	575.6	BWI77			
p-tolylTeOOH	576.1	BWI77			
$\text{Br}_3\text{TeBu}$	576.6	BWI77			
<b>Te MNN</b>					
Te	492.2		WRDM79		
$\text{TeBr}_2$	487.3		BWI78		
$\text{TeCl}_4$	486.1		BWI78		
$\text{TeO}_2$	487.1		BWI78		
$\text{TeO}_3$	485.5		BWI78		
$\text{Te}(\text{OH})_6$	485.1		BWI78		
$(\text{NH}_4)_2\text{TeCl}_6$	486.4		BWI78		
$\text{Na}_2\text{TeO}_4$	485.5		Wagn75		
$\text{Cl}_2\text{TePh}_2$	486.3		BWI78		
$\text{Br}_2\text{TePh}_2$	486.6		BWI78		
$\text{I}_2\text{TePh}_2$	487.8		BWI78		
$\text{I}_2\text{TeEt}_2$	487.6		BWI78		
$\text{Ph}_2\text{Te}_2$	488.5		BWI78		
$\text{Br}_3\text{TePh}$	486.8		BWI78		
$\text{I}_3\text{TePh}$	488.2		BWI78		
$\text{I}_2\text{TeMe}_2$	486.6		BWI78		
p-tolylTeOOH	486.6		BWI78		
$\text{Br}_3\text{TeBu}$	486.5		BWI78		
<b>Th 4f<sub>7/2</sub></b>					
Th	333.2		$\phi$		
Th	333.2		WRDM79		
$\text{ThO}_2$	334.4		VLDH77		
$\text{ThF}_4$	336.5		WRDM79		
<b>Th 4d<sub>5/2</sub></b>					
Th	675.3		FBWF74		
$\text{ThO}_2$	675.5		VLDH77		
<b>Ti 2p</b>					
Ti	454.1		$\phi$		
$\text{TiO}_2$	458.8		$\phi$		
Ti	453.7		ALMP82		
Ti	453.9		LANM81		
Ti	453.9		NSCP74, WRDM79		
$\text{TiB}_2$	454.4		MECC73		
TiN	455.8		STAB76		
$\text{TiCl}_4$	458.5		MRV83		
TiO	455.1		SPB76a		
$\text{TiO}_2$	458.7		NSCP74, SPB76a, WRDM79, NGDS75		
$\text{TiO}_2$ (anatase, rutile)	459.2		MWI75		
$\text{BaTiO}_3$ (cubic, tetra.)	458.5		MWI75		
$\text{CaTiO}_3$	458.9		MWI75		
$\text{PbTiO}_3$	458.6		MWI75		
$\text{SrTiO}_3$	458.8		MWI75		
$\text{Cl}_2\text{Ti}(\text{C}_5\text{H}_5)_2$	457.1		GSMJ74		
$\text{CfTi}(\text{C}_5\text{H}_5)_2$	455.8		GSMJ74		
$\text{Ti}(\text{C}_5\text{H}_5)(\text{C}_7\text{H}_7)$	455.4		GSMJ74		
<b>Ti LMM</b>					
Ti	419.1		WRDM79		



Tl 4f

Tl	117.7	Φ
Tl	117.8	MBN80, WRDM79
TlI	118.5	MSC73
TlBr	119.2	MSC73
TlCl	119.0	MSC73
TlF	119.2	MSC73
Tl <sub>2</sub> S	118.7	MSC73
Tl <sub>2</sub> S <sub>3</sub>	118.7	MSC73
Tl <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	117.5	MSC73
Cl <sub>3</sub> Tl(pyridine) <sub>2</sub>	118.5	Walt77
Cl <sub>6</sub> Tl <sub>2</sub> (PhPEt <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>5</sub>	117.9	Walt77

Tm 4d

Tm	175.4	Φ
----	-------	---

U 4f<sub>7/2</sub>

U	377.3	Φ
U	377.2	VRPC74, Chad73, WRDM79
U <sub>2</sub> Te <sub>3</sub>	380.5	SNRS76
UTe <sub>3</sub>	381.3	SNRS76
USe	380.3	SNRS76
USe <sub>3</sub>	379.1	SNRS76
US	380.1	SNRS76
US <sub>3</sub>	379.4	SNRS76
UBr <sub>3</sub>	378.4	TBVL82
UBr <sub>4</sub>	379.9	TBVL82
UCl <sub>3</sub>	378.3	TBVL82
UCl <sub>4</sub>	380.2	TBVL82
UCl <sub>5</sub>	381.9	TBVL82
UF <sub>3</sub>	380.1	TBVL82
UF <sub>4</sub>	382.2	TBVL82
UF <sub>4</sub>	382.7	Chad73
UF <sub>5</sub>	382.6	TBVL82
UO <sub>2</sub>	380.0	VRPC74, Chad73, MSSS81
U <sub>3</sub> O <sub>8</sub>	381.0	Chad73, ChGr72
U <sub>4</sub> O <sub>9</sub>	379.9	HoTh79
UO <sub>3</sub>	381.7	MSSS81, Chad73, ChGr72
UOBr	380.1	TBVL82
UOBr <sub>2</sub>	380.4	TBVL82
UOCl	380.0	TBVL82
UOCl <sub>2</sub>	380.3	TBVL82
UO <sub>2</sub> Br	380.5	TBVL82
UO <sub>2</sub> Br <sub>2</sub>	381.1	TBVL82
UO <sub>2</sub> Cl <sub>2</sub>	381.6	TBVL82
UO <sub>2</sub> F <sub>2</sub>	382.9	TBVL82, Chad73
U(SO <sub>4</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>	381.6	Chad73
UO <sub>2</sub> (NO <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> · 6H <sub>2</sub> O	382.0	Chad73
U(acac) <sub>4</sub>	379.7	Chad73
UO <sub>2</sub> (AcO) <sub>2</sub> · 2H <sub>2</sub> O	381.0	Chad73
CaUO <sub>4</sub>	380.7	Chad73
Li <sub>2</sub> UO <sub>4</sub>	381.4	Chad73
K <sub>2</sub> UF <sub>6</sub>	382.4	PMDS77

V 2p

V	512.2	Φ
V <sub>2</sub> O <sub>5</sub>	517.4	Φ
V	512.1	LANM81
V	512.3	WRDM79, NSCP74
V	512.9	KKL83
V	513.4	SMKM77
V	512.4	RoRo76, LFS 73, FrSa75
VB <sub>2</sub>	513.2	MECC73
VN	514.4	RoRo76, STAB76
V <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	515.7	CGR78
VO <sub>2</sub>	516.3	KKL83
V <sub>2</sub> O <sub>5</sub>	517.6	NSLS77, NSCP74, WRDM79, NGDS75, NFS82
VOCl <sub>2</sub>	516.4	LFS73
VOSO <sub>4</sub>	515.9	LFS73
Cs <sub>3</sub> VO <sub>4</sub>	516.9	NFS82
Rb <sub>3</sub> VO <sub>4</sub>	516.9	NFS82
Na <sub>3</sub> VO <sub>4</sub>	517.3	NFS82
Li <sub>3</sub> VO <sub>4</sub>	517.5	NFS82
Rh <sub>3</sub> VO <sub>4</sub>	516.9	NFS82
K <sub>4</sub> V(CN) <sub>6</sub>	513.3	Vann76
V(acac) <sub>3</sub>	514.2	LFS73
VO(acac) <sub>2</sub>	515.1	LFS73
CIV(C <sub>5</sub> H <sub>5</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>	513.8	GSMJ74
V(C <sub>5</sub> H <sub>5</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>	512.9	GSMJ74, BCDH73
V(C <sub>5</sub> H <sub>5</sub> )(C <sub>7</sub> H <sub>7</sub> )	513.3	GSMJ74

V LMM

V	472.0	WRDM79
VO <sub>2</sub>	468.6	KKL83
V <sub>2</sub> O <sub>5</sub>	468.0	KKL83

W 4f

W	31.4	Φ
W	31.4	VHE82
W	31.4	WRDM79, CoRa76, CGR 78, BiPo73, NSLS77
WC	31.5	CoRa76
WC	32.2	MSC73
WS <sub>2</sub>	33.2	Wagn75
WBr <sub>5</sub>	36.3	MSC73
WBr <sub>6</sub>	35.9	MSC73
WCl <sub>6</sub>	36.9	MSC73
WOCl <sub>4</sub>	37.2	MSC73
WO <sub>2</sub>	32.8	CGR78, CoRa76, NgHe76
W <sub>18</sub> O <sub>49</sub>	34.3	BiPo73
WO <sub>3</sub>	35.8	SaRa80, CoRa76, CGR 78, BiPo73, KMH 78
WO <sub>3</sub>	35.8	NFS82, NGDS75
Al <sub>2</sub> (WO <sub>4</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	36.1	BiPo73
CaWO <sub>4</sub>	35.0	Nefe82, NFS 82
H <sub>2</sub> WO <sub>4</sub>	35.3	CGR78
H <sub>2</sub> WO <sub>4</sub>	36.2	BiPo73
K <sub>2</sub> WO <sub>4</sub>	36.0	NFS82



Li <sub>2</sub> WO <sub>4</sub>	36.0	NFS 82, MSC 73	Zn <sub>3</sub> P <sub>2</sub>	1020.6	NSDU75
Na <sub>2</sub> WO <sub>4</sub>	36.3	Wagn75	ZnP <sub>2</sub>	1020.9	NSDU75
Na <sub>0.6</sub> WO <sub>3</sub>	35.8	BiPo73	ZnI <sub>2</sub>	1023.0	GaWi77, SATD73
Na <sub>0.1</sub> WO <sub>3</sub>	35.6	BiPo73	ZnBr <sub>2</sub>	1023.4	Wagn75, SATD73
NiWO <sub>4</sub>	35.4	NgHe76	ZnCl <sub>2</sub>	1021.9	KIHe83
Rh <sub>2</sub> WO <sub>6</sub>	35.6	NFS82	ZnCl <sub>2</sub>	1023.1	SATD73
(NH <sub>4</sub> ) <sub>6</sub> W <sub>7</sub> O <sub>24</sub> · 4H <sub>2</sub> O	36.3	BiPo73	ZnF <sub>2</sub>	1022.2	GaWi77
K <sub>2</sub> WCl <sub>6</sub>	34.9	LeBr72	ZnF <sub>2</sub>	1022.8	Wagn75
Cl <sub>4</sub> W(Et <sub>3</sub> P) <sub>2</sub>	34.6	LeBr72	ZnO	1021.8	Scho73a, WRDM79
Cl <sub>3</sub> SnW(CO) <sub>3</sub> (C <sub>5</sub> H <sub>5</sub> )	32.4	WWVV77	ZnO	1022.5	GaWi77
Ph <sub>3</sub> PW(CO) <sub>5</sub>	31.6	HVV79	Zn(acac) <sub>2</sub>	1021.4	Wagn75
<b>Xe 3d<sub>5/2</sub></b>			(Me <sub>4</sub> N) <sub>2</sub> ZnBr <sub>4</sub>	1020.9	EMGK74
Xe in graphite	669.7	Φ	ZnSO <sub>4</sub>	1023.1	Nefe82
Xe in Ag	669.6	CiHa74	Zn <sub>4</sub> Si <sub>2</sub> O <sub>7</sub> (OH) <sub>2</sub> · 2H <sub>2</sub> O	1022.0	WPHK82
Xe in Au	668.9	CiHa74	ZnCr <sub>2</sub> O <sub>4</sub>	1022.1	BDFP81
Xe in Cu	669.6	CiHa74	ZnRh <sub>2</sub> O <sub>4</sub>	1021.7	NFS82
Xe in Fe	670.2	Wagn75	<b>Zn LMM</b>		
Xe in graphite	669.7	WRDM79	Zn	992.1	GaWi77, KLMP74, MaDu77, Scho73a, KPML73, KIHe83, WRDM79, Wagn75
Na <sub>4</sub> XeO <sub>6</sub>	674.1	Wagn77	Zn	992.1	VanO77
<b>Xe MNN</b>			Cu <sub>64</sub> Zn <sub>36</sub>	992.7	GaWi77
Xe in Fe	544.8	Wagn75	ZnS	989.7	GaWi77
Xe in graphite	545.2	WRDM79	ZnI <sub>2</sub>	988.7	Wagn75
Na <sub>4</sub> XeO <sub>6</sub>	541.4	Wagn77	ZnBr <sub>2</sub>	987.3	KIHe83
<b>Y 3d</b>			ZnCl <sub>2</sub>	989.4	GaWi77
Y	156.0	Φ	ZnF <sub>2</sub>	986.2	Wagn75
Y	155.8	NyMa80	ZnF <sub>2</sub>	986.7	Scho73a
Y <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	156.8	WRDM79, NGDS75	ZnO	988.5	GaWi77
<b>Yb 4d</b>			ZnO	987.7	KIHe83
Yb	182.4	Φ	ZnO	988.2	Wagn75
Yb	181.3	HHL70, KEML74	Zn(acac) <sub>2</sub>	987.7	WPHK82
Yb	182.7	LPWF75	Zn <sub>4</sub> Si <sub>2</sub> O <sub>7</sub> (OH) <sub>2</sub> · 2H <sub>2</sub> O	987.3	
Yb <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	185.4	HHL70	<b>Zr 3d</b>		
<b>Zn 2p<sub>3/2</sub></b>			Zr	178.9	Φ
Zn	1021.8	Φ	Zr	178.8	NyMa80
Zn	1021.9	LANM81, LKMP73	Zr	178.3	NSCP74
Zn	1021.8	GaWi77, KLMP74, MaDu77, Scho73a, KPML73, KIHe83	Zr	178.9	WRDM79
Zn	1021.8	WRDM79, Wagn75, SMKM77	ZrO <sub>2</sub>	182.2	SaRa80, NGDS75, NSCP74
Cu <sub>64</sub> Zn <sub>36</sub>	1021.6	VanO77	ZrF <sub>5</sub>	185.3	NKBP73
ZnS	1022.0	GaWi77	K <sub>2</sub> ZrF <sub>6</sub>	184.2	NKBP73
			K <sub>3</sub> ZrF <sub>7</sub>	183.7	NKBP73
			KZrF <sub>5</sub> · H <sub>2</sub> O	184.7	NKBP73
			Br <sub>2</sub> Zr(OH) <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>3</sub> CHNH <sub>2</sub> C	182.9	KNPP74
			Cl <sub>2</sub> Zr(OH) <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>3</sub> CHNH <sub>2</sub> C	183.0	KNPP74

## Appendix C. Chemical States Tables References

Note: The references in the Chemical States Tables are made with three or four letters which represent the authors' initials. Three or four capital letters indicate three or more authors; alternating upper- and lower-case letters represent two authors (the letters are the first two letters of each last name); and a capital letter followed by three lower case letters indicates a single author. The initials are followed by two digits, which represent the last two digits of the year of publication. This may be followed by a small letter, to distinguish between two otherwise identical reference notations.

- ACHT73** Allen, G.C., Curtis, M.T., Hooper, A.J., Tucker, P.M. *J. Chem. Soc. Dalton Trans.*, 1677 (1973).  
**ADPS77** Ansell, R.O., Dickinson, T., Povey, A.F., Sherwood, P.M.A. *J. Electron Spectrosc. Relat. Phenom.* **11**, 301 (1977).  
**ALMP82** Anderson, C.R., Lee, R.N., Morar, J.F., and Park, R.L. *J. Vac. Sci. Technol.* **20**, 617 (1982).  
**AMFL74** Armour, A.W., Mitchell, P.C.H., Folkesson, B., Larsson, R. *J. Less Common Metals* **36**, 361 (1974).  
**AWL80** Atzrodt, V., Wirth, T., Lange, H. *Phys. Status Solidi A* **62**, 531 (1980).  
**AT76** Allen, G.C., Tucker, P.M. *Inorg. Chim. Acta* **16**, 41 (1976).  
**AL77** Andersson, C., Larsson, R. *Chem. Scr.* **11**, 140 (1977).  
**AnSw74** Anderson, P.R., Swartz, W.E. *Inorg. Chem.* **13**, 2293 (1974).  
**Aoki76** Aoki, A. *Jpn. J. Appl. Phys.* **15**, 305 (1976).  
**Asam76** Asami, K. *J. Electron Spectrosc. Relat. Phenom.* **9**, 469 (1976).  
**BACB75** Bancroft, G.M., Adams, I., Coatsworth, L.L., Bennewitz, C.D., Brown, J.D., Westwood, W.D. *Anal. Chem.* **47**, 586 (1975).  
**BALS76** Bancroft, G.M., Adams, I., Lampe, H., Sham, T.K. *J. Electron Spectrosc. Relat. Phenom.* **9**, 191 (1976).  
**BBFR77** Best, S.A., Brant, P., Feltham, R.D., Rauchfuss, T.B., Roundhill, D.M., Walton, R.A. *Inorg. Chem.* **16**, 1977 (1977).  
**BCDH73** Barber, M., Connor, J.A., Derrick, L.M.R., Hall, M.B., Hillier, I.H. *J. Chemical Soc.*, 560 (1973).  
**BCGH72** Barber, M., Connor, J.A., Guest, M.F., Hall, M.B., Hillier, I.N., Meredith, W. *Discuss. Faraday Soc.* **54**, 220 (1972).  
**BCGH73** Barber, M., Connor, J.A., Guest, M.F., Hillier, I.H., Schwarz, M., Stacey, M. *J. Chem. Soc. Faraday Trans. II* **69**, 551 (1973).  
**BCH75** Birchall, T., Connor, J.A., Hillier, I.H. *J. Chem. Soc. Dalton Trans.*, 2003 (1975).  
**BCHM72** Barber, M., Connor, J.A., Hillier, I.H., Meredith, W.N.E. *J. Electron Spectrosc. Relat. Phenom.* **1**, 110 (1972).  
**BCM78** Barbaray, B., Contour, J.P., Mouvier, G. *Env. Sci. Technol.* **12**, 1294 (1978).  
**BDFF81** Battistoni, C., Dormann, J.L., Fiorani, D., Paparazzo, E., Viticoli, S. *Solid State Commun.* **39**, 581 (1981).  
**BGD75** Bonnelle, J.P., Grimblot, J., D'Huysser, A. *J. Electron Spectrosc. Relat. Phenom.* **7**, 151 (1975).  
**BHHK70** Baer, Y., Heden, P.F., Hedman, J., Klasson, M., Nordling, C., Siegbahn, K. *Phys. Scr.* **1**, 55 (1970).  
**BHU81** Broclawik, E., Haber, J., Ungier, L. *J. Phys. Chem. Solids* **42**, 203 (1981).  
**BMCK77** Battistoni, C., Mattogno, G., Cariati, F., Kaldini, L., Sgamellotti, A. *Inorg. Chim. Acta* **24**, 207 (1977).  
**BNMN79** Berndsson, A., Nyholm, R., Martensson, N., Nilsson, R., Hedman, J. *Phys. Status Solidi (b)* **93**, K103 (1979).  
**BNSA70** Blackburn, J.R., Nordberg, C.R., Stevie, F., Albridge, R.G., Jones, M.M. *Inorg. Chem.* **9**, 2374 (1970).  
**BSRR81** Bhide, V.G., Salkalachen, S., Rastogi, A.C., Rao, C.N.R., Hegde, M.S. *J. Phys. D* **14**, 1647 (1981).  
**BTE77** Burger, K., Tschisnarov, F., Ebel, H., *J. Electron Spectrosc. Relat. Phenom.* **10**, 461 (1977).  
**BWI77** Bahl, M.K. Watson, R.L., Irgolic, K.J., *J. Chem. Phys.* **66**, 5526 (1977).  
**BWI78** Bahl, M.K. Watson, R.L., Irgolic, K.J., *J. Chem. Phys.* **68**, 3272 (1978).  
**BWI79** Bahl, M.K. Watson, R.L., Irgolic, K.J., *Phys. Rev. Lett.* **42**, 165 (1979).  
**BWI80** Bahl, M.K. Watson, R.L., Irgolic, K.J., *J. Chem. Phys.* **72**, 4069 (1980).  
**BWI81** Bahl, M.K. Watson, R.L., Irgolic, K.J., cf (se3d-L3) WGR, *Anal. Chem.* **51**, 466 (1979).  
**BWWI76** Bahl, M.K. Woodall, R.O., Watson, R.L., Irgolic, K.J., *J. Chem. Phys.* **64**, 1210 (1976).  
**BaSt75** Barrie, A. Street, F.J., *J. Electron Spectrosc. Relat. Phenom.* **7**, 1 (1977).  
**Bahl75** Bahl, M.K. *J. Phys. Chem. Solids* **36**, 485 (1975).  
**Barr83** Barr, T.L. *Appl. Surf. Sci.* **15**, 1 (1983).  
**BeFl80** Bertrand, P.A. Fleischauer, P.D., *J. Vac. Sci. Technol.* **17**, 1309, (1980).  
**BeWa79** Best, S.A., Walton, R.A. *Inorg. Chem.* **18**, 486 (1979).  
**Bert81** Bertrand, P.A., *J. Vac. Sci. Technol.* **18**, 28 (1981).  
**BiPo73** Bilden, P., Pott, G.T. *J. Catal.* **30**, 169 (1973).  
**BiSw80** Bird, R.J., Swift, P. *J. Electron Spectrosc. Relat. Phenom.* **21**, 227 (1980).  
**Bind73** Binder, H. *Z. Naturforsch. B* **28**, 256 (1973).  
**BrFe76** Brant, P., Feltham, R.D. *J. Organometal. Chem. C* **53**, 120 (1976).  
**BrFr74** Brand, P., Freiser, H. *Anal. Chem.* **46**, 1147 (1974).  
**BrMc72** Brinen, J.S., McClure, J.E. *Anal. Lett.* **5**, 737 (1972).  
**BrWh78** Brainard, W.A., Wheeler, D.R. *J. Vac. Sci. Technol.* **15**, 1801 (1978).  
**BuBu74** Burger, K., Buvari, A. *Inorg. Chim. Acta*, **11**, 25 (1974).  
**CAB71** Clark, D.T., Adams, D.B., Briggs, D. *J. Chem. Soc. Chem. Commun.*, 603 (1971).  
**CBA73** Clark, D.T., Briggs, D., Adams, D.B. *J. Chem. Soc. Dalton Trans.*, 169 (1973).  
**CBR76** Chuang, T.J., Brundle, C.R., Rice, D.W. *Surf. Sci.* **59**, 413 (1976).  
**CDFM82** Capece, F.M., Dicastro, V., Furlani, C., Mattogno, G., Fragale, C., Gargano, M., Rossi, M. *J. Electron Spectrosc. Relat. Phenom.* **27**, 119 (1982).  
**CDH74** Connor, J.A., Derrick, L.M.R., Hillier, I.H. *J. Chem. Soc. Faraday Trans. II* **70**, 941 (1974).  
**CDN77** Carlson, T.A., Dress, W.B., Nyberg, G.L. *Phys. Scr.* **16**, 211 (1977).  
**CELC76** Chatt, J., Elson, C.M., Leigh, G.J., Connor, J.A. *J. Chem. Soc. Dalton Trans.*, 1352 (1976).  
**CFRS80** Clark, D.T., Fok, T., Roberts, G.G., Sykes, R.W. *Thin Solid Films* **70**, 261 (1980).  
**CGR78** Colton, R.J., Guzman, A.M., Rabalais, J.W. *J. Appl. Phys.* **49**, 409 (1978).  
**CKAM72** Clark, D.T., Kilcast, D., Adams, D.B., Musgrave, W.K.R. *J. Electron Spectrosc. Relat. Phenom.* **1**, 232 (1972).  
**CKAM75** Clark, D.T., Kilcast, D., Adams, D.B., Musgrave, W.K.R. *J. Electron Spectrosc. Relat. Phenom.* **6**, 117 (1975).  
**CKM71** Clark, D.T., Kilcast, D., Musgrave, W.K.R. *J. Chem. Soc. Chem. Commun.*, 517 (1971).

- CLSW83 Christie, A.B., Lee, J., Sutherland, I., Walls, J.M. *Appl. Surf. Sci.* **15**, 224 (1983).
- CMHL77 Contour, J.P., Mouvier, G., Hoogewijs, M., LeClere, C. *J. Catal.* **48**, 217 (1977).
- CSC72 Carver, J.C., Schweitzer, G.K., Carlson, T.A. *J. Chem. Phys.* **57**, 973 (1972).
- CSFG79 Contour, J.P., Salesse, A., Froment, M., Garreau, M., Thevenin, J., Warin, D. *J. Microsc. Spectrosc. Electron.* **4**, 483 (1979).
- CWH82 Carvalho, M., Wieserman, L.F., Hercules, D.M. *Appl. Spectrosc.* **36**, 290 (1982).
- CaLe73 Cahen, D., Lester, J.E. *Chem. Phys. Lett.* **18**, 109 (1973).
- ChGr72 Chadwick, D., Graham, J., *Nature (London) Phys. Sci.*, 237, 127 (1972).
- ChHa79 Chadwick, D., Hashemi, T. *Surf. Sci.* **89**, 649 (1979).
- Chad73 Chadwick, D. *Chem. Phys. Lett.* **21**, 293 (1973).
- CiDe75 Cimino, A., De Angelis, B.A. *J. Catal.* **36**, 11 (1975).
- CiHa74 Citrin, P.H., Hamann, D.R. *Phys. Rev. B* **10**, 4948 (1974).
- Citr73 Citrin, P.H., *Phys. Rev.*, B 8, 8 (1973).
- CIAd71 Clark, D.T., Adams, I. *J. Chem. Soc. Chem. Commun.*, 741 (1971).
- CIRi76 Clarke, T.A., Rizkalla, E.N. *Chem. Phys. Lett.* **37**, 523 (1976).
- CITH78 Clark, D.T., Thomas, H.R., *J. Polym. Sci.: Polym. Chem. Ed.*, 16, 791 (1978).
- CoHe72 Cox, L.E., Hercules, D.M. *J. Electron Spectrosc. Relat. Phenom.* **1**, 193 (1972).
- CoRa76 Colton, R.J., Rabalais, J.W. *Inorg. Chem.* **15**, 237 (1976).
- DKMB76 Dufour, G., Kamatak, R.D., Mariot, J.M., Bonnelle, C. *Chem. Phys. Lett.* **42**, 433 (1976).
- DPS76 Dickinson, T., Povey, A.F., Sherwood, P.M.A. *J. Chem. Soc. Faraday Trans. 1* **72**, 686 (1976).
- DPS77 Dickinson, T., Povey, A.F., Sherwood, P.M.A. *J. Chem. Soc. Faraday Trans. 1* **73**, 332 (1977).
- DSBG82 Dharmadhikari, V.S., Sainkar, S.R., Badrinarayan, S., Goswami, A. *J. Electron Spectrosc. Relat. Phenom.* **25**, 181 (1982).
- Dale76 Dale, A.J. *Phosphorus* **6**, 81 (1976).
- EMGK74 Escard, J., Mavel, G., Guerschais, J.E., Kergoat, R. *Inorg. Chem.* **13**, 695 (1974).
- EPC75 Escard, J., Pontvianne, B., Contour, J.P. *J. Electron Spectrosc. Relat. Phenom.* **6**, 17 (1975).
- EPCC75 Escard, J., Pontvianne, B., Chenebaux, M.T., Cosyns, J. *Bull. Chim. Soc. Fr.*, 2400 (1975).
- EvRe81 Everhart, D.S., Reilley, C.N. *Surf. Interface Anal.* **3**, 258 (1981).
- FBWF74 Fuggle, J.C., Burr, A.F., Watson, L.M., Fabian, D.J., Lang, W. *J. Phys. F* **4**, 335 (1974).
- FCFG77 Fontaine, R., Caillat, R., Feve, L., Guittet, M.J. *J. Electron Spectrosc. Relat. Phenom.* **10**, 349 (1977).
- FEMY77 Fisher, G.B., Erikson, N.E., Madey, T.E., Yates, J.T. *Surf. Sci.* **65**, 210 (1977).
- FHPW73 Friedman, R.M., Hudis, J., Perlman, M.L., Watson, R.E. *Phys. Rev. B* **8**, 2434 (1973).
- FHR80 Fukuda, Y., Honda, F., Rabalais, J.W. *Surf. Sci.* **93**, 335 (1980).
- FHT77 Freeland, B.H., Habeeb, J.J., Tuck, D.G. *Can. J. Chem.* **55**, 1528 (1977).
- FKWF77 Fuggle, J.C., Kallne, E., Watson, L.M., Fabian, D.J. *Phys. Rev. B* **16**, 750 (1977).
- FMUK77 Franzen, H.F., Merrick, J., Umana, M., Khan, A.S., Peterson, D.T., McCreary, J.R., Thorn, R.J. *J. Electron Spectrosc. Relat. Phenom.* **11**, 439 (1977).
- FSJL83 Folkesson, B., Sundberg, P., Johansson, L., Larsson, R. *J. Electron Spectrosc. Relat. Phenom.* **32**, 248 (1983).
- FWFA75 Fuggle, J.C., Watson, L.M., Fabian, D.J., Affrossman, S. *J. Phys. F* **5**, 375 (1975).
- FWUM79 Fischer, A.B., Wrighton, M.S., Umana, M., Murray, R.W. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **101**, 3442 (1979).
- FaBa79 Fahey, D.R., Baldwin, B.A. *Inorg. Chim. Acta* **36**, 269 (1979).
- FIWe75 Fluck, E., Weber, D. *Z. Anorg. Allg. Chem.* **412**, 47 (1975).
- FoLa82 Folkesson, B., Larsson, R. *J. Electron Spectrosc. Relat. Phenom.* **26**, 157 (1982).
- Folk73 Folkesson, B. *Acta Chem. Scand.* **27**, 287 (1973).
- FrSa75 Franzen, H.F., Sawatzky, G. *J. Solid State Chem.* **15**, 229 (1975).
- Fugg77 Fuggle, J.C. *Surf. Sci.* **69**, 581 (1977).
- GBMP79 Grimblot, J., Bonnelle, J.P., Mortreux, A., Petit, F. *Inorg. Chim. Acta* **34**, 29 (1979).
- GBP81 Garbassi, F., Bart, J.C.J., Petrini, G. *J. Electron Spectrosc. Relat. Phenom.* **22**, 95 (1981).
- GCH76 Gray, R.C., Carver, J.C., Hercules, D.M. *J. Electron Spectrosc. Relat. Phenom.* **8**, 343 (1976).
- GGM82 Grunthaner, P.J., Grunthaner, F.J., Madhukar, A. *J. Vac. Sci. Technol.* **20**, 680 (1982).
- GGVL79 Grunthaner, F.J., Grunthaner, P.J., Vasquez, R.P., Lewis, B.F., Maserjian, J., Madhukar, A. *J. Vac. Sci. Technol.* **16**, 1443 (1979).
- GHHL70 Gelius, U., Heden, P.F., Hedman, J., Lindberg, B.J., Manne, R., Nordberg, R., Nordling, C., Siegbahn, K. *Phys. Scr.* **2**, 70 (1970).
- GMD79 Gresch, R., Mueller-Warmuth, W., Dutz, H. *J. Non-Cryst. Solids* **34**, 127 (1979).
- GPDG79 Gajardo, P., Pirotte, D., Defosse, C., Grange, P., Delmon, B. *J. Electron Spectrosc. Relat. Phenom.* **17**, 121 (1979).
- GSMJ74 Groenenboom, C.J., Sawatzky, G., Meijer, H.J.D., Jellinek, F. *J. Organometal. Chem. C* **4**, 76 (1974).
- GZF73 Grutsch, P.A., Zeller, M.V., Fehlner, T.P. *Inorg. Chem.* **12**, 1432 (1973).
- GaWi77 Gaarenstroom, S.W., Winograd, N. *J. Chem. Phys.* **67**, 3500 (1977).
- GIWa79 Glicksman, H.D., Walton, R.A. *Inorg. Chim. Acta* **33**, 255 (1979).
- GrHe77 Gray, R.C., Hercules, D.M. *Inorg. Chem.* **16**, 1426 (1977).
- GrMa75 Grim, S.O., Matienzo, L.J. *Inorg. Chem.* **14**, 1014 (1975).
- HAS75 Halder, H.C., Alonso, J., Swartz, W.E., *Z. Naturforsch. A* **30**, 1485 (1975).
- HBBK72 Hedman, J., Baer, Y., Berndtsson, A., Klasson, M., Leonhardt, G., Nilsson, R., Nordling, C. *J. Electron Spectrosc. Relat. Phenom.* **1**, 101 (1972).
- HFV77 Hoogewijs, R., Fiermans, L., Vennik, J. *J. Electron Spectrosc. Relat. Phenom.* **11**, 171 (1977).
- HGW75 Hammond, J.S., Gaarenstroom, S.W., Winograd, N. *Anal. Chem.* **47**, 2194 (1975).
- HHDD81 Hammond, J.S., Holubka, J.W., Devries, J.E., Duckie, R.A. *Corros. Sci.* **21**, 239 (1981).
- HHJ69 Hendrickson, D.N., Hollander, J.M., Jolly, W.L. *Inorg. Chem.* **8**, 2642 (1969).
- HHJ70 Hendrickson, D.N., Hollander, J.M., Jolly, W.L. *Inorg. Chem.* **9**, 612 (1970).
- HHL70 Hagstrom, S.B.M., Heden, P.O., Lofgren, H. *Solid State Commun.* **8**, 1245 (1970).

- HJGN70 Hamrin, K., Johansson, G., Gelius, U., Nordling, C., Siegbahn, K. *Phys. Scr.* **1**, 277 (1970).
- HKMP74 Hollinger, G., Kumurdjian, P., Mackowski, J.M., Pertosa, P., Porte, L., Duc, Tran Minh *J. Electron Spectrosc. Relat. Phenom.* **5**, 237 (1974).
- HMUZ78 Haber, J., Machej, T., Ungier, L., Ziolkowski, J. *J. Solid State Chem.* **25**, 207 (1978).
- HNUW78a Haycock, D.E., Nicholls, C.J., Urch, D.S., Webber, M.J., Wiech, G. *J. Chem. Soc. Dalton Trans.*, 1791 (1978).
- HNUW78 Haycock, D.E., Nicholls, C.J., Urch, D.S., Webber, M.J., Wiech, G. *J. Chem. Soc. Dalton Trans.*, 1785 (1978).
- HSBS81 Hegde, R.I., Sainkar, S.R., Badrinarayanan, S., Sinha, A.P.B. *J. Electron Spectrosc. Relat. Phenom.* **24**, 19 (1981).
- HSU76 Haber, J., Stoch, J., Ungier, L. *J. Electron Spectrosc. Relat. Phenom.* **9**, 459 (1976).
- HUGH79 Haycock, D., Urch, D.S., Garner, C.D., Hillier, I.H. *J. Electron Spectrosc. Relat. Phenom.* **17**, 345 (1979).
- HVV79 Hoste, S., Van De Vondel, D.F., Van Der Kelen, G.P. *J. Electron Spectrosc. Relat. Phenom.* **17**, 191 (1979).
- HWVV74 Hoste, S., Willeman, H., Van De Vondel, D., Van Der Kelen, G. P. *J. Electron Spectrosc. Relat. Phenom.* **5**, 227 (1974).
- HaSh73 Harker, H., Sherwood, P.M.A. *Phil Mag.* **27**, 1241 (1973).
- HaWa74 Hamer, A.D., Walton, R.A. *Inorg. Chem.* **13**, 1446 (1974).
- HaWi77 Hammond, J.S., Winograd, N. *J. Electrochem. Electroanal. Chem.* **78**, 55 (1977).
- HeMa80 Hedman, J., Martensson, N. *Phys. Scr.* **22**, 176 (1980).
- Hegd82 Hegde, R.I. *Surf. Interface Anal.* **4**, 205 (1982).
- HoTh79 Howng, W.Y., Thorn, R.J. *Chem. Phys. Lett.* **62**, 57 (1979).
- HoTh80 Howng, W.Y., Thorn, R.J. *J. Chem. Phys. Solids* **41**, 75 (1980).
- HuBa74 Hughes, W.B., Baldwin, B.A. *Inorg. Chem.* **13**, 1531 (1974).
- IHKK76 Ikemoto, I., Ishii, K., Kinoshita, S., Kuroda, H., Franco, M.A.A., Thomas, J. *J. Solid State Chem.* **17**, 425 (1976).
- IKIM73 Ihara, H., Kumashiro, Y., Itoh, A., Maeda, K. *Jpn. J. Appl. Phys.* **12**, 1462 (1973).
- IMNN79 Iwasaki, H., Mizokawa, Y., Nishitani, R., Nakamura, S. *Surf. Sci.* **86**, 811 (1979).
- ITI82 Iwakuro, H., Tatsuyama, C., Ichimura, S. *Jpn. J. Appl. Phys.* **21**, 94 (1982).
- InYa81 Inoue, Y., Yasumori, I. *Bull. Chem. Soc. Jpn.* **54**, 1505 (1981).
- JHBK73 Johansson, G., Hedman, J., Berndtsson, A., Klasson, M., Nilsson, R. *J. Electron Spectrosc. Relat. Phenom.* **2**, 295 (1973).
- KBAM72 Kumar, G., Blackburn, J.R., Albridge, R.G., Moddeman, W.E., Jones, M.M. *Inorg. Chem.* **11**, 296 (1972).
- KBAW74 Kim, K.S., Baitinger, W.E., Amy, J.W., Winograd, N. *J. Electron Spectrosc. Relat. Phenom.* **5**, 351 (1974).
- KBHN74 Klasson, M., Berndtsson, A., Hedman, J., Nilsson, R., Nyholm, R., Nordling, C. *J. Electron Spectrosc. Relat. Phenom.* **3**, 427 (1974).
- KDR77 Krishnan, N.G., Delgass, W.N., Robertson, W.D. *J. Phys. F* **7**, 2623 (1977).
- KEML74 Kowalczyk, S.P., Edelstein, N., McFeely, F.R., Ley, L., Shirley, D.A. *Chem. Phys. Lett.* **29**, 491 (1974).
- KGW74 Kim, K.S., Gossman, A.F., Winograd, N. *Anal. Chem.* **46**, 197 (1974).
- KGW76 Kim, K.S., Gaarenstroom, S.W., Winograd, N. *Chem. Phys. Lett.* **41**, 503 (1976).
- KISC80 Kazmerski, L.L., Ireland, P.J., Sheldon, P., Chu, T.L., Chu, S.S., Lin, C. *J. Vac. Sci. Technol.* **17**, 1061 (1980).
- KJID81 Kazmerski, L.L., Jamjoum, O., Ireland, P.J., Deb, S.K., Mickelsen, R.A., Chen, W. *J. Vac. Sci. Technol.* **19**, 467 (1981).
- KKL83 Kasperkiewicz, J., Kovacich, J.A., Lichtman, D. *J. Electron Spectrosc. Relat. Phenom.* **32**, 128 (1983).
- KLMP73 Kowalczyk, S.P., Ley, L., McFeely, F.R., Pollak, R.A., Shirley, D.A. *Phys. Rev. B* **8**, 3583 (1973).
- KLMP74 Kowalczyk, S.P., Ley, L., McFeely, F.R., Pollak, R.A., Shirley, D.A. *Phys. Rev. B* **9**, 381 (1974).
- KMH78 Kerkhof, F.P.J., Mouljn, J.A., Heeres, A. *J. Electron Spectrosc. Relat. Phenom.* **14**, 453 (1978).
- KNNH68 Karlsson, S.E., Norberg, C.H., Nilsson, O., Hogberg, S., El-Farrash, A.H., Nordling, C., Siegbahn, K. *Arkiv Fur Fysik* **38**, 349 (1968).
- KNPP74 Kharitonova, L.C., Nefedov, V.I., Pankratova, L.N., Pershin, V.L. *Zh. Neorg. Khim.* **19**, 860 (1974).
- KOK83 Kohiki, S., Ohmura, T., Kusao, K. *J. Electron Spectrosc. Relat. Phenom.* **31**, 85 (1983).
- KOW73 Kim, K.S., O'Leary, T.J., Winograd, N. *Anal. Chem.* **45**, 2214 (1973).
- KPML73 Kowalczyk, S.P., Pollak, R.A., McFeely, F.R., Ley, L., Shirley, D.A. *Phys. Rev. B* **8**, 2387 (1973).
- KSPB76 Kaplunov, M.G., Shulga, Y.M., Pokhodnya, K.I., Borodko, Y.G. *Phys. Stat. Solidi* **73**, 336 (1976).
- KTWY76 Kinomura, F., Tamura, T., Watanabe, I., Yokoyama, Y., Ikeda, S. *Bull. Chem. Soc. Jpn.* **49**, 3544 (1976).
- KWD71 Kim, K.S., Winograd, N., Davis, R.E. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **93**, 6296 (1971).
- KaEl79 Katrib, A., El-Egaby, M.S. *Inorg. Chim. Acta* **36**, L405 (1979).
- Kilk73 Kishi, K., Ikeda, S. *Bull. Chem. Soc. Jpn.* **46**, 341 (1973).
- KiWi73 Kim, K.S., Winograd, N. *Chem. Phys. Lett.* **19**, 209 (1973).
- KiWi74 Kim, K.S., Winograd, N. *J. Catal.* **35**, 66 (1974).
- KiWi75 Kim, K.S., Winograd, N. *Chem. Phys. Lett.* **30**, 91 (1975).
- Kim75 Kim, K.S. *Phys. Rev. B* **11**, 2177 (1975).
- KIHe83 Klein, J.C., Hercules, D.M. *J. Catal.* **82**, 424 (1983).
- KoNa80 Konno, H., Nagayama, M. *J. Electron Spectrosc. Relat. Phenom.* **18**, 341 (1980).
- LAK77 Lin, A.W.C., Armstrong, N.R., Kuwana, T. *Anal. Chem.* **49**, 1228 (1977).
- LANM81 Lebugle, A., Axelsson, U., Nyholm, R., Martensson, N. *Phys. Scr.* **23**, 825 (1981).
- LBHK73 Leonhardt, G., Berndtsson, A., Hedman, J., Klasson, M., Nilsson, R. *Phys. Status Solidi (b)* **60**, 241 (1973).
- LBNN78 Lindberg, B., Berndtsson, A., Nilsson, R., Nyholm, R., Exner, O. *Acta Chem. Scand. A* **32**, 353 (1978).
- LDDB80 Lerebours, B., Duerr, J., D'Huissier, A., Bonnelle, J.P., Leuglet, M. *Phys. Status Solidi A* **61**, K175 (1980).
- LFBC80 Lasser, R., Fuggle, J.C., Beyss, M., Campagna, M., Steglich, F., Hülfiger, F. *Physica* **102B**, 360 (1980).
- LFS73 Larsson, R., Folkesson, B., Schoen, G. *Chem. Scr.* **3**, 88 (1973).
- LFWS79 Lorenz, P., Finster, J., Wendt, G., Salyn, J.V., Zumadilov, E.K., Nefedov, V. *J. Electron Spectrosc. Relat. Phenom.* **16**, 267 (1979).
- LHJG70 Lindberg, B.J., Hamrin, K., Johansson, G., Gelius, V., Fahlmann, A., Nordling, C., Siegbahn, K. *Phys. Scr.* **1**, 286 (1970).
- LKMP73 Ley, L., Kowalczyk, S.P., McFeely, F.R., Pollak, R.A., Shirley, D.A. *Phys. Rev. B* **8**, 2392 (1973).
- LMF80 Larsson, R., Malek, A., Folkesson, B. *Chem. Scr.* **16**, 47 (1980).
- LMKJ75 Ley, L., McFeely, F.R., Kowalczyk, S.P., Jenkin, J.G., Shirley, D.A. *Phys. Rev. B* **11**, 600 (1975).

- LPGC77 Lindau, I., Pianetta, P., Garner, C.M., Chye, P.E., Gregory, P.E., Spicer, W.E. *Surf. Sci.* **63**, 45 (1977).
- LPMK74 Ley, L., Pollak, R.A., McFeely, F.R., Kowalczyk, S.P., Shirley, D.A. *Phys. Rev. B* **9**, 600 (1974).
- LPWF75 Lang, W.C., Padalia, B.D., Watson, L.M., Fabian, D.J. *J. Electron Spectrosc. Relat. Phenom.* **7**, 357 (1975).
- LaFo76 Larsson, R., Folkesson, B. *Chem. Scr.* **9**, 148 (1976).
- LaKe76 Lavielle, L., Kessler, H. *J. Electron Spectrosc. Relat. Phenom.* **8**, 95 (1976).
- LaLu79 Larkins, F.P., Lubenfeld, A. *J. Electron Spectrosc. Relat. Phenom.* **15**, 137 (1979).
- LeBr72 Leigh, G.J., Bremser, W. *J. Chem. Soc. Dalton Trans.*, 1217 (1972).
- LeRa77 Lee, T.H., Rabalais, J.W. *J. Electron Spectrosc. Relat. Phenom.* **11**, 112 (1977).
- LiHe75 Lindberg, B.J., Hedman, J. *Chem. Scr.* **7**, 155 (1975).
- Limo81 Limouzin-Maire, Y. *Bull. Soc. Chim. Fr.* **1**, 340 (1981).
- LIMa79 Llopiz, P., Maire, J.C. *Bull. Chim. Soc. Fr.*, 457 (1979).
- MBN80 Martensson, N., Berndtsson, A., Nyholm, R. *J. Electron Spectrosc. Relat. Phenom.* **19**, 299 (1980).
- MECC73 Mavel, G., Escard, J., Costa, P., Castaing, J. *Surf. Sci.* **35**, 109 (1973).
- MIN81 Mizokawa, Y., Iwasaki, H., Nakamura, S. *Jpn. J. Appl. Phys.* **20**, L491 (1981).
- MINN78 Mizokawa, Y., Iwasaki, H., Nishitani, R., Nakamura, S. *J. Electron Spectrosc. Relat. Phenom.* **14**, 129 (1978).
- MKLP73 McFeely, F.R., Kowalczyk, S.P., Ley, L., Pollak, R.A., Shirley, D.A. *Phys. Rev. B* **7**, 5228 (1973).
- MMRC72 Mason, R., Mingos, D.M.P., Rucci, G., Connor, J.A. *J. Chem. Soc. Dalton Trans.*, 1730 (1972).
- MNTB70 Malmsten, G., Nilsson, O., Thoren, I., Bergmark, J.E. *Phys. Scr.* **1**, 37 (1970).
- MRV83 Mousty-Desbuquoit, C., Riga, J., Verbist, J.J. *J. Chem. Phys.* **79**, 26 (1983).
- MSAV71 Morgan, W.E., Stec, W.J., Albridge, R.G., Van Wazer, J.R. *Inorg. Chem.* **10**, 926 (1971).
- MSC73 McGuire, G.E., Schweitzer, G.K.K., Carlson, T.A. *Inorg. Chem.* **12**, 2451 (1973).
- MSSS81 McIntyre, N.S., Sunder, S., Shoesmith, D.W., Stanchell, F.W. *J. Vac. Sci. Technol.* **18**, 714 (1981).
- MSV73 Morgan, W.E., Stec, W.J., Van Wazer, J.R. *Inorg. Chem.* **12**, 953 (1973).
- MSV79 Maroie, S., Savy, M., Verbist, J.J. *Inorg. Chem.* **18**, 2560 (1979).
- MTHB71 Malmsten, G., Thoren, I., Hogberg, S., Bergmark, J.E., Karlsson, S.E. *Phys. Scr.* **3**, 96 (1971).
- MVS73 Morgan, W.E., Van Wazer, J.R., Stec, W.J. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **95**, 751 (1973).
- MWI75 Murata, M., Wakino, K., Ikeda, S. *J. Electron Spectrosc. Relat. Phenom.* **6**, 459 (1975).
- MaDu77 Mariot, J.M., Dufour, G. *Chem. Phys. Lett.* **50**, 219 (1977).
- MaWo75 Matsuura, I., Wolfs, M.W.J. *J. Catal.* **37**, 174 (1975).
- McCo75 McIntyre, N.S., Cook, M.G. *Anal. Chem.* **47**, 2208 (1975).
- McGi82 McEvoy, A.J., Gissler, W. *Phys. Status Solidi A* **69**, K91 (1982).
- McTh76 McCreary, J.R., Thorne, R.J. *J. Electron Spectrosc. Relat. Phenom.* **8**, 425 (1976).
- McWe76 McGilp, J.F., Weightman, P. *J. Phys. C* **9**, 3541 (1977).
- McZe77 McIntyre, N.S., Zetarak, D.G. *Anal. Chem.* **49**, 1521 (1977).
- MoVa73 Morgan, W.E., Van Wazer, J.R. *J. Phys. Chem.* **77**, 96 (1973).
- MWLF78 Moses, P.R., Wier, L.M., Lennox, J.C., Finklea, H.O., Lenhard, F.R., Murray, R.U. *Anal. Chem.* **50**, 579 (1978).
- NBK74 Nefedov, V.I., Buslaev, Y.A., Kokunov, Y.V. *Zh. Neorg. Khim.* **19**, 1166 (1974).
- NBMO73 Nefedov, V.I., Baranovskii, I.B., Molodkin, A.K., Omuralieva, V.O. *Zh. Neorg. Khim.* **18**, 1295 (1973).
- NFS82 Nefedov, V.I., Firsov, M.N., Shaplygin, I.S. *J. Electron Spectrosc. Relat. Phenom.* **26**, 65 (1982).
- NGDS75 Nefedov, V.I., Gati, D., Dzhurinskii, B.F., Sergushin, N.P., Salyn, Y.V. *Zh. Neorg. Khim.* **20**, 2307 (1975).
- NIMN78 Nishitani, R., Iwasaki, H., Mizokawa, Y., Nakamura, S. *Jpn. J. Appl. Phys.* **17**, 321 (1978).
- NIS72 Nagakura, I., Ishii, T., Sagawa, T. *J. Phys. Soc. Japan* **33**, 758 (1972).
- NKBP73 Nefedov, V.I., Kokunov, Y.V., Buslaev, Y.A., Porai-Koshits, M.A., Gustyakova, M.P., Il'in, E.G. *Zh. Neorg. Khim.* **18**, 931 (1973).
- NMSI74 Nefedov, V.I., Molodkin, A.K., Salyn, Y.V., Ivanova, O.M., Porai-Koshits, M.A., Balakaeva, T.A., Belyakova, Z.V. *Zh. Neorg. Khim.* **19**, 2628 (1974).
- NNBF68 Nilsson, O., Norberg, C.H., Bergmark, J.E., Fahlman, A., Nordling, C., Siegbahn, K. *Helv. Phys. Acta* **41**, 1064 (1968).
- NPBS74 Nefedov, V.I., Prokof'eva, I.V., Bukanova, A.E., Shubochkin, L.K., Salyn, Y.V., Pershin, V.L. *Zh. Neorg. Khim.* **19**, 1578 (1974).
- NSBN77 Nefedov, V.I., Salyn, Y.V., Baronovskii, I.B., Nikolskii, A.B. *Zh. Neorg. Khim.* **22**, 1715 (1977).
- NSCP74 Nefedov, V.I., Salyn, Y.V., Chertkov, A.A., Padurets, L.N. *Zh. Neorg. Khim.* **19**, 1443 (1974).
- NSDU75 Nefedov, V.I., Salyn, Y.V., Domashevskaya, E.P., Ugai, Y.A., Terekhov, V.A. *J. Electron Spectrosc. Relat. Phenom.* **6**, 231 (1975).
- NSLS77 Nefedov, V.I., Salyn, Y.V., Leonhardt, G., Scheibe, R. *J. Electron Spectrosc. Relat. Phenom.* **10**, 121 (1977).
- NSMS79 Nefedov, V.I., Salyn, Y.V., Moiseev, I.I., Sadovskii, A.P., Berenbljum, A.S., Knizhnik, A.G., Mund, S.L. *Inorg. Chim. Acta* **35**, L343 (1979).
- NSSP80 Nefedov, V.I., Salyn, Y.V., Solozhenkin, P.M., Pulatov, G.Y. *Surf. Interface Anal.* **2**, 171 (1980).
- NSWM80 Nefedov, V.I., Salyn, Y.V., Walther, B., Messbauer, B., Schoeps, R. *Inorg. Chim. Acta* **45**, L103 (1980).
- NSWU77 Nefedov, V.I., Salin, J.V., Walther, D., Uhlig, E., Dinjus, E. *Z. Chem.* **17**, 191 (1977).
- NZB78 Nefedov, V.I., Zhumadilov, E.K., Baer, L. *Zh. Neorg. Khim.* **23**, 2113 (1978).
- NZK77 Nefedov, V.I., Zhumadilov, A.K., Konitova, T.Y. *J. Struct. Chem. USSR* **18**, 692 (1977).
- NeBa72 Nefedov, V.I., Baranovskii, I.B. *Zh. Neorg. Khim.* **17**, 466 (1972).
- NeSa78 Nefedov, V.I., Salyn, Y.V. *Inorg. Chim. Acta* **28**, L135 (1978).
- Nefe78 Nefedov, V.I. *Koord. Khim.* **4**, 1285 (1978).
- Nefe82 Nefedov, V.I. *J. Electron Spectrosc. Relat. Phenom.* **25**, 29 (1982).
- NgHe76 Ng, K.T., Hercules, D.M. *J. Phys. Chem.* **80**, 2095 (1976).
- NyMa80 Nyholm, R., Martensson, N. *J. Phys. C* **13**, L279 (1980).
- OCH79 Okamoto, Y., Carter, W.J., Hercules, D.M. *Appl. Spectrosc.* **33**, 287 (1979).
- OHI75 Oku, M., Hirokawa, K., Ikeda, S. *J. Electron Spectrosc. Relat. Phenom.* **7**, 465 (1975).
- OIIT79 Okamoto, Y., Ishida, N., Imanaka, T., Teranishi, S. *J. Catal.* **58**, 82 (1979).
- OYK74 Ohta, T., Yamada, M., Kuroda, H. *Bull. Chem. Soc. Japan* **47**, 1158 (1974).

- OkH76 Oku, M., Hirokawa, K. *J. Electron Spectrosc. Relat. Phenom.* **8**, 475 (1976).
- PADS78 Povey, A.F., Ansell, R.O., Dickinson, T., Sherwood, P.M.A. *J. Electronal. Chem.* **87**, 189 (1978).
- PCLH76 Patterson, T.A., Carver, J.C., Leyden, D.E., Hercules, D.M. *J. Phys. Chem.* **80**, 1702 (1976).
- PEJ82 Powell, C.J., Erickson, N.E., Jach, T. *J. Vac. Sci. Technol.* **20**, 625 (1981).
- PF73 Pignataro, S., Foffani, A., Distefano, G. *Chem. Phys. Lett.* **20**, 351 (1973).
- PKHL80 Praline, G., Koel, B.E., Hance, R.L., Lee, H.I., White, J.M. *J. Electron Spectrosc. Relat. Phenom.* **21**, 17 (1980).
- PKLJ73 Poole, R.T., Kemeny, P.C., Liesegang, J., Jenkins, J.G., Leckey, R.C.G. *J. Phys. F 3*, L46 (1973).
- PKLS72 Pollak, R.A., Kowalczyk, S.P., Ley, L., Shirley, D.A. *Phys. Rev. Lett.* **29**, 274 (1972).
- PLJL73 Poole, R.T., Leckey, R.C.G., Jenkin, J.G., Liesegang, J. *Phys. Rev. B 8*, 1401 (1973).
- PMDS77 Pireaux, J.J., Martensson, N., Didriksson, R., Siegbahn, K., Riga, J., Verbist, J. *Chem. Phys. Lett.* **46**, 215 (1977).
- PRCV77 Pireaux, J.J., Riga, J., Caudano, R., Verbist, J.J., Delhalle, J., Delhalle, S., Andre, J.M., Gobillon, Y. *Phys. Scr.* **16**, 329 (1977).
- PVVA79 Pessa, M., Vuoristo, A., Vulli, M., Aksela, S., Vayrynen, J., Rantala, T., Aksela, H. *Phys. Rev. B 20*, 3115 (1979).
- PWA79 Parry-Jones, A.C., Weightman, P., Andrews, P.T. *J. Phys. C 12*, 1587 (1979).
- PeKa77 Peterson, L.G., Karlsson, S.E. *Phys. Scr.* **16**, 425 (1977).
- PiLu72 Pignataro, S., Lunazzi, L. *Tetrahedron Lett.* **52**, 5341 (1972).
- RBO72 Robert, T., Bartel, M., Offergeld, G. *Surf. Sci.* **33**, 123 (1972).
- RGBH80 Ryzhkov, M.V., Gubanov, V.A., Butzman, M.P., Hagstrom, A.L., Kurmaev, E.Z. *J. Electron Spectrosc. Relat. Phenom.* **21**, 193 (1980).
- RHJF69 Ramqvist, L., Hamrin, K., Johansson, G., Fahlman, A., Nordling, C. *J. Phys. Chem. Solids* **30**, 1835 (1969).
- RNS73 Rosolovskii, V.Y., Nefedov, V.I., Sinel'nikov, S.M. *Izv. Akad. Nauk SSSR, Ser. Khim.* **7**, 1445 (1973).
- RRD78 Romand, R., Roubin, M., Deloume, J.P. *J. Electron Spectrosc. Relat. Phenom.* **13**, 229 (1978).
- RSKC82 Rogers, J.D., Sundaram, V.S., Kleiman, G.G., Castro, C.G.C., Douglas, R.A., Peterlevitz, A.C. *J. Phys. F 12*, 2097 (1982).
- Rigg72 Riggs, W.M. *Electron Spectroscopy*, Ed. D.A. Shirley, North-Holland Publishing Company, London, 713 (1972).
- RiVe83 Riga, R., Verbist, J.J. *J. Chem. Soc. Perkin Trans. II*, 1545 (1983).
- RoRo76 Romand, M., Roubin, M. *Analisis* **4**, 309 (1976).
- SATD73 Seals, R.D., Alexander, R., Taylor, L.T., Dillard, J.G. *Inorg. Chem.* **12**, 2486 (1973).
- SBB80 Sun, T.S., Buchner, S.P., Byer, N.E. *J. Vac. Sci. Technol.* **17**, 1067 (1980).
- SCKK75 Saethre, L.J., Carlson, T.A., Kaufman, J.J., Koski, W.S. *Molec. Pharm.* **11**, 492 (1975).
- SDIO77 Sharma, J., Downs, D.S., Iqbal, Z., Owens, F.J. *J. Chem. Phys.* **67**, 3045 (1977).
- SDR80 Shalvoy, R.B., Davis, B.H., Reucroft, P.J. *Surf. Interface Anal.* **2**, 12 (1980).
- SFS77 Shalvoy, R.B., Fisher, G.B., Stiles, P.J. *Phys. Rev. B 15*, 1680 (1977).
- SGCT74 Swartz, W.E., Gray, R.C., Carver, J.C., Taylor, R.C., Hercules, D.M. *Spectrochim Acta A 30*, 1561 (1974).
- SGRS72 Sharma, J., Gora, T., Rimstidt, J.D., Staley, R. *Chem. Phys. Lett.* **15**, 233 (1972).
- SGSO70 Siegbahn, K., Gelius, U., Siegbahn, H., Olson, E. *Phys. Scr.* **1**, 272 (1970).
- SMAV72 Stec, W.J., Morgan, W.E., Albridge, R.G., Van Wazer, J.R. *Inorg. Chem.* **11**, 220 (1972).
- SMBM76 Svensson, S., Martensson, N., Basilier, E., Malmqvist, P.A., Gelius, U., Siegbahn, K. *J. Electron Spectrosc. Relat. Phenom.* **9**, 51 (1976).
- SMKM77 Shirley, D.A., Martin, R.L., Kowalczyk, S.P., McFeely, F.R., Ley, L. *Phys. Rev. B 15*, 544 (1977).
- SNMK78 Salyn, Y.V., Nefedov, V.I., Makarova, A.G., Kuznetsova, G.N. *Zh. Neorg. Khim.* **23**, 829 (1978).
- SNRS76 Sergushin, N.N., Nefedov, V.I., Rozanov, I.A., Slovyanovski, N.B., Gracheva, N. *Zh. Neorg. Khim.* **21**, 856 (1976).
- SPB76 Simon, D., Perrin, C., Baillif, P. *C. R. Acad. Sci. Ser. C 283*, 241 (1976).
- SPB76a Simon, D., Perrin, C., Bardolle, J. *J. Microsc. Spectrosc. Electron* **1**, 175 (1976).
- SRD79 Shalvoy, R.B., Reucroft, P.J., Davis, B.H. *J. Catal.* **56**, 336 (1979).
- SRII72 Swartz, W.E., Ruff, J.R., Hercules, D.M. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **94**, 5228 (1972).
- SRHH78 Steiner, P., Reiter, F.J., Hoechst, H., Huefner, S., Fuggle, J.C. *Phys. Lett.* **66A**, 229 (1978).
- SSEW79 Srinivasan, V., Stieffel, E.I., Elsberry, A., Walton, R.A. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **101**, 2612 (1979).
- SSHU83 Schulze, P.D., Shaffer, S.L., Hance, R.L., Utley, D.L. *J. Vac. Sci. Technol. A 1*, 97 (1983).
- SSOT81 Suzuki, K., Soma, M., Onishi, T., Tamaru, K. *J. Electron Spectrosc. Relat. Phenom.* **24**, 283 (1981).
- STA74 Seno, M., Tsuchiya, S., Asahara, T. *Chem. Lett.*, 405 (1974).
- STAB76 Shul'ga, Y.M., Troitskii, V.N., Aivazov, M.I., Borod'ko, Y.G. *Zh. Neorg. Khim.* **21**, 2621 (1976).
- STHU76 Seno, M., Tsuchiya, S., Hidai, M., Uchida, Y. *Bull. Chem. Soc. Japan* **49**, 1184 (1976).
- SWH71 Swartz, W.E., Wynne, K.J., Hercules, D.M. *Anal. Chem.* **43**, 1884 (1971).
- SZNS77 Salyn, J.V., Zumadilov, E.K., Nefedov, V.I., Scheibe, R., Leonhardt, G., Beyer, L., Hoyer, E. *Z. Anorg. Allg. Chem.* **432**, A275 (1977).
- SaRa80 Sarma, D.D., Rao, C.N.R. *J. Electron Spectrosc. Relat. Phenom.* **20**, 25 (1980).
- ScBr81 Schærli, M., Brunner, J. *Z. Phys. B 42*, 285 (1981).
- ScOs82 Schlapbach, L., Osterwalder, J. *Solid State Commun.* **42**, 271 (1982).
- ScSc82 Schlapbach, L., Scherrer, H.R. *Solid State Commun.* **41**, 893 (1982).
- Scho72 Schoen, G. *J. Electron Spectrosc. Relat. Phenom.* **1**, 377 (1972).
- Scho73 Schoen, G. *Acta Chem. Scand.* **27**, 2623 (1973).
- Scho73a Schoen, G. *J. Electron Spectrosc. Relat. Phenom.* **2**, 75 (1973).
- Scho73b Schoen, G. *Surf. Sci.* **35**, 96 (1973).
- SeTs76 Seno, M., Tsuchiya, S. *J. Electron Spectrosc. Relat. Phenom.* **8**, 165 (1976).
- ShIq78 Sharma, J., Iqbal, Z. *Chem. Phys. Lett.* **56**, 373 (1978).
- ShRe79 Shalvoy, R.B., Reucroft, P.J. *J. Vac. Sci. Technol.* **16**, 567 (1979).
- ShTr75 Shabanova, I.N., Trapeznikov, V.A. *J. Electron Spectrosc. Relat. Phenom.* **6**, 297 (1975).
- Sher76 Sherwood, P.M.A. *J. Chem. Soc. Faraday Trans. II 72*, 1806 (1976).
- SiLe78 Sinharoy, S., Levenson, L.L. *Thin Solid Films* **53**, 31 (1978).

- SiWo80 Sinharoy, S., Wolfe, A.L. *J. Electron Spectrosc. Relat. Phenom.* **18**, 369 (1980).
- SmWa77 Smith, T.J., Walton, R.A. *J. Inorg. Nucl. Chem.* **39**, 1331 (1977).
- SrWa77 Srinivasan, R., Walton, R.A. *Inorg. Chim. Acta* **25**, L85 (1977).
- StEd75 Stevens, G.C., Edmonds, T. *J. Catal.* **37**, 544 (1975).
- StHo79 Steiner, P., Hoechst, H. *Z. Phys. B* **35**, 51 (1979).
- SwAl74 Swartz, W.E., Alfonso, R.A. *J. Electron Spectrosc. Relat. Phenom.* **4**, 351 (1974).
- SwHe71 Swartz, W.E., Hercules, D.M. *Anal. Chem.* **43**, 1774 (1971).
- Swi82 Swift, P. *Surf. Interface Anal.* **4**, 47 (1982).
- TBHH77 Thomas, V.P., Beyer, L., Hennig, K., Hoyer, E., Nefedov, V.I., Zumadilov, E.K. *Z. Anorg. Allg. Chem.* **437**, 299 (1977).
- TBVL82 Thibaut, E., Boutique, J., Verbist, J.J., Levet, J.C., Noel, H. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **104**, 5266 (1982).
- TIWB72 Thomas, J.M., Adams, I., Williams, R.H., Barber, M. *J. Chem. Soc. Faraday Trans. II* **68**, 755 (1972).
- TLR78 Taylor, J.A., Lancaster, G.M., Rabalais, J.W. *J. Electron Spectrosc. Relat. Phenom.* **13**, 435 (1978).
- TMR80 Turner, N.H., Murday, J.S., Ramaker, D.E. *Anal. Chem.* **52**, 84 (1980).
- TRLK73 Tolman, C.A., Riggs, W.M., Linn, W.J., King, C.M., Wendt, R.C. *Inorg. Chem.* **12**, 2772 (1973).
- TVG76 Teuret-Noel, C., Verbist, J., Bogillon, Y. *J. Microsc. Spectrosc. Electron* **1**, 255 (1976).
- TaRa81 Taylor, J.A., Rabalais, J.W. *J. Chem. Phys.* **75**, 1735 (1981).
- Tayl81 Taylor, J.A. *Appl. Surf. Sci.* **7**, 168 (1981).
- Tayl82 Taylor, J.A. *J. Vac. Sci. Technol.* **20**, 751 (1982).
- ThSh78 Thomas, J.H., Sharma, S.P. *J. Vac. Sci. Technol.* **15**, 1707 (1978).
- Tric74 Tricker, M.J. *Inorg. Chem.* **13**, 743 (1974).
- UeOd81 Ueno, T., Odajima, A. *Jpn. J. Appl. Phys.* **20**, L501 (1981).
- UeOd82 Ueno, T., Odajima, A. *Jpn. J. Appl. Phys.* **21**, 230 (1982).
- UmRe78 Umezawa, Y., Reilly, C.N. *Anal. Chem.* **50**, 1294 (1978).
- VHE82 Van Der Veen, J.F., Himpfel, F.J., Eastman, D.E. *Phys. Rev. B* **25**, 7388 (1982).
- VLDH77 Veal, B.W., Lam, D.J., Diamond, H., Hoekstra, H.R. *Phys. Rev. B* **15**, 2929 (1977).
- VRPC74 Verbist, J., Riga, J., Pireaux, J.J., Caudano, R. *J. Electron Spectrosc. Relat. Phenom.* **7**, 193 (1974).
- VVSW77 Van De Vondel, D.F., Van Der Kelen, G.P., Schmidbauer, H., Wolleben, A., Wagner, F.E. *Phys. Scr.* **16**, 364 (1977).
- VVHS81 Van Der Laan, G., Westra, C., Haas, C., Sawatzky, G.A. *Phys. Rev. B* **23**, 4369 (1981).
- VWVB77 Van De Vondel, D.F., Wuyts, L.F., Van Der Kelen, G.P., Bevernage, L. *J. Electron Spectrosc. Relat. Phenom.* **10**, 389 (1977).
- VaVe80 Van Doveren, H., Verhoeven, J.A. *J. Electron Spectrosc. Relat. Phenom.* **21**, 265 (1980).
- VanO77 Van Ooij, W.J. *Surface Technology* **6**, 1 (1977).
- Vann76 Vannerberg, N.G. *Chem. Scr.* **9**, 122 (1976).
- Vayr81 Vayrynen, J. *J. Electron Spectrosc. Relat. Phenom.* **22**, 27 (1981).
- WHMC78 Wittberg, T.N., Hoenigman, J.R., Moddeman, W.E., Cothem, C.R., Gulett, M.R. *J. Vac. Sci. Technol.* **15**, 348 (1978).
- WPHK82 Wagner, C.D., Passoja, D.E., Hillery, H.F., Kinisky, T.G., Six, H.A., Jansen, W.T., Taylor, J.A. *J. Vac. Sci. Technol.* **21**, 933 (1982).
- WRDM77 Wagner, C.D., Riggs, W.M., Davis, L.E., Moulder, J.F., Mullenberg, G.E. *Handbook of X-ray Photoelectron Spectroscopy*, Perkin-Elmer Corporation, Physical Electronics Division, Eden Prairie, MN 55344 (1979).
- WSP77 Weser, U., Sokolowski, G., Pilz, W. *J. Electron Spectrosc. Relat. Phenom.* **10**, 429 (1977).
- WVV79 Willemen, H., Van De Vondel, D.F., Van Der Kelen, G.P. *Inorg. Chim. Acta* **34**, 175 (1979).
- WWC78 Wertheim, G.K., Wernick, J.H., Crecelius, G. *Phys. Rev. B* **18**, 878 (1978).
- WWVV77 Willemen, H., Wuyts, L.F., Van De Vondel, D.F., Van Der Kelen, G.P. *J. Electron Spectrosc. Relat. Phenom.* **11**, 245 (1977).
- WZR80 Wagner, C.D., Zatko, D.A., Raymond, R.H. *Anal. Chem.* **52**, 1445 (1980).
- WaTa80 Wagner, C.D., Taylor, J.A. *J. Electron Spectrosc. Relat. Phenom.* **20**, 83 (1980).
- WaTa82 Wagner, C.D., Taylor, J.A. *J. Electron Spectrosc. Relat. Phenom.* **28**, 211 (1982).
- Wagn75 Wagner, C.D. *Discuss. Faraday Soc.* **60**, 291 (1975).
- Wagn77 Wagner, C.D. Chapter 7 in *Handbook of X-ray and Ultraviolet Photoelectron Spectroscopy*, Ed. Briggs, Heyden and Sons, London (1977).
- Wagn78 Wagner, C.D. *J. Vac. Sci. Technol.* **15**, 518 (1978).
- Wagn80 Wagner, C.D. *J. Electron Spectrosc. Relat. Phenom.* **18**, 345 (1980).
- Wal77 Walton, R.A. *J. Inorg. Nucl. Chem.* **39**, 549 (1977).
- WeAn80 Weightman, P., Andrews, P.T. *J. Phys. C* **13**, L815, L821 (1980).
- WeMe78 Westerhof, A., Meijer, H.J.D. *J. Organometal. Chem.* **144**, 61 (1978).
- YMK78 Yamashita, M., Matsumoto, N., Kida, S. *Inorg. Chim. Acta* **31**, L381 (1978).
- YNAB77 Yatsimirskii, K.B., Nemoshalenko, V.V., Aleshin, V.G., Bratushko, Y.I., Moiseenko, E.P. *Chem. Phys. Lett.* **52**, 481 (1977).
- YNNA74 Yatsimirskii, K.B., Nemoshalenko, V.V., Nazarenko, Y.P., Aleshin, V.G., Zhilinskaya, V.V., Taldenko, Y.D. *Dokl. Akad. Nauk SSSR (Phys. Chem.)* **217**, 835 (1974).
- YNNA77 Yatsimirskii, K.B., Nemoshalenko, V.V., Nazarenko, Y.P., Aleshin, V.G., Zhilinskaya, V.V., Tomashevsky, N.A. *J. Electron Spectrosc. Relat. Phenom.* **10**, 239 (1977).
- YYS78 Yoshida, T., Yamasaki, K., Sawada, S. *Bull. Chem. Soc. Jpn.* **51**, 1561 (1978).
- YYS79 Yoshida, T., Yamasaki, K., Sawada, S. *Bull. Chem. Soc. Jpn.* **52**, 2908 (1979).
- YaBa80 Yang, S.J., Bates, C.W. *Appl. Phys. Lett.* **36**, 675 (1980).
- YoSa74 Yoshida, T., Sawada, S. *Bull. Chem. Soc. Jpn.* **47**, 50 (1974).
- YoYa81 Yoshida, T., Yamasaki, K. *Bull. Chem. Soc. Jpn.* **54**, 935 (1981).
- Yosh78 Yoshida, T. *Bull. Chem. Soc. Jpn.* **51**, 3257 (1978).
- Yosh80 Yoshida, T. *Bull. Chem. Soc. Jpn.* **53**, 498 (1980).
- ZSOS79 Zhdan, P.A., Shepelin, A.P., Osipova, Z.G., Sokolovskii, V.D. *J. Catal.* **58**, 8 (1979).
- ZeHa71 Zeller, M.V., Hayes, R.G. *Chem. Phys. Lett.* **10**, 610 (1971).
- ZiHe78 Zingg, D.S., Hercules, D.M. *J. Phys. Chem.* **82**, 1992 (1978).

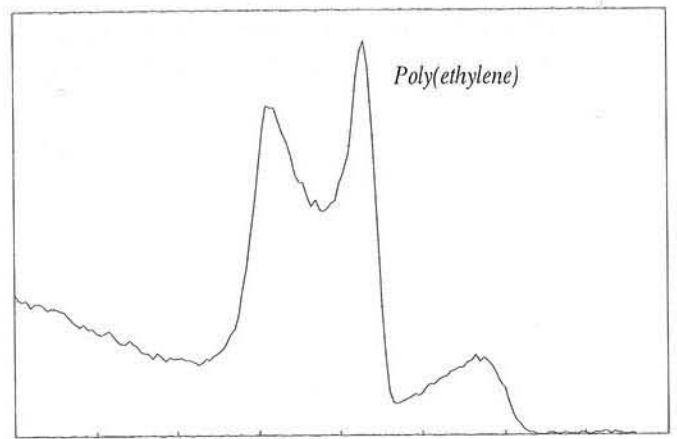




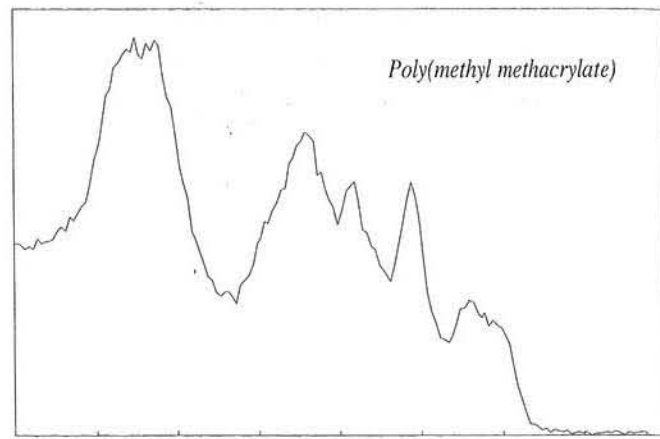
*Acknowledgment: Perkin-Elmer Corporation, Physical Electronics Division (PHI), acknowledges Dr. Charles Wagner's contributions to the Chemical States Tables. The entries in the tables, used with his permission, were compiled by Dr. Wagner in collaboration with PHI.*

## Appendix D. Valence Band Spectra

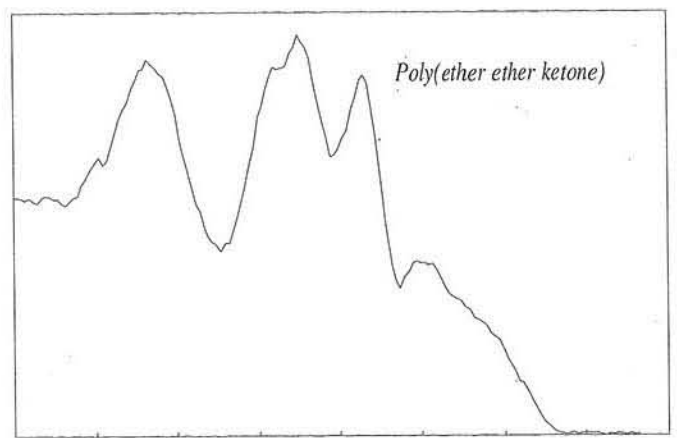
In some cases, the chemical shifts observed in core level XPS are not sufficient to identify the surface chemistry of a particular sample. In the case of XPS analysis of polymers, the changes in carbon chemistry may be quite subtle in core level XPS or the chemical shifts may be only a secondary or tertiary effect. With the routine use of monochromators in XPS and the high counting rates made possible by current spectrometer technologies, many analysts use valence bands for identification of materials. In many cases, the valence bands are used as fingerprints for a sample or a surface treatment, rather than for identifying specific molecular orbitals. The fingerprints of the valence bands may then be used to aid in both the identification of polymers and the quantification of polymer mixtures by using methods such as linear least squares fitting. The following is a small compilation of valence band spectra of organic and inorganic materials to illustrate the utility of valence band data.



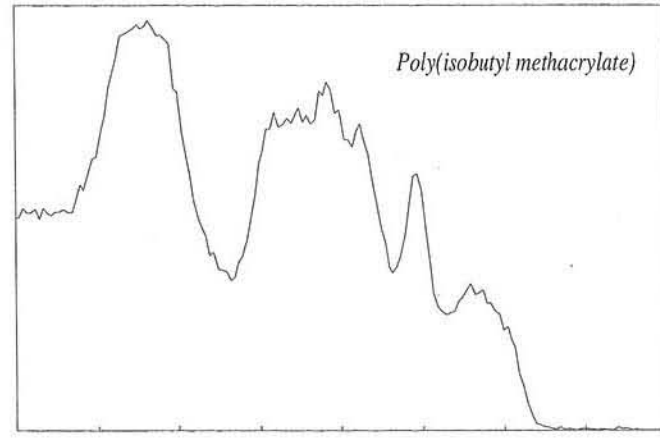
35 Binding Energy (eV) -5



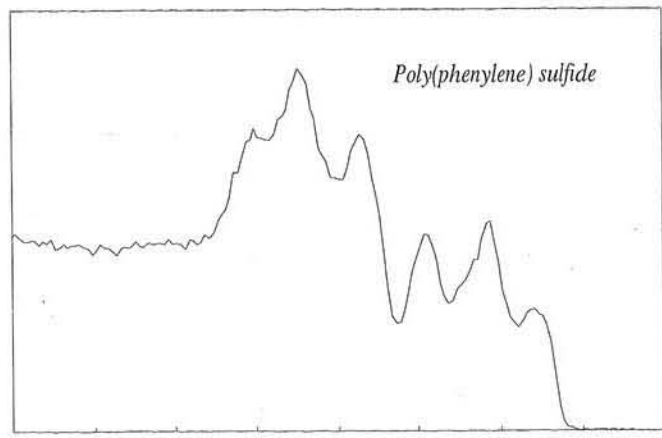
35 Binding Energy (eV) -5



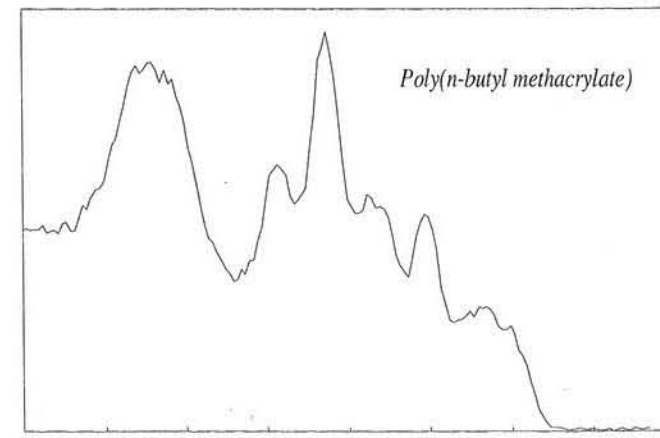
35 Binding Energy (eV) -5



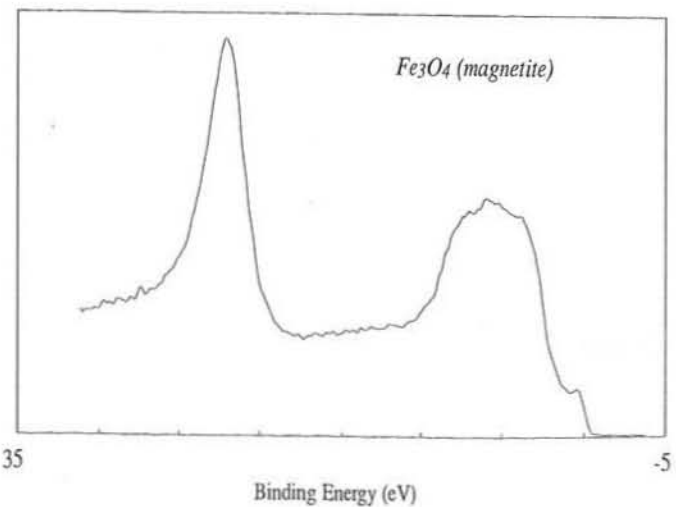
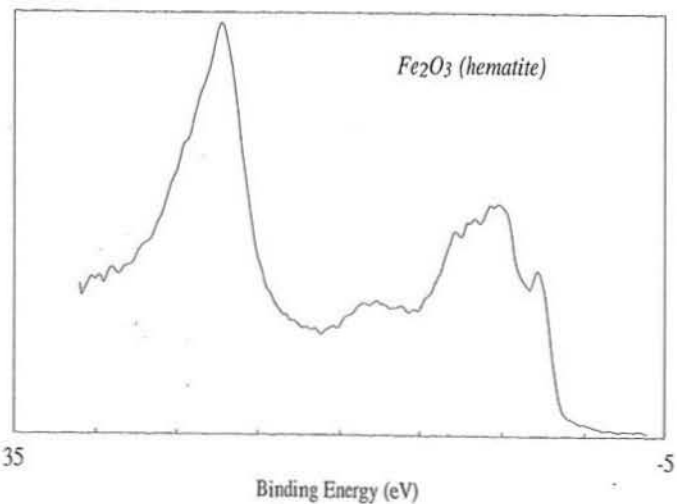
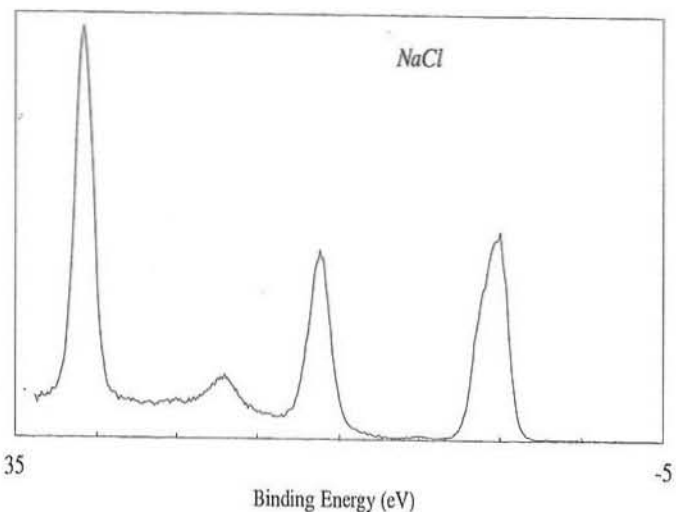
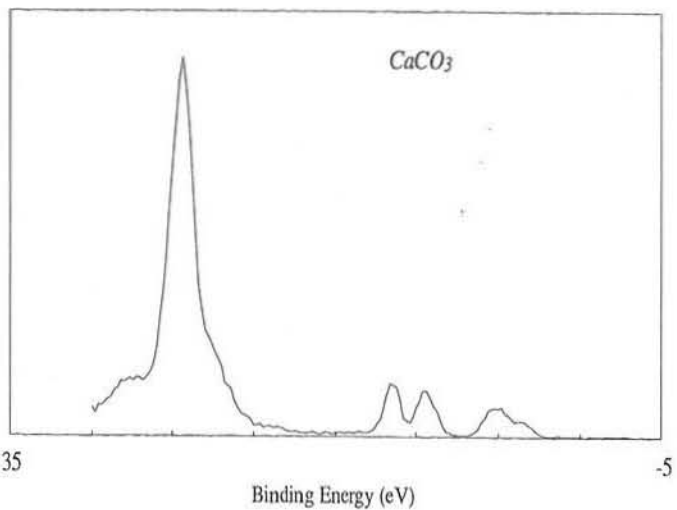
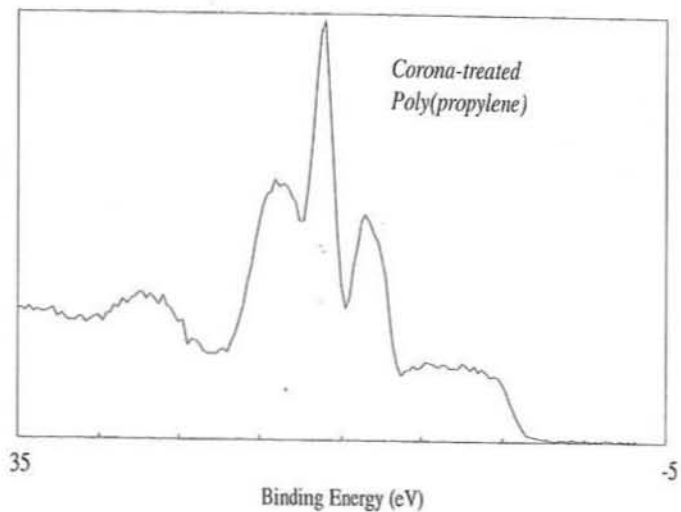
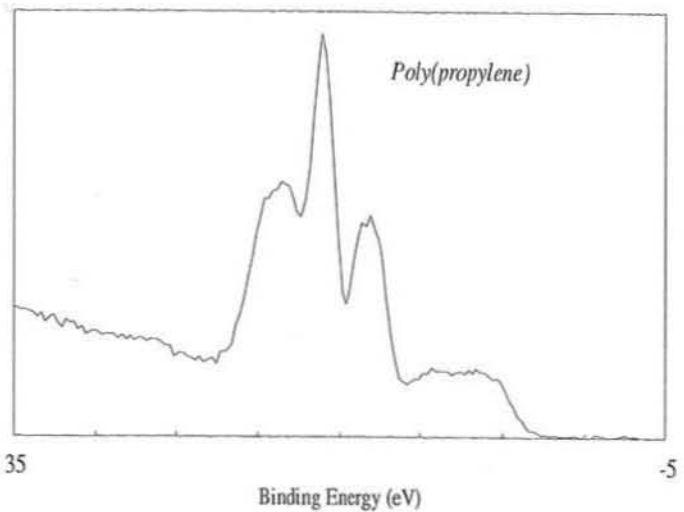
35 Binding Energy (eV) -5



35 Binding Energy (eV) -5



35 Binding Energy (eV) -5



## Appendix E. Atomic Sensitivity Factors for X-ray Sources at 90°

*This table is based upon empirical peak area values\* corrected for the system's transmission function. The values are only valid for and should only be applied when the electron energy analyzer used has the transmission characteristics of the spherical capacitor type analyzer equipped with an Omni Focus III lens supplied by Perkin-Elmer. The data are calculated for x-rays at 90° relative to the analyzer.*

Element	Line	ASF	Element	Line	ASF	Element	Line	ASF	Element	Line	ASF
Ag	3d	5.198	Eu	4d	2.210	Na	1s	1.685	Si	2p	0.283
Al	2p	0.193	F	1s	1.000	Nb	3d	2.517	Sm	3d <sub>5/2</sub>	2.907
Ar	2p	1.011	Fe	2p	2.686	Nd	3d	4.697	Sn	3d <sub>5/2</sub>	4.095
As	3d	0.570	Ga	2p <sub>3/2</sub>	3.341	Ne	1s	1.340	Sr	3d	1.578
Au	4f	5.240	Gd	4d	2.207	Ni	2p	3.653	Ta	4f	2.589
B	1s	0.159	Ge	2p <sub>3/2</sub>	3.100	O	1s	0.711	Tb	4d	2.201
Ba	4d	2.627	Hf	4f	2.221	Os	4f	3.747	Tc	3d	3.266
Be	1s	0.074	Hg	4f	5.797	P	2p	0.412	Te	3d <sub>5/2</sub>	4.925
Bi	4f	7.632	Ho	4d	2.189	Pb	4f	6.968	Th	4f <sub>7/2</sub>	7.498
Br	3d	0.895	I	3d <sub>5/2</sub>	5.337	Pd	3d	4.642	Ti	2p	1.798
C	1s	0.296	In	3d <sub>5/2</sub>	3.777	Pm	3d	3.754	Tl	4f	6.447
Ca	2p	1.634	Ir	4f	4.217	Pr	3d	6.356	Tm	4d	2.172
Cd	3d <sub>5/2</sub>	3.444	K	2p	1.300	Pt	4f	4.674	U	4f <sub>7/2</sub>	8.476
Ce	3d	7.399	Kr	3d	1.096	Rb	3d	1.316	V	2p	1.912
Cl	2p	0.770	La	3d	7.708	Re	4f	3.327	W	4f	2.959
Co	2p	3.255	Li	1s	0.025	Rh	3d	4.179	Xe	3d <sub>5/2</sub>	5.702
Cr	2p	2.201	Lu	4d	2.156	Ru	3d	3.696	Y	3d	1.867
Cs	3d <sub>5/2</sub>	6.032	Mg	2s	0.252	S	2p	0.570	Yb	4d	2.169
Cu	2p	4.798	Mn	2p	2.420	Sb	3d <sub>5/2</sub>	4.473	Zn	2p <sub>3/2</sub>	3.354
Dy	4d	2.198	Mo	3d	2.867	Sc	2p	1.678	Zr	3d	2.216
Er	4d	2.184	N	1s	0.477	Se	3d	0.722			

\*C.D Wagner, et al. *Surf. Interface Anal.* 3, 211 (1981).

## Appendix F. Atomic Sensitivity Factors for X-ray Sources at 54.7°

This table is based upon empirical peak area values\* corrected for the system's transmission function. The values are only valid for and should only be applied when the electron energy analyzer used has the transmission characteristics of the spherical capacitor type analyzer equipped with an Omni Focus III lens supplied by Perkin-Elmer. The data are calculated for x-rays at 54.7° relative to the analyzer.

Element	Line	ASF	Element	Line	ASF	Element	Line	ASF	Element	Line	ASF
Ag	3d	5.987	Eu	4d	2.488	Na	1s	1.685	Si	2p	0.339
Al	2p	0.234	F	1s	1.000	Nb	3d	2.921	Sm	3d <sub>5/2</sub>	3.611
Ar	2p	1.155	Fe	2p	2.957	Nd	3d	5.671	Sn	3d <sub>5/2</sub>	4.725
As	3d	0.677	Ga	2p <sub>3/2</sub>	3.720	Ne	1s	1.340	Sr	3d	1.843
Au	4f	6.250	Gd	4d	2.484	Ni	2p	4.044	Ta	4f	3.082
B	1s	0.159	Ge	2p <sub>3/2</sub>	3.457	O	1s	0.711	Tb	4d	2.477
Ba	3d <sub>5/2</sub>	7.469	Hf	4f	2.639	Os	4f	4.461	Tc	3d	3.776
Be	1s	0.074	Hg	4f	6.915	P	2p	0.486	Te	3d <sub>5/2</sub>	5.705
Bi	4f	9.140	Ho	4d	2.469	Pb	4f	8.329	Th	4f <sub>7/2</sub>	9.089
Br	3d	1.053	I	3d <sub>5/2</sub>	6.206	Pd	3d	5.356	Ti	2p	2.001
C	1s	0.296	In	3d <sub>5/2</sub>	4.359	Pm	3d	4.597	Tl	4f	7.691
Ca	2p	1.833	Ir	4f	5.021	Pr	3d	7.627	Tm	4d	2.454
Cd	3d <sub>5/2</sub>	3.974	K	2p	1.466	Pt	4f	5.575	U	4f <sub>7/2</sub>	10.315
Ce	3d	8.808	Kr	3d	1.287	Rb	3d	1.542	V	2p	2.116
Cl	2p	0.891	La	3d	9.122	Re	4f	3.961	W	4f	3.523
Co	2p	3.590	Li	1s	0.025	Rh	3d	4.822	Xe	3d <sub>5/2</sub>	6.64
Cr	2p	2.427	Lu	4d	2.441	Ru	3d	4.273	Y	3d	2.175
Cs	3d <sub>5/2</sub>	7.041	Mg	2s	0.252	S	2p	0.666	Yb	4d	2.451
Cu	2p	5.321	Mn	2p	2.659	Sb	3d <sub>5/2</sub>	5.176	Zn	2p <sub>3/2</sub>	3.726
Dy	4d	2.474	Mo	3d	3.321	Sc	2p	1.875	Zr	3d	2.576
Er	4d	2.463	N	1s	0.477	Se	3d	0.853			

\*C.D Wagner, et al. *Surf. Interface Anal.* 3, 211 (1981).

## Appendix G. Line Positions<sup>a)</sup> by Element for Al K $\alpha$ X-rays

Atomic Number/Element	Photoelectron Lines										Auger Lines								
	1s	2s	2p <sub>1/2</sub>	2p <sub>3/2</sub>	3s	3p <sub>1/2</sub>	3p <sub>3/2</sub>	3d <sub>3/2</sub>	3d <sub>5/2</sub>	4s	4p <sub>1/2</sub>	4p <sub>3/2</sub>	KL <sub>1</sub> L <sub>1</sub>	KL <sub>1</sub> L <sub>23</sub>	KL <sub>23</sub> L <sub>23</sub> <sup>b)</sup>				
3 Li	56																		
4 Be	112														1384				
5 B	189														1310				
6 C	285														1223				
7 N	398														1107				
8 O	531	23										1013	999		978				
9 F	685	30										878	859		832				
10 Ne	863	41	14									725	702		669				
11 Na	1072	64	31									561	532		493				
12 Mg	1303	89	50									381	347		301				
												L <sub>3</sub> M <sub>23</sub> M <sub>23</sub> <sup>c)</sup>	L <sub>2</sub> M <sub>23</sub> M <sub>23</sub> <sup>c)</sup>	L <sub>3</sub> M <sub>23</sub> M <sub>45</sub> <sup>(1P)</sup>	L <sub>3</sub> M <sub>23</sub> M <sub>45</sub> <sup>(1P)</sup>	L <sub>2</sub> M <sub>23</sub> M <sub>45</sub> <sup>(1P)</sup>	L <sub>3</sub> M <sub>45</sub> M <sub>45</sub> <sup>d)</sup>	L <sub>2</sub> M <sub>45</sub> M <sub>45</sub>	
13 Al		118	73									1419							
14 Si		151	100	99								1394							
15 P		188	131	130	14							1367							
16 S		228	165	164	18							1336							
17 Cl		271	201	199	17	6						1304							
18 Ar		320	244	242	24							1272							
19 K		380	297	294	35	19						1239							
20 Ca		440	351	347	45	26						1197							
21 Sc		499	404	399	51	29						1149							
22 Ti		561	460	454	59	33						1098		1118					
23 V		626	520	512	66	37						1048		1068				977	
24 Cr		696	583	574	75	43						997		1014				917	
25 Mn		769	650	639	83	48						944		959				852	
26 Fe		845	720	707	92	53						888		900				784	
27 Co		925	793	778	101	60						838	831	777	771			713	698
28 Ni		1009	870	853	111	67						778	772	712	706			641	624
29 Cu		1097	953	933	123	77	75					719	712	648	640	628		568	548
30 Zn		1195	1045	1022	140	91	89	10				660	652	582	573	559		495	472
31 Ga		1301	1144	1117	160	107	104	19				597	589	514	504	487		419	392
32 Ge			1248	1217	181	126	122	30	29			534	525	444	433	412		342	310
33 As			1359	1324	205	146	141	43	42					371	360	336		262	226
34 Se					232	169	163	57	56				M <sub>23</sub> M <sub>45</sub> N <sub>23</sub>	299	287	257		181	140
35 Br					256	189	182	70	69	15	5		1390						
36 Kr					287	216	208	88	87	21	8								
37 Rb					325	249	240	113	111	31	16								
38 Sr					360	281	270	136	134	39	21			M <sub>45</sub> N <sub>23</sub> V	M <sub>45</sub> N <sub>45</sub> N <sub>45</sub>				
39 Y					394	311	299	158	156	45	24			1356					
40 Zr					430	343	330	181	179	51	28			1368	1337				

- a) Lines enclosed in boxes are the ones which are most useful for identifying chemical states.
- b) Includes KVV designation when L<sub>23</sub> is not a core level.
- c) Designation is oversimplified.
- d) Includes LVV when M levels are not in core and MVV when N levels are not in core.
- e) No simple 4p<sub>1/2</sub> line exists for this group of elements.
- f) The 4d doublet for these elements is complex and is variable with chemical state because of multiplet splitting and multi-electron processes.
- g) The 5s is of low intensity and is often in the shake-up structure of the 4f lines. These values are estimates of the energy.

Atomic Number/Element	Photoelectron Lines																	Auger Lines										
	3s	3p <sub>1/2</sub>	3p <sub>3/2</sub>	3d <sub>3/2</sub>	3d <sub>5/2</sub>	4s	4p <sub>1/2</sub>	4p <sub>3/2</sub>	4d <sub>3/2</sub>	4d <sub>5/2</sub>	4f <sub>5/2</sub>	4f <sub>7/2</sub>	5s	5p <sub>1/2</sub>	5p <sub>3/2</sub>	5d <sub>3/2</sub>	5d <sub>5/2</sub>	6s	6p <sub>1/2</sub>	6p <sub>3/2</sub>	M <sub>4</sub> N <sub>23</sub> V	M <sub>5</sub> N <sub>45</sub> N <sub>45</sub> <sup>d)</sup>	M <sub>4</sub> N <sub>45</sub> N <sub>45</sub> <sup>d)</sup>	M <sub>4</sub> N <sub>45</sub> V	M <sub>5</sub> VV	M <sub>4</sub> VV		
41 Nb	467	376	361	205	202	56		31														1319		1287				
42 Mo	506	412	394	231	228	63		36														1299		1264				
43 Tc	544	445	425	257	253	68		39														1280		1241				
44 Ru	586	484	462	284	280	75		43 <sup>c)</sup>														1256		1212				
45 Rh	629	521	497	312	307	81		48														1234		1185				
46 Pd	671	560	533	340	335	88		52														1211		1159				
47 Ag	719	604	573	374	368	98		60														1191	1135		1129			
48 Cd	772	652	618	412	405	110		69	11														1110		1103			
49 In	828	703	665	452	444	123		78	17														1084		1076			
50 Sn	885	757	715	493	485	137		89	25														1058		1049			
51 Sb	944	813	767	537	528	153		99	33														1032		1022			
52 Te	1009	871	820	583	573	170		111	42	41			12										1005		995			
53 I	1071	930	875	630	619	187		123	51	49			17										982		971			
54 Xe	1141	996	934	683	670	207		139	63	61			17										955		942			
55 Cs	1219	1069	1002	740	726	234	173	161	80	77			25										931		918			
56 Ba	1292	1138	1064	796	781	254	193	179	93	90			31	15									900		886			
57 La		1208	1128	853	836	275	213	197	106	103			34	17									867		854			
58 Ce		1272	1184	902	884	290	223	207	112	109			36	18										833				
59 Pr		1339	1242	952	932	305	234	218	115 <sup>d)</sup>				38	18										797				
60 Nd			1301	1003	981	320	245	228	121				39	19										758				
61 Pm				1060	1034	337	264	242	129				38	22										714				
62 Sm				1108	1081	349	283	250	129				41	19										682				
63 Eu				1155	1126	363	289	255	128				39	19										637				
64 Gd				1218	1186	378	291	272	140	8		43	21											602				
65 Tb				1276	1241	396	322	285	146	8	45	22												559	411	260	230	
66 Dy				1333	1296	417	337	297	152	8	48	23												526	368			
67 Ho				1393	1352	435	353	309	160	9	49	30	24											488	314		117	
68 Er					451	368	321	167	9	52	31	24												440	273	98	56	
69 Tm					470	384	333	175	8	53	32	25												398				
70 Yb					482	389	341	182	3	51	30	24																
71 Lu					509	413	360	206	196	9	7	57	34	27														
72 Hf					534	437	380	222	211	16	14	63	38	30														
73 Ta					563	463	401	238	226	24	22	69	43	33														
74 W					594	491	424	256	243	33	31	75	47	37														
75 Re					625	518	446	274	260	42	40	99																
76 Os					658	548	471	293	279	54	51	89 <sup>d)</sup>	44															
77 Ir					692	578	495	312	297	64	61	96 <sup>d)</sup>	48															
78 Pt					725	609	520	332	315	74	71	103 <sup>d)</sup>	52															
79 Au					763	643	547	353	335	88	84	110 <sup>d)</sup>	57	74														
80 Hg					805	682	579	381	361	105	101	125 <sup>d)</sup>	85	67	12	10												
81 Tl					847	720	610	406	385	122	118	133 <sup>d)</sup>	95	74	15	13												
82 Pb					893	762	644	434	412	142	137	150 <sup>d)</sup>	107	84	21	18												
83 Bi					940	806	679	464	440	162	157	161 <sup>d)</sup>	119	93	27	24												
90 Th					1330	1170	965	713	676	342	333	294	234	177	93	85	42	25	17									
92 U						1272	1043	779	736	388	377	322	260	195	103	94	44	26	17									
93 Np						1327	1086	816	771	414	402		206	101	101	29	18											
94 Pu							1121	850	802	439	427		216	105	109	31	18											
95 Am								883	832	463	449	351	216	119	109	31	18											
96 Cm								919	865	487	473		232	113	113	32	18											
97 Bk								958	901	514	498		246	120	120	34	18											
98 Cf								994	933	541	523			124	124	35	19											





Atomic Number/Element	Photoelectron Lines																Auger Lines									
	3s	3p <sub>1/2</sub>	3p <sub>3/2</sub>	3d <sub>3/2</sub>	3d <sub>5/2</sub>	4s	4p <sub>1/2</sub>	4p <sub>3/2</sub>	4d <sub>3/2</sub>	4d <sub>5/2</sub>	4f <sub>7/2</sub>	5s	5p <sub>1/2</sub>	5p <sub>3/2</sub>	5d <sub>3/2</sub>	5d <sub>5/2</sub>	6s	6p <sub>1/2</sub>	6p <sub>3/2</sub>	M <sub>4s</sub> N <sub>23</sub> V	M <sub>5</sub> N <sub>4s</sub> N <sub>4s</sub> <sup>(1)</sup>	M <sub>4</sub> N <sub>4s</sub> N <sub>4s</sub> <sup>(1)</sup>	M <sub>4s</sub> N <sub>4s</sub> V	M <sub>5</sub> VV	M <sub>4</sub> VV	
41 Nb	467	376	361	205	202	56	31													1086		1054				
42 Mo	506	412	394	231	228	63	36														1066		1031			
43 Tc	544	445	425	257	253	68	39														1047		1008			
44 Ru	586	484	462	284	280	75	43 <sup>(e)</sup>														1023		979			
45 Rh	629	521	497	312	307	81	48														1001		952			
46 Pd	671	560	533	340	335	88	52														978		926			
47 Ag	719	604	573	374	368	98	60														958	902	896			
48 Cd	772	652	618	412	405	110	69	11														877	870			
49 In	828	703	665	452	444	123	78	17														851	843			
50 Sn	885	757	715	493	485	137	89	25														825	816			
51 Sb	944	813	767	537	528	153	99	33														799	789			
52 Te	1009	871	820	583	573	170	111	42	41		12											772	762			
53 I	1071	930	875	630	619	187	123	51	49		18											749	738			
54 Xe	1141	996	934	683	670	207	139	63	61		17											722	709			
55 Cs	1219	1069	1002	740	726	234	173	161	80	77	25											698	685			
56 Ba		1138	1064	796	781	254	193	179	93	90	31	15										667	653			
57 La		1208	1128	853	836	275	213	197	106	103	34	17										634	621			
58 Ce			1184	902	884	290	223	207	112	109	36	18														
59 Pr			1242	952	932	305	234	218	115 <sup>(h)</sup>		38	18														600
60 Nd				1003	981	320	245	228	121		39	19														564
61 Pm				1060	1034	337	264	242	129		38	22														525
62 Sm				1108	1081	349	283	250	129		41	19														481
63 Eu				1155	1126	363	289	255	128		39	19														449
64 Gd				1218	1186	378	291	272	140		43	21														404
65 Tb					1241	396	322	285	146	8	45	22														369
66 Dy						417	337	297	152	8	48	23														326
67 Ho						435	353	309	159	9	49	30	24													170
68 Er						451	368	321	167	9	52	31	24													
69 Tm						470	384	333	175	8	53	32	25													
70 Yb						482	389	341	182	3	51	30	24													
71 Lu						509	413	360	206	196	9	7	57	34	27											
72 Hf						534	437	380	222	211	16	14	63	38	30											
73 Ta						563	463	401	238	226	24	22	69	43	33											
74 W						594	491	424	256	243	33	31	75	47	37											
75 Re						625	518	446	274	260	42	40	99													
76 Os						658	548	471	293	279	54	51	89	44												
77 Ir						692	578	495	312	297	64	61	96 <sup>(j)</sup>	48												
78 Pt						725	609	520	332	315	74	71	103 <sup>(j)</sup>	52												
79 Au						763	643	547	353	335	88	84	110 <sup>(j)</sup>	74												
80 Hg						805	682	579	381	361	107	103	125 <sup>(j)</sup>	85	67	12	10									
81 Tl						847	720	610	406	385	122	118	133 <sup>(j)</sup>	95	74	15	13									
82 Pb						893	762	644	434	412	142	137	150 <sup>(j)</sup>	107	84	21	18									
83 Bi						940	806	679	464	440	162	157	161 <sup>(j)</sup>	119	93	27	24									
90 Th						1170	965	713	676	342	333	294	234	177	93	85	42	25	17							
92 U						1272	1043	779	736	388	377	322	260	195	103	94	44	26	17							
93 Np								1086	816	771	414	402		206		101		29	18							
94 Pu								1121	850	802	439	427		216		105		31	18							
95 Am									883	832	463	449	351	216	119	109		31	18							
96 Cm									919	865	487	473		232		113		32	18							
97 Bk									958	901	514	498		246		120		34	18							
98 Cf									994	933	541	523				124		35	19							

## Appendix J. Line Positions in Numerical Order

*For photoelectron lines, the spin orbit splitting is indicated in parentheses. Auger lines are in italics, and the photon source for the Auger excitation is indicated in parentheses.*

7	Lu 4f <sub>7/2</sub>	(2)	89	Mg 2s		175	Tm 4d		299	Y 3p <sub>3/2</sub>	(12)
14	Hf 4f <sub>7/2</sub>	(2)	90	Ba 4d <sub>5/2</sub>	(3)	179	Zr 3d <sub>5/2</sub>	(2)	301	<i>Mg</i>	(Al)
23	O 2s		98	<i>Er</i>	(Al)	181	<i>Se</i>	(Al)	307	Rh 3d <sub>5/2</sub>	(5)
22	Ta 4f	(2)	99	Si 2p <sub>3/2</sub>	(1)	182	Yb 4d		309	Ho 4p <sub>3/2</sub>	(44)
25	Sn 4d		101	Hg 4f <sub>7/2</sub>	(4)		Br 3p <sub>3/2</sub>	(7)	315	Pt 4d <sub>5/2</sub>	(17)
29	Ge 3d <sub>5/2</sub>	(1)	103	La 4d <sub>5/2</sub>	(3)	186	<i>Ga</i>	(Mg)	320	Ar 2s	
30	F 2s		104	Ga 3p <sub>3/2</sub>	(3)	188	P 2s		321	Er 4p <sub>3/2</sub>	(47)
31	W 4f <sub>7/2</sub>	(2)	109	Ce 4d <sub>5/2</sub>	(3)	189	B 1s		330	Zr 3p <sub>3/2</sub>	(14)
37	V 3p			<i>Ge</i>	(Mg)	196	Lu 4d <sub>5/2</sub>	(10)	333	Th 4f <sub>7/2</sub>	(9)
40	Re 4f <sub>7/2</sub>	(2)	112	Rb 3d <sub>5/2</sub>	(1)	199	Cl 2p <sub>3/2</sub>	(2)		Tm 4p <sub>3/2</sub>	(51)
41	Ne 2s			Be 1s		202	Nb 3d <sub>5/2</sub>	(3)	335	Pd 3d <sub>5/2</sub>	(5)
42	As 3d <sub>5/2</sub>	(1)	115	Pr 4d		208	Kr 3p <sub>3/2</sub>	(8)		Au 4d <sub>5/2</sub>	(18)
43	Cr 3p		117	<i>Ho</i>	(Al)	211	Hf 4d <sub>5/2</sub>	(11)		<i>Cu</i>	(Mg)
48	Mn 3p		118	Tl 4f <sub>7/2</sub>	(4)	226	Ta 4d <sub>5/2</sub>	(12)	341	Yb 4p <sub>3/2</sub>	(48)
49	I 4d <sub>5/2</sub>	(2)		Al 2s		228	S 2s		342	<i>Ge</i>	(Al)
50	Mg 2p		121	Nd 4d			Mo 3d <sub>5/2</sub>	(3)	347	Ca 2p <sub>3/2</sub>	(3)
51	Os 4f <sub>7/2</sub>	(3)	122	Ge 3p <sub>3/2</sub>	(4)	240	Rb 3p <sub>3/2</sub>	(9)	360	Lu 4p <sub>3/2</sub>	(53)
53	Fe 3p		128	Eu 4d		242	Ar 2p <sub>3/2</sub>	(2)	361	Hg 4d <sub>5/2</sub>	(20)
56	Li 1s		129	Sm 4d		243	W 4d <sub>5/2</sub>	(13)		Nb 3p <sub>3/2</sub>	(15)
	Se 3d <sub>5/2</sub>	(1)	131	P 2p <sub>3/2</sub>	(1)	260	Re 4d <sub>5/2</sub>	(14)	368	Ag 3d <sub>5/2</sub>	(6)
60	Co 3p		134	Sr 3d <sub>5/2</sub>	(2)		<i>Na</i>	(Mg)	369	<i>Gd</i>	(Mg)
61	Ir 4f <sub>7/2</sub>	(3)	137	Pb 4f <sub>7/2</sub>	(5)		<i>Tb</i>	(Al)	377	U 4f <sub>7/2</sub>	(11)
	Xe 4d <sub>5/2</sub>	(2)	140	Gd 4d		262	Zn	(Mg)	380	K 2s	
64	Na 2s		141	As 3p <sub>3/2</sub>	(5)		<i>As</i>	(Al)	385	Tl 4d <sub>5/2</sub>	(21)
67	Ni 3p		146	Tb 4d		270	Sr 3p <sub>3/2</sub>	(11)	394	Mo 3p <sub>3/2</sub>	(17)
69	Br 3d <sub>5/2</sub>	(1)	151	Si 2s		271	Cl 2s		398	N 1s	
71	Pt 4f <sub>7/2</sub>	(3)	152	Dy 4d		279	Os 4d <sub>5/2</sub>	(14)	399	Sc 2p <sub>3/2</sub>	(5)
73	Al 2p		156	Y 3d <sub>5/2</sub>	(2)	280	Ru 3d <sub>5/2</sub>	(4)	404	<i>Eu</i>	(Mg)
75	Cu 3p <sub>3/2</sub>	(2)	157	Bi 4f <sub>7/2</sub>	(5)	285	Tb 4p <sub>3/2</sub>	(37)	405	Cd 3d <sub>5/2</sub>	(7)
77	Cs 4d <sub>5/2</sub>	(3)	160	Ho 4d			C 1s		408	<i>Ni</i>	(Mg)
84	Au 4f <sub>7/2</sub>	(4)	163	Se 3p <sub>3/2</sub>	(6)	294	K 2p <sub>3/2</sub>	(3)	412	Pb 4d <sub>5/2</sub>	(22)
87	Kr 3d <sub>5/2</sub>	(1)	164	S 2p <sub>3/2</sub>	(1)	297	Dy 4p <sub>3/2</sub>	(40)	419	<i>Ga</i>	(Al)
89	Zn 3p <sub>3/2</sub>	(2)	167	Er 4d			Ir 4d <sub>5/2</sub>	(15)	436	<i>Ne</i>	(Mg)

440	Ca 2s		669	Ne	(Al)	874	N	(Mg)	1103	Cd	(Al)
449	Sm	(Mg)	670	Xe 3d <sub>5/2</sub>	(13)	884	Ce 3d <sub>5/2</sub>	(18)	1107	N	(Al)
441	Bi 4d <sub>5/2</sub>	(24)	676	Th 4d <sub>5/2</sub>	(37)	886	Ba	(Al)	1117	Ga 2p <sub>3/2</sub>	(27)
444	In 3d <sub>5/2</sub>	(8)	682	Sm	(Al)	896	Ag	(Mg)	1126	Eu 3d <sub>5/2</sub>	(30)
454	Ti 2p <sub>3/2</sub>	(6)	685	F 1s		900	Mn	(Al)	1129	Ag	(Al)
462	Ru 3p <sub>3/2</sub>	(22)		Cs	(Mg)	916	Sc	(Mg)	1149	Sc	(Al)
480	Co	(Mg)	696	Cr 2s		918	Cs	(Al)	1154	Bi	(Mg)
485	Sn 3d <sub>5/2</sub>	(8)	707	Fe 2p <sub>3/2</sub>	(13)	926	Pd	(Mg)	1159	Pd	(Al)
493	Na	(Al)	709	Xe	(Mg)	932	Pr 3d <sub>5/2</sub>	(20)	1161	Pb	(Mg)
495	Zn	(Al)	713	Co	(Al)	933	Cu 2p <sub>3/2</sub>	(20)	1168	Tl	(Mg)
497	Rh 3p <sub>3/2</sub>	(24)	715	Sn 3p <sub>3/2</sub>	(42)	942	Xe	(Al)	1179	Hg	(Mg)
499	Sc 2s		726	Cs 3d <sub>5/2</sub>	(14)	952	Rh	(Mg)	1183	Au	(Mg)
512	V 2p <sub>3/2</sub>	(8)		Cr	(Mg)	959	Cr	(Al)	1185	Rh	(Al)
525	Nd	(Mg)	736	U 4d <sub>5/2</sub>	(42)	964	Ca	(Mg)	1186	Gd 3d <sub>5/2</sub>	(32)
526	Dy	(Al)	738	I	(Mg)	971	U	(Mg)	1197	Ca	(Al)
528	Sb 3d <sub>5/2</sub>	(9)	745	O	(Mg)		I	(Al)	1204	U	(Al)
531	O 1s		758	Nd	(Al)	978	O	(Al)	1212	Ru	(Al)
533	Pd 3p <sub>3/2</sub>	(27)	767	Sb 3p <sub>3/2</sub>	(46)	979	Ru	(Mg)	1217	Ge 2p <sub>3/2</sub>	(31)
551	Fe	(Mg)	772	Te	(Mg)	981	Nd 3d <sub>5/2</sub>	(21)	1223	C	(Al)
561	Ti 2s		778	Co 2p <sub>3/2</sub>	(15)	990	C	(Mg)	1239	Th	(Al)
564	Pr	(Mg)	781	Ba 3d <sub>5/2</sub>	(15)	1005	Te	(Al)		K	(Al)
568	Cu	(Al)		V	(Mg)	1006	K	(Mg)	1241	Tb 3d <sub>5/2</sub>	(35)
573	Ag 3p <sub>3/2</sub>	(31)	784	Fe	(Al)		Th	(Mg)	1272	Ar	(Al)
	Te 3d <sub>5/2</sub>	(10)	797	Pr	(Al)	1014	V	(Al)	1296	Dy 3d <sub>5/2</sub>	(37)
574	Cr 2p <sub>3/2</sub>	(9)	799	Sb	(Mg)	1022	Zn 2p <sub>3/2</sub>	(23)	1299	Mo	(Al)
599	F	(Mg)	816	Sn	(Mg)	1032	Sb	(Al)	1303	Mg 1s	
600	Ce	(Mg)	820	Te 3p <sub>3/2</sub>	(51)	1039	Ar	(Mg)	1304	Cl	(Al)
602	Gd	(Al)	832	F	(Al)	1049	Sn	(Al)	1310	B	(Al)
619	Cd 3p <sub>3/2</sub>	(34)	833	Ce	(Al)	1068	Ti	(Al)	1319	Nb	(Al)
	I 3d <sub>5/2</sub>	(12)	835	Ti	(Mg)	1071	Cl	(Mg)	1324	As 2p <sub>3/2</sub>	(35)
634	La	(Mg)	836	La 3d <sub>5/2</sub>	(17)	1072	Na 1s		1336	S	(Al)
637	Eu	(Al)	843	In	(Mg)	1076	In	(Al)	1387	Bi	(Al)
639	Mn 2p <sub>3/2</sub>	(11)	853	Ni 2p <sub>3/2</sub>	(18)	1077	B	(Mg)	1394	Pb	(Al)
641	Ni	(Al)	863	Ne 1s		1081	Sm 3d <sub>5/2</sub>	(27)	1401	Tl	(Al)
653	Ba	(Mg)	867	La	(Al)	1086	Nb	(Mg)	1412	Hg	(Al)
665	In 3p <sub>3/2</sub>	(38)	870	Cd	(Mg)	1103	S	(Mg)	1416	Au	(Al)
667	Mn	(Mg)									

# Appendix K. Periodic Table

Atomic number **9** 1.0 PHI sensitivity factor\* for designated photoelectron transition

Element symbol **F**

Most intense photoelectron transition  
Most intense Auger transition

9	1.0
F	
1s	685
KLL	647

Binding energy, most intense photoelectron transition  
Kinetic energy, most intense Auger transition

<b>1</b> H																	<b>2</b> He
<b>3</b> 0.025 Li	<b>4</b> 0.074 Be											<b>5</b> 0.159 B	<b>6</b> 0.296 C	<b>7</b> 0.477 N	<b>8</b> 0.711 O	<b>9</b> 1.0 F	<b>10</b> 1.340 Ne
1s 56 KLL 43	1s 112 KLL 103											1s 187 KLL 177	1s 285 KLL 264	1s 402 KLL 380	1s 531 KLL 509	1s 685 KLL 655	1s 863 KLL 818
<b>11</b> 1.685 Na	<b>12</b> 0.252 Mg											<b>13</b> 0.193 Al	<b>14</b> 0.283 Si	<b>15</b> 0.412 P	<b>16</b> 0.570 S	<b>17</b> 0.770 Cl	<b>18</b> 1.011 Ar
1s 1072 KLL 994	2p 50 KLL 1186											2p <sub>3/2</sub> 73 LMM 68	2p 99 LMM 93	2p 130 LMM 120	2p 164 LMM 151	2p 198 LMM 183	2p 242 LMM 215
<b>19</b> 1.30 K	<b>20</b> 1.634 Ca	<b>21</b> 1.678 Sc	<b>22</b> 1.798 Ti	<b>23</b> 1.912 V	<b>24</b> 2.201 Cr	<b>25</b> 2.42 Mn	<b>26</b> 2.686 Fe	<b>27</b> 3.255 Co	<b>28</b> 3.653 Ni	<b>29</b> 4.798 Cu	<b>30</b> 3.354 Zn	<b>31</b> 3.341 Ga	<b>32</b> 3.100 Ge	<b>33</b> 0.570 As	<b>34</b> 0.722 Se	<b>35</b> 0.895 Br	<b>36</b> 1.096 Kr
2p 294 LMM 248	2p 347 LMM 290	2p 399 LMM 338	2p 454 LMM 419	2p 512 LMM 473	2p 574 LMM 528	2p 638 LMM 587	2p 707 LMM 703	2p 778 LMM 774	2p 853 LMM 846	2p 933 LMM 919	2p <sub>3/2</sub> 1022 LMM 992	2p <sub>3/2</sub> 1117 LMM 1068	2p <sub>3/2</sub> 1217 LMM 1145	3d 42 LMM 1225	3d 56 LMM 1306	3d 69 MNV 97	3d 87
<b>37</b> 1.316 Rb	<b>38</b> 1.578 Sr	<b>39</b> 1.867 Y	<b>40</b> 2.216 Zr	<b>41</b> 2.517 Nb	<b>42</b> 2.867 Mo	<b>43</b> 3.266 Tc	<b>44</b> 3.696 Ru	<b>45</b> 4.179 Rh	<b>46</b> 4.643 Pd	<b>47</b> 5.198 Ag	<b>48</b> 3.444 Cd	<b>49</b> 3.777 In	<b>50</b> 4.095 Sn	<b>51</b> 4.473 Sb	<b>52</b> 4.925 Te	<b>53</b> 5.337 I	<b>54</b> 5.702 Xe
3d 111 MNN 102	3d 134	3d 156 MNV 131	3d 179 MNV 150	3d 202 MNV 168	3d 228 MNV 188	3d 253 MNN 246	3d 280 MNN 275	3d 307 MNN 302	3d 335 MNN 328	3d 368 MNN 358	3d <sub>5/2</sub> 405 MNN 384	3d <sub>5/2</sub> 444 MNN 411	3d <sub>5/2</sub> 485 MNN 438	3d <sub>5/2</sub> 528 MNN 465	3d <sub>5/2</sub> 573 MNN 492	3d <sub>5/2</sub> 619 MNN 516	3d <sub>5/2</sub> 670 MNN 545
<b>55</b> 6.032 Cs	<b>56</b> 6.361 Ba	<b>57</b> 7.708 La	<b>72</b> 2.221 Hf	<b>73</b> 2.589 Ta	<b>74</b> 2.959 W	<b>75</b> 3.327 Re	<b>76</b> 3.747 Os	<b>77</b> 4.217 Ir	<b>78</b> 4.674 Pt	<b>79</b> 5.240 Au	<b>80</b> 5.797 Hg	<b>81</b> 6.447 Tl	<b>82</b> 6.968 Pb	<b>83</b> 7.632 Bi	<b>84</b> Po	<b>85</b> At	<b>86</b> Rn
3d <sub>5/2</sub> 726 MNN 569	3d <sub>5/2</sub> 781 MNN 601	3d 836 MNN 633	4f 14 NNN 181	4f 22 NNN 181	4f 31 NNN 180	4f 40 NNN 178	4f 51 NNN 176	4f 61 NNN 153	4f 71 NNN 170	4f 84 NNN 163	4f 101 NOO 81	4f 118 NOO 88	4f 137 NOO 96	4f 157 NOO 104			
<b>87</b> Fr	<b>88</b> Ra	<b>89</b> Ac															
<b>58</b> 7.399 Ce	<b>59</b> 6.356 Pr	<b>60</b> 4.697 Nd	<b>61</b> 3.754 Pm	<b>62</b> 2.907 Sm	<b>63</b> 2.210 Eu	<b>64</b> 2.207 Gd	<b>65</b> 2.201 Tb	<b>66</b> 2.198 Dy	<b>67</b> 2.189 Ho	<b>68</b> 2.184 Er	<b>69</b> 2.172 Tm	<b>70</b> 2.169 Yb	<b>71</b> 2.156 Lu				
3d 884 MNN 654	3d 932 MNN 690	3d 981 MNN 729	3d 1034 MNN 773	3d <sub>5/2</sub> 1081 MNN 805	4d 128 MNN 850	4d 140 MNN 885	4d 146 MNN 1076	4d 152 MNV 1119	4d 160 MNV 1173	4d 167 MNV 1214				4d 182 4f 7			
<b>90</b> 7.498 Th	<b>91</b> Pa	<b>92</b> 8.476 U	<b>93</b> Np	<b>94</b> Pu	<b>95</b> Am	<b>96</b> Cm	<b>97</b> Bk	<b>98</b> Cf	<b>99</b> Es	<b>100</b> Fm	<b>101</b> Md	<b>102</b> No	<b>103</b> Lr				
4f <sub>7/2</sub> 333 NOV 68		4f <sub>7/2</sub> 337 NOV 75															

\*The values are for area measurements of the designated transitions and are only valid when the electron energy analyzer used has the transmission characteristics of the spherical capacitor type analyzer equipped with an Omni Focus III lens supplied by Perkin-Elmer and with x-rays at 90° relative to the analyzer. Where a spin-orbit splitting is not designated the value is for a measurement including both spin-orbit components.