## Cyanoacetanilides Intermediates in Heterocyclic Synthesis. Part 2: Preparation of Some Hitherto Unknown Ketene Dithioacetal, Benzoazole and Pyridone Derivatives

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Ketene dithioacetal 3, aminopyrazole 5, tetrazine 7, benzoazole 9 and pyridone 11, 12, 13 and 16 derivatives were prepared from cyanoacetanilide 1 as a starting material.

Keywords: Ketene dithioacetal; Benzoazole; Aminopyrazole and pyridone derivatives.

### INTRODUCTION

Cyanoacetanilides are important and versatile reagents which have been especially used for the synthesis of polyfunctionalized heterocycles. Aminopyrazole, benzoazole and 3-cyanopyridine-2-one derivatives have been reported to exhibit biological activities. In view of the above and in continuation of our studies on the synthesis of heterocyclic compounds exhibiting biological activity, we report here the synthesis of novel ketene dithioacetal, benzoazole and pyridone derivatives from cyanoacetanilide derivative 1 as readily available starting material.

### RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

Reaction of compound 1 with carbon disulfide in dimethylformamide and in the presence of potassium hydroxide gave the non-isolable intermediate 2. The latter was converted into 2-cyano-*N*-(4-ethoxyphenyl)-3,3-bis(methylsulfanyl)acrylamide 3 by treatment with dimethyl sulfate at room temperature in good yield, Scheme I. The structure of 3 was confirmed by analytical and spectroscopic data. The <sup>1</sup>H

NMR spectrum of 3 in DMSO-d<sub>6</sub> revealed the presence of a singlet at  $\delta = 2.37$ , 2.48 ppm characteristic for two methylthio groups in addition to the expected signals attributed to NH, ethoxy and aromtic protons. Also, the structure 3 is supported by its mass spectrum which showed a molecular ion peak at m/z = 308 (12.4%) corresponding to the formula  $C_{14}H_{16}N_2O_2S_2$ . Also, the base peak was found in the spectrum at m/z = 75.

The reactivity of compound 3 towards some nitrogen and carbon nucleophiles was studied. Thus, treatment of compound 3 with aromatic amine in refluxing ethanol gave acrylamide derivatives 4a,b, through Michael addition followed by elimination of methyl mercaptan. 10 The mass spectrum of compound 4a showed a molecular ion peak at m/z =367 (48.7%) with base peak at m/z = 137 (H<sub>2</sub>NC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>OC<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>-4). Cyclocondensation of compound 3 with phenyl hydrazine furnished the novel aminopyrazole derivative 5. The isolated product was established by analytical and spectral data. In the mass spectrum of compound 5 a molecular ion peak was found at m/z = 368 (39%) with base peak at m/z = 232 (M-1)HNC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>OC<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>). The formation of **5** is assumed to proceed through Michael addition of the amino group to the ethylenic bond in 3 with elimination of methyl mercaptan followed by intramolecular cyclization at the cyano group to form 5. On

### Scheme I

$$ArNHCOCH_{2} \xrightarrow{CS_{2}} KOH / DMF \begin{bmatrix} O \\ | \\ ArNH-C \\ C \\ I \end{bmatrix} \underbrace{CN}_{KS} C SK \underbrace{CC}_{SK} \underbrace{CCH_{3})_{2}SO_{4}}_{H_{3}CS} \underbrace{ArNH-C C CN}_{H_{3}CS} SCH_{3}$$

the other hand, reaction of compound 3 with thiocarbohydrazide in ethanol under reflux gave the tetrazine derivative 7 and discarded the other possible structure 6 on the basis of analytical and spectral data. The infrared spectrum of compound 7 was characterized by the appearance of absorption bands corresponding to NH, C $\equiv$ N and C $\equiv$ O at 3174, 2191 and 1660 cm $^{-1}$ , respectively. Also, the mass spectrum of 7 showed a molecular ion peak at m/z = 312 (M-2; 5.1%) with base peak at m/z = 146.

#### Scheme II

Our investigation was extended to include the behavior of 3 towards bifunctional nucleophilic reagents. When compound 3 was treated with 1,2-phenylenediamine 8a in refluxing ethanol containing triethylamine, the benzimidazole derivative 9a was obtained. The reaction is assumed to proceed via a nucleophilic attack of the NH<sub>2</sub> to the ethylenic bond in 3 with elimination of two moles of methyl mercaptan. 10 In a similar manner, the reactions of 2-aminophenol 8b and 2-aminothiophenol 8c with compound 3 led to the formation of benzoazole derivatives 9b and 9c, respectively. Compound 3 reacted with cyanoacetamide 10 as carbon nucleophile in refluxing in the presence of sodium ethoxide to yield the pyridine derivative 11. The formation of 11 was suggested to proceed via the addition of the active methylene group of 10 to the ethylenic bond with elimination of methyl mercaptan followed by loss of water<sup>11</sup> to form 11, Scheme III.

#### Scheme III

The reactivity of compound 1 towards certain nucleophilic and electrophilic reagents was studied. Thus, cyclocondensation of compound 1 with acetylacetone as nucleophile in ethanol in the presence of triethylamine<sup>12</sup> yielded pyridone derivative 12 in excellent yield. Condensation of compound 12 with excess dimethylformamide-dimethylacetal in refluxing m-xylene furnished 4,6-bis-(2-dimethylamino-vinyl)-1-(4-ethoxyphenyl)-2-oxo-1,2-dihydropyridine-3-carbonitrile 13. Also, compound 1 was cyclized with activated nitriles 14 to furnish pyridone derivatives 15a-d. The novel azomethine 16 was achieved by treatment of compound 15b with dimethylformamide-dimethylacetal in refluxing dioxane. On refluxing compound 16 with hydrazine hydrate in ethanol, N-amino derivative 18 was obtained. The formation of compound 18 is assumed to proceed via loss of a dimethylamine to form non-isolated intermediate 17 which undergoes intramolecular cyclization into 18, Scheme IV.

### **EXPERIMENTAL**

Melting points are recorded on a Fisher-John melting points apparatus and are uncorrected. IR spectra were recorded on a Shimadzu 470 spectrophotometer using KBr pellets. <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectra were recorded on a Varian Gemini Spectrometer 200 (200 MHz) using TMS as internal standard and mass spectra on a Jeol-JMS-600 mass spectrometer. Elemental analyses were performed on a Perkin-Elmer 240 C micro-analyzer. The physical and spectral data are collected in Tables 1 and 2, respectively.

#### Scheme IV

$$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{1} & \overset{CH_2(COCH_3)_2}{\overset{CH_3}}{\overset{CH_3}{\overset{CH_3}{\overset{CH_3}{\overset{CH_3}{\overset{CH_3}}{\overset{CH_3}{\overset{CH_3}{\overset{CH_3}{\overset{CH_3}}{\overset{CH_3}{\overset{CH_3}}{\overset{CH_3}{\overset{CH_3}{\overset{CH_3}{\overset{CH_3}}{\overset{CH_3}}{\overset{CH_3}}{\overset{CH_3}{\overset{CH_3}{\overset{CH_3}{\overset{CH_3}{\overset{CH_3}{\overset{CH_3}{\overset{CH_3}{\overset{CH_3}}{\overset{CH_3}{\overset{CH_3}{\overset{CH_3}{\overset{CH_3}}{\overset{CH_3}}{\overset{CH_3}{\overset{CH_3}}}{\overset{CH_3}}{\overset{CH_3}}{\overset{CH_3}}{\overset{CH_3}}{\overset{CH_3}}{\overset{CH_3}}}{\overset{CH_3}}}{\overset{CH_3}}{\overset{CH_3}}}{\overset{CH_3}}}{\overset{CH_3}}}{\overset{CH_3}$$

### Formation of 2-cyano-*N*-(4-ethoxyphenyl)-3,3-bis(methyl-sulfanyl)-acrylamide (3)

To a stirred suspension of finely powdered potassium hydroxide (0.01 mole) in dry dimethyformamide (10 mL) cooled to 0 °C the active methylene 1 (0.01 mole) and next carbon disulfide were added gradually. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 3 h, then cooled again to 0 °C, treated with dimethyl sulfate and stirred at room temperature for an additional 6 h. Then it was poured into ice/water; the resulting precipitate was filtered off, dried and recrystallized to give 3.

MS (3): 308 (M<sup>+</sup>; 12.4%), 309 (M+1; 2.3%), 310 (M+2; 1.5%), 261 (M-SCH<sub>3</sub>; 1.2%), 172 (M-NHC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>OC<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>; 54%), 137 (H<sub>2</sub>NC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>OC<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>; 8.9%), 76 (3.6%), 75 (100%).

## 3-(4-Ethoxyphenylamino)-2-methylsulfanyl-2-(4-tolyl-amino-methylene)-but-3-enenitrile (4a) and 3-(4-amino-phenylamino)-2-cyano-*N*-(4-ethoxyphenyl)-3-(methylsulfanyl)-acrylamide (4b): General procedure

A mixture of **3** (0.01 mole) and the aromatic amine (0.01 mole) in ethanol (30 mL) was heated under reflux for 1 h. The reaction mixture was concentrated and the obtained

product was recrystallized to give 4.

MS (**4a**): 367 (M<sup>+</sup>; 48%), 368 (M+1; 11.7%), 369 (M+2; 8.5%); 320 (M-SCH<sub>3</sub>; 19.3%), 231 (29.3%), 137 (H<sub>2</sub>NC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>OC<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>; 100%), 108 (56%), 91 (27%), 107 (37.7%), 76 (5.9%).

MS (**4b**): 354 [M-14(N); 9.5%], 218 (10%), 190 (10%), 137 (H<sub>2</sub>NC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>OC<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>; 100%), 108 (38%), 76 (1.9%), 75 (1.6%).

# Synthesis of 5-amino-3-methylsulfanyl-1-phenyl-1H-pyrazole-4-carboxylic acid (4-ethoxyphenyl)amide (5) and 2-cyano-*N*-(4-ethoxyphenyl)-2-(6-thioxo-6H-[1,2,4,5]-tetrazine-3-ylidene)acetamide (7): General procedure

A mixture of 3 (0.01 mole) and phenyl hydrazine or thiocarbohydrazide was heated at 100 °C for 0.5 h. The obtained product was collected and recrystallized to give 5 or 7, respectively.

MS (**5**): 368 (M<sup>+</sup>; 39%), 369 (M+1; 8.5%), 323 (M-HNC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>OC<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>; 100%), 137 (H<sub>2</sub>NC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>OC<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>; 32%), 108 (6.8%), 119 (24%), 91 (5.3%), 76 (1.3%), 75 (1.5%).

MS (7): 312 (M-2; 5.1%), 292 (47%), 246 (16%), 218 (10%), 163 (12%), 146 (100%), 137 (76%), 108 (65%), 76

Table 1. Physical and analytical data of the synthesized compounds

| Compd.<br>No. | M.p.<br>(°C) | Yield<br>(%) | Solvent | Molecular formula<br>(Mol. Wt.) | Elemental analyses |      |       |
|---------------|--------------|--------------|---------|---------------------------------|--------------------|------|-------|
|               |              |              |         |                                 | C%                 | Н%   | N%    |
| 3             | 80-2         | 87           | EtOH    | $C_{14}H_{16}N_2O_2S_2$         | 54.52              | 5.23 | 9.08  |
|               |              |              |         | (308.42)                        | 54.60              | 5.10 | 9.00  |
| 4a            | 150-1        | 82           | EtOH    | $C_{20}H_{21}N_3O_2S$           | 65.37              | 5.76 | 11.43 |
|               |              |              |         | (367.47)                        | 65.30              | 5.70 | 11.40 |
| 4b            | 170-2        | 76           | EtOH    | $C_{19}H_{20}N_4O_2S$           | 61.94              | 5.47 | 15.21 |
|               |              |              |         | (368.46)                        | 61.80              | 5.40 | 15.10 |
| 5             | 120-3        | 68           | EtOH    | $C_{19}H_{20}N_4O_2S$           | 61.94              | 5.47 | 15.21 |
|               |              |              |         | (368.46)                        | 61.80              | 5.50 | 15.20 |
| 7             | > 300        | 70           | EtOH    | $C_{13}H_{10}N_6O_2S$           | 49.68              | 3.21 | 26.74 |
|               |              |              |         | (314.33)                        | 49.60              | 3.10 | 26.60 |
| 9a            | 275-6        | 74           | EtOH    | $C_{18}H_{16}N_4O_2$            | 67.49              | 5.03 | 17.49 |
|               |              |              |         | (320.35)                        | 67.10              | 5.00 | 17.40 |
| 9b            | 210-2        | 87           | EtOH    | $C_{18}H_{15}N_3O_3$            | 67.28              | 4.71 | 13.08 |
|               |              |              |         | (321.34)                        | 67.20              | 4.70 | 13.00 |
| 9c            | 240-1        | 80           | EtOH    | $C_{18}H_{15}N_3O_2S$           | 64.08              | 4.48 | 12.45 |
|               |              |              |         | (337.40)                        | 64.20              | 4.50 | 12.40 |
| 11            | 190-2        | 74           | EtOH    | $C_{16}H_{14}N_4O_2S$           | 58.88              | 4.32 | 17.17 |
|               |              |              |         | (326.38)                        | 58.70              | 4.40 | 17.10 |
| 12            | 230-1        | 84           | EtOH    | $C_{16}H_{16}N_2O_2$            | 71.62              | 6.01 | 10.44 |
|               |              |              |         | (268.32)                        | 71.60              | 6.00 | 10.40 |
| 13            | 115-6        | 88           | Dioxane | $C_{22}H_{26}N_4O_2$            | 69.82              | 6.92 | 14.80 |
|               |              |              |         | (378.48)                        | 69.70              | 6.80 | 14.90 |
| 15a           | 268-9        | 72           | Benzene | $C_{16}H_{14}N_4O_2$            | 65.30              | 4.79 | 19.04 |
|               |              |              |         | (294.32)                        | 65.30              | 4.70 | 19.10 |
| 15b           | > 300        | 76           | Benzene | $C_{21}H_{15}ClN_4O_2$          | 64.54              | 3.87 | 14.34 |
|               |              |              |         | (390.83)                        | 64.60              | 3.70 | 14.30 |
| 15c           | > 300        | 75           | Benzene | $C_{22}H_{18}N_4O_2$            | 71.34              | 4.90 | 15.13 |
|               |              |              |         | (370.41)                        | 71.30              | 4.80 | 15.10 |
| 15d           | 230-2        | 73           | Benzene | $C_{23}H_{20}ClN_3O_4$          | 63.09              | 4.60 | 9.60  |
|               |              |              |         | (437.89)                        | 63.10              | 4.60 | 9.60  |
| 16            | 247-8        | 76           | EtOH    | $C_{24}H_{20}ClN_5O_2$          | 64.65              | 4.52 | 15.71 |
|               |              |              |         | (445.91)                        | 64.60              | 4.50 | 15.70 |
| 18            | 260-1        | 65           | EtOH    | $C_{22}H_{17}N_6O_2$            | 66.49              | 4.31 | 21.15 |
|               |              |              |         | (397.43)                        | 66.30              | 4.60 | 21.40 |

(11%), 60 (54%).

# 2-Cyano-2-(1,3-dihydro-benzimidazol-2-ylidene)-*N*-(4-ethoxyphenyl)acetamide (9a), 2-(3H-benzoxazol-2-ylidene)-2-cyano-*N*-(4-ethoxyphenyl)acetamide (9b) and 2-(3H-benzothiazol-2-ylidene)-2-cyano-*N*-(4-ethoxyphenyl)-acetamide (9c): General procedure

A mixture of compound 3 (0.01 mole) and binucleophile (0.01 mole) in ethanol (30 mL) was heated under reflux for 48 h. The reaction mixture was concentrated and the obtained product was collected and recrystallized to give 9a-c.

### 6-Amino-1-(4-ethoxyphenyl)-4-methylsulfanyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydropyridine-3,5-dicarbonitrile (11)

A mixture of compound 3 (0.01 mole), cyanoacetamide (0.01 mole) and sodium ethoxide (0.01 mole) in ethanol (30 mL) was heated under reflux for 3 h, then allowed to cool and poured into cold water (50 mL) and acidified with HCl to give 11.

### 1-(4-Ethoxyphenyl)-4,6-dimethyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydropyridine-3-carbonitrile (12)

A mixture of compound 1 (0.01 mole), acetylacetone

Table 2. Spectral data of the synthesized compounds

| Compd<br>No. | $IR/v_{max}$ (cm <sup>-1</sup> )  | <sup>1</sup> H NMR (DMSO-d <sub>6</sub> ; δ/ppm)   |
|--------------|---|--|
| 3            | 3373 (NH), 2980 (CH-aliph),<br>2202 (C≡N), 1660 (C=O).                                    | 1.34 (t, 3H, CH <sub>3</sub> ), 2.37, 2.48 (2s, 6H, 2SCH <sub>3</sub> ), 4.12 (q, 2H, CH <sub>2</sub> ), 6.91-7.15 (m, 4H, Ar-H), 9.34 (s, 1H, NH).  |
| 4a           | 3224 (NH), 2977, 2923 (CH-aliph), 2191 (C≡N), 1620 (C=O).                                 | 2-2,, 2, 2 (-3, 1-3, 1-2 -2), 2 (4, 1-3, 1-2).   |
| 4b           | 3399, 3178 (NH <sub>2</sub> ), 2174 (C≡N), 1640 (C=O).                                    | 1.41 (t, 3H, CH <sub>3</sub> ), 2.53 (s, 3H, SCH <sub>3</sub> ), 4.12 (q, 2H, CH <sub>2</sub> ), 6.91-7.39 (m, 8H, Ar-H), 8.29, 8.33 (2s, 2H, 2NH), 12.56 (hump, 2H, NH <sub>2</sub> ).                  |
| 5            | 3425, 3363, 3317 (NH/NH <sub>2</sub> ), 3047 (CH-arom), 2923 (CH-aliph), 1643 (C=O).      | 1.45 (t, 3H, CH <sub>3</sub> ), 2.58 (s, 3H, SCH <sub>3</sub> ), 4.18 (q, 2H, CH <sub>2</sub> ), 6.72 (s, 2H, NH <sub>2</sub> ), 6.94-7.59 (m, 9H, Ar-H), 9.41 (s, 1H, NH).                              |
| 7            | 3174 (NH), 2977, 2923 (CH-aliph), 2191 (C≡N), 1660 (C=O).                                 | 1.18 (t, 3H, CH <sub>3</sub> ), 4.01 (q, 2H, CH <sub>2</sub> ), 6.81, 7.49 (2d, 4H, Ar-H), 8.79 (s, 1H, NH).   |
| 9a           | 3250, 3420 (2NH), 2169 (C≡N),<br>1643 (C=O).  | 1.40 (t, 3H, CH <sub>3</sub> ), 4.11 (q, 2H, CH <sub>2</sub> ), 6.90-7.45 (m, 8H, Ar-H), 8.15, 8.32, 12.40 (3s, 3H, 3NH).  |
| 9b           | 3301, 3201 (2NH), 2985, 2923<br>(CH-aliph), 2214 (C≡N), 1674<br>(C=O).                    |  |
| 9c           | 3402, 3201 (2NH), 2183 (C≡N),<br>1651 (C=O).  | 1.41 (t, 3H, CH <sub>3</sub> ), 4.12 (q, 2H, CH <sub>2</sub> ), 7.01-7.85 (m, 8H, Ar-H), 8.28, 8.39 (2s, 2H, 2NH).   |
| 11           | 3306, 3204 (NH <sub>2</sub> ), 2984, 2928<br>(CH-aliph), 2214 (C≡N), 1670<br>(C=O).       | 1.19 (t, 3H, CH <sub>3</sub> ), 2.81 (s, 3H, SCH <sub>3</sub> ), 4.07 (q, 2H, CH <sub>2</sub> ), 6.81-7.55 (m, 4H, Ar-H), 7.89 (hump, 2H, NH <sub>2</sub> ).   |
| 12           | 3064 (CH-arom), 2984, 2910<br>(CH-aliph), 2218 (C≡N), 1600<br>(C=O).                      | 1.37 (t, 3H, CH <sub>3</sub> ), 1.99, 2.39 (2s, 6H, 2CH <sub>3</sub> ), 4.08 (q, 2H, CH <sub>2</sub> ), 6.45 (s, 1H, pyridine-H), 7.04, 7.24 (2d, 4H, Ar-H).   |
| 13           | 2916 (CH-aliph), 2191 (C≡N),<br>1630 (C=O).   | 1.36 (t, 3H, CH <sub>3</sub> ), 2.71, 3.00 (2s, 12H, 2N(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> ), 4.10 (q, 2H, CH <sub>2</sub> ), 6.54 (s, 1H, pyridine-H), 6.99 (s, 4H, Ar-H), 7.43, 7.71 (2d, 4H, ethylene-H). |
| 15a          | 3309, 3193 (NH <sub>2</sub> ), 2977 (CH-aliph), 2214 (C≡N), 1660 (C=O).                   | 1.28 (t, 3H, CH <sub>3</sub> ), 3.26 (s, 3H, CH <sub>3</sub> ), 3.81 (s, 2H, NH <sub>2</sub> ), 4.02 (q, 2H, CH <sub>2</sub> ), 6.87, 7.42 (2d, 4H, Ar-H).   |
| 15c          | 3320, 3186 (NH <sub>2</sub> ), 2206 (C≡N),<br>1640 (C=O).                                 | 1.37 (t, 3H, CH <sub>3</sub> ), 3.85 (s, 3H, OCH <sub>3</sub> ), 4.12 (q, 2H, CH <sub>2</sub> ), 7.08-7.51 (m, 8H, Ar-H), 7.67 (hump, 2H, NH <sub>2</sub> ).   |
| 15d          | 3420, 3224 (NH <sub>2</sub> ), 2229 (C≡N),<br>1700 (C=O; ester), 1658 (C=O;<br>pyridone). | 0.61, 1.38 (2t, 6H, 2CH <sub>3</sub> ), 3.80, 4.14 (q, 4H, 2CH <sub>2</sub> ), 7.12-7.58 (m, 10H, Ar-H and NH <sub>2</sub> ).  |
| 16           | 2977, 2931 (CH-aliph), 3214 (C≡N), 1651 (C=O).  | 1.37 (t, 3H, CH <sub>2</sub> ), 2.71, 3.06 (2s, 6H, 2CH <sub>3</sub> ), 4.10 (q, 2H, CH <sub>2</sub> ), 7.01-7.73 (m, 8H, Ar-H), 8.22 (s, 1H, CH=N).   |
| 18           | 3448, 3178 (NH <sub>2</sub> ), 2977 (CH-aliph), 2221 (C≡N), 1658 (C=O).                   | 1.35 (t, 3H, CH <sub>3</sub> ), 4.13 (q, 2H, CH <sub>2</sub> ), 7.10-7.71 (m, 11H, Ar-H+NH <sub>2</sub> +NH), 7.98 (s, 1H, pyrimidine-H).  |

(0.01 mole) and triethylamine (0.01 mole) in ethanol (40 mL) was heated under reflux for 4 h; the solid product which was produced on heating was collected and recrystallized to give 12.

### 4,6-Bis(2-dimethylamino-vinyl)-1-(4-ethoxyphenyl)-2-oxo-1,2-dihydropyridine-3-carbonitrile (13)

A mixture of compound **12** (0.01 mole) and dimethylformamide-dimethylacetal (0.02 mole) in dry *m*-xylene (30 mL) was heated under reflux for 3 h; the solid product which was produced on heating was collected and recrystallized to give 13.

6-Amino-1-(4-ethoxyphenyl)-2-oxo-4-R-1,2-dihydropyridine-3,5-dicarbonitriles (15a-c) and ethyl 6-amino-3-cyano-1-(4-ethoxyphenyl)-2-oxo-4-(2-chlorophenyl)-1,2-dihydropyridine-5-carboxylate (15d): General procedure

A mixture of compound 1 (0.01 mole), activated nitrile

14 (0.01 mole) and piperidine (0.01 mole) in ethanol (40 mL) was heated under reflux for 1 h; the solid product which was produced on heating was collected and recrystallized to give 15a-c.

MS (**15d**): 437 (M<sup>+</sup>; 100%), 438 (24.8%), 439 (33.1%), 392 (9%), 362 (10.8%), 364 (16.6%), 336 (11.1%), 137 (2.9%), 108 (25.8%), 76 (2.1%).

## N'-[3,5-Dicyano-1-(4-ethoxyphenyl)-6-oxo-4-(2-chlorophenyl)-1,6-dihydro-pyridine-2-yl]-N,N-dimethylformamidine (16)

A mixture of compound **15b** (0.01 mole) and dimethylformamide-dimethylacetal (0.01 mole) in dry dioxane (30 mL) was heated under reflux for 1 h, then allowed to cool and poured into cold water (40 mL). The solid product was collected and recrystallized to give **16**.

MS (**16**): 445 (M<sup>+</sup>; 84.4%), 446 (27.8%), 447 (30.8%), 416 (17.6%), 410 (15%), 273 (10%), 199 (13%), 137 (7.3%), 108 (4.9%), 99 (100%), 76 (6%).

## 3-Amino-8-(4-ethoxyphenyl)-4-imino-7-oxo-5-(2-chlorophenyl)-3,4,7,8-tetra-hydropyrido[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-carbonitrile (18)

A mixture of compound 16 (0.01 mole) and hydrazine hydrate (0.01 mole) in ethanol (30 mL) was refluxed for 3 h, and then allowed to cool. The solid product was collected and recrystallized to give 18.

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